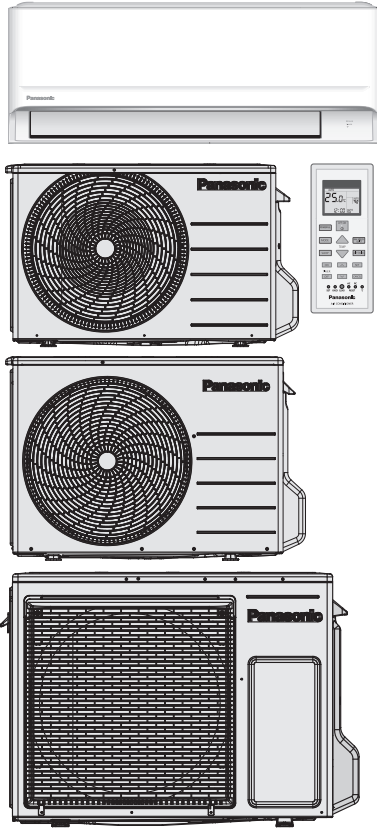


# Service Manual

## Air Conditioner



**Indoor Unit**  
 CS-BZ25CKE  
 CS-BZ35CKE  
 CS-BZ50CKE  
 CS-BZ60CKE  
 CS-UZ25CKE  
 CS-UZ35CKE  
 CS-UZ50CKE


**Outdoor Unit**  
 CU-BZ25CKE  
 CU-BZ35CKE  
 CU-BZ50CKE  
 CU-BZ60CKE  
 CU-UZ25CKE  
 CU-UZ35CKE  
 CU-UZ50CKE

**Destination**  
**Europe**

### WARNING

This service information is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the products dealt with in this service information by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

### IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

There are special components used in this equipment which are important for safety. These parts are marked by  in the Schematic Diagrams, Circuit Board Diagrams, Exploded Views and Replacement Parts List. It is essential that these critical parts should be replaced with manufacturer's specified parts to prevent shock, fire or other hazards. Do not modify the original design without permission of manufacturer.

### PRECAUTION OF LOW TEMPERATURE

In order to avoid frostbite, be assured of no refrigerant leakage during the installation or repairing of refrigerant circuit.

### CAUTION

**R32 REFRIGERANT** – This Air Conditioner contains and operates with refrigerant R32.

**THIS PRODUCT MUST ONLY BE INSTALLED OR SERVICED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.**

Refer to National, State, Territory and local legislation, regulations, codes, installation & operation manuals, before the installation, maintenance and/or service of this product.



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# 1. Safety Precautions








- Read the following “SAFETY PRECAUTIONS” carefully before installation.
- Confirm the type of gas used before installation.
- Electrical work must be installed by a licensed electrician. Be sure to use the correct rating of the power plug and main circuit for the model to be installed.
- The caution items stated here must be followed because these important contents are related to safety. The meaning of each indication used is as below. Incorrect installation due to ignoring of the instruction will cause harm or damage, and the seriousness is classified by the following indications.

 <b>WARNING</b>	This indication shows the possibility of causing death or serious injury.
 <b>CAUTION</b>	This indication shows the possibility of causing injury or damage to properties only.



The items to be followed are classified by the symbols:

	Symbol with white background denotes item that is PROHIBITED.
 	Symbol with dark background denotes item that must be carried out.




- Carry out test running to confirm that no abnormality occurs after the installation. Then, explain to user the operation, care and maintenance as stated in instructions. Please remind the customer to keep the operating instructions for future reference.

 <b>WARNING</b>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer. Any unfit method or using incompatible material may cause product damage, burst and serious injury.</li> <li>• Do not install outdoor unit near handrail of veranda. When installing air-conditioner unit on veranda of a high rise building, child may climb up to outdoor unit and cross over the handrail causing an accident.</li> <li>• Do not use unspecified cord, modified cord, joint cord or extension cord for power supply cord. Do not share the single outlet with other electrical appliances. Poor contact, poor insulation or over current will cause electrical shock or fire.</li> <li>• Do not tie up the power supply cord into a bundle by band. Abnormal temperature rise on power supply cord may happen.</li> <li>• Do not insert your fingers or other objects into the unit, high speed rotating fan may cause injury.  </li> <li>• Do not sit or step on the unit, you may fall down accidentally.</li> <li>• Keep plastic bag (packaging material) away from small children, it may cling to nose and mouth and prevent breathing.  </li> <li>• When installing or relocating air conditioner, do not let any substance other than the specified refrigerant, eg. air etc mix into refrigeration cycle (piping). Mixing of air etc. will cause abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.</li> <li>• Do not pierce or burn as the appliance is pressurized. Do not expose the appliance to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Else, it may explode and cause injury or death.</li> <li>• Do not add or replace refrigerant other than specified type. It may cause product damage, burst and injury etc.</li> <li>• Do not use joint cable for indoor / outdoor connection cable. Use the specified indoor/outdoor connection cable, refer to instruction <b>CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE INDOOR UNIT</b> and connect tightly for indoor/outdoor connection. Clamp the cable so that no external force will have impact on the terminal. If connection or fixing is not perfect, it will cause heat up or fire at the connection.</li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For R32/R410A model, use piping, flare nut and tools which is specified for R32/R410A refrigerant. Using of existing (R22) piping, flare nut and tools may cause abnormally high pressure in the refrigerant cycle (piping), and possibly result in explosion and injury. For R32 and R410A, the same flare nut on the outdoor unit side and pipe can be used.</li> <li>• Since the working pressure for R32/R410A is higher than that of refrigerant R22 model, replacing conventional piping and flare nuts on the outdoor unit side are recommended.</li> <li>• If reuse piping is unavoidable, refer to instruction “IN CASE OF REUSING EXISTING REFRIGERANT PIPING”</li> <li>• Thickness of copper pipes used with R32/R410A must be more than 0.8 mm (1.0 - 2.25HP). Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8 mm (1.0 - 2.25HP).</li> <li>• It is desirable that the amount of residual oil less than 40 mg/10 m.</li> <li>• Engage authorized dealer or specialist for installation. If installation done by the user is incorrect, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.</li> <li>• For refrigeration system work, install according to this installation instructions strictly. If installation is defective, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.</li> <li>• Use the attached accessories parts and specified parts for installation. Otherwise, it will cause the set to fall, water leakage, fire or electrical shock.</li> <li>• Install at a strong and firm location which is able to withstand weight of the set. If the strength is not enough or installation is not properly done, the set will drop and cause injury.</li> <li>• For electrical work, follow the national regulation, legislation and this installation instructions. An independent circuit and single outlet must be used. If electrical circuit capacity is not enough or defect found in the electrical work, it will cause electrical shock or fire.</li> <li>• Wire routing must be properly arranged so that control board cover is fixed properly. If control board cover is not fixed perfectly, it will cause fire or electrical shock.</li> </ul>

 **WARNING**

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This equipment is strongly recommended to be installed with Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker (ELCB) or Residual Current Device (RCD), with sensitivity of 30 mA at 0.1 sec or less. Otherwise, it may cause electrical shock and fire in case of equipment breakdown or insulation breakdown.</li> <li>• During installation, install the refrigerant piping properly before running the compressor. Operation of compressor without fixing refrigeration piping and valves at opened position will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.</li> <li>• During pump down operation, stop the compressor before removing the refrigeration piping. Removal of refrigeration piping while compressor is operating and valves are opened will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.</li> <li>• Tighten the flare nut with torque wrench according to specified method. If the flare nut is over-tightened, after a long period, the flare may break and cause refrigerant gas leakage.</li> <li>• After completion of installation, confirm there is no leakage of refrigerant gas. It may generate toxic gas when the refrigerant contacts with fire.</li> <li>• Ventilate if there is refrigerant gas leakage during operation. It may cause toxic gas when the refrigerant contacts with fire.</li> <li>• Be aware that refrigerants might not contain an odour.</li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This equipment must be properly earthed. Earth line must not be connected to gas pipe, water pipe, earth of lightning rod and telephone. Otherwise, it may cause electrical shock in case of equipment breakdown or insulation breakdown.</li> </ul>

 **CAUTION**


	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Handle the unit surface with care to avoid scratching the surface by sharp or rough items (e.g. fingernails, tools, rings, etc). Wear hand gloves when performing installation work.</li> <li>• Do not install the unit in a place where leakage of flammable gas may occur. In case gas leaks and accumulates at surrounding of the unit, it may cause fire.</li> <li>• Prevent liquid or vapor from entering sumps or sewers since vapor is heavier than air and may form suffocating atmospheres.</li> <li>• Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation, re-installation and during repairing refrigeration parts. Take care of the liquid refrigerant, it may cause frostbite.</li> <li>• Do not install this appliance in a laundry room or other location where water may drip from the ceiling, etc.</li> <li>• Do not touch the sharp aluminium fin, sharp parts may cause injury. </li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carry out drainage piping as mentioned in installation instructions. If drainage is not perfect, water may enter the room and damage the furniture.</li> <li>• Select an installation location which is easy for maintenance. Incorrect installation, service or repair of this air conditioner may increase the risk of rupture and this may result in loss damage or injury and/or property.</li> <li>• Power supply connection to the room air conditioner. Use power supply cord 3 × 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (1.0 ~ 1.5HP), 3 × 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (2.0 ~ 2.25HP) type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord. Connect the power supply cord of the air conditioner to the mains using one of the following method. Power supply point should be in easily accessible place for power disconnection in case of emergency. In some countries, permanent connection of this air conditioner to the power supply is prohibited.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Power supply connection to the receptacle using power plug. Use an approved 15/16 A (1.0 ~ 1.5HP), 16 A (2.0 ~ 2.25HP), power plug with earth pin for the connection to the socket.</li> <li>2) Power supply connection to a circuit breaker for the permanent connection. Use an approved 16 A (1.0 ~ 2.25HP), circuit breaker for the permanent connection. It must be a double pole switch with a minimum 3.0 mm contact gap.</li> </ol> </li> <li>• Installation work. It may need two people to carry out the installation work.</li> <li>• Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.</li> </ul>

## 2. Precaution for Using R32 Refrigerant

- Pay careful attention to the following precaution points and the installation work procedures.

### WARNING

- When connecting flare at indoor side, make sure that the flare connection is used only once, if torqued up and released, the flare must be remade. Once the flare connection was torqued up correctly and leak test was made, thoroughly clean and dry the surface to remove oil, dirt and grease by following instructions of silicone sealant. Apply neutral cure (Alkoxy type) & ammonia-free silicone sealant that is non-corrosive to copper & brass to the external of the flared connection to prevent the ingress of moisture on both the gas & liquid sides. (Moisture may cause freezing and premature failure of the connection)
- The appliance shall be stored, installed and operated in a well ventilated room with indoor floor area larger than  $A_{min}$  (m<sup>2</sup>) [refer Table A] and without any continuously operating ignition source. Keep away from open flames, any operating gas appliances or any operating electric heater. Else, it may explode and cause injury or death.
- The mixing of different refrigerants within a system is prohibited. Models that use refrigerant R32 and R410A have a different charging port thread diameter to prevent erroneous charging with refrigerant R22 and for safety. Therefore, check beforehand. [The charging port thread diameter for R32 and R410A is 12.7 mm (1/2 inch).]
- Ensure that foreign matter (oil, water, etc.) does not enter the piping.  
Also, when storing the piping, securely seal the opening by pinching, taping, etc. (Handling of R32 is similar to R410A.)
- Operation, maintenance, repairing and refrigerant recovery should be carried out by trained and certified personnel in the use of flammable refrigerants and as recommended by the manufacturer. Any personnel conducting an operation, servicing or maintenance on a system or associated parts of the equipment should be trained and certified.
- Any part of refrigerating circuit (evaporators, air coolers, AHU, condensers or liquid receivers) or piping should not be located in the proximity of heat sources, open flames, operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.
- The user/owner or their authorized representative shall regularly check the alarms, mechanical ventilation and detectors, at least once a year, where as required by national regulations, to ensure their correct functioning.
- A logbook shall be maintained. The results of these checks shall be recorded in the logbook.
- In case of ventilations in occupied spaces shall be checked to confirm no obstruction.
- Before a new refrigerating system is put into service, the person responsible for placing the system in operation should ensure that trained and certified operating personnel are instructed on the basis of the instruction manual about the construction, supervision, operation and maintenance of the refrigerating system, as well as the safety measures to be observed, and the properties and handling of the refrigerant used.
- The general requirement of trained and certified personnel are indicated as below:
  - a) Knowledge of legislation, regulations and standards relating to flammable refrigerants; and,
  - b) Detailed knowledge of and skills in handling flammable refrigerants, personal protective equipment, refrigerant leakage prevention, handling of cylinders, charging, leak detection, recovery and disposal; and,
  - c) Able to understand and to apply in practice the requirements in the national legislation, regulations and Standards; and,
  - d) Continuously undergo regular and further training to maintain this expertise.
- Air-conditioner piping in the occupied space shall be installed in such a way to protect against accidental damage in operation and service.
- Precautions shall be taken to avoid excessive vibration or pulsation to refrigerating piping.
- Ensure protection devices, refrigerating piping and fittings are well protected against adverse environmental effects (such as the danger of water collecting and freezing in relief pipes or the accumulation of dirt and debris).
- Expansion and contraction of long runs piping in refrigerating systems shall be designed and installed securely (mounted and guarded) to minimize the likelihood hydraulic shock damaging the system.
- Protect the refrigerating system from accidental rupture due to moving furniture or reconstruction activities.
- To ensure no leaking, field-made refrigerant joints indoors shall be tightness tested. The test method shall have a sensitivity of 5 grams per year of refrigerant or better under a pressure of at least 0,25 times the maximum allowable pressure. No leak shall be detected.

 **CAUTION**

1. General

- Must ensure the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum. Avoid use dented pipe and do not allow acute bending.
- Must ensure pipe-work shall be securely mounted and guarded from physical damage.
- Must comply with national gas regulations, state municipal rules and legislation. Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.
- Must ensure mechanical connections be accessible for maintenance purposes.
- In cases that require mechanical ventilation, ventilation openings shall be kept clear of obstruction.
- When disposal of the product, do follow to the precautions in #10 and comply with national regulations.
- In case of field charge, the effect on refrigerant charge caused by the different pipe length has to be quantified, measured and labelled.

Always contact to local municipal offices for proper handling.

- The refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
- Ensure refrigerant charge not to leak.
- Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant.
- Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away.
- Electrical components that can arc or spark shall only be replaced with parts specified by the appliance manufacturer. Replacement with other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the event of a leak.

2. Servicing

2-1. Qualification of workers

- Any qualified person who is involved with working on or breaking into a refrigerant circuit should hold a current valid certificate from an industry-accredited assessment authority, which authorizes their competence to handle refrigerants safely in accordance with an industry recognized assessment specification.
- Servicing shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Maintenance and repair requiring the assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable refrigerants.
- Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.
- The system is inspected, regularly supervised and maintained by a trained and certified service personnel who is employed by the person user or party responsible.

2-2. Checks to the area

- Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised. For repair to the refrigerating system, the precautions in #2-3 to #2-7 must be followed before conducting work on the system.

2-3. Work procedure

- Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

2-4. General work area

- All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed and supervised on the nature of work being carried out.
- Avoid working in confined spaces. Always ensure away from source, at least 2 meter of safety distance, or zoning of free space area of at least 2 meter in radius.

2-5. Checking for presence of refrigerant

- The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres.
- Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. non sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.
- In case of leakage/spillage happened, immediately ventilate area and stay upwind and away from spill/release.
- In case of leakage/spillage happened, do notify persons down wind of the leaking/spill, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out.

2-6. Presence of fire extinguisher

- If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available at hand.
- Have a dry powder or CO<sub>2</sub> fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

2-7. No ignition sources

- No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigerating system which involves exposing any pipe work that contains or has contained flammable refrigerant shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it can lead to the risk of fire or explosion. He/She must not be smoking when carrying out such work.
- All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which flammable refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.
- Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks.
- "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

2-8. Ventilated area

- Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.
- A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out.
- The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.



 **CAUTION**

**2-9. Checks to the refrigerating equipment**

- Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification.
- At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
- If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.
- The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants.
  - The refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
  - The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
  - If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant.
  - Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
  - Refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which can corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are properly protected against being so corroded.

**2-10. Checks to electrical devices**

- Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures.
- Initial safety checks shall include but not limit to:-
  - That capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking.
  - That there is no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system.
  - That there is continuity of earth bonding.
- At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
- If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.
- If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with.
- If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used.
- The owner of the equipment must be informed or reported so all parties are advised thereafter.

**3. Sealed electrical components**

- Sealed electrical components shall not be repaired.

**4. Cabling**

- Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects.
- The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

**5. Detection of flammable refrigerants**

- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching or detection of refrigerant leaks.
- A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.
- The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems.
  - No leaks shall be detected when using detection equipment with a sensitivity of 5 grams per year of refrigerant or better under a pressure of at least 0,25 times the maximum allowable pressure for example, a universal sniffer.
  - Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity can be inadequate or can need re-calibration.  
(Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
  - Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used.
  - Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.
  - Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants, for example, bubble method and fluorescent agent method. The use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine can react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.
  - If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.
  - If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. The precautions in #6 must be followed to remove the refrigerant.

**6. Refrigerant removal and circuit evacuation**

- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants, it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations -> • evacuate -> • purge the circuit with inert gas ->
- evacuate -> • continuously flush with inert gas when using flame to open circuit -> • open the circuit

- The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders.
- The system shall be purged with OFN to render the appliance safe. (remark: OFN = oxygen free nitrogen, type of inert gas)
- This process may need to be repeated several times.
- Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.
- Purging of the refrigerant circuit shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum.
- This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.
- The system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.
- Ensure that the outlet of the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and there is ventilation available.

**7. Charging procedures**

- In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.
  - Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.
  - Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
  - Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
  - Ensure that the refrigerating system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
  - Label the system when charging is complete (if not already labelled).
  - Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigerating system.
- Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN (refer to #6).
- The system shall be leak tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning.
- A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.
- Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when charging and discharging the refrigerant. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before charging/discharging.

**8. Decommissioning**

- Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its details.
- It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.
- Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant.
- It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.
  - a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
  - b) Isolate system electrically.
  - c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:

- mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.

- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.
- Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when charging or discharging the refrigerant. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before charging/discharging.

**9. Labelling**

- Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant.
- The label shall be dated and signed.
- Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

**10. Recovery**

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is required to follow good practice so that all refrigerants are removed safely.
- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed.
- Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available.
- All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant).
- Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.
- Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of the flammable refrigerants. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order.
- Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be processed according to local legislation in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged.
- Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
- The compressor body shall not be heated by an open flame or other ignition sources to accelerate this process.
- Draining of oil from a system shall be carried out safely.

### 3. Specifications

Indoor		Model	CS-BZ25CKE			CS-BZ35CKE				
Outdoor		Model	CU-BZ25CKE			CU-BZ35CKE				
Performance Test Condition			EUROVENT			EUROVENT				
Power Supply		Phase, Hz	Single, 50			Single, 50				
		V	230			230				
			Min.	Mid.	Max.	Min.	Mid.	Max.		
Cooling	Capacity		kW	0.85	2.50	3.00	0.85	3.30	3.90	
			BTU/h	2900	8530	10200	2900	11300	13300	
			kcal/h	730	2150	2580	730	2840	3350	
	Running Current		A	–	3.00	–	–	4.50	–	
	Input Power		W	210	680	900	240	1.02k	1.28k	
	Annual Consumption		kWh	–	340	–	–	510	–	
	EER CLASS			–	A	–	–	A	–	
	EER		W/W	4.05	3.68	3.33	3.54	3.24	3.05	
			BTU/hW	13.81	12.54	11.33	12.08	11.08	10.39	
			kcal/hW	3.48	3.16	2.87	3.04	2.78	2.62	
	ErP	Pdesign		kW	2.5			3.3		
		SEER		(W/W)	6.5			6.5		
		Annual Consumption		kWh	135			178		
		Class			A++			A++		
	Power Factor		%	–	99	–	–	99	–	
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	37 / 26 / 20			38 / 30 / 20			
			Power Level dB(A)	53 / – / –			54 / – / –			
	Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	48 / – / –			48 / – / –			
			Power Level dB(A)	64 / – / –			64 / – / –			
	Heating	Capacity		kW	0.80	3.15	3.60	0.80	3.70	4.40
BTU/h				2730	10700	12300	2730	12600	15000	
kcal/h				690	2710	3100	690	3180	3780	
Running Current		A	–	3.45	–	–	4.40	–		
Input Power		W	190	770	1.03k	195	995	1.26k		
COP CLASS			–	A	–	–	A	–		
COP		W/W	4.21	4.09	3.50	4.10	3.72	3.49		
		BTU/hW	14.37	13.90	11.94	14.00	12.66	11.90		
		kcal/hW	3.63	3.52	3.01	3.54	3.20	3.00		
ErP		Pdesign		kW	2.1			2.4		
		Tbivalent		°C	-10			-10		
		SCOP		(W/W)	4.4			4.2		
		Annual Consumption		kWh	668			800		
		Class			A+			A+		
Power Factor		%	–	97	–	–	98	–		
Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	36 / 27 / 24			38 / 33 / 25				
		Power Level dB(A)	52 / – / –			54 / – / –				
Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	49 / – / –			50 / – / –				
		Power Level dB(A)	64 / – / –			65 / – / –				
Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP			2.61 / 910 / 2.87			3.19 / 1.12k / 2.85				
Extr Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP			2.35 / 930 / 2.53			2.60 / 1.03k / 2.52				
Max Current (A) / Max Input Power (W)			4.7 / 1.03k			7.0 / 1.58k				
Starting Current (A)			3.45			4.50				

Indoor		Model		CS-BZ25CKE		CS-BZ35CKE			
Outdoor		Model		CU-BZ25CKE		CU-BZ35CKE			
Compressor	Type				Hermetic Motor / Rotary		Hermetic Motor / Rotary		
	Motor Type				Brushless (6-poles)		Brushless (6-poles)		
	Output Power		W		550		550		
Maximum High Pressure			MPa (bar)		5.0 (50.0)		5.0 (50.0)		
Design / Operating Pressure, PS			MPa (bar) H.P. / L.P.		4.15 (41.5) / 2.55 (25.5)		4.15 (41.5) / 2.55 (25.5)		
Indoor Fan	Type				Cross-flow Fan		Cross-flow Fan		
	Material				ASG30		ASG30		
	Motor Type				DC (8-poles)		DC (8-poles)		
	Input Power		W		45.9		45.9		
	Output Power		W		40		40		
	Speed	QLo	Cool	rpm	550		520		
			Heat	rpm	630		630		
		Lo	Cool	rpm	690		760		
			Heat	rpm	730		870		
		Me	Cool	rpm	830		860		
			Heat	rpm	870		970		
		Hi	Cool	rpm	950		980		
			Heat	rpm	990		1060		
		SHi	Cool	rpm	1000		1030		
Heat			rpm	1040		1110			
Outdoor Fan		Type				Propeller Fan		Propeller Fan	
		Material				PP		PP	
	Motor Type				DC (8-poles)		DC (8-poles)		
	Input Power		W		-		-		
	Output Power		W		40		40		
	Speed	Hi	Cool	rpm	820		860		
Heat			rpm	820		840			
Moisture Removal			L/h (Pt/h)		1.5 (3.2)		1.9 (4.0)		
Indoor Airflow	QLo	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	5.12 (181)		4.75 (168)			
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	6.10 (215)		6.10 (215)			
	Lo	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	6.83 (241)		7.68 (271)			
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	7.32 (259)		9.03 (319)			
	Me	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	8.54 (302)		8.91 (315)			
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	9.03 (319)		10.25 (362)			
	Hi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.00 (353)		10.40 (367)			
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.50 (371)		11.40 (403)			
	SHi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.61 (375)		10.98 (388)			
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	11.10 (392)		11.96 (422)			
Outdoor Airflow	Hi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	30.40 (1075)		31.10 (1100)			
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	30.40 (1075)		30.40 (1075)			
Refrigerant Cycle	Control Device				Expansion Valve		Expansion Valve		
	Refrigerant Oil		cm <sup>3</sup>		FW50S (270)		FW50S (270)		
	Refrigerant Type		g (oz)		R32, 500 (17.7)		R32, 560 (19.8)		
F-Gas	GWP			675		675			
	CO2eq (ton) (Precharged Amount / Maximum Amount)			0.34 / 0.39		0.38 / 0.43			
Dimension	Unit	Height (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) / 542 (21-11/32)		290 (11-7/16) / 542 (21-11/32)			
		Width (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	765 (30-1/8) / 780 (30-23/32)		765 (30-1/8) / 780 (30-23/32)			
		Depth (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	214 (8-7/16) / 289 (11-13/32)		214 (8-7/16) / 289 (11-13/32)			
Weight	Net (I/D / O/D)		kg (lb)	9 (20) / 24 (53)		9 (20) / 25 (55)			

Indoor		Model	CS-BZ25CKE		CS-BZ35CKE	
Outdoor		Model	CU-BZ25CKE		CU-BZ35CKE	
Piping	Pipe Diameter (Liquid / Gas)	mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) / 9.52 (3/8)		6.35 (1/4) / 9.52 (3/8)	
	Standard Length	m (ft)	5.0 (16.4)		5.0 (16.4)	
	Length Range (min – max)	m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~ 15 (49.2)		3 (9.8) ~ 15 (49.2)	
	I/D & O/D Height Different	m (ft)	15.0 (49.2)		15.0 (49.2)	
	Additional Gas Amount	g/m (oz/ft)	10 (0.1)		10 (0.1)	
	Length for Additional Gas	m (ft)	7.5 (24.6)		7.5 (24.6)	
Drain Hose	Inner Diameter	mm	16		16	
	Length	mm	550		550	
Indoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Slit Fin		Slit Fin	
	Row × Stage × FPI		2 × 14 × 17		2 × 14 × 17	
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	560 × 315 × 25.4		560 × 315 × 25.4	
Outdoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Corrugated Fin		Corrugated Fin	
	Row × Stage × FPI		1 × 24 × 17		2 × 24 : 12 × 17	
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	18.2 × 504 × 717		36.4 × 504 : 252 × 717.8 : 689.2	
Air Filter	Material		Polypropelene		Polypropelene	
	Type		One-touch		One-touch	
Power Supply			Indoor		Indoor	
Power Supply Cord			Nil		Nil	
Thermostat			Electronic Control		Electronic Control	
Protection Device			Electronic Control		Electronic Control	
			Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb	Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
Indoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)
		Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)
	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	–	30 (86.0)	–
		Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	–	16 (60.8)	–
Outdoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)
		Minimum °C (°F)	-10 (14.0)	–	-10 (14.0)	–
	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)
		Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)

1. Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27°C Dry Bulb (80.6°F Dry Bulb), 19.0°C Wet Bulb (66.2°F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35°C Dry Bulb (95°F Dry Bulb), 24°C Wet Bulb (75.2°F Wet Bulb)
2. Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)
3. Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C.
4. Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
5. Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.
6. If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the “extra-low” temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with rated voltage 230 V shall be used.
7. The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
8. SEER and SCOP classification is at 230 V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating season.

Indoor		Model	CS-BZ50CKE			CS-BZ60CKE				
Outdoor		Model	CU-BZ50CKE			CU-BZ60CKE				
Performance Test Condition			EUROVENT			EUROVENT				
Power Supply		Phase, Hz	Single, 50			Single, 50				
		V	230			230				
			Min.	Mid.	Max.	Min.	Mid.	Max.		
Cooling	Capacity		kW	0.98	5.00	5.40	0.98	6.00	6.50	
			BTU/h	3340	17100	18400	3340	20500	22200	
			kcal/h	840	4300	4640	840	5160	5590	
	Running Current		A	–	7.30	–	–	8.70	–	
	Input Power		W	250	1.65k	1.86k	250	1.98k	2.30k	
	Annual Consumption		kWh	–	825	–	–	990	–	
	EER CLASS			–	B	–	–	B	–	
	EER		W/W	3.92	3.03	2.90	3.92	3.03	2.83	
			BTU/hW	13.36	10.36	9.89	13.36	10.35	9.65	
			kcal/hW	3.36	2.61	2.49	3.36	2.61	2.43	
	ErP	Pdesign	kW	5.0			6.0			
		SEER	(W/W)	6.6			6.4			
		Annual Consumption	kWh	265			328			
		Class		A++			A++			
	Power Factor		%	–	98	–	–	99	–	
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	44 / 37 / 34			45 / 37 / 34			
			Power Level dB(A)	60 / – / –			60 / – / –			
	Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	48 / – / –			50 / – / –			
			Power Level dB(A)	63 / – / –			65 / – / –			
	Heating	Capacity		kW	0.98	5.40	7.50	0.98	6.80	8.00
				BTU/h	3340	18400	25600	3340	23200	27300
				kcal/h	840	4640	6450	840	5850	6880
		Running Current		A	–	7.00	–	–	9.40	–
Input Power		W	210	1.58k	2.43k	230	2.15k	2.65k		
COP CLASS			–	B	–	–	D	–		
COP		W/W	4.67	3.42	3.09	4.26	3.16	3.02		
		BTU/hW	15.90	11.65	10.53	14.52	10.79	10.30		
		kcal/hW	4.00	2.94	2.65	3.65	2.72	2.60		
ErP		Pdesign	kW	4.0			4.4			
		Tbivalent	°C	-10			-10			
		SCOP	(W/W)	4.2			4.1			
		Annual Consumption	kWh	1333			1502			
		Class		A+			A+			
Power Factor		%	–	98	–	–	99	–		
Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	44 / 37 / 34			45 / 37 / 34				
		Power Level dB(A)	60 / – / –			61 / – / –				
Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	49 / – / –			50 / – / –				
		Power Level dB(A)	64 / – / –			65 / – / –				
Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP			5.43 / 2.15k / 2.53			5.80 / 2.35k / 2.47				
Extr Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP			4.62 / 2.10k / 2.20			5.19 / 2.34k / 2.22				
Max Current (A) / Max Input Power (W)			10.8 / 2.43k			11.7 / 2.65k				
Starting Current (A)			7.30			9.40				

Indoor			Model	CS-BZ50CKE	CS-BZ60CKE	
Outdoor			Model	CU-BZ50CKE	CU-BZ60CKE	
Compressor	Type			Hermetic Motor / Rotary	Hermetic Motor / Rotary	
	Motor Type			Brushless (6-poles)	Brushless (6-poles)	
	Output Power		W	900	900	
Maximum High Pressure			MPa (bar)	5.0 (50.0)	5.0 (50.0)	
Design / Operating Pressure, PS			MPa (bar) H.P. / L.P.	4.15 (41.5) / 2.55 (25.5)	4.15 (41.5) / 2.55 (25.5)	
Indoor Fan	Type			Cross-flow Fan	Cross-flow Fan	
	Material			ASG30	ASG30	
	Motor Type			DC (8-poles)	DC (8-poles)	
	Input Power		W	45.9	45.9	
	Output Power		W	30	30	
	Speed	QLo	Cool	rpm	860	950
			Heat	rpm	900	1020
		Lo	Cool	rpm	970	1020
			Heat	rpm	1020	1110
		Me	Cool	rpm	1090	1160
			Heat	rpm	1160	1230
		Hi	Cool	rpm	1220	1300
			Heat	rpm	1280	1330
	SHi	Cool	rpm	1270	1340	
Heat		rpm	1310	1360		
Outdoor Fan	Type			Propeller Fan	Propeller Fan	
	Material			PP	PP	
	Motor Type			DC (8-poles)	DC (10-poles)	
	Input Power		W	-	-	
	Output Power		W	40	40	
	Speed	Hi	Cool	rpm	820	770
			Heat	rpm	820	710
Moisture Removal			L/h (Pt/h)	2.8 (5.9)	3.3 (7.0)	
Indoor Airflow	QLo	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	8.16 (288)	8.74 (309)	
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	8.72 (308)	9.54 (337)	
	Lo	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	9.51 (336)	9.54 (337)	
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.20 (360)	10.57 (373)	
	Me	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.97 (387)	11.14 (393)	
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	11.93 (421)	11.95 (422)	
	Hi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	12.60 (445)	12.80 (452)	
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	13.40 (473)	13.10 (462)	
SHi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	13.17 (465)	13.20 (466)		
	Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	13.77 (486)	13.43 (474)		
Outdoor Airflow	Hi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	32.70 (1155)	42.60 (1505)	
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	32.70 (1155)	39.20 (1385)	
Refrigerant Cycle	Control Device			Expansion Valve	Expansion Valve	
	Refrigerant Oil		cm <sup>3</sup>	FW50S (450)	FW50S (450)	
	Refrigerant Type		g (oz)	R32, 1030 (36.4)	R32, 1030 (36.4)	
F-Gas	GWP			675	675	
	CO <sub>2</sub> eq (ton) (Precharged Amount / Maximum Amount)			0.70 / 0.75	0.70 / 0.92	
Dimension	Unit	Height (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) / 619 (24-3/8)	290 (11-7/16) / 695 (27-3/8)	
		Width (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	765 (30-1/8) / 824 (32-15/32)	765 (30-1/8) / 875 (34-15/32)	
		Depth (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	214 (8-7/16) / 299 (11-25/32)	214 (8-7/16) / 320 (12-5/8)	
Weight	Net (I/D / O/D)		kg (lb)	9 (20) / 35 (77)	9 (20) / 42 (93)	

Indoor		Model	CS-BZ50CKE		CS-BZ60CKE	
Outdoor		Model	CU-BZ50CKE		CU-BZ60CKE	
Piping	Pipe Diameter (Liquid / Gas)	mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) / 12.70 (1/2)		6.35 (1/4) / 12.70 (1/2)	
	Standard Length	m (ft)	5.0 (16.4)		5.0 (16.4)	
	Length Range (min – max)	m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~ 15 (49.2)		3 (9.8) ~ 30 (98.4)	
	I/D & O/D Height Different	m (ft)	15.0 (49.2)		15.0 (49.2)	
	Additional Gas Amount	g/m (oz/ft)	15 (0.2)		15 (0.2)	
	Length for Additional Gas	m (ft)	10 (32.8)		7.5 (24.6)	
Drain Hose	Inner Diameter	mm	16		16	
	Length	mm	550		550	
Indoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Slit Fin		Slit Fin	
	Row × Stage × FPI		2 × 15 × 21		(2 × 15 × 21) (1 × 4 × 21 : 1 × 4 × 21)	
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	560 × 315 × 25.4		(560 × 315 × 25.4) (560 × 94.1 × 12.7 : 560 × 94.1 × 12.7)	
Outdoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Corrugated Fin		Corrugated Fin	
	Row × Stage × FPI		2 × 28 × 17		2 × 31 × 19	
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	36.38 × 588 × 856.3 : 827.7		36.4 × 651 × 854.5 : 824.5	
Air Filter	Material		Polypropelene		Polypropelene	
	Type		One-touch		One-touch	
Power Supply			Indoor		Indoor	
Power Supply Cord			Nil		Nil	
Thermostat			Electronic Control		Electronic Control	
Protection Device			Electronic Control		Electronic Control	
			Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb	Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
Indoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)
		Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)
	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	–	30 (86.0)	–
		Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	–	16 (60.8)	–
Outdoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)
		Minimum °C (°F)	-10 (14.0)	–	-10 (14.0)	–
	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)
		Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)

- Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27°C Dry Bulb (80.6°F Dry Bulb), 19.0°C Wet Bulb (66.2°F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35°C Dry Bulb (95°F Dry Bulb), 24°C Wet Bulb (75.2°F Wet Bulb)
- Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)
- Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C.
- Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
- Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.
- If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the “extra-low” temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with rated voltage 230 V shall be used.
- The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
- SEER and SCOP classification is at 230 V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating season.

Indoor		Model	CS-UZ25CKE			CS-UZ35CKE				
Outdoor		Model	CU-UZ25CKE			CU-UZ35CKE				
Performance Test Condition			EUROVENT			EUROVENT				
Power Supply		Phase, Hz	Single, 50			Single, 50				
		V	230			230				
			Min.	Mid.	Max.	Min.	Mid.	Max.		
Cooling	Capacity		kW	0.85	2.50	3.00	0.85	3.30	3.90	
			BTU/h	2900	8530	10200	2900	11300	13300	
			kcal/h	730	2150	2580	730	2840	3350	
	Running Current		A	–	3.00	–	–	4.50	–	
	Input Power		W	210	680	900	240	1.02k	1.30k	
	Annual Consumption		kWh	–	340	–	–	510	–	
	EER CLASS			–	A	–	–	A	–	
	EER		W/W	4.05	3.68	3.33	3.54	3.24	3.00	
			BTU/hW	13.81	12.54	11.33	12.08	11.08	10.23	
			kcal/hW	3.48	3.16	2.87	3.04	2.78	2.58	
	ErP	Pdesign	kW	2.5			3.3			
		SEER	(W/W)	6.4			6.4			
		Annual Consumption	kWh	137			180			
		Class		A++			A++			
	Power Factor		%	–	99	–	–	99	–	
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	37 / 26 / 20			38 / 30 / 20			
			Power Level dB(A)	53 / – / –			54 / – / –			
	Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	48 / – / –			48 / – / –			
			Power Level dB(A)	64 / – / –			64 / – / –			
	Heating	Capacity		kW	0.80	3.15	3.60	0.80	3.70	4.40
				BTU/h	2730	10700	12300	2730	12600	15000
				kcal/h	690	2710	3100	690	3180	3780
		Running Current		A	–	3.50	–	–	4.40	–
Input Power		W	190	775	1.03k	195	995	1.27k		
COP CLASS			–	A	–	–	A	–		
COP		W/W	4.21	4.06	3.50	4.10	3.72	3.46		
		BTU/hW	14.37	13.81	11.94	14.00	12.66	11.81		
		kcal/hW	3.63	3.50	3.01	3.54	3.20	2.98		
ErP		Pdesign	kW	2.1			2.4			
		Tbivalent	°C	-10			-10			
		SCOP	(W/W)	4.3			4.1			
		Annual Consumption	kWh	684			820			
		Class		A+			A+			
Power Factor		%	–	96	–	–	98	–		
Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	36 / 27 / 24			38 / 33 / 25				
		Power Level dB(A)	52 / – / –			54 / – / –				
Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	49 / – / –			50 / – / –				
		Power Level dB(A)	64 / – / –			65 / – / –				
Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP				2.61 / 910 / 2.87			3.19 / 1.13k / 2.82			
Extr Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP				2.35 / 930 / 2.53			2.60 / 1.04k / 2.50			
Max Current (A) / Max Input Power (W)				4.7 / 1.03k			7.0 / 1.58k			
Starting Current (A)				3.50			4.50			

Indoor		Model		CS-UZ25CKE		CS-UZ35CKE		
Outdoor		Model		CU-UZ25CKE		CU-UZ35CKE		
Compressor	Type				Hermetic Motor / Rotary		Hermetic Motor / Rotary	
	Motor Type				Brushless (6-poles)		Brushless (6-poles)	
	Output Power		W		550		550	
Maximum High Pressure			MPa (bar)		5.0 (50.0)		5.0 (50.0)	
Design / Operating Pressure, PS			MPa (bar) H.P. / L.P.		4.15 (41.5) / 2.55 (25.5)		4.15 (41.5) / 2.55 (25.5)	
Indoor Fan	Type				Cross-flow Fan		Cross-flow Fan	
	Material				ASG30		ASG30	
	Motor Type				DC (8-poles)		DC (8-poles)	
	Input Power		W		45.9		45.9	
	Output Power		W		40		40	
	Speed	QLo	Cool	rpm	550		520	
			Heat	rpm	630		630	
		Lo	Cool	rpm	690		760	
			Heat	rpm	730		870	
		Me	Cool	rpm	830		860	
			Heat	rpm	870		970	
		Hi	Cool	rpm	950		980	
			Heat	rpm	990		1060	
	SHi	Cool	rpm	1000		1030		
Heat		rpm	1040		1110			
Outdoor Fan	Type				Propeller Fan		Propeller Fan	
	Material				PP		PP	
	Motor Type				DC (8-poles)		DC (8-poles)	
	Input Power		W		-		-	
	Output Power		W		40		40	
	Speed	Hi	Cool	rpm	820		860	
Heat			rpm	820		840		
Moisture Removal			L/h (Pt/h)		1.5 (3.2)		1.9 (4.0)	
Indoor Airflow	QLo	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	5.12 (181)		4.75 (168)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	6.10 (215)		6.10 (215)		
	Lo	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	6.83 (241)		7.68 (271)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	7.32 (259)		9.03 (319)		
	Me	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	8.54 (302)		8.91 (315)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	9.03 (319)		10.25 (362)		
	Hi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.00 (353)		10.40 (367)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.50 (371)		11.40 (403)		
SHi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.61 (375)		10.98 (388)			
	Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	11.10 (392)		11.96 (422)			
Outdoor Airflow	Hi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	30.40 (1075)		31.10 (1100)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	30.40 (1075)		30.40 (1075)		
Refrigerant Cycle	Control Device				Expansion Valve		Expansion Valve	
	Refrigerant Oil		cm <sup>3</sup>		FW50S (270)		FW50S (270)	
	Refrigerant Type		g (oz)		R32, 500 (17.7)		R32, 560 (19.8)	
F-Gas	GWP			675		675		
	CO2eq (ton) (Precharged Amount / Maximum Amount)			0.34 / 0.39		0.38 / 0.43		
Dimension	Unit	Height (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) / 542 (21-11/32)		290 (11-7/16) / 542 (21-11/32)		
		Width (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	765 (30-1/8) / 780 (30-23/32)		765 (30-1/8) / 780 (30-23/32)		
		Depth (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	214 (8-7/16) / 289 (11-13/32)		214 (8-7/16) / 289 (11-13/32)		
Weight	Net (I/D / O/D)		kg (lb)	9 (20) / 24 (53)		9 (20) / 25 (55)		

Indoor		Model	CS-UZ25CKE		CS-UZ35CKE	
Outdoor		Model	CU-UZ25CKE		CU-UZ35CKE	
Piping	Pipe Diameter (Liquid / Gas)	mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) / 9.52 (3/8)		6.35 (1/4) / 9.52 (3/8)	
	Standard Length	m (ft)	5.0 (16.4)		5.0 (16.4)	
	Length Range (min – max)	m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~ 15 (49.2)		3 (9.8) ~ 15 (49.2)	
	I/D & O/D Height Different	m (ft)	15.0 (49.2)		15.0 (49.2)	
	Additional Gas Amount	g/m (oz/ft)	10 (0.1)		10 (0.1)	
	Length for Additional Gas	m (ft)	7.5 (24.6)		7.5 (24.6)	
Drain Hose	Inner Diameter	mm	16		16	
	Length	mm	550		550	
Indoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Slit Fin		Slit Fin	
	Row × Stage × FPI		2 × 14 × 17		2 × 14 × 17	
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	560 × 315 × 25.4		560 × 315 × 25.4	
Outdoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Corrugated Fin		Corrugated Fin	
	Row × Stage × FPI		1 × 24 × 17		2 × 24 : 12 × 17	
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	18.2 × 504 × 717		36.4 × 504 : 252 × 717.8 : 689.2	
Air Filter	Material		Polypropelene		Polypropelene	
	Type		One-touch		One-touch	
Power Supply			Indoor		Indoor	
Power Supply Cord			Nil		Nil	
Thermostat			Electronic Control		Electronic Control	
Protection Device			Electronic Control		Electronic Control	
			Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb	Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
Indoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)
		Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)
	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	–	30 (86.0)	–
		Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	–	16 (60.8)	–
Outdoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)
		Minimum °C (°F)	-10 (14.0)	–	-10 (14.0)	–
	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)
		Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)

- Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27°C Dry Bulb (80.6°F Dry Bulb), 19.0°C Wet Bulb (66.2°F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35°C Dry Bulb (95°F Dry Bulb), 24°C Wet Bulb (75.2°F Wet Bulb)
- Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)
- Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C.
- Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
- Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.
- If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the “extra-low” temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with rated voltage 230 V shall be used.
- The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
- SEER and SCOP classification is at 230 V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating season.

Indoor		Model	CS-UZ50CKE			
Outdoor		Model	CU-UZ50CKE			
Performance Test Condition			EUROVENT			
Power Supply		Phase, Hz	Single, 50			
		V	230			
		Min.	Mid.	Max.		
Cooling	Capacity		kW	0.98	5.00	5.40
			BTU/h	3340	17100	18400
			kcal/h	840	4300	4640
	Running Current		A	–	7.30	–
	Input Power		W	250	1.65k	1.87k
	Annual Consumption		kWh	–	825	–
	EER CLASS			–	B	–
	EER		W/W	3.92	3.03	2.89
			BTU/hW	13.36	10.36	9.84
			kcal/hW	3.36	2.61	2.48
	ErP	Pdesign		kW	5.0	
		SEER		(W/W)	6.6	
		Annual Consumption		kWh	265	
		Class			A++	
	Power Factor		%	–	98	–
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	44 / 37 / 34		
			Power Level dB(A)	60 / – / –		
	Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	48 / – / –		
			Power Level dB(A)	63 / – / –		
	Heating	Capacity		kW	0.98	5.40
BTU/h				3340	18400	25200
kcal/h				840	4640	6360
Running Current		A	–	7.00	–	
Input Power		W	210	1.58k	2.40k	
COP CLASS			–	B	–	
COP		W/W	4.67	3.42	3.08	
		BTU/hW	15.90	11.65	10.50	
		kcal/hW	4.00	2.94	2.65	
ErP		Pdesign		kW	4.0	
		Tbivalent		°C	-10	
		SCOP		(W/W)	4.1	
		Annual Consumption		kWh	1366	
		Class			A+	
Power Factor		%	–	98	–	
Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	44 / 37 / 34			
		Power Level dB(A)	60 / – / –			
Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		Pressure Level dB(A)	49 / – / –			
		Power Level dB(A)	64 / – / –			
Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP				5.36 / 2.12k / 2.53		
Extr Low Temp. : Capacity (kW) / I.Power (W) / COP				4.52 / 2.06k / 2.19		
Max Current (A) / Max Input Power (W)				10.5 / 2.40k		
Starting Current (A)				7.30		

Indoor		Model		CS-UZ50CKE		
Outdoor		Model		CU-UZ50CKE		
Compressor	Type		Hermetic Motor / Rotary			
	Motor Type		Brushless (6-poles)			
	Output Power		W 900			
Maximum High Pressure		MPa (bar)		5.0 (50.0)		
Design / Operating Pressure, PS		MPa (bar) H.P. / L.P.		4.15 (41.5) / 2.55 (25.5)		
Indoor Fan	Type		Cross-flow Fan			
	Material		ASG30			
	Motor Type		DC (8-poles)			
	Input Power		W 45.9			
	Output Power		W 30			
	Speed	QLo	Cool	rpm	860	
			Heat	rpm	900	
		Lo	Cool	rpm	970	
			Heat	rpm	1020	
		Me	Cool	rpm	1090	
			Heat	rpm	1160	
		Hi	Cool	rpm	1220	
			Heat	rpm	1280	
	SHi	Cool	rpm	1270		
Heat		rpm	1310			
Outdoor Fan	Type		Propeller Fan			
	Material		PP			
	Motor Type		DC (8-poles)			
	Input Power		W -			
	Output Power		W 40			
	Speed	Hi	Cool	rpm	820	
Heat			rpm	820		
Moisture Removal		L/h (Pt/h)		2.8 (5.9)		
Indoor Airflow	QLo	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	8.16 (288)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	8.72 (308)		
	Lo	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	9.51 (336)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.20 (360)		
	Me	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	10.97 (387)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	11.93 (421)		
	Hi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	12.60 (445)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	13.40 (473)		
SHi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	13.17 (465)			
	Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	13.77 (486)			
Outdoor Airflow	Hi	Cool	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	32.70 (1155)		
		Heat	m <sup>3</sup> /min (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	32.70 (1155)		
Refrigerant Cycle	Control Device		Expansion Valve			
	Refrigerant Oil		cm <sup>3</sup> FW50S (450)			
	Refrigerant Type		g (oz) R32, 1030 (36.4)			
F-Gas	GWP		675			
	CO <sub>2</sub> eq (ton) (Precharged Amount / Maximum Amount)		0.70 / 0.75			
Dimension	Unit	Height (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) / 619 (24-3/8)		
		Width (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	765 (30-1/8) / 824 (32-15/32)		
		Depth (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	214 (8-7/16) / 299 (11-25/32)		
Weight	Net (I/D / O/D)		kg (lb)	9 (20) / 35 (77)		

Indoor		Model	CS-UZ50CKE	
Outdoor		Model	CU-UZ50CKE	
Piping	Pipe Diameter (Liquid / Gas)	mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) / 12.70 (1/2)	
	Standard Length	m (ft)	5.0 (16.4)	
	Length Range (min – max)	m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~ 15 (49.2)	
	I/D & O/D Height Different	m (ft)	15.0 (49.2)	
	Additional Gas Amount	g/m (oz/ft)	15 (0.2)	
	Length for Additional Gas	m (ft)	10 (32.8)	
Drain Hose	Inner Diameter	mm	16	
	Length	mm	550	
Indoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Slit Fin	
	Row × Stage × FPI		2 × 15 × 21	
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	560 × 315 × 25.4	
Outdoor Heat Exchanger	Fin Material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Fin Type		Corrugated Fin	
	Row × Stage × FPI		2 × 28 × 17	
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	36.38 × 588 × 856.3 : 827.7	
Air Filter	Material		Polypropelene	
	Type		One-touch	
Power Supply			Indoor	
Power Supply Cord			Nil	
Thermostat			Electronic Control	
Protection Device			Electronic Control	
			Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
Indoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)
		Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)
	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	–
		Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	–
Outdoor Operation Range	Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)
		Minimum °C (°F)	-10 (14.0)	–
	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)
		Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)

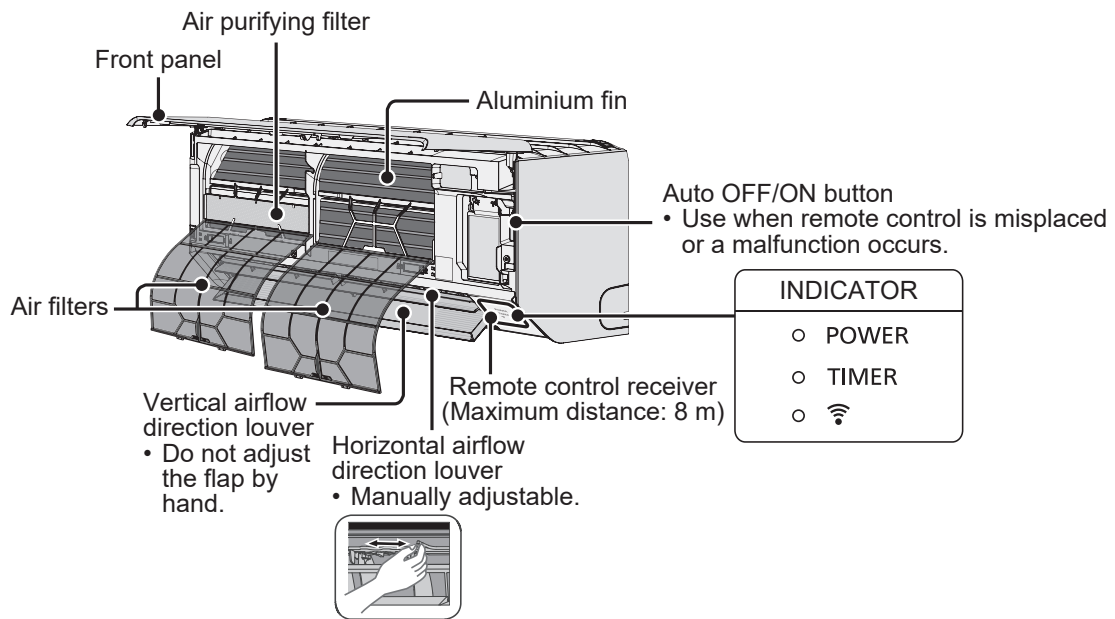
- Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27°C Dry Bulb (80.6°F Dry Bulb), 19.0°C Wet Bulb (66.2°F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35°C Dry Bulb (95°F Dry Bulb), 24°C Wet Bulb (75.2°F Wet Bulb)
- Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)
- Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C.
- Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
- Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.
- If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the “extra-low” temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with rated voltage 230 V shall be used.
- The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
- SEER and SCOP classification is at 230 V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating season.

## 4. Features

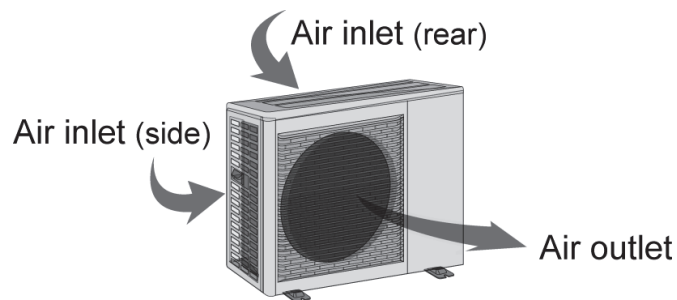
- **Inverter Technology**
  - Wider output power range
  - Energy saving
  - Quick Cooling
  - Quick Heating
  - More precise temperature control
- **Environment Protection**
  - Non-ozone depletion substances refrigerant (R32)
- **Long Installation Piping**
  - Long piping up to 15 meters (1.0 ~ 2.0HP) and 30 meters (2.25HP)
- **Easy to use remote control**
- **Quality Improvement**
  - Random auto restart after power failure for safety restart operation
  - Gas leakage protection
  - Prevent compressor reverse cycle
  - Inner protector to protect compressor
- **Operation Improvement**
  - Quiet mode to reduce the indoor unit operation sound
  - Powerful mode to reach the desired room temperature quickly
- **Serviceability Improvement**
  - Activation and Deactivation Method for Heating Only Mode
  - Breakdown Self Diagnosis function
- **Communications network**

## 5. Location of Controls and Components

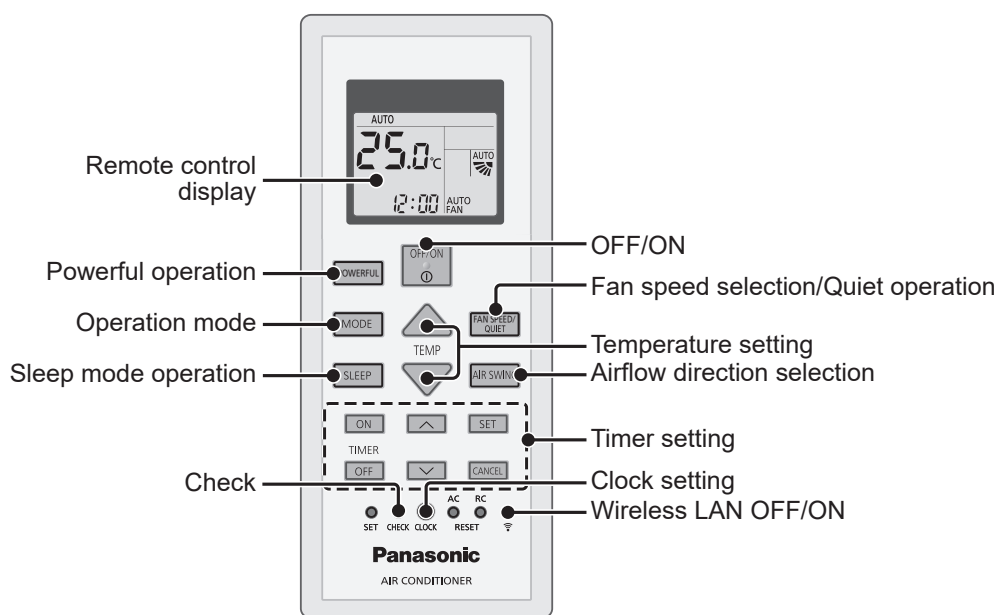
### 5.1 Indoor Unit



### 5.2 Outdoor Unit

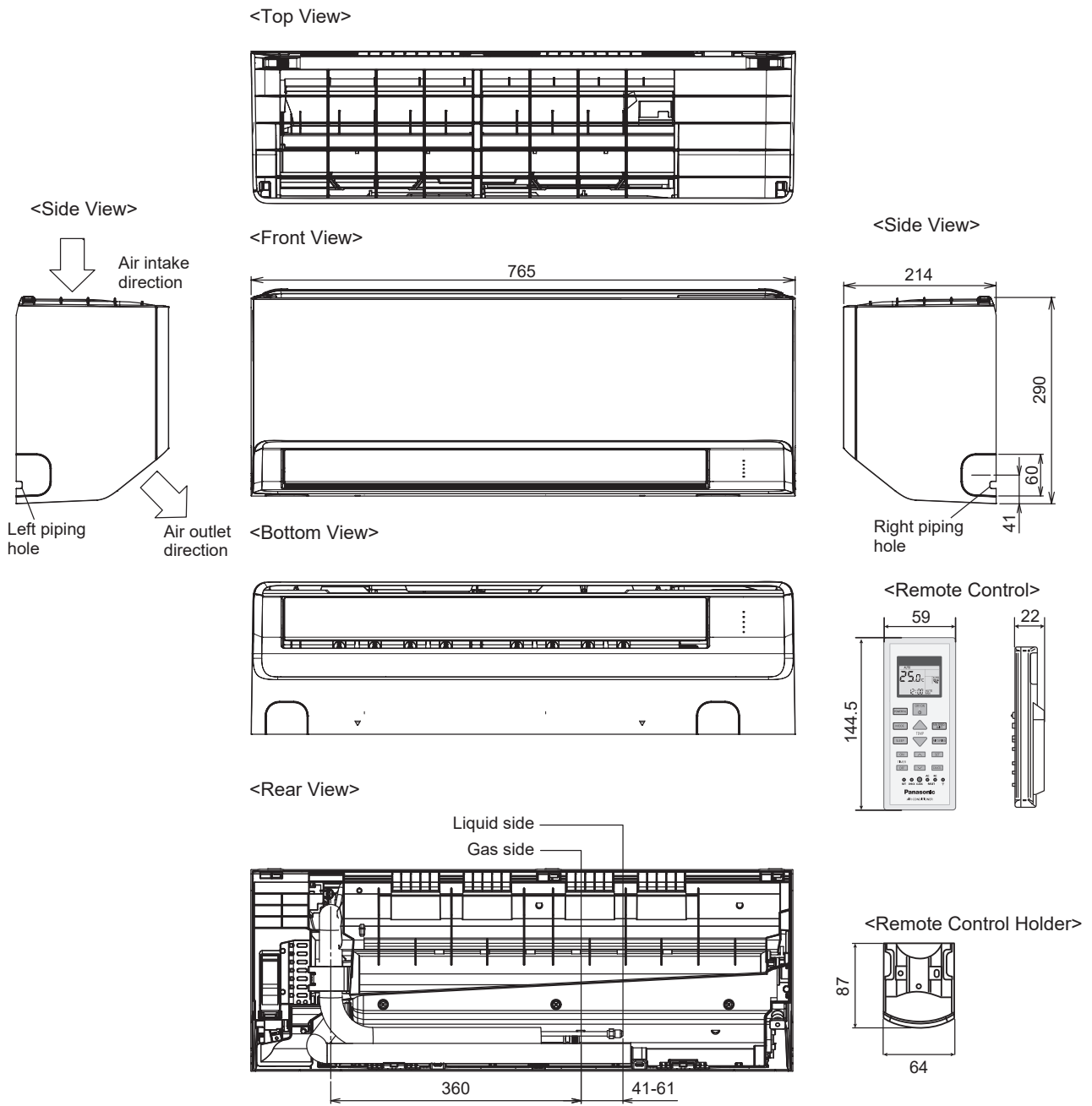


### 5.3 Remote Control

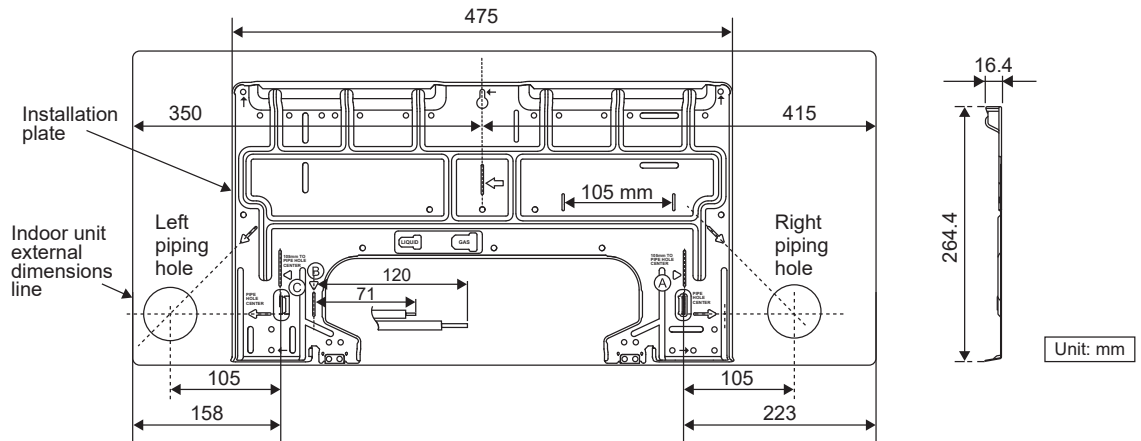


# 6. Dimensions

## 6.1 Indoor Unit & Remote Control

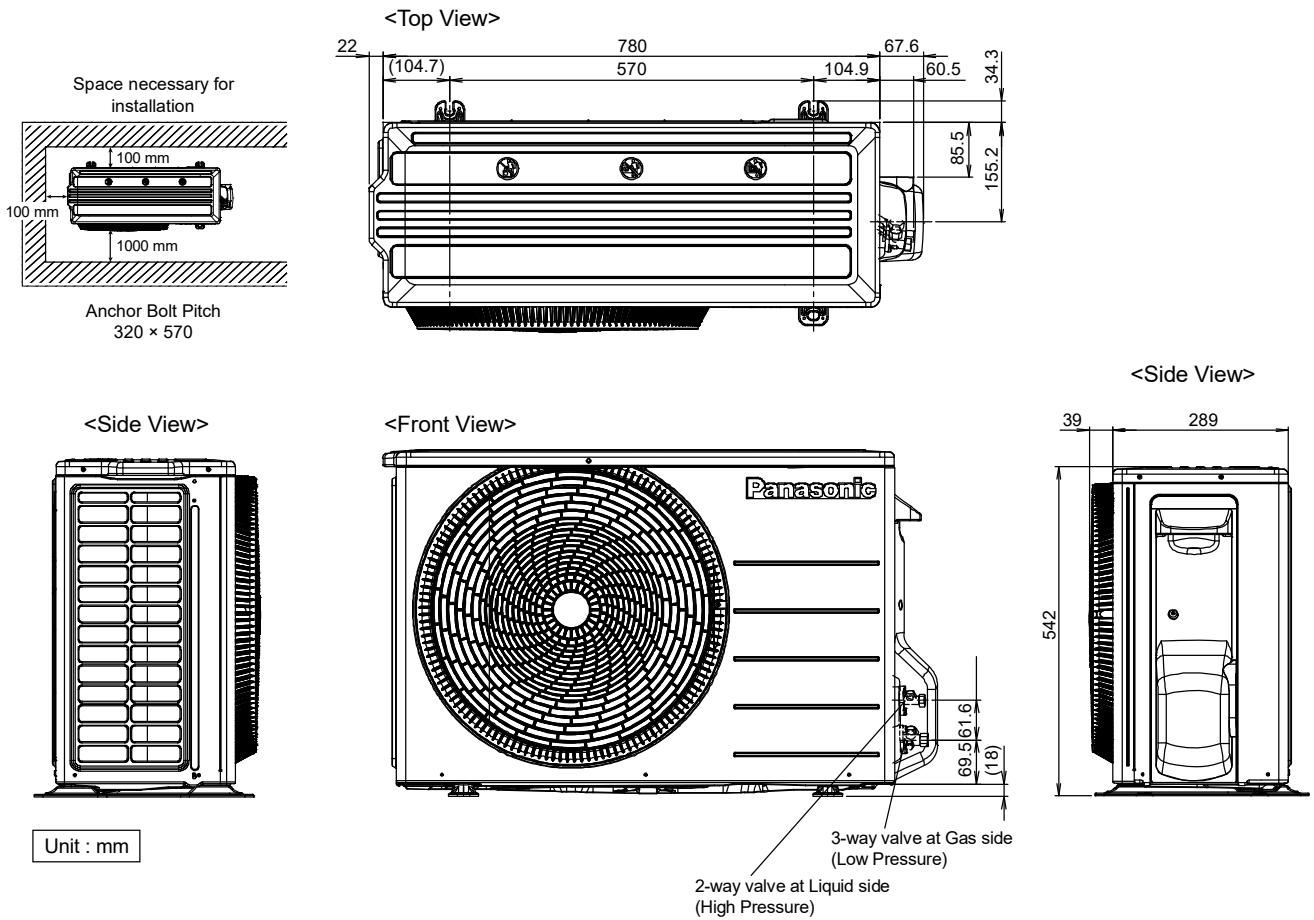


Relative position between the indoor unit and the installation plate <Front View>

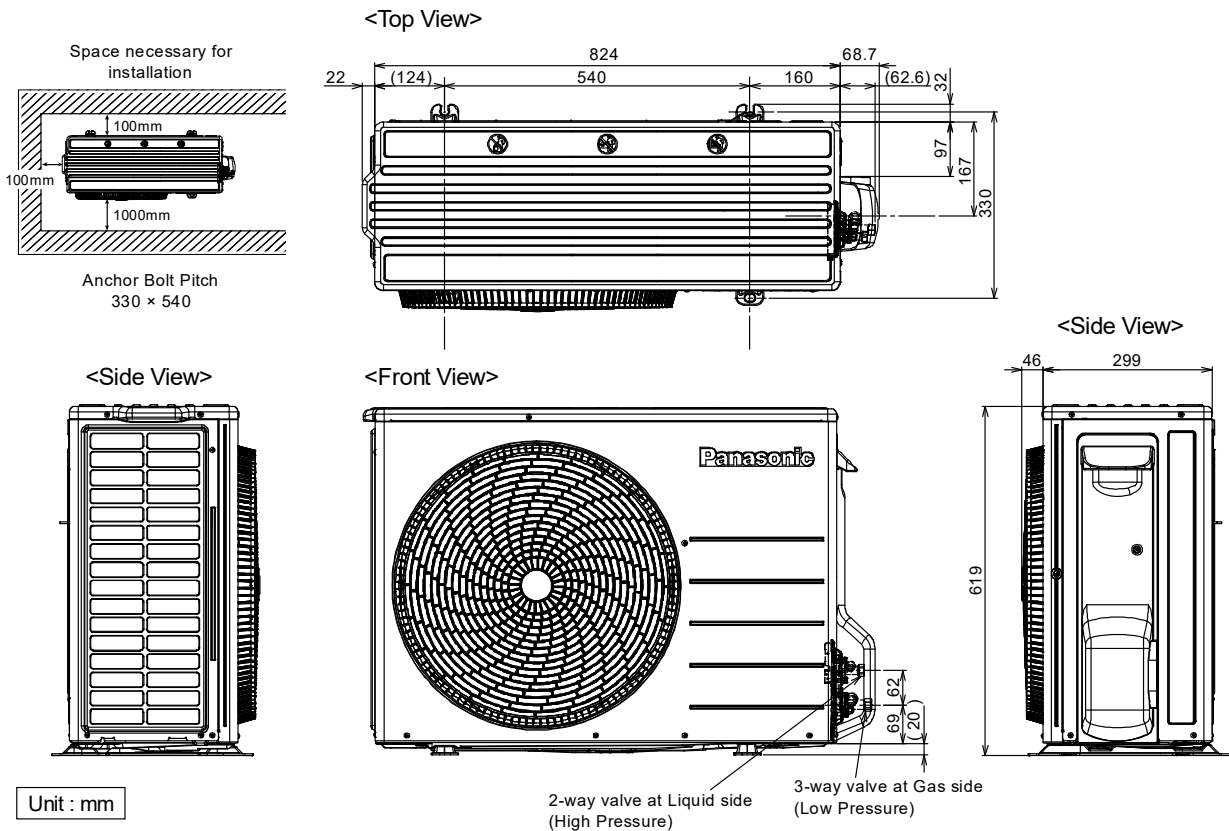


## 6.2 Outdoor Unit

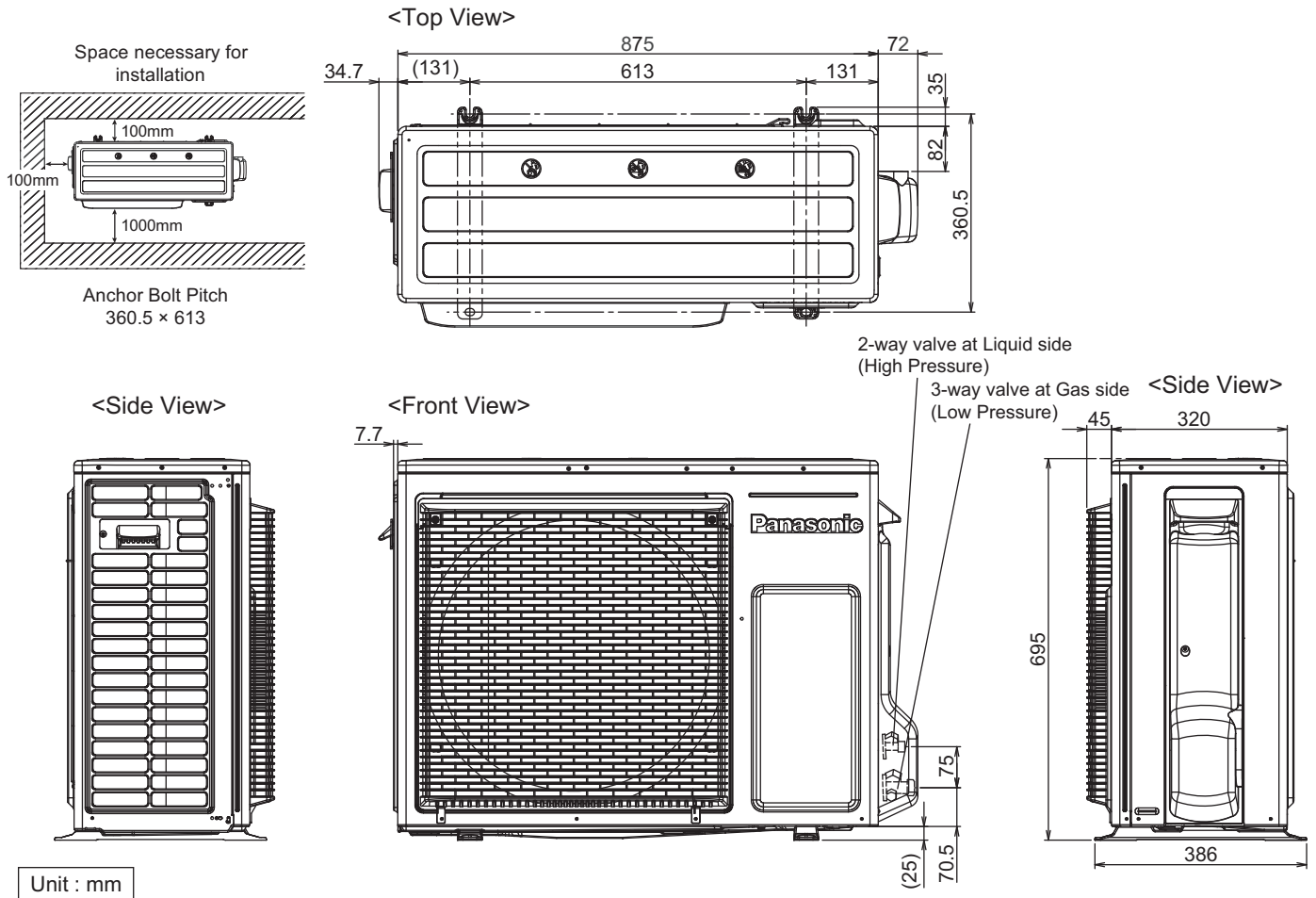
### 6.2.1 CU-BZ25CKE CU-BZ35CKE CU-UZ25CKE CU-UZ35CKE



### 6.2.2 CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE

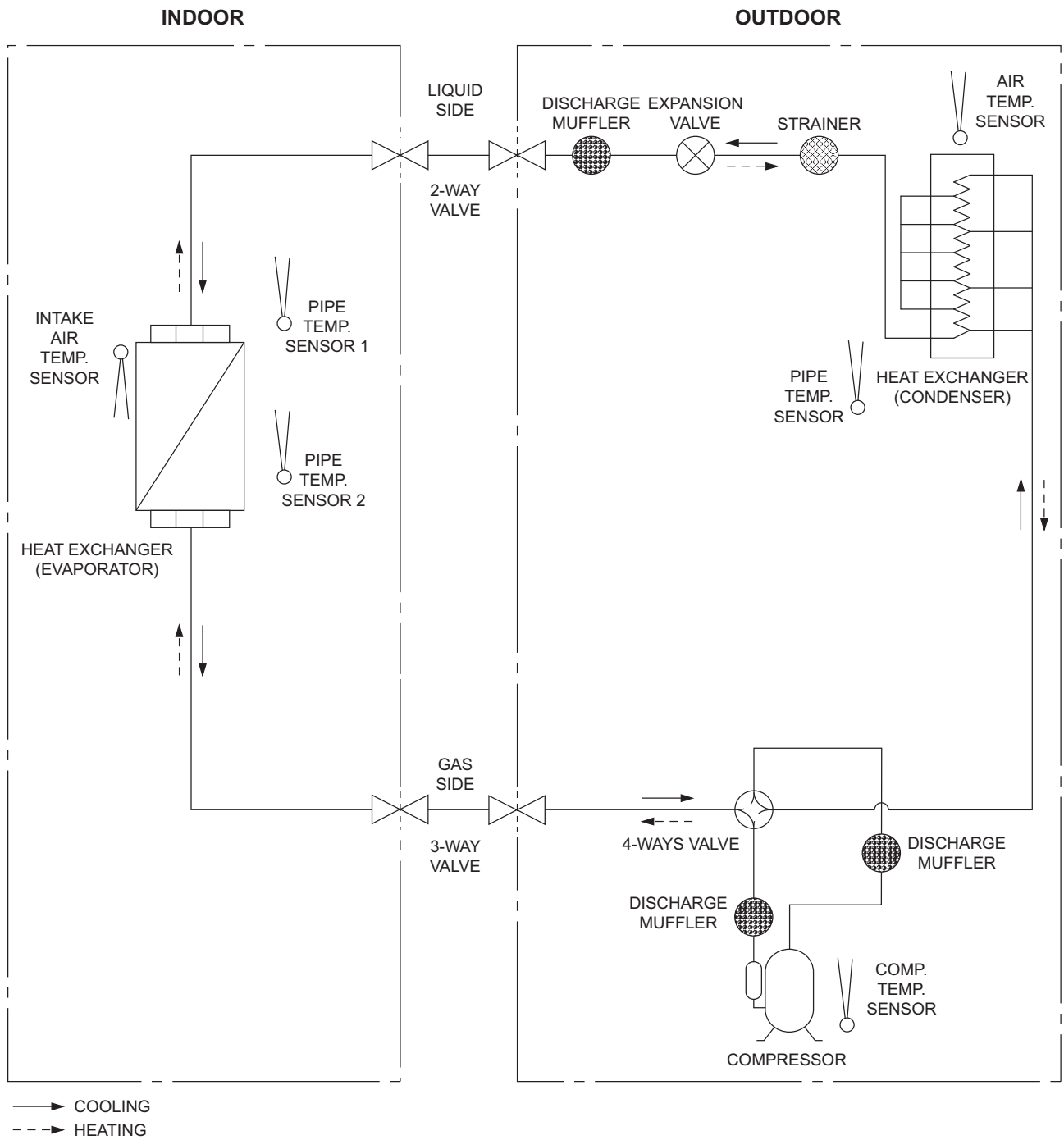


### 6.2.3 CU-BZ60CKE

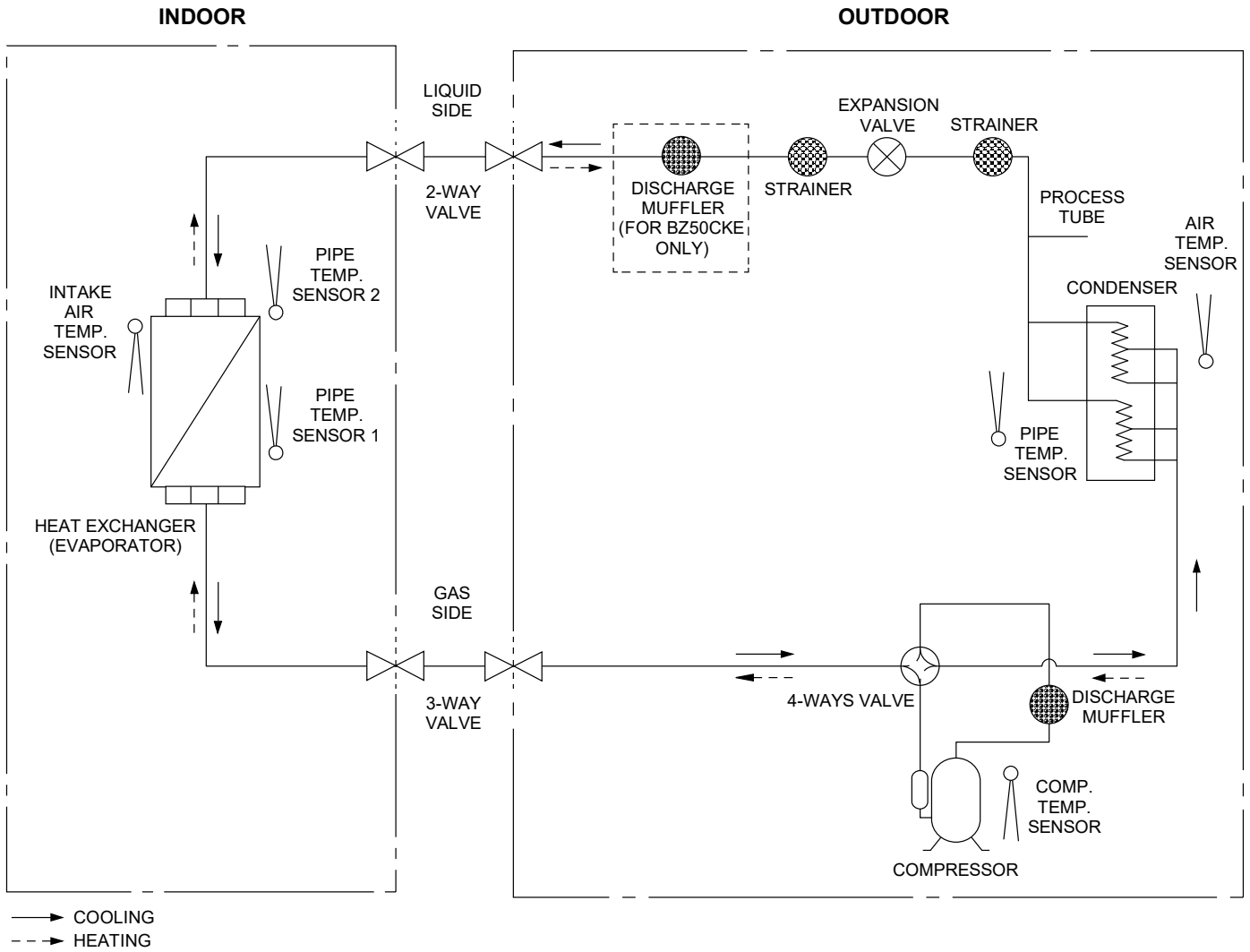


# 7. Refrigeration Cycle Diagram

## 7.1 CS-BZ25CKE CU-BZ25CKE CS-BZ35CKE CU-BZ35CKE CS-UZ25CKE CU-UZ25CKE CS-UZ35CKE CU-UZ35CKE

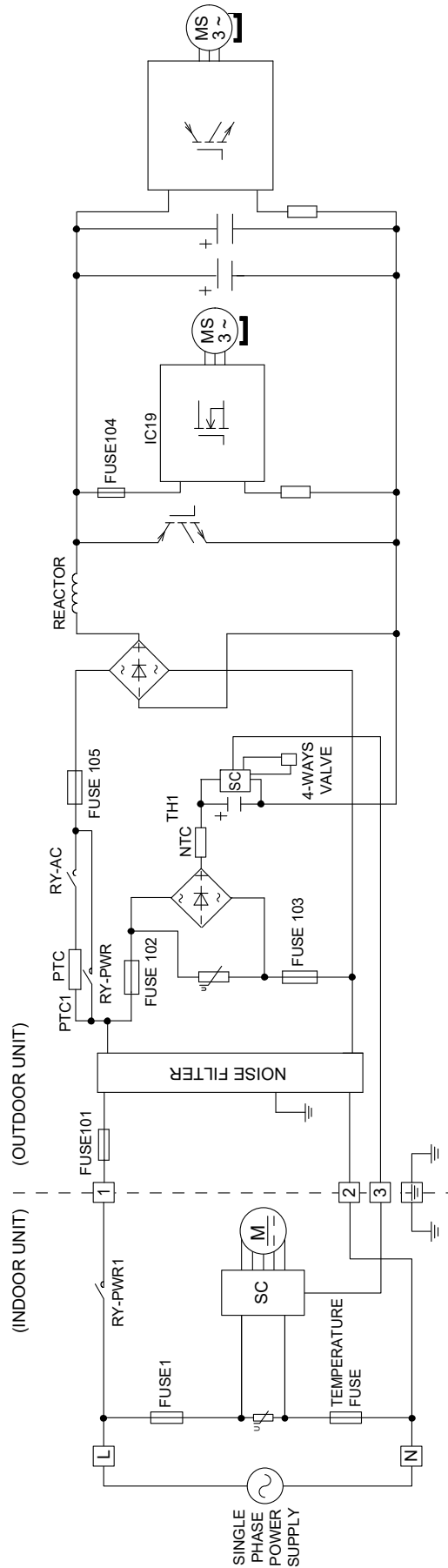


**7.2 CS-BZ50CKE CU-BZ50CKE CS-BZ60CKE CU-BZ60CKE  
CS-UZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE**

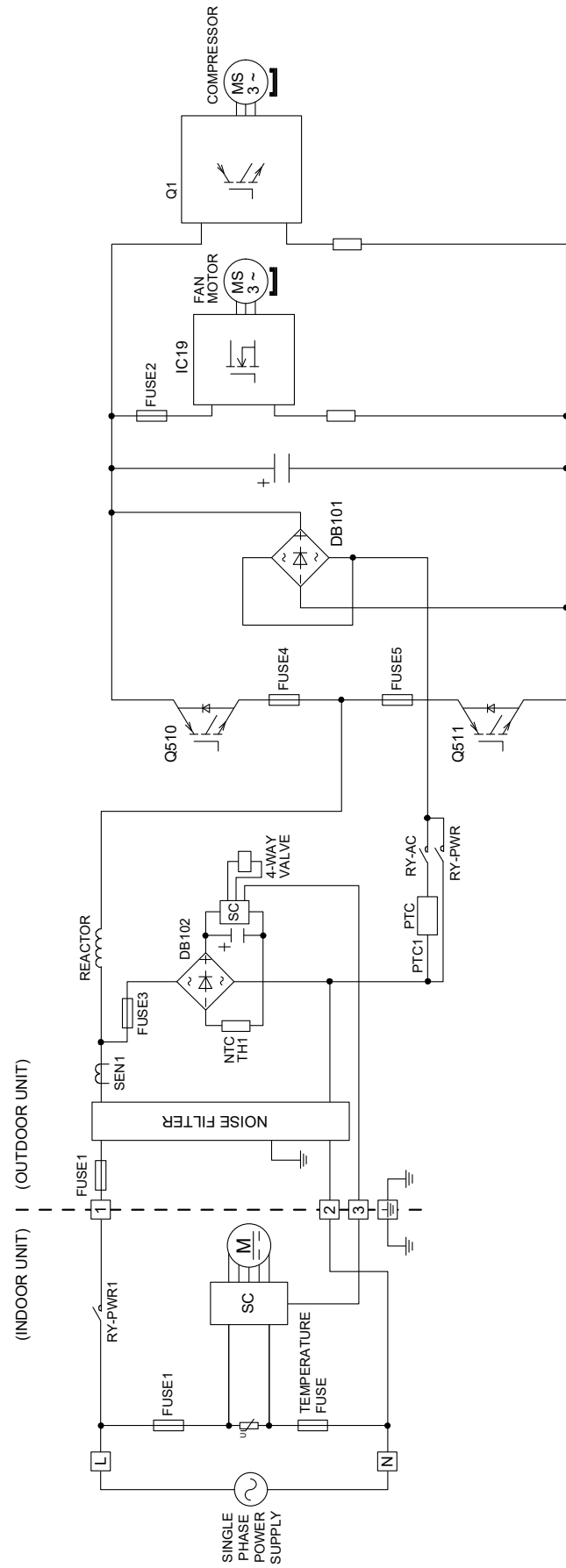


# 8. Block Diagram

## 8.1 CS-BZ25CKE CU-BZ25CKE CS-BZ35CKE CU-BZ35CKE CS-UZ25CKE CU-UZ25CKE CS-UZ35CKE CU-UZ35CKE



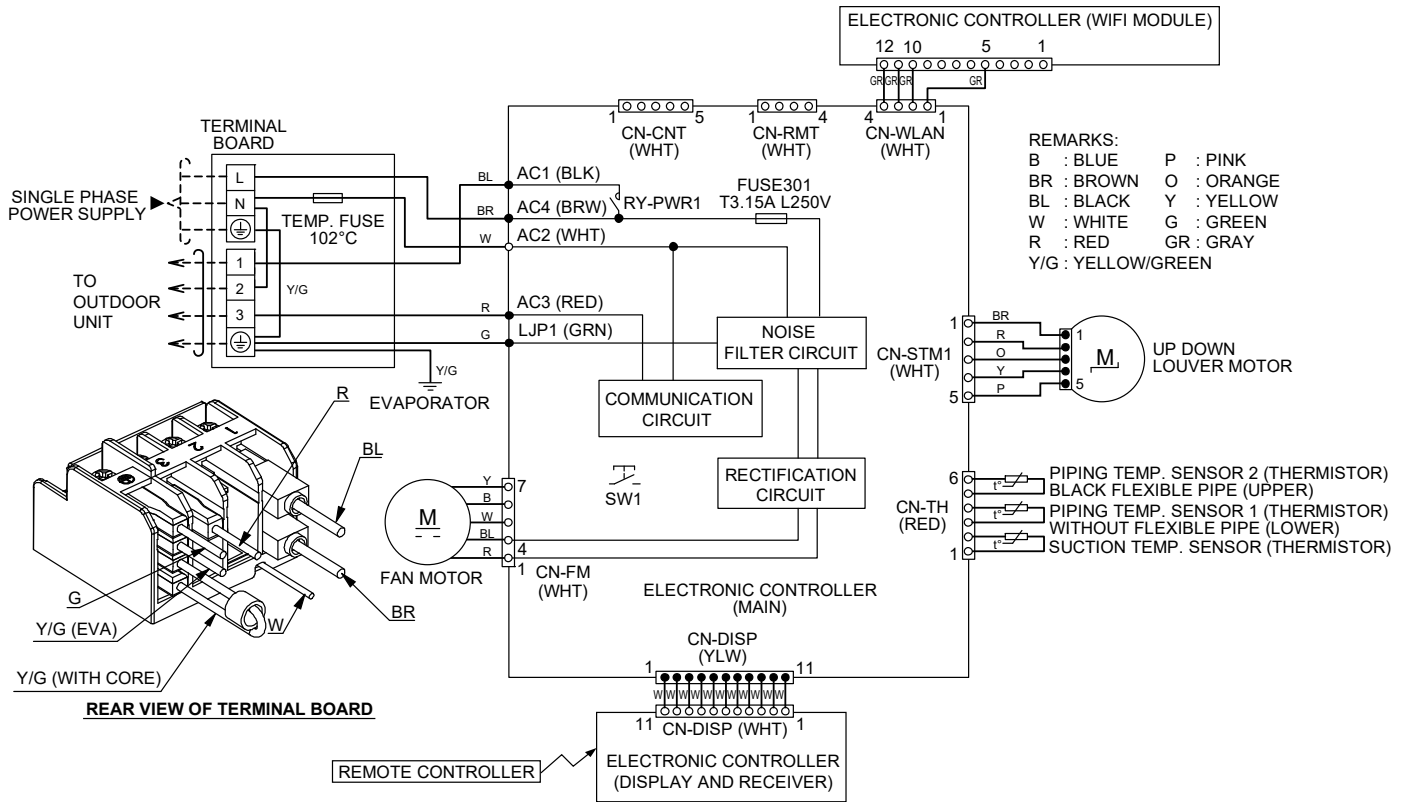
**8.2 CS-BZ50CKE CU-BZ50CKE CS-BZ60CKE CU-BZ60CKE  
CS-UZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE**



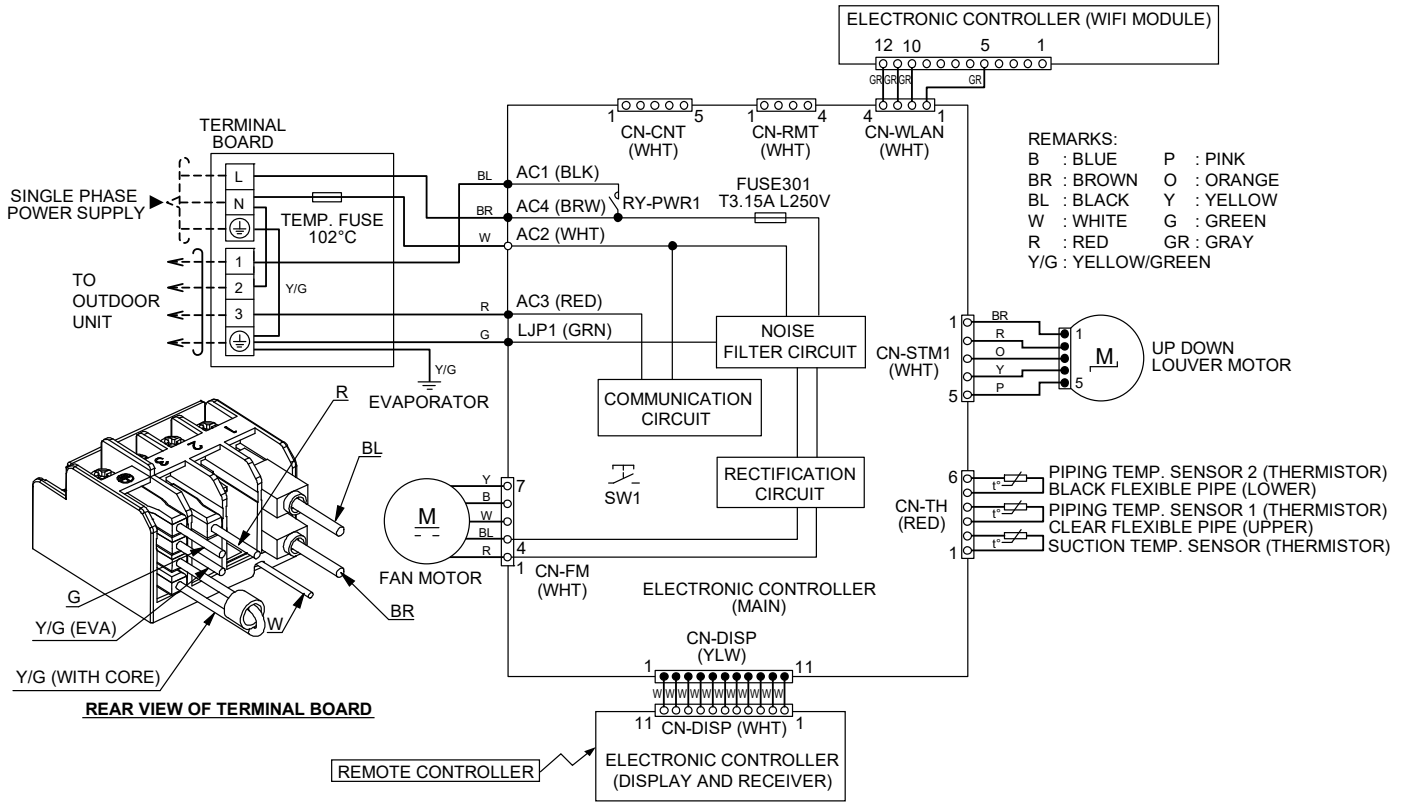
# 9. Wiring Connection Diagram

## 9.1 Indoor Unit

### 9.1.1 CS-BZ25CKE CS-BZ35CKE CS-BZ50CKE CS-UZ25CKE CS-UZ35CKE CS-UZ50CKE

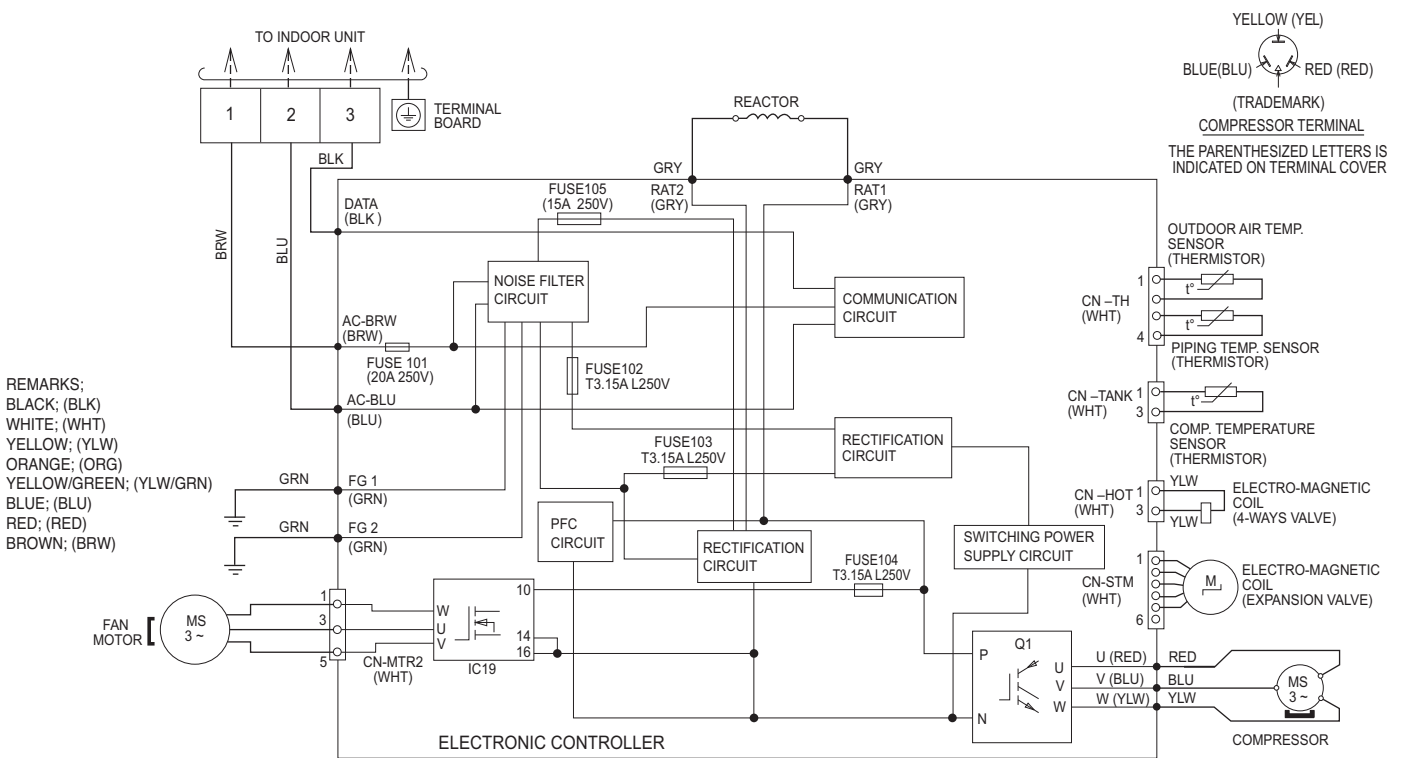


# 9.1.2 CS-BZ60CKE



## 9.2 Outdoor Unit

### 9.2.1 CU-BZ25CKE CU-BZ35CKE CU-UZ25CKE CU-UZ35CKE

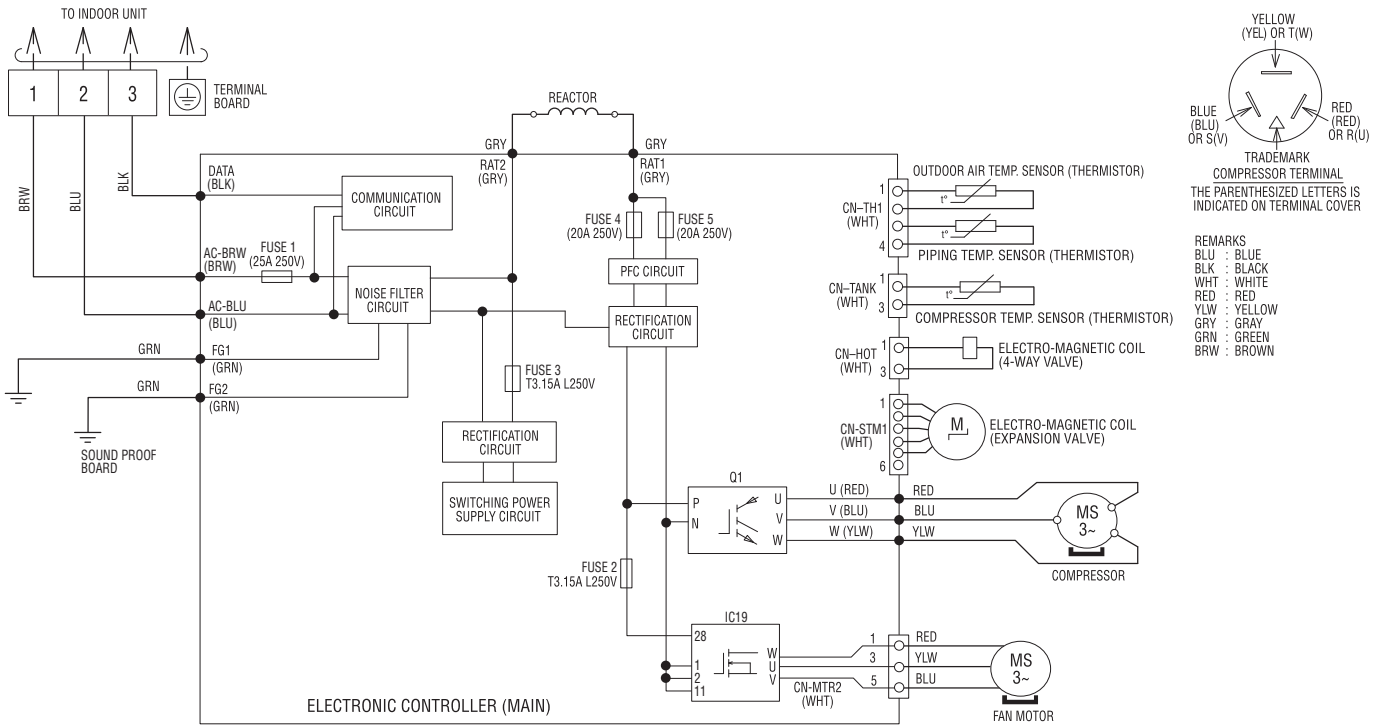


Resistance of Compressor Windings

MODEL	CU-BZ25CKE / CU-BZ35CKE / CU-UZ25CKE / CU-UZ35CKE
CONNECTION	9GS075XCA21
U-V	3.333 Ω
U-W	3.333 Ω
V-W	3.333 Ω

Note: Resistance at 20°C of ambient temperature.

## 9.2.2 CU-BZ50CKE CU-BZ60CKE CU-UZ50CKE



Resistance of Compressor Windings

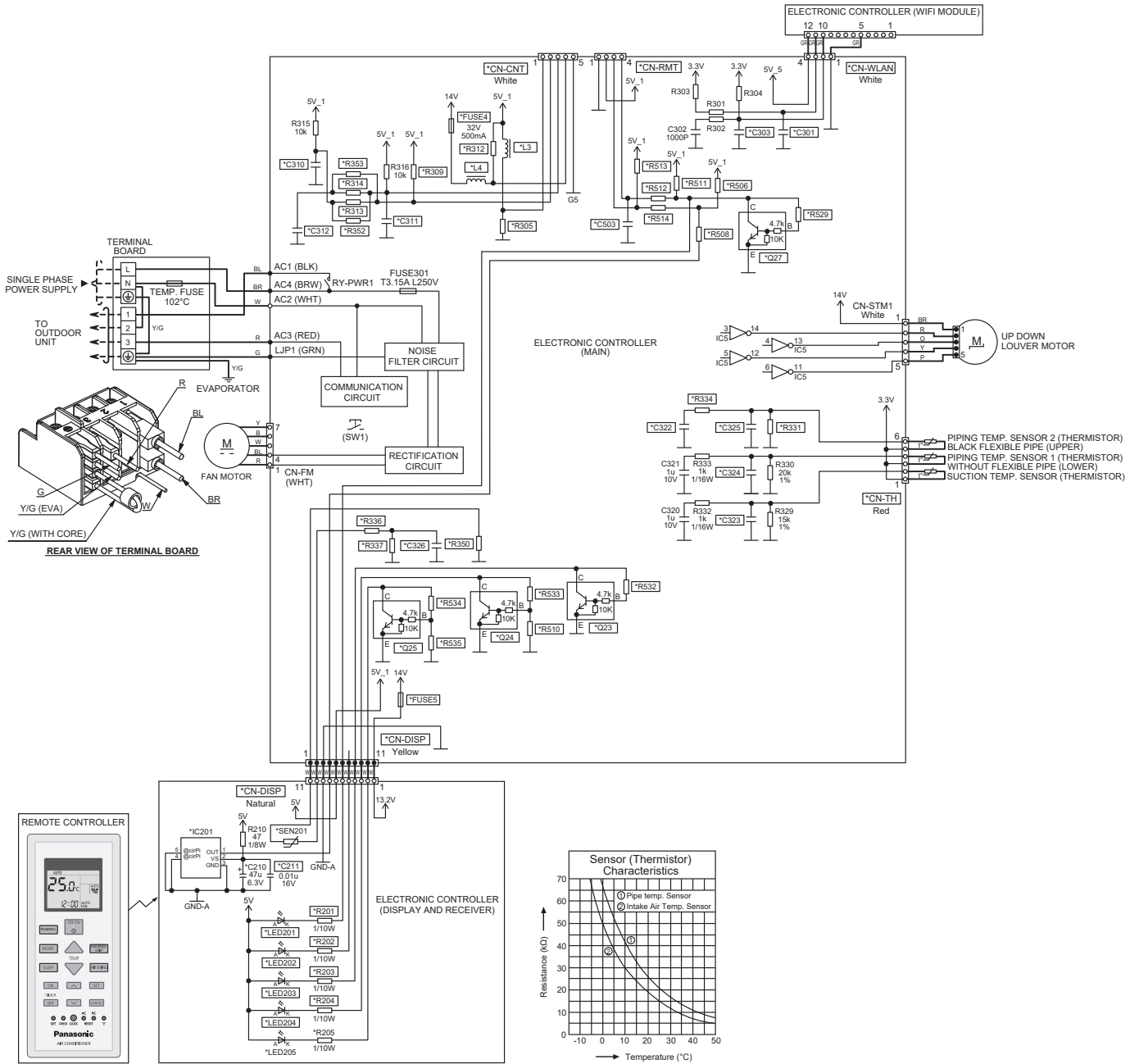
MODEL	CU-BZ50CKE / CU-UZ50CKE	CU-BZ60CKE
CONNECTION	9RD132XGB21	9RD132XGA21
U-V	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
U-W	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
V-W	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω

Note: Resistance at 20°C of ambient temperature.

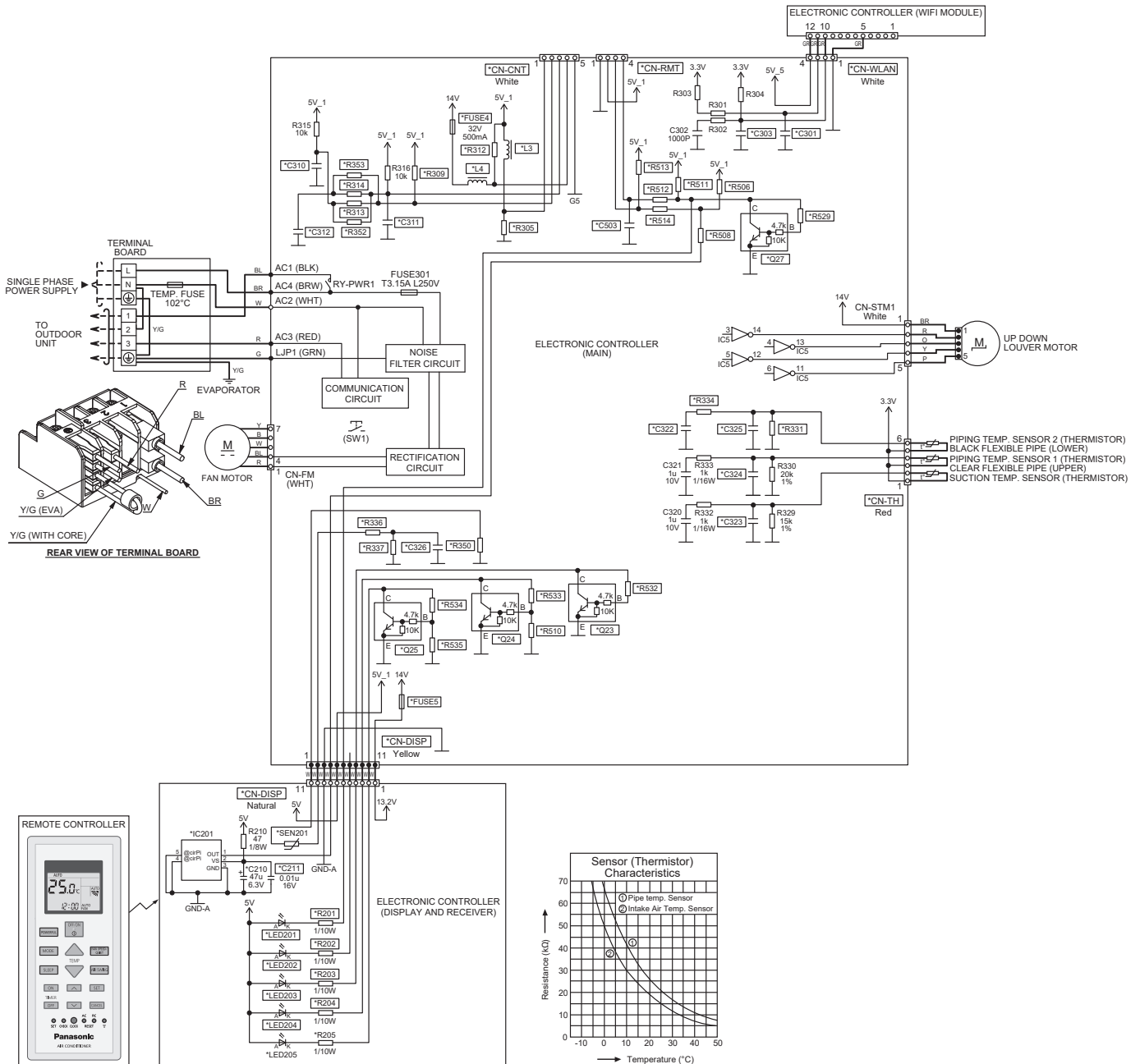
# 10. Electronic Circuit Diagram

## 10.1 Indoor Unit

### 10.1.1 CS-BZ25CKE CS-BZ35CKE CS-BZ50CKE CS-UZ25CKE CS-UZ35CKE CS-UZ50CKE

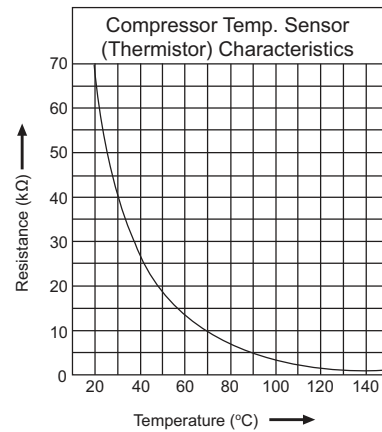
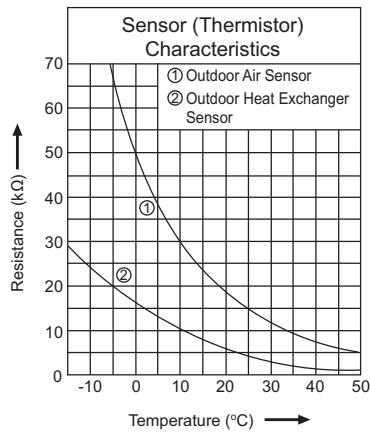
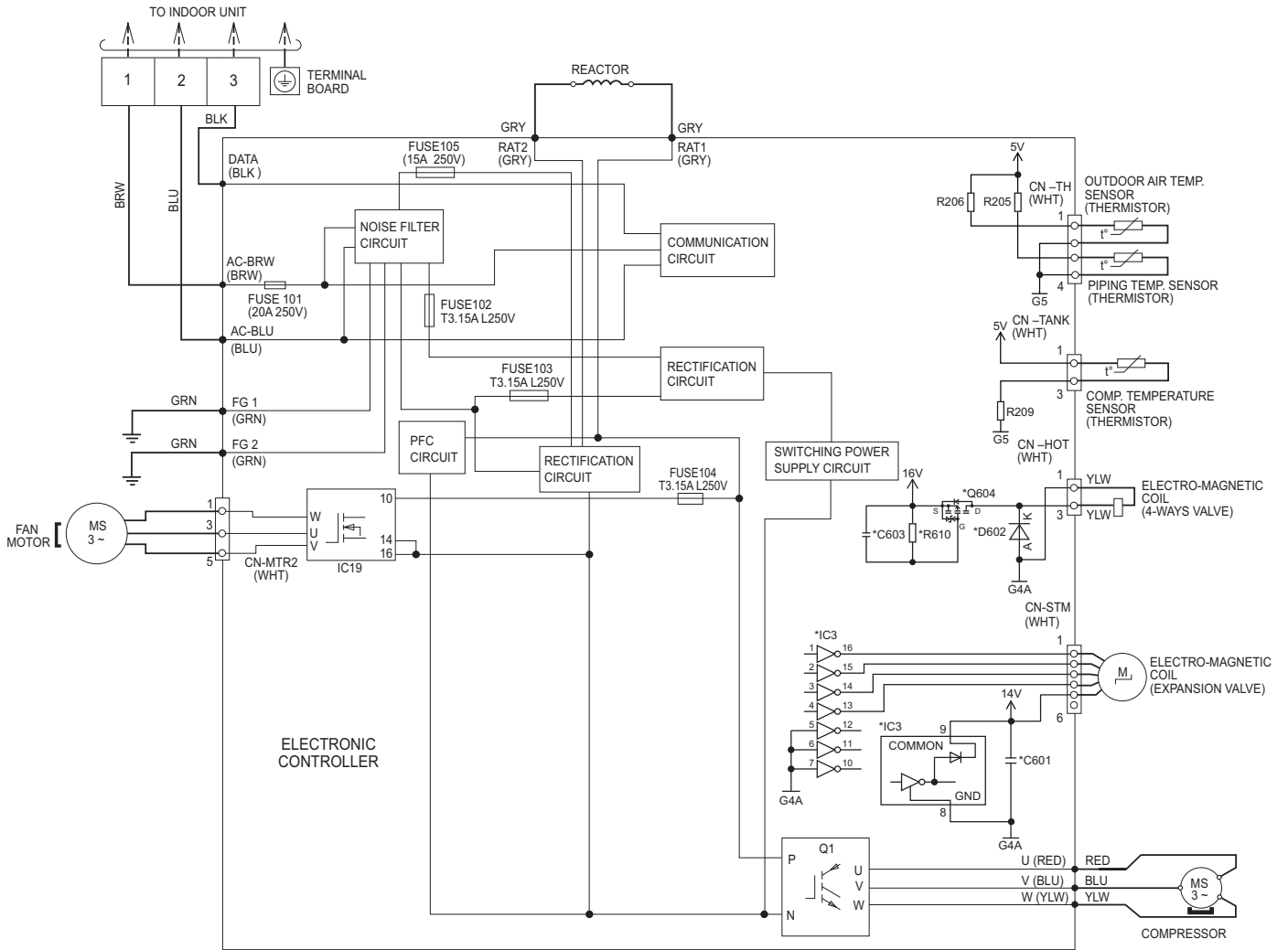


# 10.1.2 CS-BZ60CKE

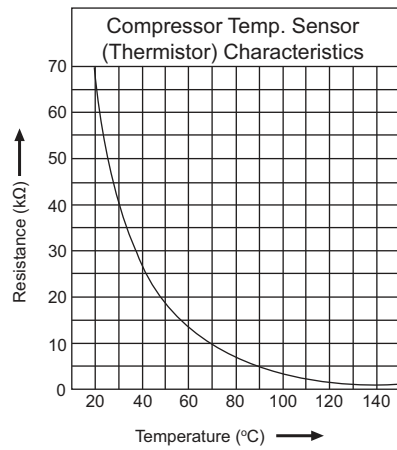
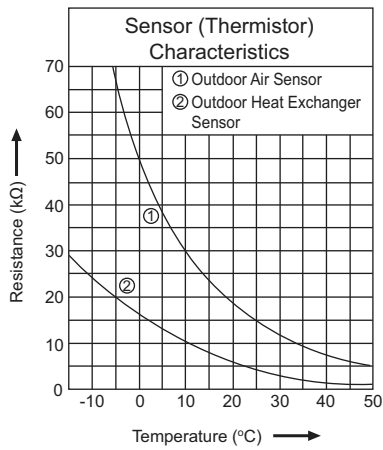
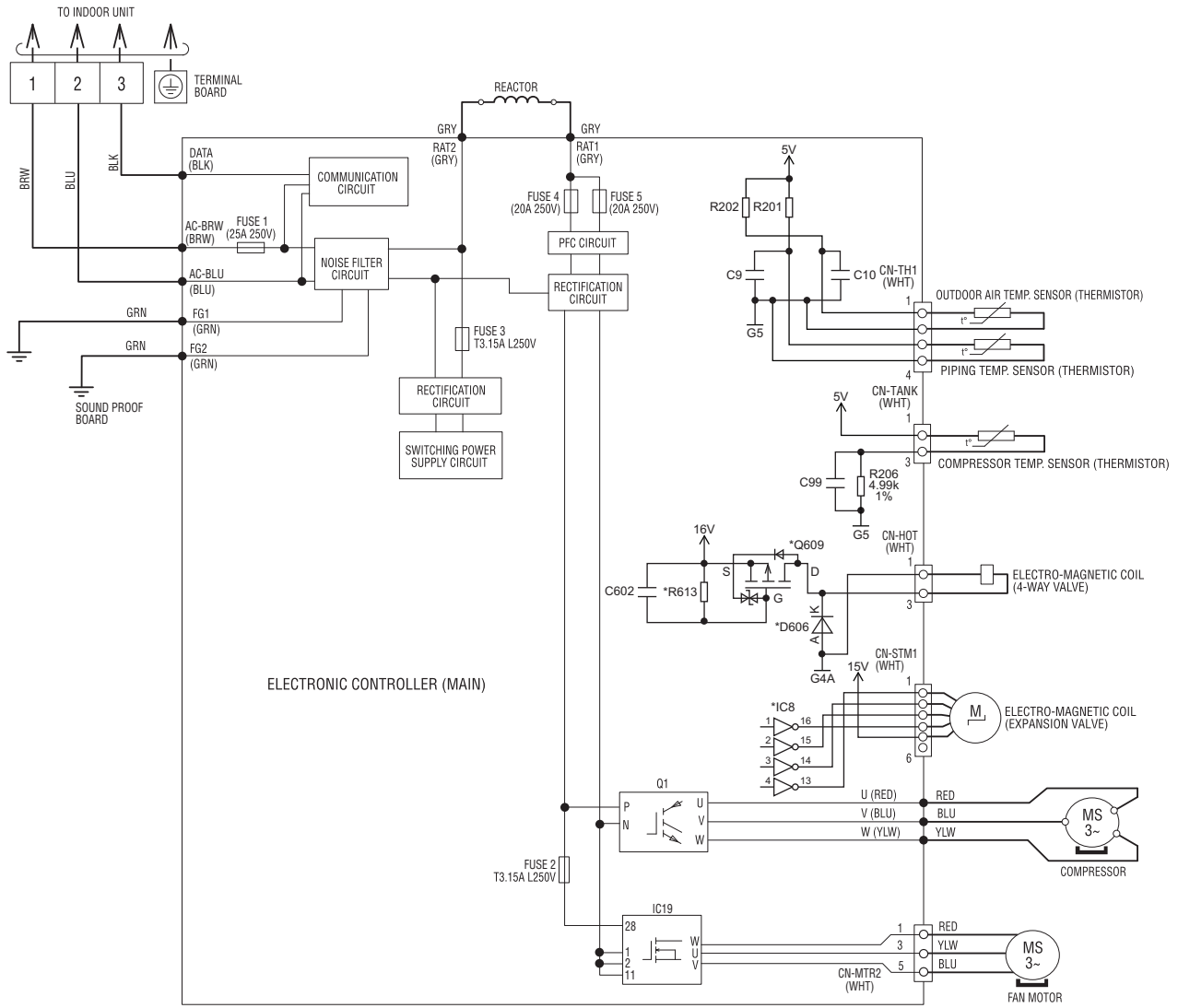


## 10.2 Outdoor Unit

### 10.2.1 CU-BZ25CKE CU-BZ35CKE CU-UZ25CKE CU-UZ35CKE



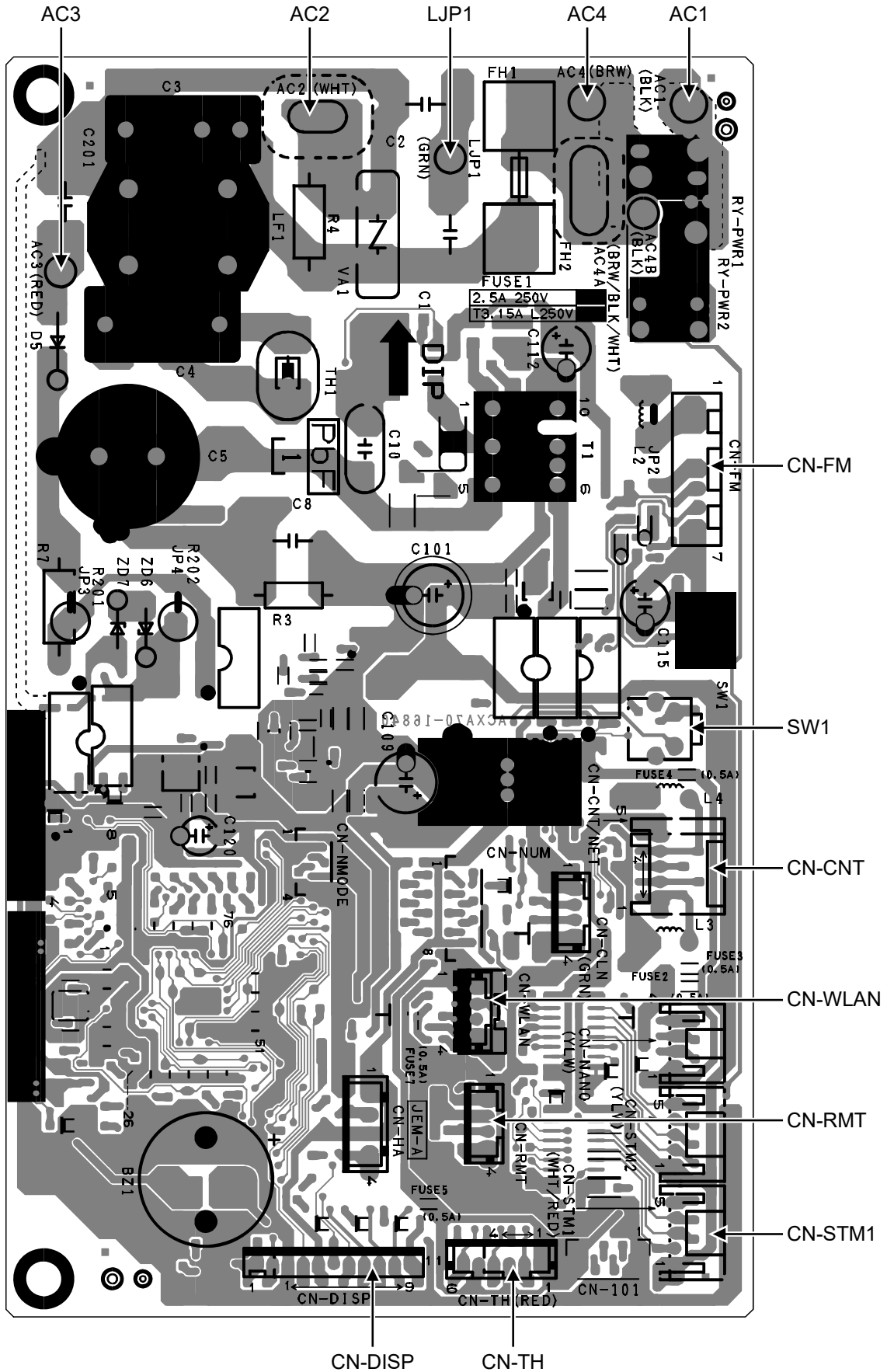
## 10.2.2 CU-BZ50CKE CU-BZ60CKE CU-UZ50CKE



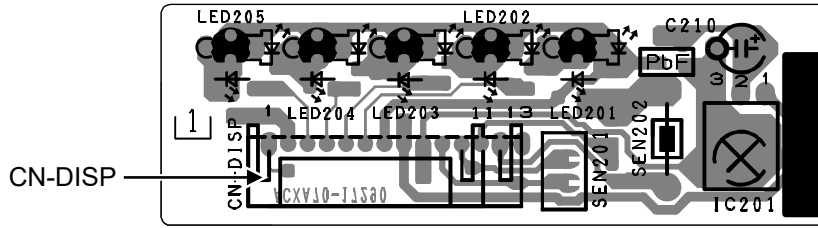
# 11. Printed Circuit Board

## 11.1 Indoor Unit

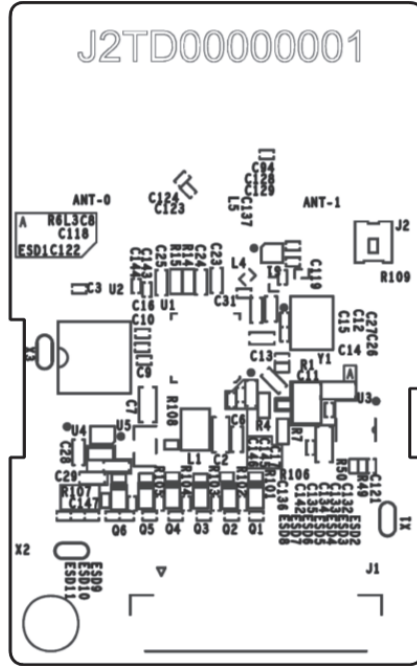
### 11.1.1 Main Printed Circuit Board



### 11.1.2 Indicator & Receiver Printed Circuit Board



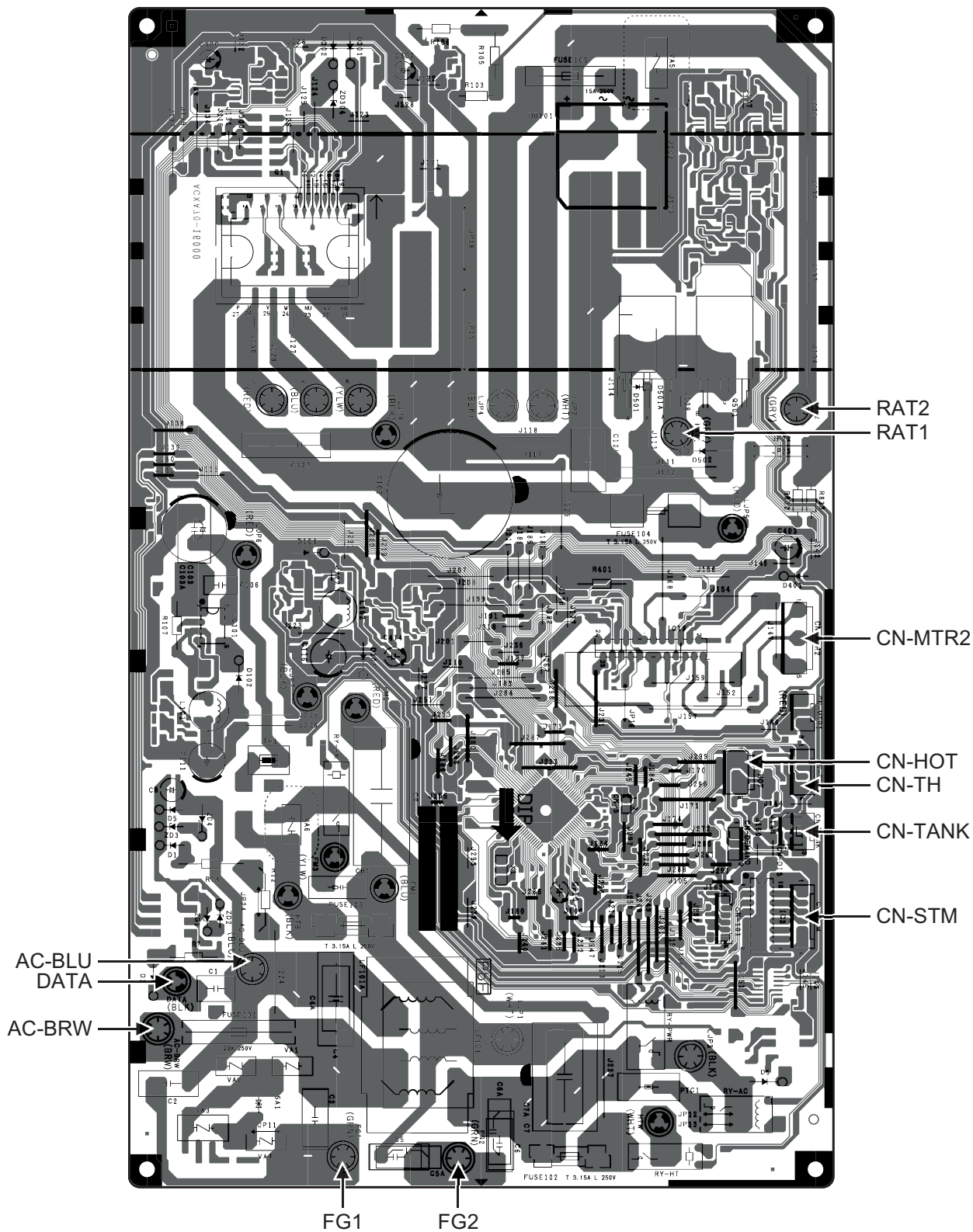
### 11.1.3 Wireless LAN Module Printed Circuit Board (Network Adapter)



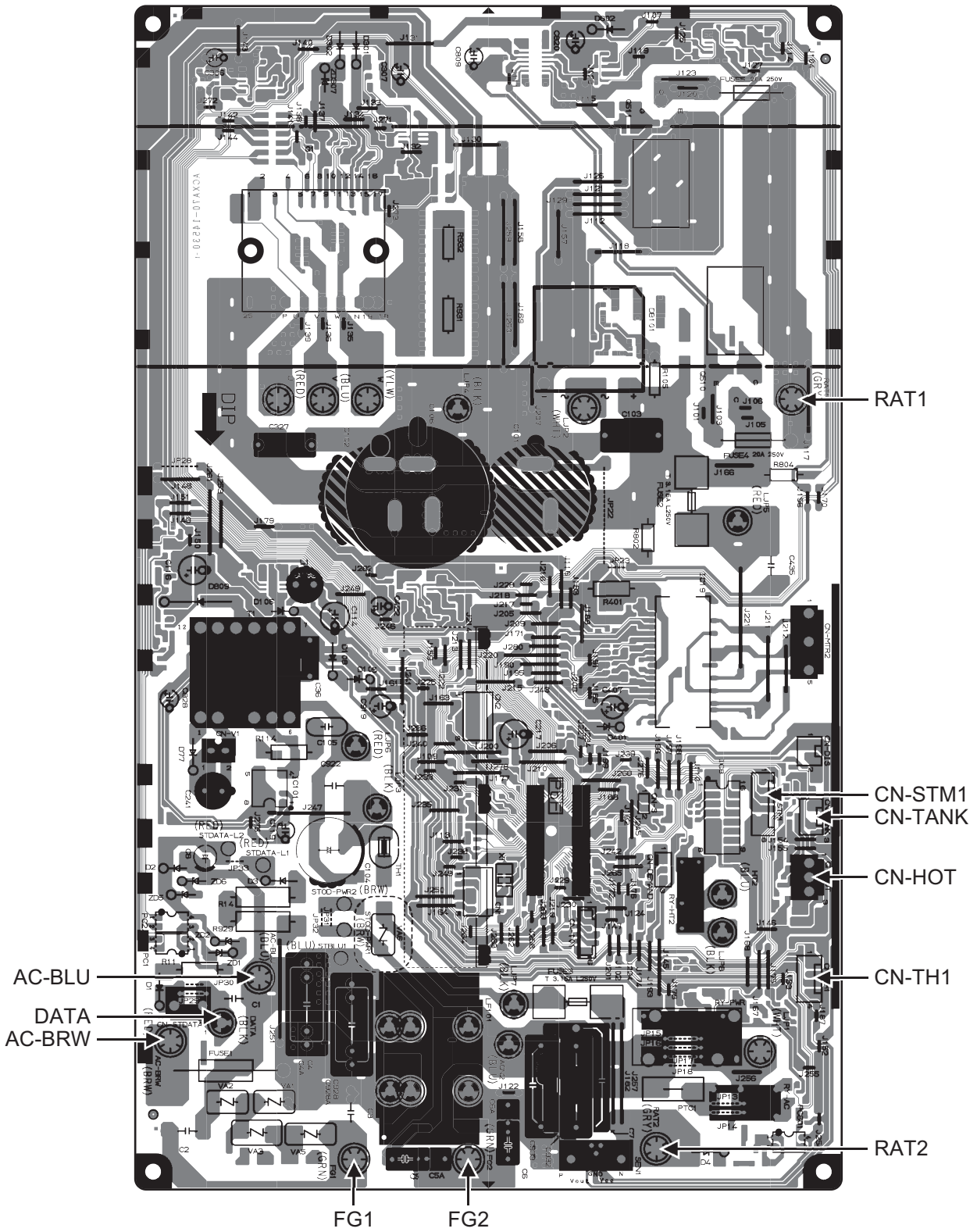
## 11.2 Outdoor Unit

### 11.2.1 Main Printed Circuit Board

#### 11.2.1.1 CU-BZ25CKE CU-BZ35CKE CU-UZ25CKE CU-UZ35CKE



11.2.1.2 CU-BZ50CKE CU-BZ60CKE CU-UZ50CKE



# 12. Installation Instruction

## 12.1 Select the Best Location

### 12.1.1 Indoor Unit

- Do not install the unit in excessive oil fume area such as kitchen, workshop and etc.
- There should not be any heat source or steam near the unit.
- There should not be any obstacles blocking the air circulation.
- A place where air circulation in the room is good.
- A place where drainage can be easily done.
- A place where noise prevention is taken into consideration.
- Do not install the unit near the door way.
- Ensure the spaces indicated by arrows from the wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.
- Indoor unit of this air conditioner shall be installed in a height of at least 1.8 m.

Table A

Model	Capacity W (HP)	Max. Refrigerant Charge (kg)	Indoor A <sub>min</sub> (m <sup>2</sup> )
BZ25***, UZ25***	1.0HP	0.58	Not applicable (*)
BZ35***, UZ35***	1.5HP	0.64	Not applicable (*)
BZ50***, UZ50***	2.0HP	1.11	Not applicable (*)
BZ60***	2.25HP	1.37	Not applicable (*)

(\*) Systems with total refrigerant charge, m<sub>c</sub>, lower than 1.84 kg are not subjected to any room area requirements.

$$A_{min} = (m_c / (2.5 \times (LFL)^{(5/4)} \times h_0))^2$$

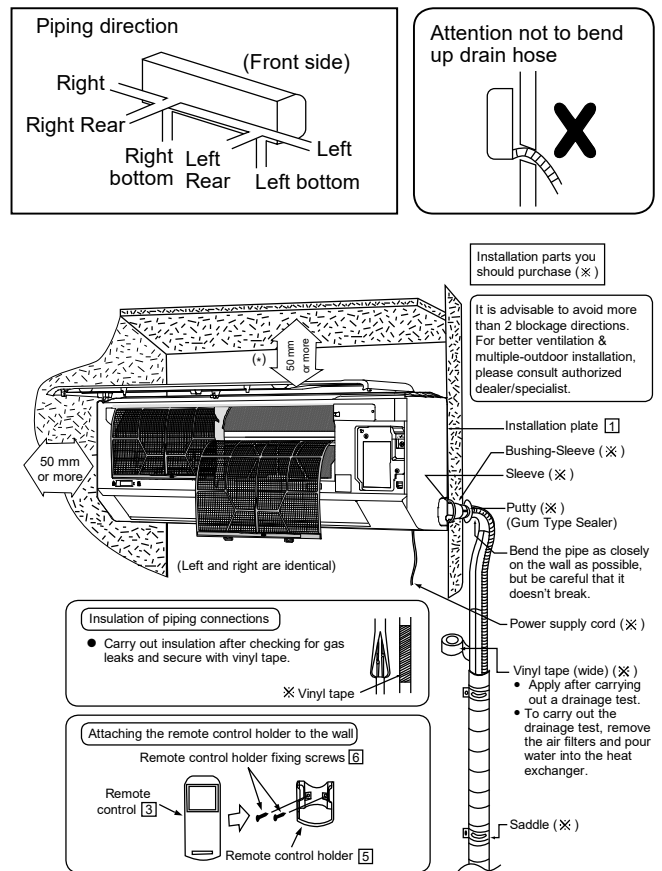
\*\* not less than concentration factor margin

- A<sub>min</sub> = Required minimum room area, in m<sup>2</sup>
- m<sub>c</sub> = Refrigerant charge in appliance, in kg
- LFL = Lower flammability limit (0.307 kg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- h<sub>0</sub> = Installation height of the appliance (1.8 m for wall mounted)
- CF = Concentration factor with a value of 0.75
- \*\* The required minimum room area, A<sub>min</sub>, shall also be governed by the concentration factor margin formula below :

$$A_{min} = m_c / (CF \times LFL \times h_0)$$

The higher value shall be taken when determining the room area.

### 12.1.2 Indoor Unit Installation Diagram

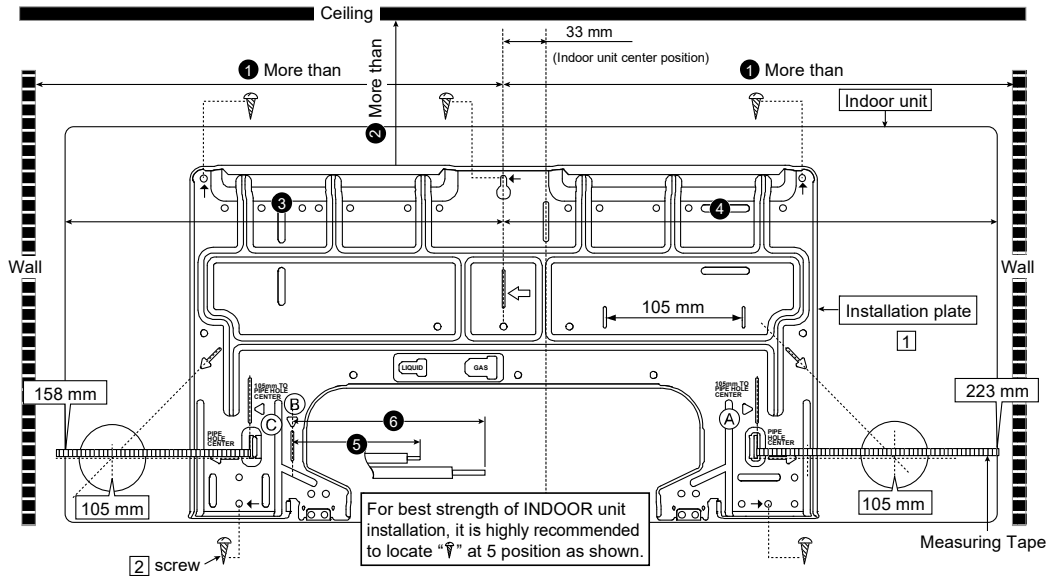


- This illustration is for explanation purposes only. The indoor unit will actually face a different way.
- (\*) If holder at the rear of chassis (Refer column "12.2.3 Indoor Unit Installation") need to be used to prop up the unit, this distance shall be 65 mm or more.

## 12.2 Indoor Unit

### 12.2.1 How to Fix Installation Plate

The mounting wall shall be strong and solid enough to prevent it from vibration.



Model	Dimension					
	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥
BZ25***, BZ35***, BZ50***, BZ60*** UZ25***, UZ35***, UZ50***	465 mm	68 mm ( * )	350 mm	415 mm	71 mm	120 mm

The center of installation plate should be at more than ① at right and left of the wall.

The distance from installation plate edge to ceiling should more than ②.

From installation plate center to unit's left side is ③.

From installation plate center to unit's right side is ④.

- Ⓑ :
- For left side piping, piping connection for liquid should be about ⑤ from this line.
  - For left side piping, piping connection for gas should be about ⑥ from this line.
  - Alternatively, liquid and gas piping connection location reference is marked on installation plate.

1. Mount the installation plate on the wall with 5 screws or more (at least 5 screws).  
(If mounting the unit on the concrete wall, consider using anchor bolts.)

- Always mount the installation plate horizontally by aligning the marking-off line with the thread and using a level gauge.

2. Drill the piping plate hole with  $\varnothing 70$  mm hole-core drill.

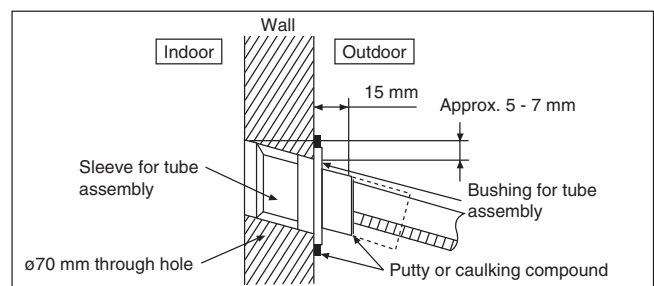
- Line according to the left and right side of the installation plate.  
The meeting point of the extended line is the center of the hole.  
Another method is by putting measuring tape at position as shown in the diagram above.  
The hole center is obtained by measuring the distance namely 105 mm for left and right hole respectively.
- Drill the piping hole at either the right or the left and the hole should be slightly slanting to the outdoor side.

**Dimension ②**  
( \* ) :-  
If holder at the rear of chassis (Refer column "12.2.3 Indoor Unit Installation") need to be used to prop up the unit, this distance shall be 83 mm or more.

### 12.2.2 To Drill a Hole in the Wall and Install a Sleeve of Piping

1. Insert the piping sleeve to the hole.
2. Fix the bushing to the sleeve.
3. Cut the sleeve until it extrudes about 15 mm from the wall.

**CAUTION**  
⚠ When the wall is hollow, please be sure to use the sleeve for tube assembly to prevent dangers caused by mice biting the connection cable.

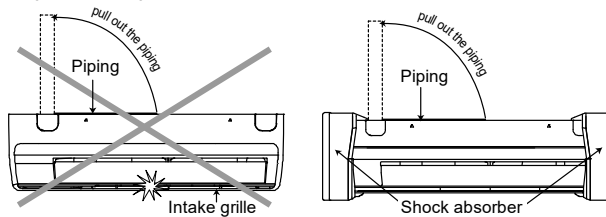


4. Finish by sealing the sleeve with putty or caulking compound at the final stage.

## 12.2.3 Indoor Unit Installation

### Pull out the Indoor piping

- Do not turn over the unit without shock absorber during pull out the piping. It may cause intake grille damage.
- Use shock absorber during pull out the piping to protect the intake grille from damage.



### 12.2.3.1 For the Right Rear Piping

- Step-1** Pull out the Indoor piping
- Step-2** Install the Indoor Unit
- Step-3** Secure the Indoor Unit
- Step-4** Insert the power supply cord and connection cable
  - Insert the cables from bottom of the unit through the control board hole until terminal board area.

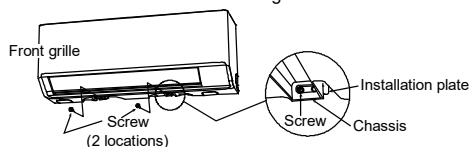
### 12.2.3.2 For the Right and Right Bottom Piping

- Step-1** Pull out the Indoor piping
- Step-2** Install the Indoor Unit
- Step-3** Insert the power supply cord and connection cable
  - Insert the cables from bottom of the unit through the control board hole until terminal board area.
- Step-4** Secure the Indoor Unit

### 12.2.3.3 For the Embedded Piping

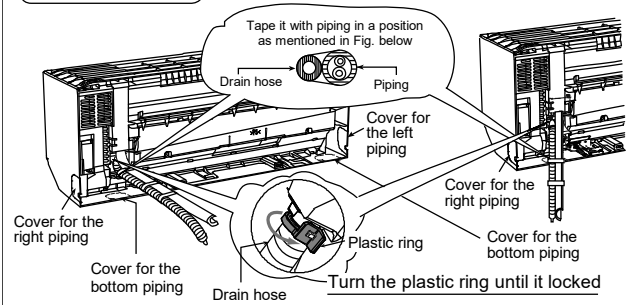
- Step-1** Change the drain hose position
- Step-2** Bend the embedded piping
  - Use a spring bender or equivalent to bend the piping so that the piping is not crushed.
- Step-3** Pull the connection cable into Indoor Unit
  - The power supply cord and indoor unit and outdoor unit connection cable can be connected without removing the front grille.
- Step-4** Cut and flare the embedded piping
  - When determining the dimensions of the piping, slide the unit all the way to the left on the installation plate.
  - Refer to the column "Cutting and flaring the piping".
- Step-5** Install the Indoor Unit
- Step-6** Connect the piping
  - Please refer to "Connecting the piping" column in outdoor unit section. (Below steps are done after connecting the outdoor piping and gas-leakage confirmation.)
- Step-7** Insulate and finish the piping
  - Please refer to "Insulation of piping connection" column as mentioned in indoor/outdoor unit installation.
- Step-8** Secure the Indoor Unit

- Fasten the chassis to the installation plate with screws (Self purchase, Screw size: M4, max. length 10 mm) to provide a neat appearance of indoor unit. Please refer column "How to take out front grille" to remove the front grille.



### Right Rear piping

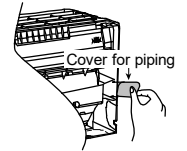
### Right and Right bottom piping



### How to keep the cover

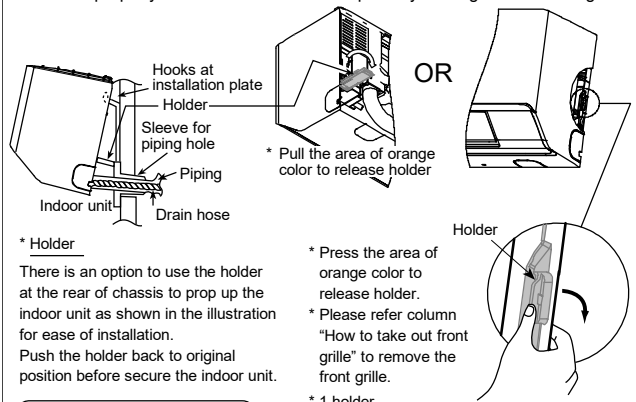
In case of the cover is cut, keep the cover at the rear of chassis as shown in the illustration for future reinstallation.

(Left, right and 2 bottom covers for piping.)



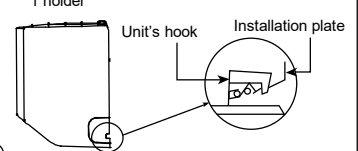
### Install the indoor unit

Hook the indoor unit onto the upper portion of installation plate. (Engage the indoor unit with the upper edge of the installation plate). Ensure the hooks are properly seated on the installation plate by moving it in left and right.

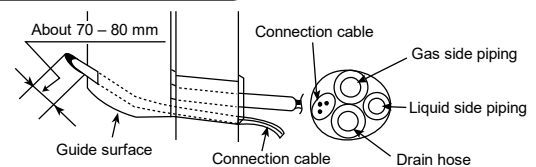


### Secure the Indoor Unit

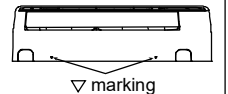
Press the lower left and right side of the unit against the installation plate until hooks engages with their slot (sound click).



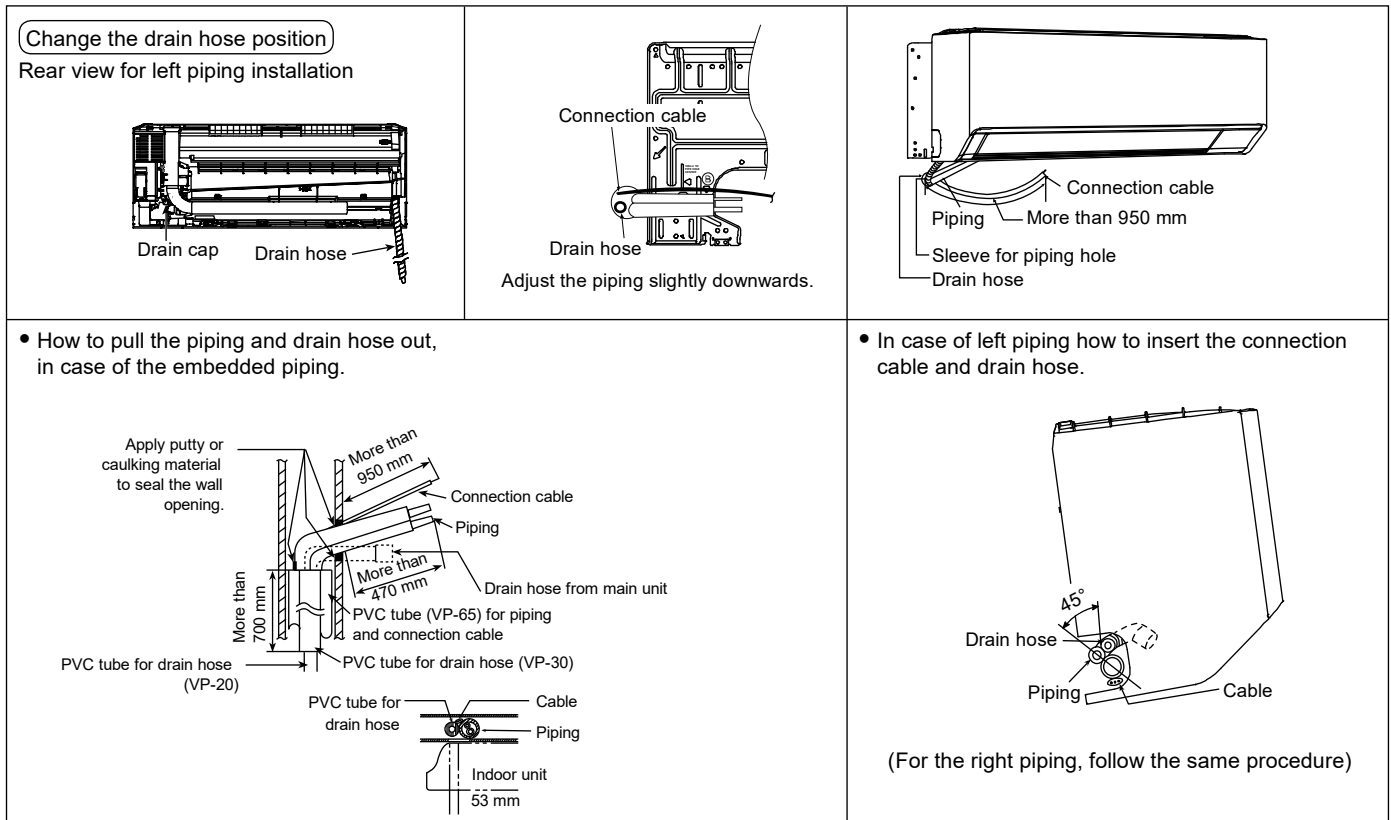
### Insert the connection cable



To take out the unit, push the  $\nabla$  marking at the bottom unit, and pull it slightly towards you to disengage the hooks from the unit.



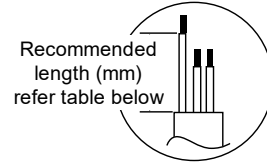
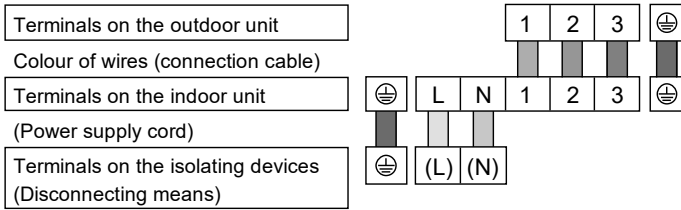
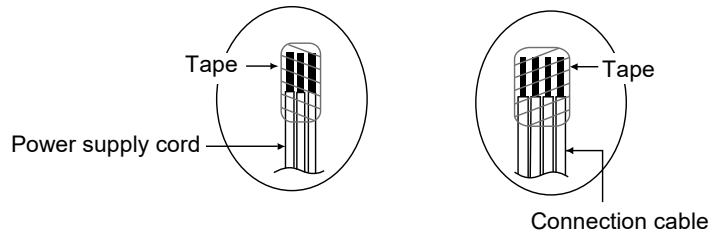
(This can be used for left rear piping also.)



## 12.2.4 Connect the Cable to the Indoor Unit

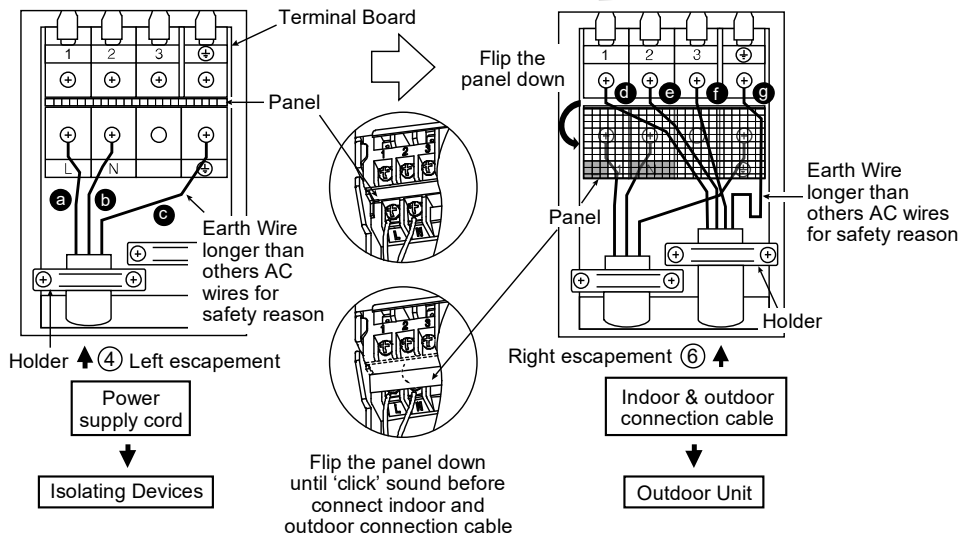
The power supply cord, indoor and outdoor unit connection cable can be connected without removing the front grille.

- 1 Install the indoor unit on the installing holder that mounted on the wall.
- 2 Open the front panel and grille door by loosening the screw.
- 3 Cable connection to the power supply through Isolating Devices (Disconnecting means).
  - Connect the approved polychloroprene sheathed **Power supply cord**  $3 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$  (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) or  $3 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$  (2.0 ~ 2.25HP), type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord to the terminal board, and connect the other end of the cable to Isolating Devices (Disconnecting means).
  - Do not use joint power supply cord. Replace the wire if the existing wire (from concealed wiring, or otherwise) is too short.
  - In unavoidable case, joining of power supply cord between isolating devices and terminal board of air conditioner shall be done by using approved socket and plug rated 15/16 A (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) or 16 A (2.0 ~ 2.25HP). Wiring work to both socket and plug must follow to national wiring standard.
- 4 Bind all the **Power supply cord** lead wire with tape and route the power supply cord via the left side escapement.
- 5 **Connection cable** between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed  $4 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$  (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) or  $4 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$  (2.0 ~ 2.25HP) flexible cord, type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord.
- 6 Bind all the indoor and outdoor **Connection cable** with tape and route the connection cable via the right side escapement.
- 7 Remove the tapes and connect the power supply cord and connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit according to the diagram below.



**WARNING**  
 This equipment must be properly earthed.

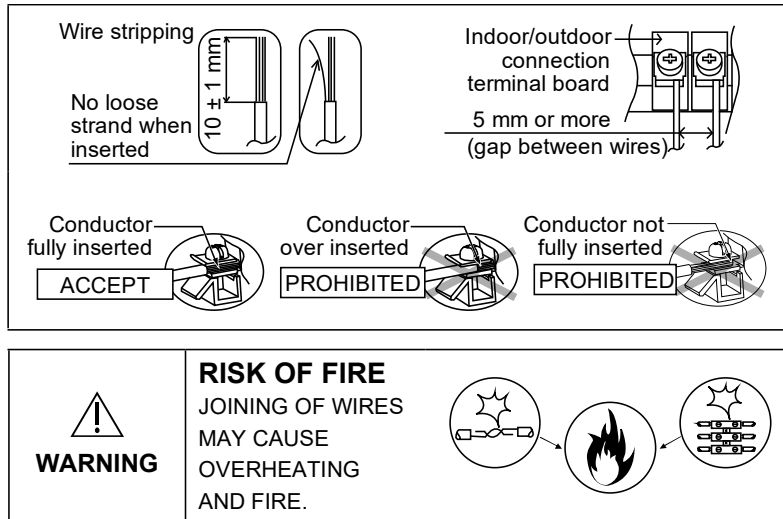
Recommended length (mm)	<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>	<b>d</b>	<b>e</b>	<b>f</b>	<b>g</b>
	30	30	60	45	40	35	55



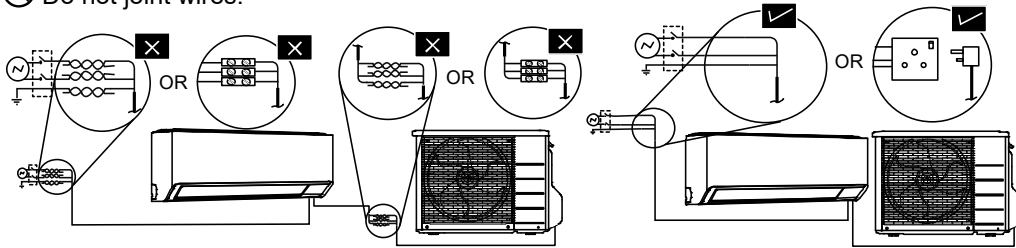
- 8 Secure firmly the power supply cord and connecting cable onto the control board with the holder. Do not overtighten holder screw, as this may damage the holder.
- 9 Close grille door by tighten with screw and close the front panel.

Note:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Isolating Devices (Disconnecting means) should have minimum 3.0 mm contact gap.</li> <li>• Ensure the colour of wires of outdoor unit and the terminal Nos. are the same to the indoor's respectively.</li> <li>• Earth wire shall be Yellow/Green (Y/G) in colour and longer than other AC wires as shown in the figure for the electrical safety in case of the slipping out of the cord from the anchorage.</li> </ul>
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### 12.2.4.1 Wire Stripping and Connection Requirement



⊘ Do not joint wires.



- ❗ Use complete wire without joining.
- ❗ Use approved socket and plug with earth pin.
- ❗ Wire connection in this area must follow to national wiring rules.

## 12.2.5 Connect the Piping

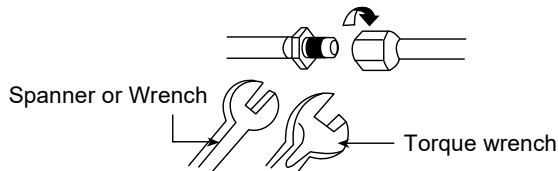
### 12.2.5.1 Connecting the Piping to Indoor

For connection joint of all model

Please make flare after inserting flare nut (locate at joint portion of tube assembly) onto the copper pipe. (In case of using long piping)

Connect the piping

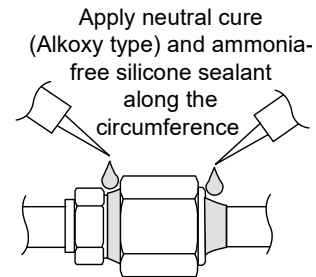
- Align the center of piping and sufficiently tighten the flare nut with fingers.
- Further tighten the flare nut with torque wrench in specified torque as stated in the table.



### Additional Precautions For R32 Models when connecting by flaring at indoor side

⚠ Ensure to do the re-flaring of pipes before connecting to units to avoid leaking.

Seal sufficiently the flare nut (both gas and liquid sides) with neutral cure (Alkoxy type) & ammonia-free silicone sealant and insulation material to avoid the gas leak caused by freezing.



Neutral cure (Alkoxy type) & ammonia-free silicone sealant is only to be applied after pressure testing and cleaning up by following instructions of sealant, only to the outside of the connection. The aim is to prevent moisture from entering the connection joint and possible occurrence of freezing. Curing sealant will take some time. Make sure sealant will not peel off when wrapping the insulation.

### 12.2.5.2 Connecting the Piping to Outdoor

Decide piping length and then cut by using pipe cutter. Remove burrs from cut edge.

Make flare after inserting the flare nut (locate at valve) onto the copper pipe. Align center of piping to valve and then tighten with torque wrench to the specified torque as stated in the table.

⚠ Do not overtighten, overtightening may cause gas leakage.

Piping size	Torque
6.35 mm (1/4")	[18 N•m (1.8 kgf•m)]
9.52 mm (3/8")	[42 N•m (4.3 kgf•m)]
12.7 mm (1/2")	[55 N•m (5.6 kgf•m)]
15.88 mm (5/8")	[65 N•m (6.6 kgf•m)]
19.05 mm (3/4")	[100 N•m (10.2 kgf•m)]

### 12.2.5.3 Cutting and Flaring the Piping

- Please cut using pipe cutter and then remove the burrs.
- Remove the burrs by using reamer. If burrs is not removed, gas leakage may be caused. Turn the piping end down to avoid the metal powder entering the pipe.
- Please make flare after inserting the flare nut onto the copper pipes.



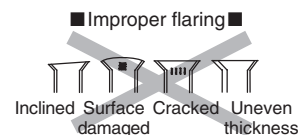
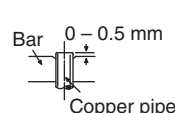
1. To cut



2. To remove burrs



3. To flare

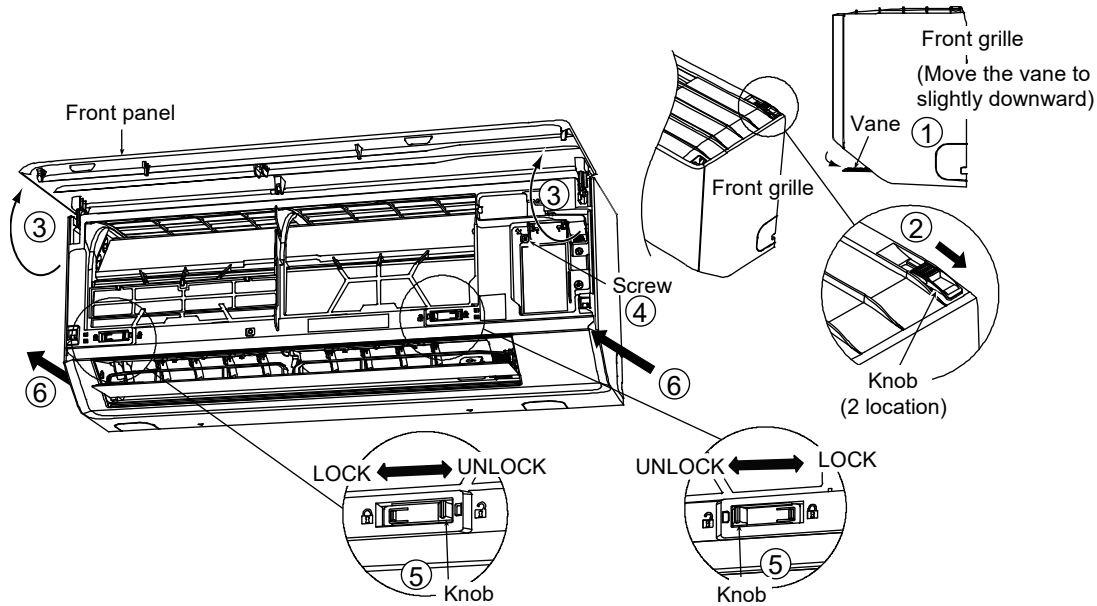


When properly flared, the internal surface of the flare will evenly shine and be of even thickness. Since the flare part comes into contact with the connections, carefully check the flare finish.

## 12.2.6 How to Take Out Front Grille

Please follow the steps below to take out front grille if necessary such as when installing or servicing.

1. Set the vertical airflow vane to slightly downward.
2. Slide the 2 knobs on the upside of front grille away from the center to release them.
3. Open front panel.
4. Remove the 1 screw on the front grille as shown in the illustration.



5. Slide the 2 knobs on the front grille to unlock position.
6. Pull the front grille towards you to remove the front grille.

When reinstalling the front grille, carry out above steps in the reverse order.

After sliders are slide to lock position, please confirm front grille is securely fixed by pulling the front grille towards you.

## 12.2.7 Auto Switch Operation

The below operations will be performed by pressing the "AUTO" switch.

### 1. AUTO OPERATION MODE

The Auto operation will be activated immediately once the Auto Switch is pressed and release within 5 sec..

### 2. TEST RUN OPERATION (FOR PUMP DOWN/SERVICING PURPOSE)

The Test Run operation will be activated if the Auto Switch is pressed continuously for more than 5 sec. to below 8 sec..

A "pep" sound will occur at the fifth sec., in order to identify the starting of Test Run operation.

### 3. HEATING TRIAL OPERATION

Press the "AUTO" switch continuously for more than 8 sec. to below 11 sec. and release when a "pep pep" sound is occurred at eight sec.

(However, a "pep" sound is occurred at fifth sec..) Then press Remote controller "AC Reset" button once.

Remote controller signal will activate operation to force heating mode.

### 4. REMOTE CONTROLLER RECEIVING SOUND ON/OFF

The ON/OFF of Remote controller receiving sound can be change over by the following steps:

a) Press "AUTO" switch continuously for more than 16 sec. to below 21 sec..

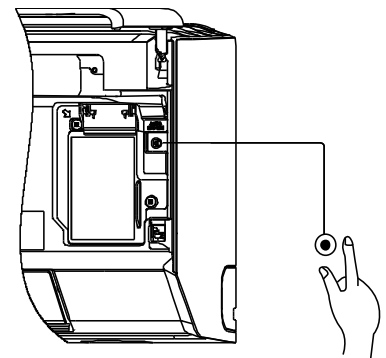
A "pep", "pep", "pep", "pep" sound will occur at the sixteenth sec..

b) Press the "AC Reset" button once, "pep" sound will occur indicates that Remote controller receiving sound setting mode is activated.






c) Press "AUTO" switch again. Everytime "AUTO" switch is pressed (within 60 sec. interval), Remote controller receiving sound status will be reversed between ON and OFF.

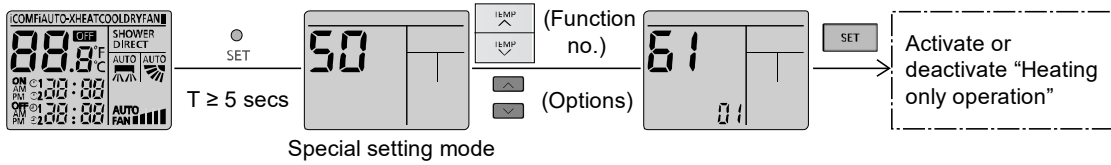
Long "peep" sound indicates that Remote controller receiving sound is ON.

Short "pep" sound indicates that Remote controller receiving sound is OFF.



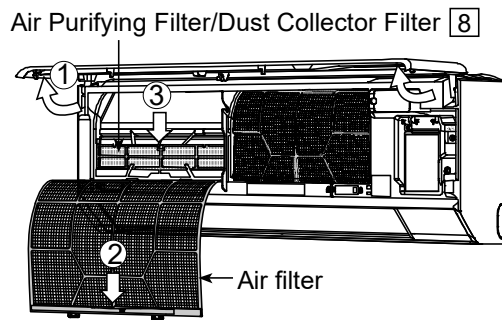
### 12.2.8 Heating Only Operation

1. Use remote controller to set heating only operation. When the unit in standby mode, follow the steps below:
  - a) Press  continuously for more than 5 seconds to enter special setting mode.
  - b) Press  to choose function 61, and then press  or  to set "01"
  - c) Press  to activate "Heating only operation"



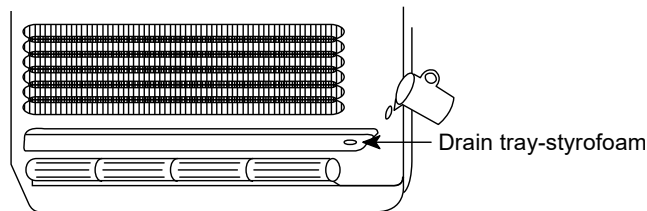
### 12.2.9 Installation of Air Purifying Filter / Dust Collector Filter

1. Open the front panel.
2. Remove the air filters.
3. Put the Air Purifying Filter/Dust Collector Filter into place as shown in illustration at below.



### 12.2.10 Check the Drainage

- Open front panel and remove air filters.  
(Drainage checking can be carried out without removing the front grille.)
- Pour a glass of water into the drain tray-styrofoam.
- Ensure that water flows out from drain hose of the indoor unit.

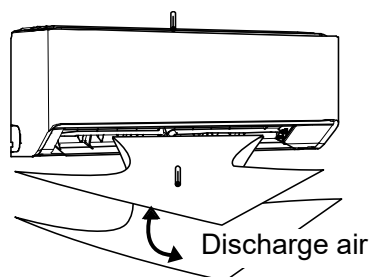


### 12.2.11 Evaluation of the Performance

- Operate the unit at cooling/heating operation mode for fifteen minutes or more.
- Measure the temperature of the intake and discharge air.
- Ensure the difference between the intake temperature and the discharge is more than 8 °C during Cooling operation or more than 14 °C during Heating operation.

Note:

- During extremely cold winter, turn on the power supply and standby the unit for at least 15 minutes before test run. Allow sufficient time to warm up refrigerant and prevent wrong error code judgement.



## 12.3 Select the Best Location

### 12.3.1 Outdoor Unit

- If an awning is built over the unit to prevent direct sunlight or rain, be careful that heat radiation from the condenser is not obstructed.
- There should not be any animal or plant which could be affected by hot air discharged.
- Keep the spaces indicated by arrows from wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.
- Do not place any obstacles which may cause a short circuit of the discharged air.
- If piping length is over the [piping length for additional gas], additional refrigerant should be added as shown in the table.

**Table B**

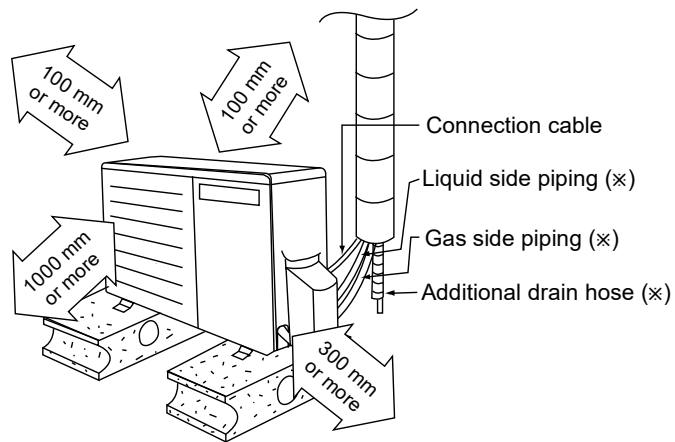
Model	Capacity W (HP)	Piping size		Std. Length (m)	Max. Elevation (m)	Min. Piping Length (m)	Max. Piping Length (m)	Additional Refrigerant (g/m)	Piping Length for add. gas (m)	Max. Refrigerant Charge (kg)	Indoor $A_{min}$ (m <sup>2</sup> )
		Gas	Liquid								
BZ25***, UZ25***	1.0HP	9.52 mm (3/8")	6.35 mm (1/4")	5	15	3	15	10	7.5	0.58	Not applicable (*)
BZ35***, UZ35***	1.5HP				15	3	15	10	7.5	0.64	Not applicable (*)
BZ50***, UZ50***	2.0HP	12.7 mm (1/2")			15	3	15	15	10	1.11	Not applicable (*)
BZ60***	2.25HP		15		3	30	15	7.5	1.37	Not applicable (*)	

Example: For BZ25\*\*\*

If the unit is installed at 10 m distance, the quantity of additional refrigerant should be 25 g ....  $(10-7.5) \text{ m} \times 10 \text{ g/m} = 25 \text{ g}$ .

### 12.3.2 Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram

It is advisable to avoid more than 2 blockage directions. For better ventilation & multiple-outdoor installation, please consult authorized dealer/specialist.

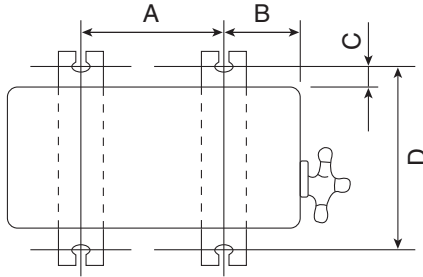


- This illustration is for explanation purposes only.

## 12.4 Outdoor Unit

### 12.4.1 Install the Outdoor Unit

- After selecting the best location, start installation according to Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram.
- Fix the unit on concrete or rigid frame firmly and horizontally by bolt nut ( $\phi 10$  mm).  
Make sure unit install in balance level to ensure that water flow out from unit drainage hole.
  - When installing at roof, please consider strong wind and earthquake.  
Please fasten the installation stand firmly with bolt, screws or nails.



Model	A	B	C	D
BZ25***, BZ35***, UZ25***, UZ35***	570 mm	105 mm	18.5 mm	320 mm
BZ50***, UZ50***	540 mm	160 mm	18.5 mm	330 mm
BZ60***	613 mm	131 mm	24 mm	360.5 mm

### 12.4.2 Connect the Piping

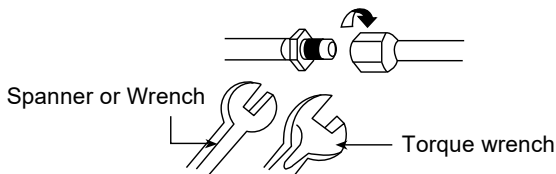
#### 12.4.2.1 Connecting the Piping to Indoor

For connection joint location at outside building

Please make flare after inserting flare nut (locate at joint portion of tube assembly) onto the copper pipe.  
(In case of using long piping)

Connect the piping

- Align the center of piping and sufficiently tighten the flare nut with fingers.
- Further tighten the flare nut with torque wrench in specified torque as stated in the table.



For connection joint location at inside building

- Refer to indoor installation instruction.

#### 12.4.2.2 Connecting the Piping to Outdoor

Decide piping length and then cut by using pipe cutter.  
Remove burrs from cut edge.

Make flare after inserting the flare nut (locate at valve) onto the copper pipe. Align center of piping to valve and then tighten with torque wrench to the specified torque as stated in the table.

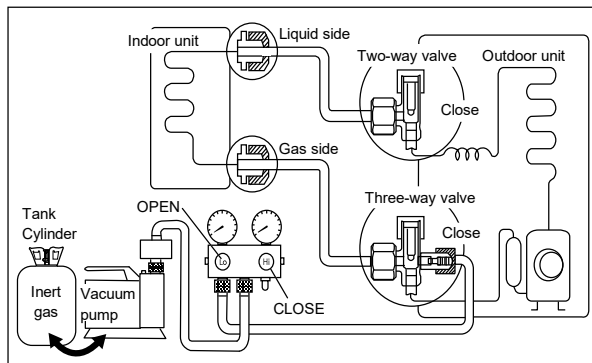
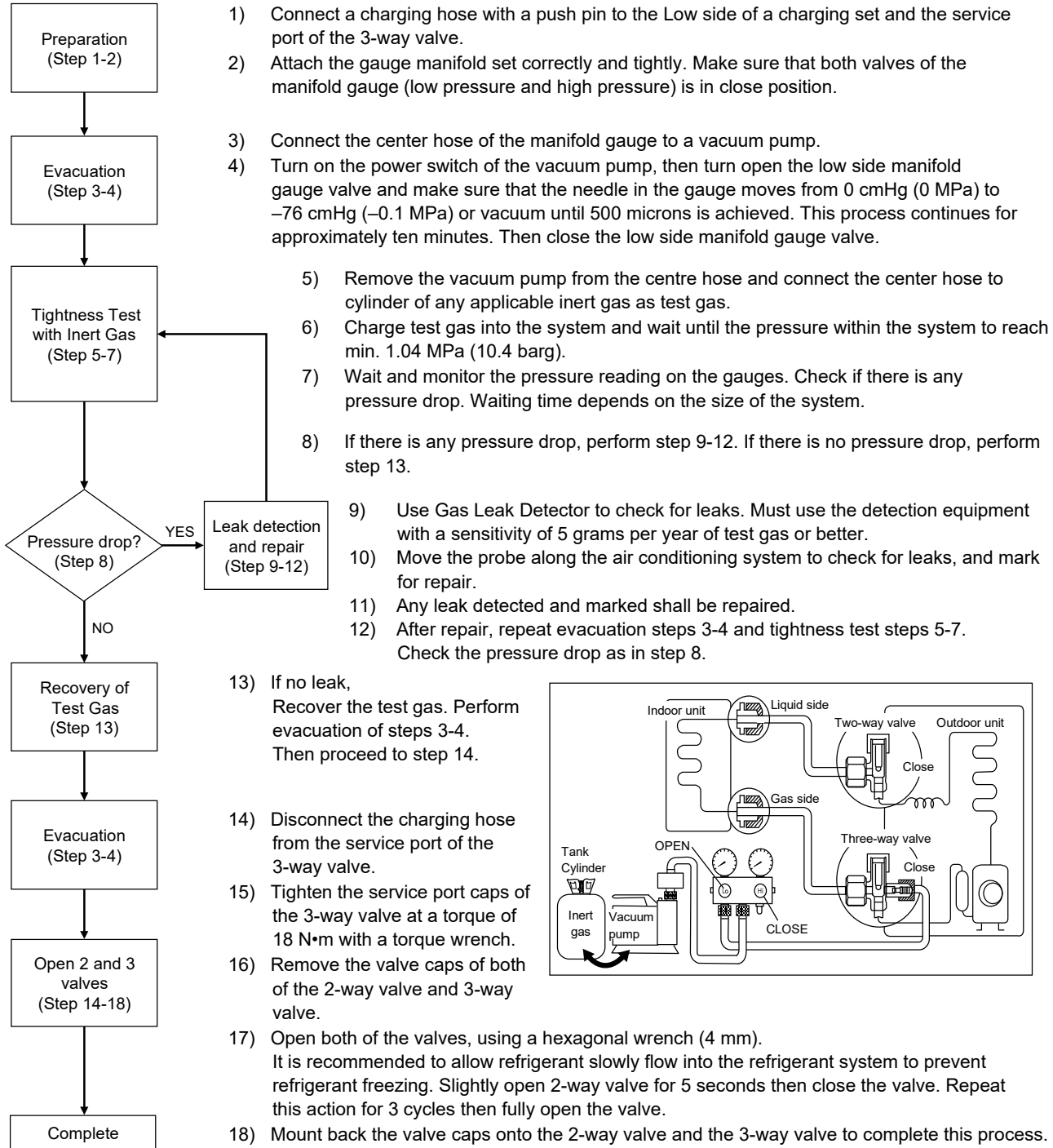
⊘ Do not overtighten, overtightening may cause gas leakage.	
Piping size	Torque
6.35 mm (1/4")	[18 N•m (1.8 kgf•m)]
9.52 mm (3/8")	[42 N•m (4.3 kgf•m)]
12.7 mm (1/2")	[55 N•m (5.6 kgf•m)]
15.88 mm (5/8")	[65 N•m (6.6 kgf•m)]
19.05 mm (3/4")	[100 N•m (10.2 kgf•m)]

### 12.4.3 Air Tightness Test on the Refrigerating System

Do not purge the air with refrigerants but use a vacuum pump to vacuum the installation.

There is no extra refrigerant in the outdoor unit for air purging.

- Before system is charged with refrigerant and before the refrigerating system is put into operation, below site test procedure and acceptance criteria shall be verified by the certified technicians, and/or the installer.
- Be sure to check whole system for gas leakage.









**Notes:**

Recommended use of any of the following leak detector,

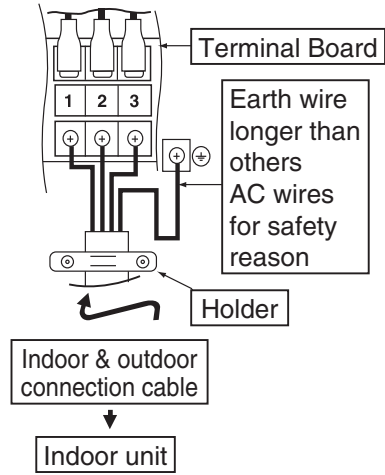
- I) Universal Sniffer leak detector
- II) Electronic halogen leak detector
- III) Ultrasonic Leak Detector


### 12.4.4 Connect the Cable to the Outdoor Unit


1. Remove the control board cover from the unit by loosening the screw.
2. **Connection cable** between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed  $4 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$  (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) or  $4 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$  (2.0 ~ 2.25HP) flexible cord, type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord. Do not use joint connection cable. Replace the wire if the existing wire (from concealed wiring, or otherwise) is too short.

Terminals on the outdoor unit	1	2	3	
Colour of wires				
Terminals on the indoor unit	1	2	3	

3. Secure the cable onto the control board with the holder (clammer).
4. Attach the control board cover back to the original position with screw.
5. For wire stripping and connection requirement, refer to instruction 12.2.4 of indoor unit.



 **WARNING**

 This equipment must be properly earthed.

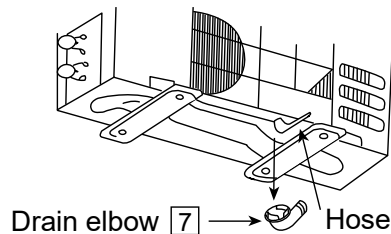
- Earth wire shall be Yellow/Green (Y/G) in colour and longer than other AC wires for safety reason.

### 12.4.5 Piping Insulation

1. Please carry out insulation at pipe connection portion as mentioned in Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram. Please wrap the insulated piping end to prevent water from going inside the piping.
2. If drain hose or connecting piping is in the room (where dew may form), please increase the insulation by using POLY-E FOAM with thickness 6 mm or above.

### 12.4.6 Disposal of Outdoor Unit Drain Water

- If a drain elbow is used, the unit should be placed on a stand which is taller than 3 cm.
- If the unit is used in an area where temperature falls below  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 2 or 3 days in succession, it is recommended not to use a drain elbow, for the drain water freezes and the fan will not rotate.



Install the hose at an angle so that the water smoothly flows out.

## 12.4.7 In Case of Reusing Existing Refrigerant Piping

Observe the followings to decide reusing the existing refrigerant piping.  
Poor refrigerant piping could result in product failure.

- In the circumstances listed below, do not reuse any refrigerant piping. Instead, make sure to install a new piping.
  - Heat insulation is not provided for either liquid-side or gas-side piping or both.
  - The existing refrigerant pipe has been left in an open condition.
  - The diameter and thickness of the existing refrigerant piping does not meet the requirement.
  - The piping length and elevation does not meet the requirement.

Perform proper pump down before reuse piping.

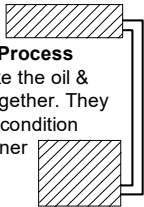
- In the circumstances listed below, clean it thoroughly before reuse.
  - Pump down operation cannot be performed for the existing air-conditioner.
  - The compressor has a failure history.
  - Oil color is darkened. ( ASTM 4.0 and above ).
  - The existing air-conditioner is gas/oil heat pump type.
- Do not reuse the flare to prevent gas leak. Make sure to install a new flare.
- If there is a welded part on the existing refrigerant piping, conduct a gas leak check on the welded part.
- Replace deteriorated heat insulating material with a new one.  
Heat insulating material is required for both liquid-side and gas-side piping.

## 12.4.8 Proper Pump Down Method

- ① Operate air conditioner at cooling mode for 10 ~ 15 minutes.

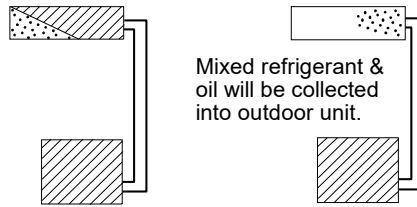
**Most Important Process**

Purpose: To make the oil & refrigerant mix together. They are in separated condition when air conditioner is stopped.



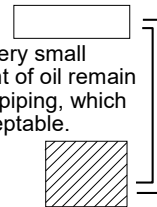
- ② After 10 ~ 15 minutes of pre operation, close 2 way valve. After 3 minutes, close 3 way valve.

Mixed refrigerant & oil will be collected into outdoor unit.

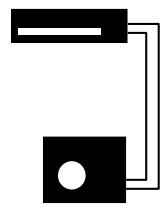


- ③ Take out air conditioner unit.

Only very small amount of oil remain inside piping, which is acceptable.



- ④ Install New Refrigerant air conditioner.



# 13. Installation and Servicing Air Conditioner using R32

## 13.1 About R32 Refrigerant

For air conditioning refrigerants such as R410A, the refrigerants were collected back in order to prevent their air dissipation, to curbe the global warming impact, in case they were released into the atmosphere. In the “4th Environmental Basic Plan”, 80% reduction of greenhouse gas emissions by 2050 is required, and due to this requirement, further reduction in the emission of high greenhouse effect gas, such as CFCs, is required. Therefore, the conversion of air conditioning refrigerant into the ones who has smaller greenhouse effect, even if it is dissipated into the atmosphere, became our responsibility.

Nevertheless, in case of air conditioning refrigerant, it would be the best if there is a refrigerant which has smaller impact on global warming, but ensures good energy efficiency and performance, and is safe; however, there is no such refrigerant which satisfies all these conditions. As a result, we have been considering the practical usage, within the safety frame-work, of R32 refrigerant which has short lifetime in the atmosphere, and has smaller effect of global warming, but is slightly flammable.

In 2004, due to the revision of air conditioner safety standards by the International Electro-safety Commission (IEC), the safety standards of air conditioners using slightly flammable refrigerant was issued. In 2010, the regulations of American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers in the United States (ANSI/ASHRAE34) was issued adopting the grades for refrigerants which are difficult to inflame due to their slow burning rates, and as a result have smaller damages in cases of fire. The burning rate of R32 is lower by 10cm / per second, and safety standardization for various usage is now being processed.

## 13.2 Characteristics of R32 Refrigerant

### 1. Chemical Characteristics

R32 is one of the refrigerants used in R410A, has almost no toxicity, and chemically stable compound formed by hydrogen, carbon and fluorine.

R32 has short lifetime of 4 to 9 years in case of being released into the atmosphere; therefore, it has smaller greenhouse gas effect but has slight inflammability because of the large proportion of hydrogen.

Chemical Characteristic Table of R32, R410A and R22.

	R32	R410A	R22
Chemical Formula	CH2F2	CH2F2 / CHF2CF3	CHCLF2
Composition (mixture ratio wt.%)	Single Composition	R32 / R125A (50 / 50 wt.%)	Single Composition
Boiling Point (°C)	-51.7	-51.5	-40.8
Pressure (physical) *1	3.14	3.07	1.94
Capacity (physical) *2	160	141	100
COP (physical) *3	95	91	100
Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP)	0	0	0.055
Global Warming Potential (GWP) *4	675	2090	1810
Inflammability *5	Slightly Inflammable (A2L)	Non-inflammable (A1)	Non-inflammable (A1)
Toxicity	None	None	None

\*1 : Physical property of temperature condition 50°C

\*2 : Relative value of temperature condition 0/50°C, providing R22=100

\*3 : Te/Tc/SC/SH=5/50/3/0°C

\*4 : GWP=Global Warming Potential, each figure is based on “4<sup>th</sup> IPCC4 Report”

\*5 : Based on ANSI / ASHRAE std. 34-2010

## 2. Characteristic of Pressure

As shown in Table 2, R32 does not have much difference in vapor pressure at the same refrigerant temperature comparing to R410A, but comparing to R22, it is higher at 1.6 times more. Thus, the same as in case of R410A, it is necessary to do installation and service using high-pressure tools and components.

Table 2. Saturated vapor pressure comparison table

(Unit: MPa)

Temperature	Refrigerant		
	R32	R410A	R22
-20	0.30	0.30	0.14
0	0.71	0.70	0.40
20	1.37	1.35	0.81
40	2.38	2.32	1.43
60	3.84	3.73	2.33
65	4.29	4.17	2.60

Reference : Thermal properties table of Japan Society of Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers (60, 65°C)  
NIST REFPROP V8.0 (-20 ~ 40°C)

## 13.3 Refrigerant piping installation • Tools used in services

### 13.3.1 Required Tools

R32 refrigerant air conditioners use the common parts as R410A air conditioners for two-way valves and three-way valves (diameters of service ports); thus, they maintain commonality in the maintenance of the compressive strength, the size of pipe flaring, and the size of flare nuts as R410A. Therefore, for refrigerant pipe installation and services, you can use tools for R410A.

However, mixing of refrigerants is not allowed, so that you have to separate the cylinders for the recovery of refrigerants.

Tools used for installation • relocation • replacement of air conditioning units

Works	R32	R410A	R22
Flaring	Flare tools for R410A (clutch type)		Flare tools for R22 (clutch type)
Connection of pipes	Torque wrench (diameter 1/4 3/8)		
	Torque wrench (diameter 1/2 5/8) *1		Toque wrench (diameter 1/2 5/8)
Manifold gauge charging hose	R32 & R410A Common (As at November 2013)		R22 Only
Air purging	Vacuum pump + Reducer / expander		Vacuum pump
Gas leakage test	Detection liquid or soup water, HFC detector		

\*1. Nut diameters of 1/2 5/8, the size of torque wrench common with R410A

For other installation, you can use general tools such as screw drivers (+, -), metal saws, electric drills, long-nose pliers, hole core drills (ø70 or ø65), linen tape, levels, temperature gauges, clamp meters, electric knives, nippers, pipe cutters, reamers or scrapers, spring benders, (diameters 1/4 3/8 1/2 5/8), monkey wrenches, fixing wrenches (17 or 12 mm), feeler gauges, hexagon wrenches (4 mm), testers, megohm testers, etc.

Tools used for services

Works	R32	R410A	R22
Insertion of refrigerant	Digital scale for refrigerant charging, refrigerant cylinders, cylinder adopters and packing *a		
Recovery of refrigerant	Refrigerant recovery devices, refrigerant cylinders, manifold gauges, charging hoses *b		

\*a. Use cylinder for each refrigerant, cylinder adopter and packing.

\*b. Use refrigerant recovery cylinder separately for each refrigerant (**no mixture of refrigerant allowed**). Please be aware that there are some refrigerant collection devices which do not have self-certification.

### 13.3.2 Tools for R32 (common with R410A)

#### 1. Flare gauges

Use flare gauges when you perform flaring with flare tools (crutch type). Flare gauges are used to set the pipe ends at 0.5 ~ 1.5 mm from clump bars of flare tools.

Flare gauges



#### 2. Flare tools (clutch type)

Flare tools have larger holes of clump bars in order to set the pipe end at 0 ~ 0.5 mm, and have stronger springs inside to ensure solid flaring torques. These flare tools can be used commonly for R22.

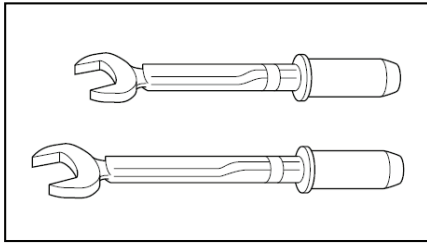
Flare tools (clutch type)



### 3. Torque wrenches (diameters 1/2, 5/8)

In order to strengthen the compressive strength, the diameters of wrenches change depending on the flare nut sizes.

#### Torque wrenches



#### Differences in torque wrenches

	R32 (common R410A)	R22
1/2 (diameter × torque)	26 mm × 55 N•m (550 kgf•cm)	24 mm × 55 N•m (550 kgf•cm)
5/8 (diameter × torque)	29 mm × 65 N•m (650 kgf•cm)	27 mm × 65 N•m (650 kgf•cm)

### 4. Manifold gauges

R22 gauges cannot be used because of the high pressures.

Each port of manifold has different shapes in order to prevent inserting wrong refrigerant.

\*However, the port shape for R410A and R32 is the same; therefore, attention need to be paid not to insert wrong refrigerant.

#### Differences in high/low pressure gauges

	R32 (common R410A)	R22
High pressure gauges (red)	-0.1 ~ 5.3 MPa -76 cmHg ~ 53 kgf / cm <sup>2</sup>	-76 cmHg ~ 35 kgf / cm <sup>2</sup>
Low pressure gauges (blue)	-0.1 ~ 3.8 MPa -76 cmHg ~ 38 kgf / cm <sup>2</sup>	-76 cmHg ~ 17 kgf / cm <sup>2</sup>

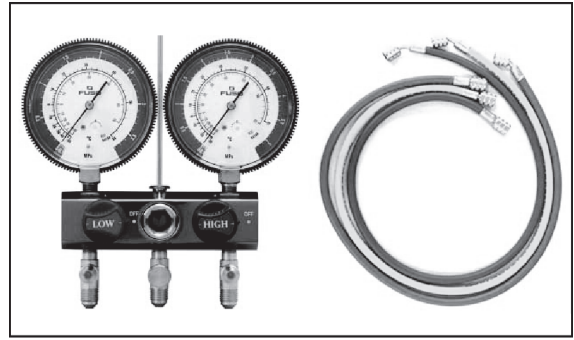
#### Difference in manifold port sizes

	R32 (common R410A)	R22
Port sizes	1/2 UNF20	7/16 UNF20

### 5. Charging hoses

The pressure resistance of charge hoses is increased. At the same time, the material is changed to HFC resistant, and the size of each manifold adopter is changed, as the port size of manifold gauge itself. Further, some hoses are with anti-gas pressure backflow valves placed near the adopters. (hoses with the valves recommended)

### Manifold gauges / Charging hoses



#### Differences in charging hoses

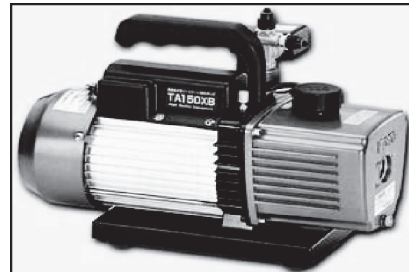
		R32 (common R410A)	R22
Pressure Resistance	Normal operation pressure	5.1 MPa (52 kgf / cm <sup>2</sup> )	3.4 MPa (35 kgf / cm <sup>2</sup> )
	Burst pressure	27.4 MPa (280 kgf / cm <sup>2</sup> )	17.2 MPa (175 kgf / cm <sup>2</sup> )
Material		HNBR rubber Internal nylon coating	NBR rubber

### 6. Vacuum pump and Vacuum pump adopter

When using a vacuum pump, it is necessary to set a solenoid valve in order to prevent backflow of vacuum pump oil into the charge hoses, and use a vacuum pump with oil backflow prevention function, or use the vacuum pump with vacuum pump adopter.

If vacuum pump oil ( mineral oil-based ) mixes with R410A (R32), it may cause damage to the machine.

#### Vacuum pump



#### Vacuum pump adopter



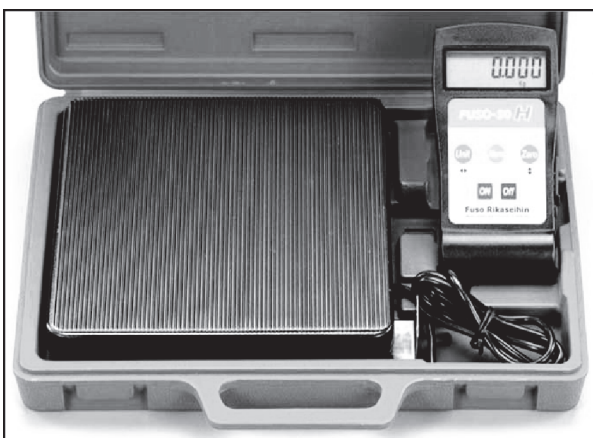
7. HFC refrigerant\_Electric gas leakage tester  
 R32 refrigerant is often used for other mixed refrigerant (R410A, R404A, R407C etc.). Therefore, the usage of existing HFC detectors is possible, but in order to detect more accurately, we recommend to use detectors specially set and adjusted for R32 detection.

HFC refrigerant\_Electric gas leakage tester



8. Digital scale for refrigerant charging  
 R32 and R410A have high pressure level and their evaporation speed is high. Thus, if you recover the refrigerant by cylinder charging method, the refrigerant evaporates within the weighing scale glass, which makes reading the scale difficult, rather than liquidating the refrigerant into the cylinder. (Charging cylinders for R22 have different pressure resistance, scale, connection port size; therefore, they are not usable) At the same time, the digital scale for refrigerant charging is strengthened by receiving the weight of the refrigerant cylinders with four pillars at the corners. The connection ports of charging hoses have two separate ports for R22 (7/16 UNF20) and R32/R410A (1/2 UNF20) therefore, they can be used for the insertion of the existing refrigerants.

Digital scale for refrigerant charging



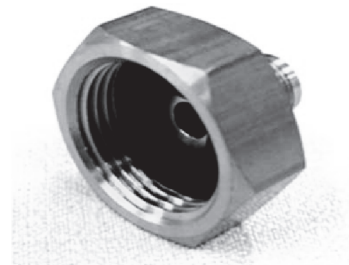
9. Refrigerant cylinders  
 Refrigerant cylinders for R410A are painted in pink, and the ones for R32 are painted in other colors that might subject to change according to the international standards. R32 is a single refrigerant, so that both liquid and gas insertion are possible. Additional charging is also possible. (R410A is a mixed refrigerant, so only liquid insertion is possible)

Refrigerant cylinders



10. Connection ports of refrigerant cylinders and packing  
 Charging ports which fit to the charging hose connection port size (1/2 UNF20) is needed. At the same time, the packing has to be of HFC resistant materials.

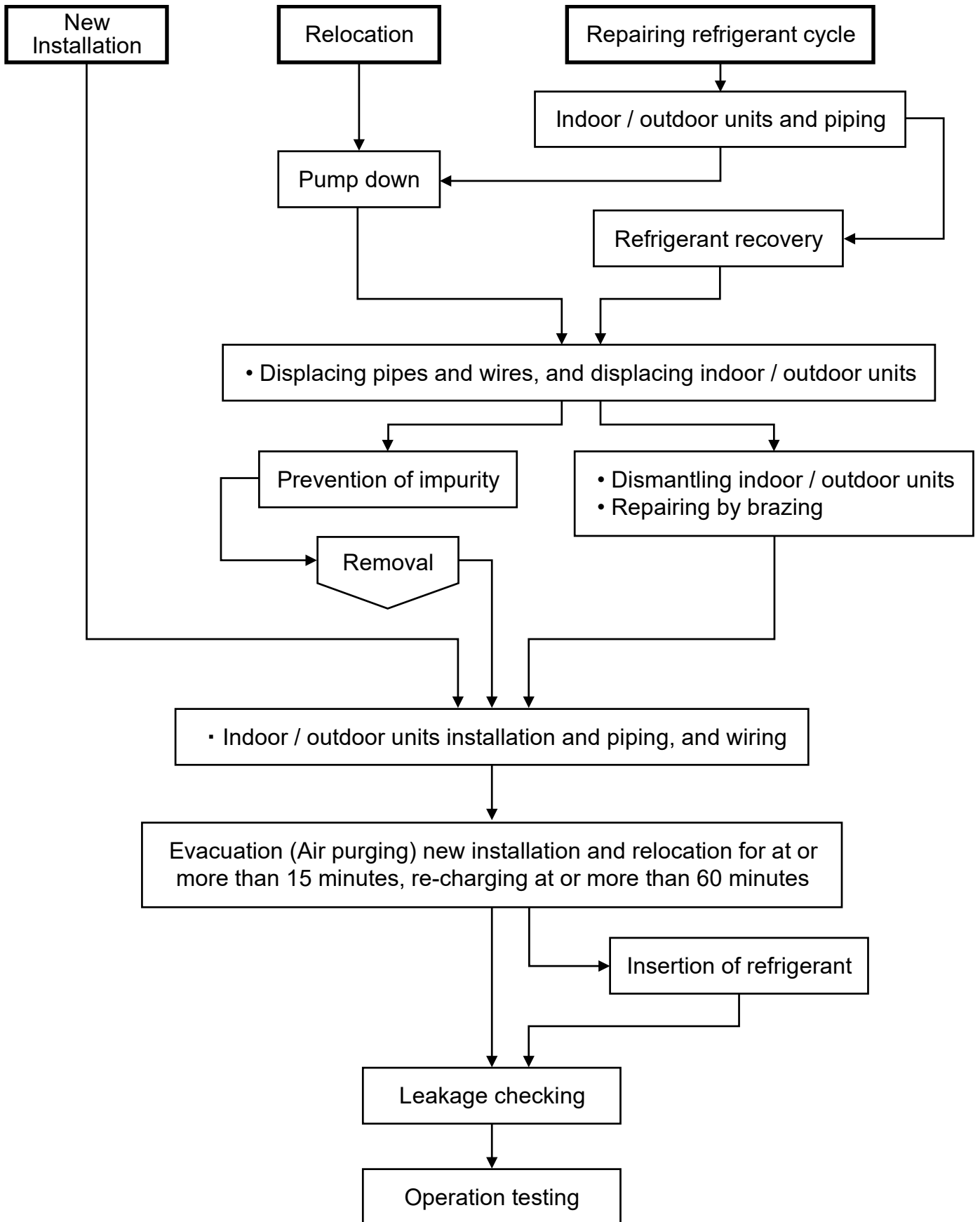
Connection ports and packing



## 11. Tools used for refrigerant piping installations and services

	Tools for R410A	Common with R32	Possibility of usage for R22
1.	Pipe cutters, reamers or scrapers	○	○
2.	Flare tools (clutch type)	○	○
3.	Torque wrench (1/4, 3/8)	○	○
4.	Torque wrench (1/2, 5/8)	○	×
5.	Manifold gauges · charging hoses	○	×
6.	Vacuum pumps, vacuum pump adopters	○ Connection 5/16	○ Connection 1/4
7.	Electric gas leakage testers for HFC *1	○	△
8.	Digital scale for refrigerant charging	○	○
9.	HCF recovery devices (connection port 5/16) *2	○ Connection 5/16	○ Connection 1/4
10.	Refrigerant cylinders (pressure resistant: FC3)	Same specs ×	×
11.	Refrigerant cylinders (pink)	Other (colors that might subject to change according to the international standards).	×
12.	Refrigerant cylinder connection ports and packing	○	×
13.	Allen wrench (4 mm) Electric knives	○	○
*1	Those testers only for HCFC22 (R22), but not for HCF32 (R32) and HCF410A (R410A) cannot be for common use.		
*2	Recovery devices which are self-certified for each HCF type can be used.		
	<p>[Knowledge for the common usage of tools for R410A &amp; R32]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R410A and R32 machines use different compressor oils.</li> <li>• If unregulated compressor oil gets mixed into, it may cause damage to the machine function.</li> <li>• Careful pump down will ensure the recovery of compressor oil, and it will minimize the remaining amount of the oil in the manifold gauge and charging hose.</li> <li>• If you only perform the recovery of refrigerant and not be able to perform pump down, <u>you have to dispose the compressor oil in the charging hose.</u></li> </ul>		
	<p>[Precaution of repairing refrigerant cycle]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In the brazing, open 2-way and 3-way valves, and make sure the refrigerant is completely recovered back and not remaining the system.</li> <li>• When repairing outside, make sure no refrigerant is in the air, ensure good air flow, and perform the brazing.</li> </ul>		
	<p>[Inserting wrong refrigerant]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• It may cause “not cooling” and “not heating” customer claims because each component (expansion valve, compressor, PCB) of the refrigeration cycle is specially adjusted for R32.</li> <li>• At the same time, it is not subject to product warranty, if wrong refrigerant was inserted into the system.</li> </ul>		

### 13.4 New installation, Relocation, Repairing of Refrigerant Cycle System The Procedures



## 13.5 Piping installation of R32

### 13.5.1 Pipe materials used and flaring

Copper pipes are used for refrigerant piping. Pipes which comply with JIS Regulations need to be used. Room air conditioners which use R410A and R32 have higher pressure; thus, using pipes which comply with the Regulations is important.

The pipe thickness is regulated by revised JIS B 8607 "Flaring and brazing fittings for refrigerant" and the pipe thickness for R410A, R32 is shown in the table.

Pipe thickness

O and OL materials		Thickness (mm)		
Diameter	Diameter (mm)	R410A	R32	R22
1/4	6.35	0.80		
3/8	9.52	0.80		
1/2	12.70	0.80		
5/8	15.88	1.00		

#### Caution

- For connection piping, use copper phosphate seamless pipes (1220T) as regulated in "JIS H 3300" and the pipe thickness is 0.8 mm.
- In the market, there are some pipes of 0.7 mm thickness, but do not use these pipes (0.8 mm thickness has to be strictly followed).
- It is recommended to use pipes whose adhesion amount of oil is at or less than 40 mg / 10 m. At the same time, do not use pipes with dent, de-shape, and color change (especially inside).

### 13.5.2 Processing and connection of pipes

For refrigerant pipe installation, be aware of moisture and dirt do not get into the pipes, and make sure of no refrigerant leakage.

◎ The procedure of flaring and precautions

a) Cutting of pipes : use pipe cutter and cut the pipe slowly not to de-shape the pipe.

b) Removal of burrs on the edge of pipe (reamer or scraper)

If the condition of pipe edge after the deburring is no good or if burrs attaches on the flaring, it may cause refrigerant leakage. Turn the pipe end down and perform deburring carefully.

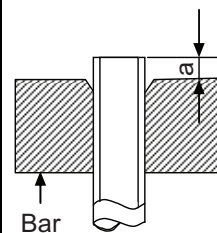
c) Insert the flare nut (use the nut which is a part of the CZ parts)

d) Flaring

Ensure the cleanliness of clump bar and pipe, and perform flaring carefully.

Use the existing flare tools or flare tools for R410A. Be aware that the sizes and dimensions of flaring is different in each flaring tool. If you use the existing flaring tools, use flaring gauge to measure the length of the flaring part.

Piping size (mm)	Dimensions "a" (mm) R22			Dimensions "a" (mm) R410A/R32		
	Flare tools		Flare tools for R410A	Flare tools		Flare tools for R410A
	Clutch type	Wing nut type	Clutch type	Clutch type	Wing nut type	Clutch type
6.35 (1/4")	0.5 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.5	0 ~ 0.5	1.0 ~ 1.5	1.5 ~ 2.0	0 ~ 0.5
9.52 (3/8")	0.5 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.5	0 ~ 0.5	1.0 ~ 1.5	1.5 ~ 2.0	0 ~ 0.5
12.70 (1/2")	0.5 ~ 1.0	1.5 ~ 2.0	0 ~ 0.5	1.0 ~ 1.5	2.0 ~ 2.5	0 ~ 0.5
15.88 (5/8")	0.5 ~ 1.0	1.5 ~ 2.0	0 ~ 0.5	1.0 ~ 1.5	2.0 ~ 2.5	0 ~ 0.5



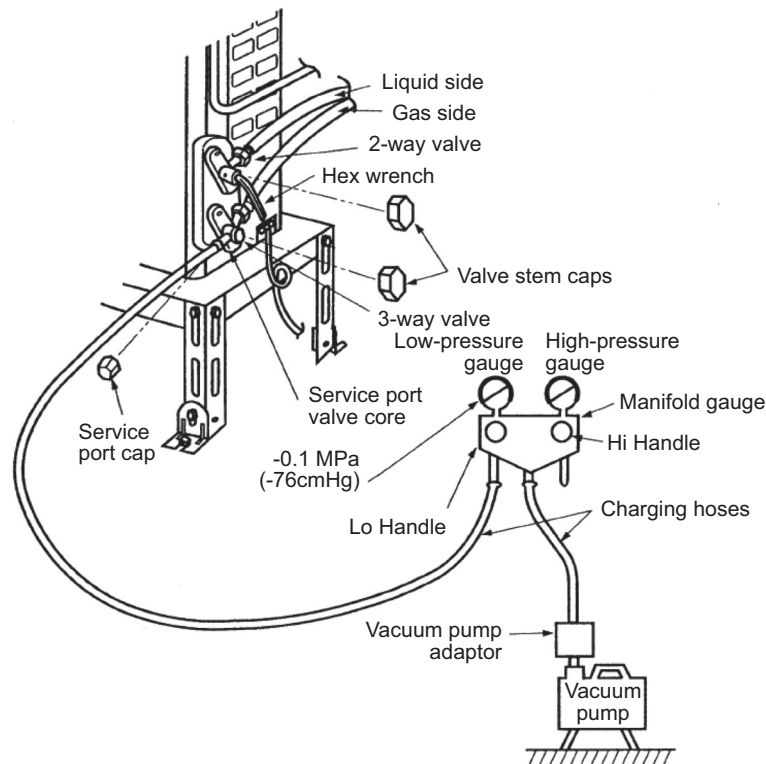
Nut outer diameter (mm)	
R22	R410A/R32
17	17
22	22
24	26
27	29

## 13.6 Installation, Relocation, and Service

### 13.6.1 Air purge and gas leak test for new installation (using new refrigerant pipes) using vacuum pump

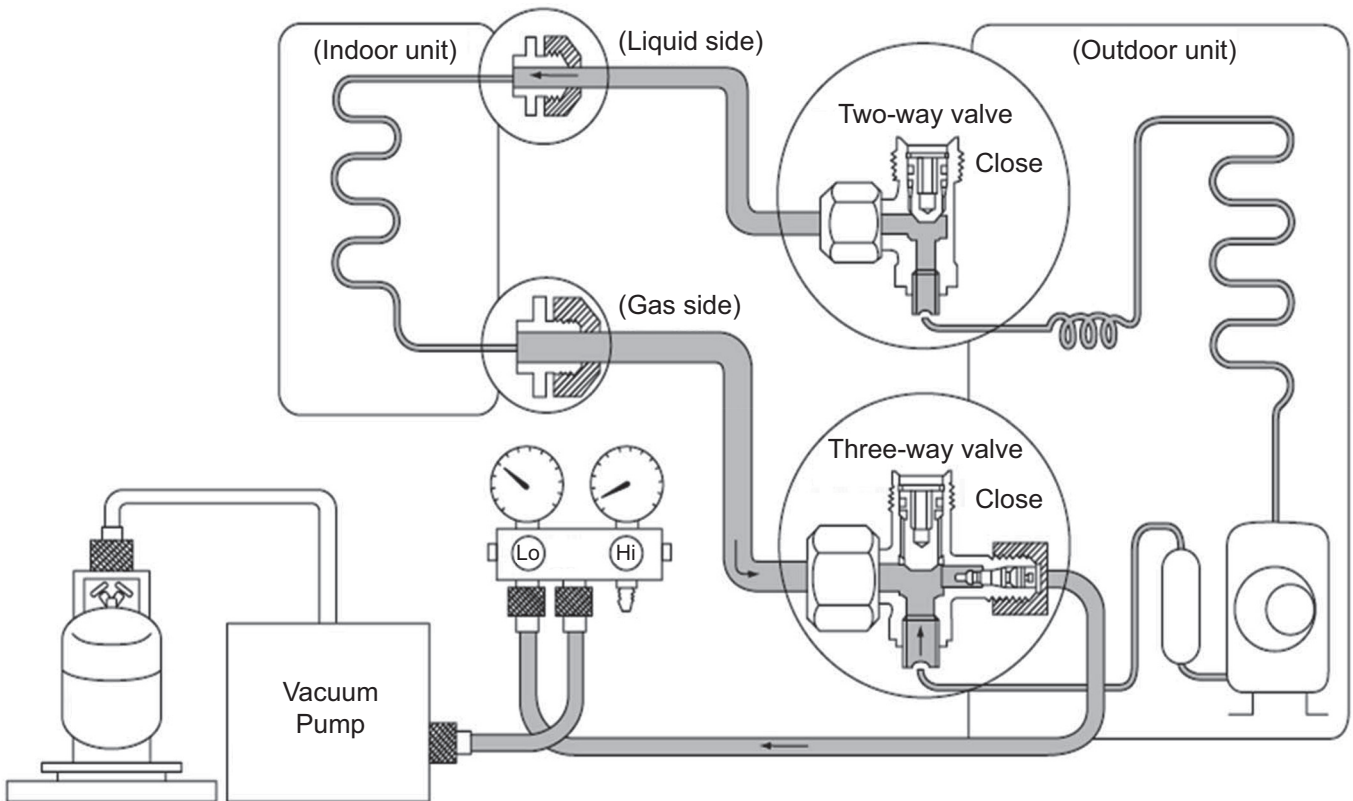
(From the point of view of global environment protection, do not release CFCs into the atmosphere during installation work)

1. Connect the charging hose of manifold gauge to the service port of 3-way valve (pushing insect pin).
2. Fully open the handle Lo of manifold gauge and operate vacuum pump.  
(If the needle of the low-pressure gauge reaches the vacuum immediately, check 1 procedure again)
3. Perform vacuuming 15 minutes or more, and make sure low pressure gauge reaches to  $-0.1\text{ MPa}$  ( $-76\text{cmHg}$ ).  
When the vacuuming completes, fully open the handle Lo of manifold gauge and stop the operation of vacuum pump, and leave it for 1 ~ 2 minutes. Then, remove the connection side of the charging hose of vacuum pump adaptor after checking the needle of manifold gauge does not turn back.
4. Open the stem of 2-way valve to  $90^\circ$  in anti-clock wise, and close the 2-way valve after 10 seconds, and perform gas leakage test.
5. Remove the charge hose from the service port of 3-way valve, and open the stems of 2-way and 3-way valves (open the valves to anti-clock wise carefully, do not use full strength to open)
6. Tighten the service port cap with torque wrench  $18\text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$  ( $1.8\text{ kgf}\cdot\text{m}$ )  
Tighten the caps of 2-way and 3-way valves with torque wrench  $18\text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$  ( $1.8\text{ kgf}\cdot\text{m}$ )
7. After the tightening of each cap, check gas leakage around the cap.



### 13.6.2 Process of refrigerant recovery

1. Connect the center charging hose of manifold gauge to the in-let side of recovery device.
2. Connect the valves of the discharge side of recovery device and liquid side of refrigerant cylinder with red hose (charging hose).
3. Connect the yellow float switch cable of the recovery device to the refrigerant cylinder.
4. Open the low pressure side valve of manifold gauge.
5. Insert electric plug of recovery device into electrical outlet (the fan operation starts).
6. Turn the valve 1 and 2 of recovery device to pressure equalization point.
7. After a few seconds, turn back the valve 1 and 2 to the original position.
8. Turn the switch of the recovery device to "ON". (the compressor operation starts)
9. When the low pressure of manifold gauge is close to "0", close the low pressure side valve, turn "OFF" the recovery device switch.
10. Remove the center charging hose of manifold gauge from the recovery device.



### 13.6.3 Relocation

#### 1. Removing the air conditioning unit

##### a) Recovery of outdoor unit refrigerant by pumping down

Press “forced cooling button” (as a general rule, since 1998 the name of cooling testing button is changed, and this name is unified within the air conditioning industry), and then you are able to start cooling operation in which the room temperature is low, and you can recover the refrigerant from the outdoor unit.

1. Check the valve stems of two-way and three-way valves are open by being turned to anti-clockwise (Remove the caps, and confirm the bars are fully open. Use hexagon wrench <4 mm> to open and close the valves).
2. Press the “Emergency Operation” button of the indoor units for five seconds and release [Forced cooling operation] (for old models, press “forced cooling” button). Then, operate the air conditioning unit for about 10 minutes.
3. Turn the stem of the two-way valve to the clock-wise and close the valve.
4. After about 2 ~ 3 minutes, turn the stem of the three-way valve quickly to the clock-wise, and stop the operation.

**Caution:** In the pump down operation, stop the compressor before removing the refrigerant pipes.

If you do not stop the compressor operation, and if the valve is open and remove the refrigerant pipes, the air may be sucked into the system and causes extreme high temperature in the refrigerant cycle. This may result in rupture or injury, etc.

5. Attach and tighten the caps of two-way and three-way valves with torque wrench.
6. Remove the connecting pipes (liquid side and gas side).

##### b) Removal of indoor and outdoor units

1. Remove the connecting pipes and wires between the indoor and outdoor units.
2. Attach capping flare nuts on the edges of the pipes, connecting the indoor and outdoor units, in order to prevent dust and moisture get into the pipes.
3. Remove the indoor and outdoor units.

#### 2. Unit installation

Use new refrigerant pipes for the installation, and perform air purging using vacuum pump and gas leakage testing stated in 14.5.1.

### 13.6.4 Replacement of air conditioning units and evacuation (when re-using the existing pipes)

When replacing the air conditioning units, you might use the existing pipes, but it is recommended to perform flaring again. In case of unit replacement, even if the unit is new refrigerant air conditioner, if the refrigerant oil is different, it may cause problem. Further, when re-using the existing refrigerant pipes, it is recommended to evacuate the pipes as much as possible, due to the reason that much refrigerant oil may be attached on the surface of the pipes. If the pipes are used without evacuation, the remaining refrigerant oil may cause under-performance and abnormal refrigerant cycle caused by non-compatibility of those oils.

### 13.6.5 Inter-changeability of refrigerant

Do not operate air conditioning units inserting wrong (or mixed) refrigerant (R22, R410A, R32). It may cause malfunction of the units, and at the same time, may cause serious incident such as rupture of the refrigerant cycle.

### 13.6.6 Re-insertion of refrigerant in service

When re-insertion is needed, follow the procedures to ensure the insertion of new refrigerant at correct amount.

1. Attach charging hose (blue) to the service port of the outdoor unit.
2. Attach charging hose (red) to the vacuum pump. Fully open the 2-way and 3-way valves.
3. Place the refrigerant cylinder on the digital scale for refrigerant charging and connect the charge hose (yellow) to the connection port of the vacuum pump and the digital scale. Leave the cylinder valve fully open.
4. Fully open the handles Lo and Hi of the manifold gauge, and switch on the vacuum pump, and then perform evacuation for at or more than one hour.
5. Confirm the compound gauge of  $-0.1 \text{ MPa}$  ( $-76 \text{ cmHg}$ ) and fully open the handles of Lo and Hi, and switch off the vacuum pump. Leave it for about 1 ~ 2 minutes and confirm the needle of the compound gauge does not turn back.

Refer to the picture below to follow the procedures below.

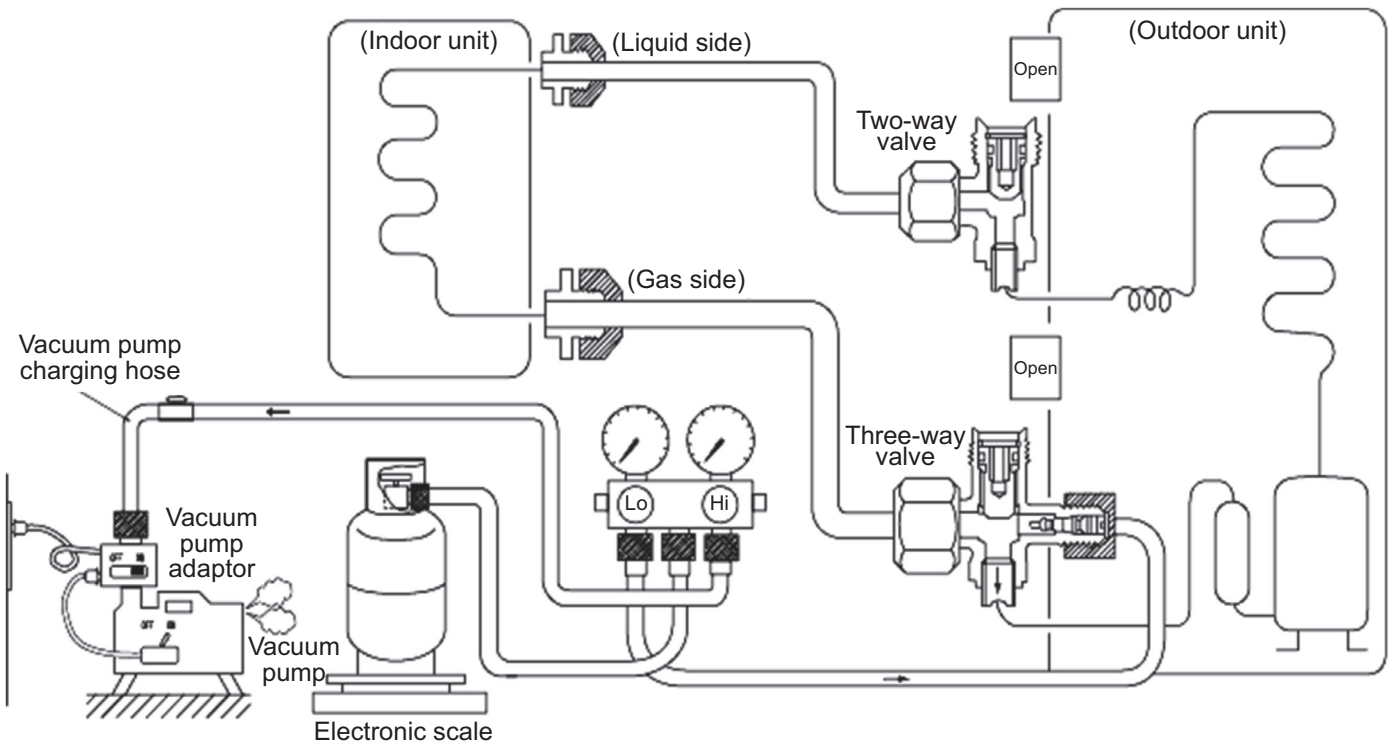
6. Remove the charging hose (red) of the manifold gauge from the vacuum pump adaptor.
7. After adjusting the digital scale to zero, open the cylinder valve and the valve Lo of the manifold gauge, and insert the refrigerant.
8. If it is not possible to insert the refrigerant at regulated amount at once, operate the cooling mode and gradually insert the refrigerant (recommended amount approx.  $150 \text{ g} / 1 \text{ time}$ )

\*Do not insert much refrigerant at once.

9. Close the open/close valve and insert the refrigerant in the charging hose to the outdoor unit.  
\*Perform this procedure during operating cooling operation. Close the stem of the two-way valve, and when the pressure of the manifold gauge becomes zero (0), quickly remove the charging hose (blue). Immediately open the 2-way valve, and stop the cooling operation.

10. Final checking ••• Confirm the 2-way and 3-way valves are fully open.

Attach the caps of the service port and control valve, and then check the gas leakage around the caps.



## 13.7 Repairing of refrigerant cycle / Brazing point

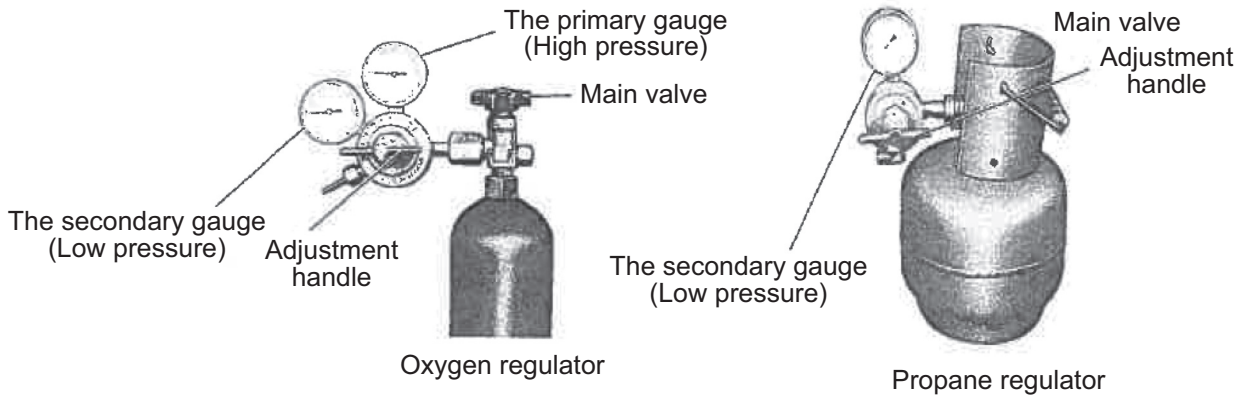
### 13.7.1 Preparation for repairing of refrigerant cycle / brazing

Brazing which is a technique needed for repairing refrigerant cycle requires advanced technique and experience, and this brazing procedure can only be performed by the workers who completed "Gas Welding Skill Training" regulated by the Occupational Safety and Health Act, and went through the training programs of refrigerant operations. Dismantling and re-connecting (assembling) refrigerant system requires working space, and the space has to ensure good air flow and fire prevention (water bucket and fire extinguisher). Moreover, the worker has to ensure the wearing of goggles, gloves, safety shoes, and long sleeve shirts, and be aware of work safety and attempt to prevent secondary defect (quality assurance of products). For brazing the indoor / outdoor unit structural components (heat exchangers, compressors, expansion valves, four-way valve blocks), after the recovery of all refrigerant, confirm that no refrigerant remains in the system, and fully open the 2-way and 3-way valves. When the brazing is conducted outside, check and make sure no refrigerant is contained in the air (be careful with vaporized refrigerant). Furthermore, protect the compressor terminal with metal plates, and heat but use wet clothes to cool down (releasing the heat) the expansion valves, and four way valves (prevent destruction of parts). In brazing, it is important to pour the brazing material without melting the base metal based on capillary action principle. In case of holes and oxidizing caused by overheating, do not perform re-brazing or alteration but replace the parts.

### 13.7.2 Adjustment of vacuum pump pressure

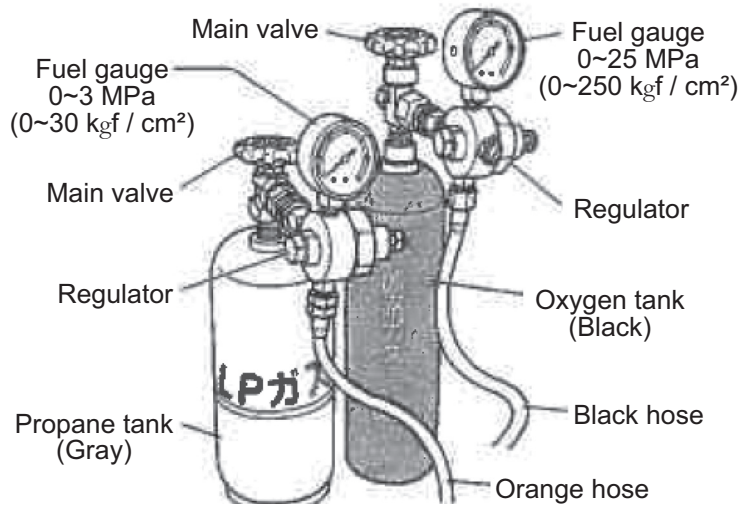
#### 1. Cylinder with adjustment handle

1. Check and confirm the adjustment handle of the 1<sup>st</sup> pressure adjuster is loosen (anticlockwise). If cylinder valve is opened when the 1<sup>st</sup> gauge pressure adjust handle is closed, the 2<sup>nd</sup> gauge might get broken.



2. Open the cylinder valve, and check the remaining amount with the first side pressure gauge.
3. Check the pressure of 2<sup>nd</sup> gauge and turn the adjustment handle to clock-wise direction to adjust the pressure.
  - ⊙ Oxygen 2<sup>nd</sup> side gauge pressure . . . . . 0.5 MPa (5.0 kgf / cm<sup>2</sup>)
  - ⊙ Propane 2<sup>nd</sup> side gauge pressure . . . . . 0.05 MPa (0.5 kgf / cm<sup>2</sup>)

2. Cylinder without adjustment valve  
 2<sup>nd</sup> side gauge pressure is adjusted by the adjuster.  
 Check the both side valves of the torch and open the cylinder valve to check the remaining refrigerant in the cylinder.  
 Caution: Do not attach oil component on the connection port of the adjuster.  
 Especially, use an oxygen cylinder adjuster which is no oil substance type. Do not dismantle or repair the adjuster and pressure gauge.



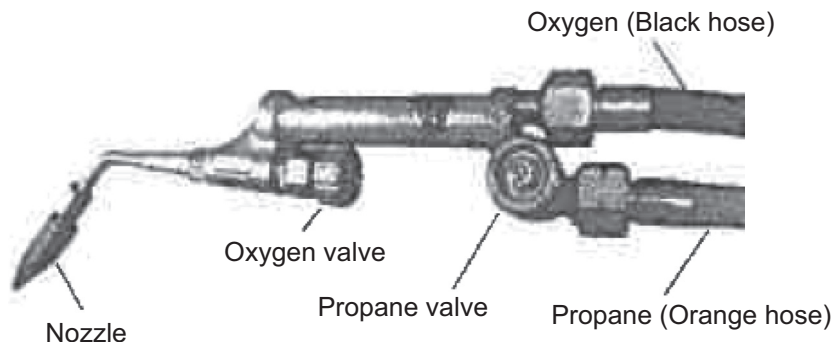
### 13.7.3 Checking of gas provision

Checking there is no fire around the torch, and then confirm the provision of gas.

1. Slightly open the "propane valve" of the torch, and make sure the gas comes out from the torch crater and then close the "propane valve".
  2. Slightly open the "oxygen valve" of the torch and make sure the gas comes out from the torch crater and then close the "oxygen valve".
- Check there is no gas leakage around the hose connection.

### 13.7.4 Adjustment of flame

1. Slightly open the "propane valve" of the torch and lit with spark lighter.  
 This moment, the flame is only by propane and the color is red.
2. Gradually open the "oxygen valve" of the torch to mix oxygen, and adjust the amount of propane and oxygen with the valve to make the flame suitable for brazing work.  
 If the white core flame splits into two, the torch crater might be clogged. In this case, remove the crater from the torch and check.



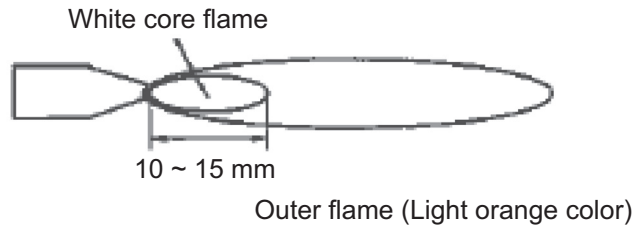
### 13.7.5 Types of flame

Types of flame change based on the proportion of propane and oxygen.

#### [Neutral Flame]

Perform brazing with this flame

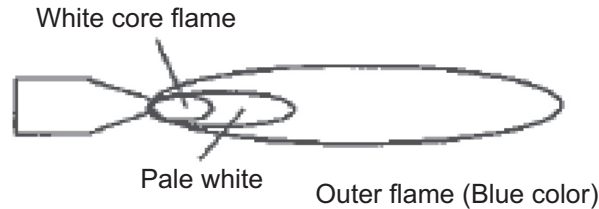
(This is a flame when oxygen and propane are mixed at proper proportion, and has lesser effect on the brazed metals)



#### [Carbide Flame]

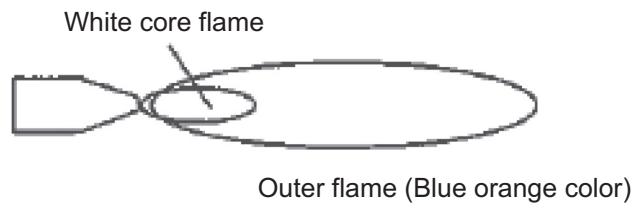
When propane is excessive, the flame has white color flame in between the white core flame and outer flame. (This is due to the lack of oxygen and the proportion of unburned propane is excessive.)

The black carbon created during the brazing work may contaminate the surface of the brazed metal).



#### [Oxidizing Flame]

Oxygen is more compared to the neutral flame. Although the flame size is small, this has the highest flame heat. However, due to the excessive oxygen contained in the flame, the brazing point gets oxidized. (This flame may cause holes, due to the high heat. The pipe may get melt)



### 13.7.6 Closing the flame

#### [In case of short break]

1. Close the "propane valve" of the torch.
2. Close the "oxygen valve" of the torch.

#### [In case of finishing work]

1. As above, close the flame following the procedure of "In case of short break".
2. Completely close the valves of oxygen and propane cylinders.
3. Release the remaining gas inside the hose by opening the "oxygen valve" and "propane valve" of the torch. Confirm the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> side gauge pressures of "oxygen" and "propane" cylinder pressure adopter are "zero".

### 13.7.7 Selection of brazing material

Use BA<sub>g</sub> brazing material (silver solder) to increase the welding performance.

Category	JIS Standard Number	Composition of ingredients (%)						Temperature (°C)			Tensile strength (Reference)		Characteristics and applications
		Ag	Cu	Zu	Cd	Ni	P	Solidus	Liquidus	Brazing temp	Kgf•cm <sup>2</sup>	Base material	
BA <sub>g</sub>	BA <sub>g</sub> • 1A	49.0 ~ 51.0	14.5 ~ 16.5	14.5 ~ 18.5	17.0 ~ 19.0	—	—	approx. 625	approx. 635	635 ~ 760	45.5	S20C	Liquidity is good at low temperature, it is preferable to a small junction of the gap in the universal form.
	BA <sub>g</sub> • 1	44.0 ~ 56.0	14.0 ~ 16.0	14.0 ~ 18.0	23.0 ~ 25.0	—	—	approx. 605	approx. 620	620 ~ 760	45.5	S20C	It has similar performance to the BA <sub>g</sub> • 1A, and suitable for every base material except the light weight metal.
	BA <sub>g</sub> • 2	34.0 ~ 36.0	25.0 ~ 27.0	19.0 ~ 23.0	17.0 ~ 19.0	—	—	approx. 605	approx. 700	700 ~ 845	45.5	S20C	It is a brazing filler metal in universal form, suitable for a slightly larger gap junction.
	BA <sub>g</sub> • 3	48.0 ~ 51.0	14.5 ~ 16.5	13.5 ~ 17.5	15.0 ~ 17.0	2.5 ~ 3.5	—	approx. 630	approx. 690	690 ~ 815	35 ~ 70	SS ~ SUS	It has good corrosion resistance in stainless steel-based brazing, suitable for brazing tungsten carbide, aluminum bronze and copper.
BCuP	BCuP-2	—	remain	—	—	—	6.8 ~ 7.5	approx. 710	approx. 785	690 ~ 815	21 ~ 24.5	Cu	Good liquidity, suitable for brazing copper tube.
	BCuP-3	4.8 ~ 5.2	remain	—	—	—	5.8 ~ 6.7	approx. 645	approx. 815	720 ~ 815	21 ~ 24.5	Cu	Suitable for brazing when the joint spacing is not constant
	BCuP-5	14.5 ~ 15.5	remain	—	—	—	4.8 ~ 5.3	approx. 645	approx. 800	705 ~ 815	21 ~ 24.5	Cu	When brazing of copper and copper, it is used without a flux, but not possible for brazing basic materials

#### Caution

BCuP (phosphorus copper wax) is easy to react with sulfur, and makes a brittle compound water soluble, and causes gas leakage. In hot spring areas, use other brazing materials or paint the surface for protection.

### 13.7.8 Need of flux

Use flux to protect the base materials.

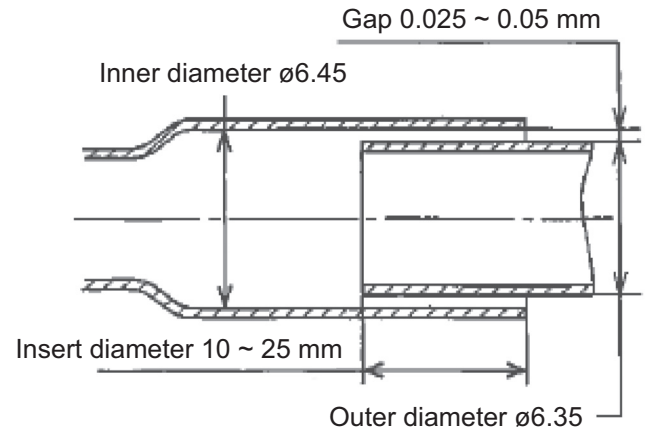
1. Remove impurity and oxide film on the metal base, and improve the flow of the brazing material.
2. Prevent oxidation of the metal surface in brazing.
3. Reduce the surface tension of the brazing material.

### 13.7.9 Need of nitrogen gas

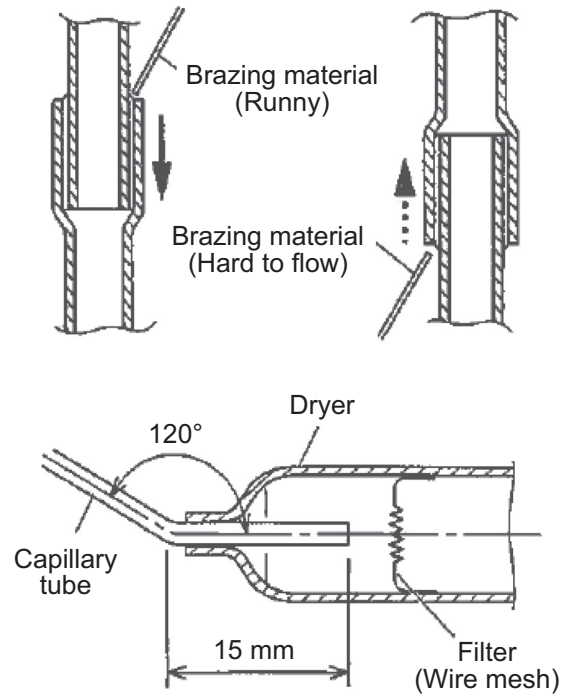
In order to prevent oxidation in the pipe, perform the brazing operation in nitrogen gas flow. Flow rate 0.05 m<sup>3</sup> / h, or pressure reducing valve at 0.02 MPa (0.2kgf / cm<sup>2</sup>) below.

### 13.7.10 Checking of brazing (insert) points

1. No impurity on the brazing point  
If dirt or oil is attached on the brazing point, the brazing filler metal does not reach to junction, and it may cause poor welding.
2. Adequate gap space in the brazing point  
The advantage of capillary current situation is used in brazing. If the gap space is too large, this phenomenon may not occur and it may cause poor welding because brazing filler metal does not flow to join the front part.
3. Appropriate size for insertion  
The guideline for pipe insertion dimensions is to three times the diameter of the base material, but you need to decide the insertion size in consideration of the clogging of the brazing material. Generally, for thin pipes, you need to increase the insert size, and for thick pipe vice versa.

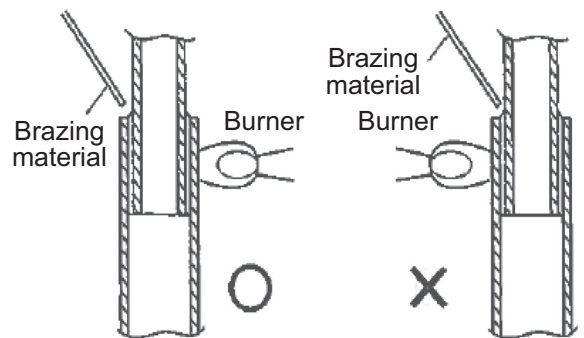


4. Brazing material to flow from top to bottom  
Brazing filler metal will easily flow to the connecting portion by capillary action. Further, by bending the brazing portion of [dryer side] of the capillary tube at 120°, you can prevent the damage of dryer inside and the clogging of brazing material caused by the excessive insertion of capillary tube.



### 13.7.11 Brazing and heating

1. Place the flame to a pipe which has more heat capacity in order to let the brazing material melt by the pipe heat. Heat the pipe up to the melting temperature of the brazing material, but when it is overheating, assess the temperature by pipe color in order not to melt the pipe.



The pre-heating is to heat the base material until the melting temperature, and requires certain training to distinguish the color of the heated base material in order not to melt the material.

The color and temperature of copper tube

- Becoming red color •••••••• 480°C
- Dull red •••••••• 650°C
- Cherish red •••••••• 760°C
- Brightening cherish red •••••••• 870°C

(Reference)

Melting temperature of copper •••••••• Approx. 1083°C

Maximum temperature obtained in propane and oxygen •••••••• Approx. 1083°C

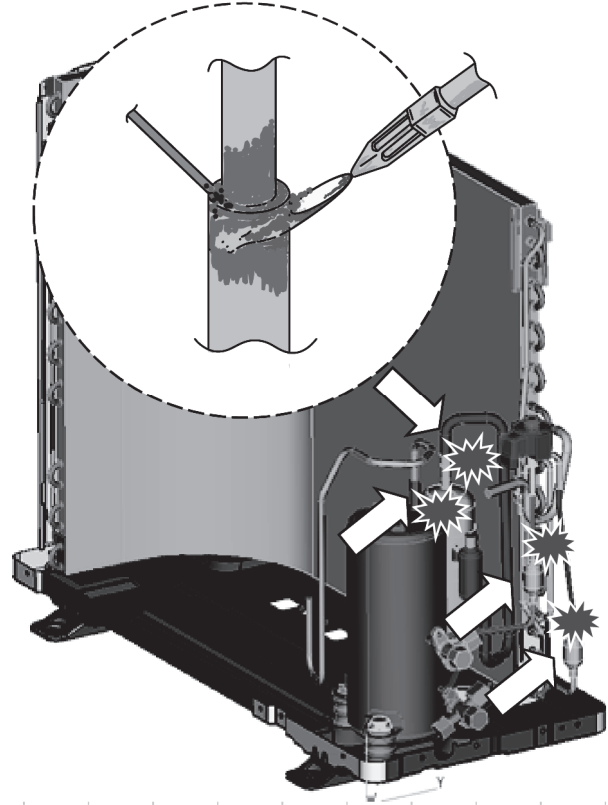
The important point is to heat the bonding part uniformly within a short period of time until reaching to the brazing temperature in the following manner.

2. Apply the flame on to the side with better heat transmission. If the pipe thickness is consistent, by heating like 30% iron and 70% copper, the copper pipe inside reaches to brazing temperature. Iron pipes have low heat transmission and only the part the flame is applied get high temperature, and this causes oxidization of the pipe. The flow of the brazing filler is affected negatively.

3. Apply the flame on to the side of larger heat capacity.

When brazing a thin tubes such as capillary tube and dryer, etc., caution has to be taken to apply the flame to the dryer side (thick pipe side), in order to prevent burn out by the heat.

4. When brazing the compressor connection pipes (suction and discharge), remove the sound insulation plate and the fan, and place the compressor stand vertically (to prevent the leakage of compressor refrigerating machine oil), and apply the flame from the compressor body side.



### 13.7.12 Terminologies of brazing

Pin holes → Small holes are generated on the surface of the brazing metal.

Wet temperature → Liquidus temperature at which the brazing material starts flowing out by heating, generally it is the liquidus-line temperature.

Blow holes → Hollows made by gas in the brazing material of brazing portion (gas reservoirs).

Pits → As a result of blow holes, small dents generated on the outside surface of welding.

Voids → The brazing material does not reach completely to the brazing part. It cannot be identified from outside.

## 13.8 <Reference> Analysis method for no error code, no cooling / no warming

### 13.8.1 Preparation for appropriate diagnosis

In order to obtain appropriate operation characteristics, minimum 15 minutes or more operation time [testing operation (rated operation)] is required.

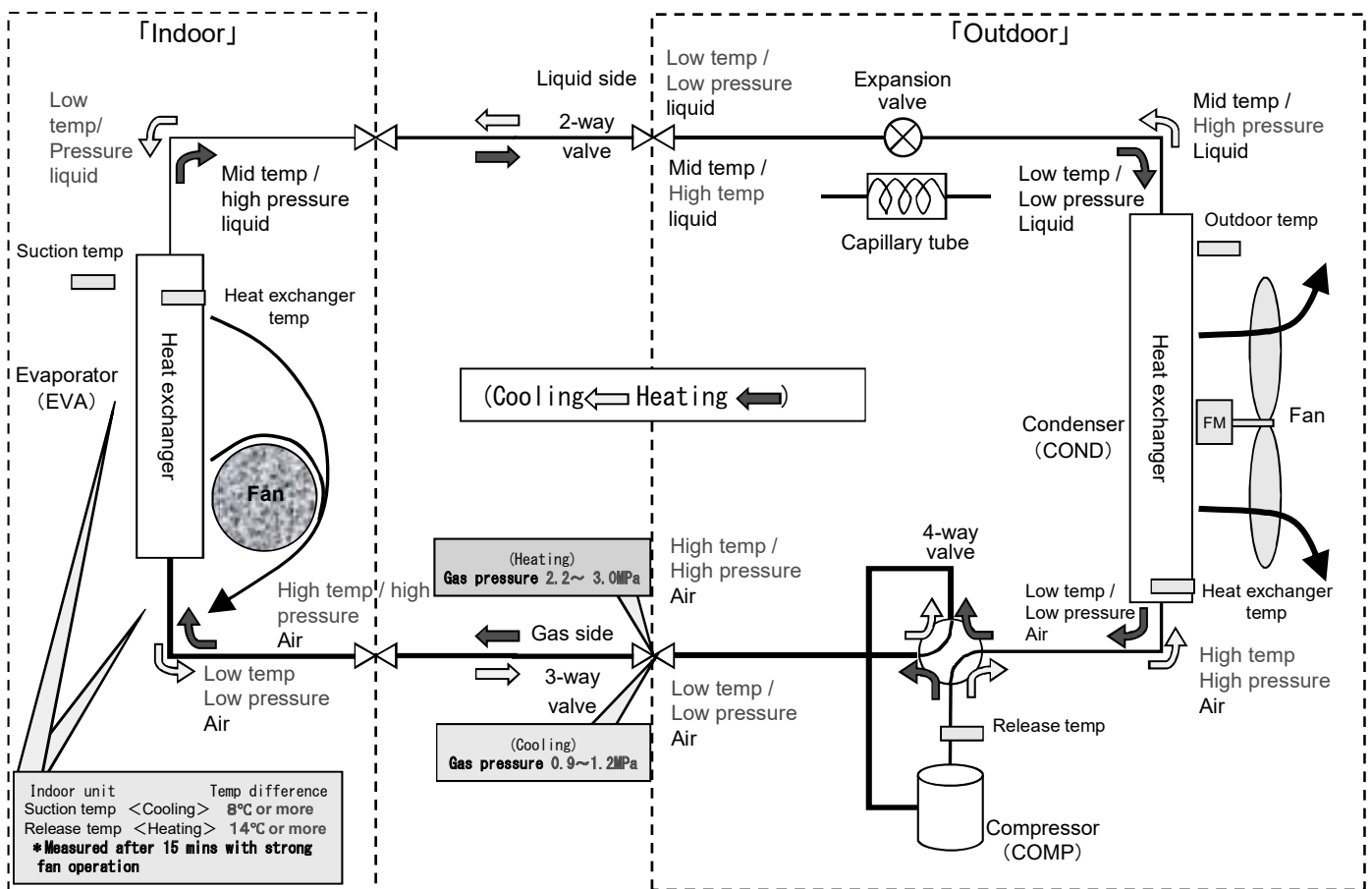
#### 1. Method of rated operation (rated operation)

For the models which have two buttons of “emergency operation and forced cooling operation”, press forced cooling button once. For the models which have only emergency operation button, press the button once for 5 seconds and when hear “beep” sound, release the button. Then, cooling operation starts.

#### 2. Checking the mal-functions of indoor / outdoor units

- 1) Any obstacles against heat release and air suction? (short circuit)  
(Forget to remove the outdoor unit cover or fallen leaves blocking the outdoor unit)
- 2) Are the indoor unit air filters clean? (obstructing heat suction)
- 3) Is the setting temperature on the remote controller correct? (is the setting temperature set at lower/higher than the room temperature?)

### 13.8.2 Understanding and verification of refrigerant cycle



1. Measuring temperature
  - 1) Indoor unit suction temperature, release temperature, temperature difference, → Measure by thermometer
  - 2) 2-way valve pipe temperature in cooling mode is low temperature (benchmark : 5 ~ 10°C), in heating mode is medium temperature (benchmark : 25 ~ 35°C).
  - 3) 3-way valve pipe temperature in cooling mode is low temperature (benchmark : 7 ~ 15°C) in heating mode is high temperature (benchmark : 38 ~ 50°C).
2. Measuring electric current
  - Measuring electric current in operation → check by clamp meter (refer to table of technical characteristic guideline)
3. Measuring pressure
  - Measuring gas pressure → check the pressure by manifold gauge (refer to table of technical characteristic guideline)
4. Any sound from the expansion valve?  
(when starting the operation and the outdoor unit is turned on, the expansion valve is re-set, check if there is any edged sound or clack sound)

### 13.8.3 Guidance for diagnosis of refrigerant cycle

Comparison with normal operation	Cooling mode	
	High	Low
Refrigerant pressure	Excess insertion of refrigerant	Clogged capillary, expansion valve malfunction
	Heat releasing obstruction	Clog by moisture
	Dirty condenser, attachment of impurity	Lack of refrigerant gas
	Compressor malfunction	
Operation electric current	Excess insertion of refrigerant	Lack of refrigerant gas
	Heat releasing obstruction	Compressor malfunction
	Dirty condenser, impurity	Mixture of air
		(Insufficient evacuation)
2-way valve temperature	Excess insertion of refrigerant	Clogged capillary, expansion valve malfunction
	Compressor malfunction	Lack of refrigerant gas
3-way valve temperature	Lack of refrigerant gas • Compressor malfunction	Excess insertion of refrigerant
	Clogged capillary, expansion valve malfunction	

Suction temperature & Release air temperature	Temperature difference at or less than 8°C in cooling operation • • • Causes		
	• Heat releasing obstruction	• Dirty condenser	• Attachment of impurity
	• Lack of refrigerant gas	• Excess insertion of refrigerant	
	• Mixture of air	• Mixture of moisture	
	• Clogged capillary	• Expansion valve malfunction	• Compressor malfunction

◎ Above all are based on the condition that the installation work is properly performed (no issues in indoor / outdoor pipe connections, etc.)

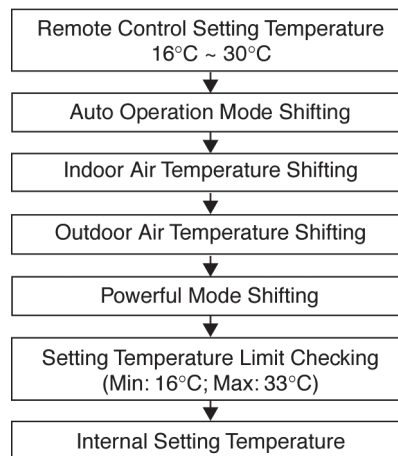
# 14. Operation Control

## 14.1 Basic Function

Inverter control, which equipped with a microcomputer in determining the most suitable operating mode as time passes, automatically adjusts output power for maximum comfort always. In order to achieve the suitable operating mode, the microcomputer maintains the set temperature by measuring the temperature of the environment and performing temperature shifting. The compressor at outdoor unit is operating following the frequency instructed by the microcomputer at indoor unit that judging the condition according to internal setting temperature and intake air temperature.

### 14.1.1 Internal Setting Temperature

Once the operation starts, remote control setting temperature will be taken as base value for temperature shifting processes. These shifting processes are depending on the air conditioner settings and the operation environment. The final shifted value will be used as internal setting temperature and it is updated continuously whenever the electrical power is supplied to the unit.



### 14.1.2 Cooling Operation

#### 14.1.2.1 Thermostat Control

- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature < -1.5°C continue for 3 minutes.
- When compressor is OFF (Thermostat OFF) and AUTO FAN is set, the fan will stop periodically.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature > Compressor OFF point.

### 14.1.3 Soft Dry Operation

#### 14.1.3.1 Thermostat Control

- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature < -2.0°C continue for 3 minutes.
- When compressor is OFF (Thermostat OFF) and AUTO FAN is set, the fan will stop periodically.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature > Compressor OFF point.

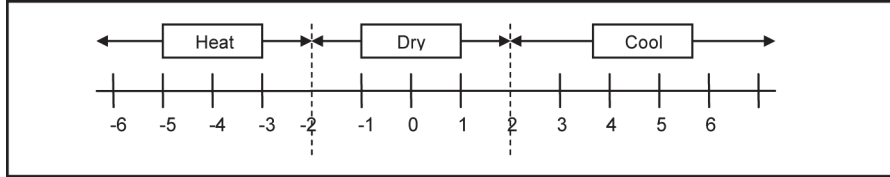
### 14.1.4 Heating Operation

#### 14.1.4.1 Thermostat Control

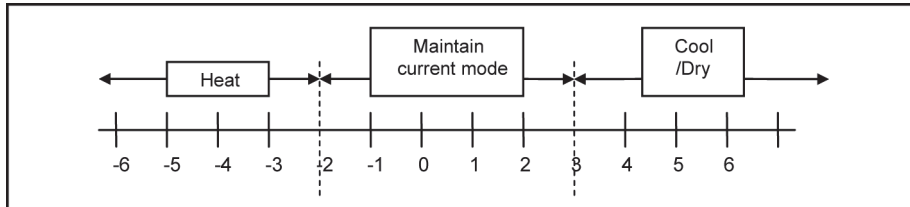
- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature > +2.0°C continue for 3 minutes.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature < Compressor OFF point.

### 14.1.5 Automatic Operation

- This mode can be set using remote control and the operation is decided by remote control setting temperature, remote control operation mode and indoor intake air temperature.
- During operation mode judgment, indoor fan motor (with speed of Lo-) is running for 30 seconds to detect the indoor intake air temperature.
- Every 10 minutes, the indoor temperature is judged.
- For the 1st judgment
  - If indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature  $\geq 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ , COOL mode is decided.
  - If  $-2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq$  indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature  $< 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ , DRY mode is decided.
  - If indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature  $< -2^{\circ}\text{C}$ , HEAT mode is decided.



- For the 2nd judgment onwards
  - If indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature  $\geq 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ , if previous operate in DRY mode, then continue in DRY mode. otherwise COOL mode is decided.
  - If  $-2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq$  indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature  $< 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ , maintain with previous mode
  - If indoor intake temperature - remote control setting temperature  $< -2^{\circ}\text{C}$ , HEAT mode is decided.



## 14.2 Indoor Fan Motor Operation

### 14.2.1 Basic Rotation Speed (rpm)

#### A. Basic Rotation Speed (rpm)

##### i. Manual Fan Speed

[Cooling, Dry]

- Fan motor's number of rotation is determined according to remote control setting.

Remote control	○	○	○	○	○
Tab	Hi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo

[Heating]

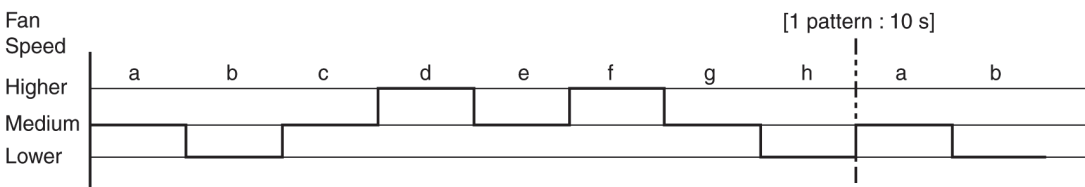
- Fan motor's number of rotation is determined according to remote control setting.

Remote control	○	○	○	○	○
Tab	SHi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo

##### ii Auto Fan Speed

[Cooling, Dry]

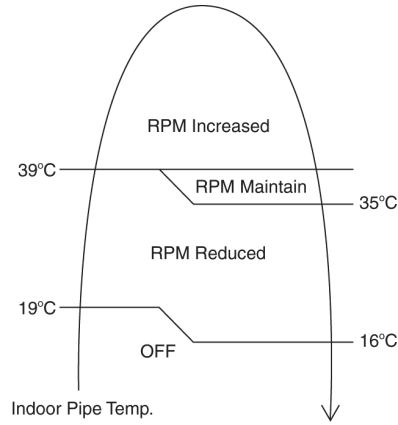
- According to room temperature and setting temperature, indoor fan speed is determined automatically.
- When set temperature is not achieved, the indoor fan will operate according to pattern below.



- When set temperature achieved, the indoor fan speed will be fixed. When thermostat off, the fan stop periodically.

[Heating]

- According to indoor pipe temperature, automatic heating fan speed is determined as follows.

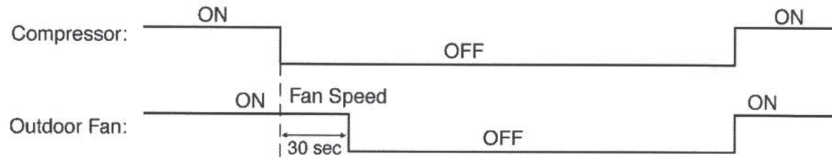


**B. Feedback control**

- Immediately after the fan motor started, feedback control is performed once every second.
- During fan motor on, if fan motor feedback  $\geq 2550$  rpm or  $< 50$  rpm continue for 10 seconds, then fan motor error counter increase, fan motor is then stop and restart. If the fan motor counter becomes 7 times, then H19 - fan motor error is detected. Operation stops and cannot on back.

**14.3 Outdoor Fan Motor Operation**

Outdoor fan motor is operated with one fan speed only. It starts when compressor starts operation and it stops 30 seconds after compressor stops operation.



## 14.4 Airflow Direction

- There are two types of airflow, vertical airflow (directed by horizontal vane) and horizontal airflow (directed by vertical vanes).
- Control of airflow direction can be automatic (angles of direction is determined by operation mode, heat exchanger temperature and intake air temperature) and manual (angles of direction can be adjusted using remote control).

### 14.4.1 Vertical Airflow

Operation Mode	Airflow Direction		Inner Vane Angle (°) measured from reference point					Outer Vane Angle (°) measured from reference point				
			1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Cooling	AUTO	Not yet achieve set temp	2 ~ 39					6 ~ 49				
		Achieve set temp	2					6				
	SWING		2 ~ 39					6 ~ 49				
	MANUAL		2	13	23	33	39	6	19	29	39	46
Soft Dry	AUTO	Not yet achieve set temp	2 ~ 39					2 ~ 39				
		Achieve set temp	2					2				
	SWING		2 ~ 39					2 ~ 39				
	MANUAL		2	13	23	33	39	6	19	29	39	46
Heating	AUTO	A	8					16				
		B	34					46				
		C	20					29				
	SWING	Discharge air temp. is cold	8					16				
		Discharge air temp. is warm	28 ~ 41					46 ~ 56				
	MANUAL		8	20	28	34	41	16	29	39	46	56

- 1 Automatic vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control; the vane swings up and down within the angles as stated above. For heating mode operation, the angle of the vane depends on the indoor heat exchanger temperature as Figure 1 below. It does not swing during fan motor stop. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shift to close position.
- 2 Manual vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control; the angles of the vane are as stated above and the positions of the vane are as Figure 2 below. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shift to close position.

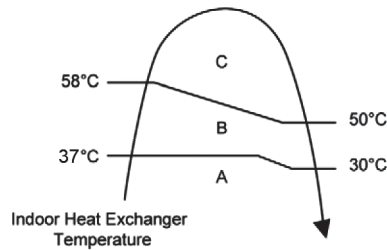


Figure 1

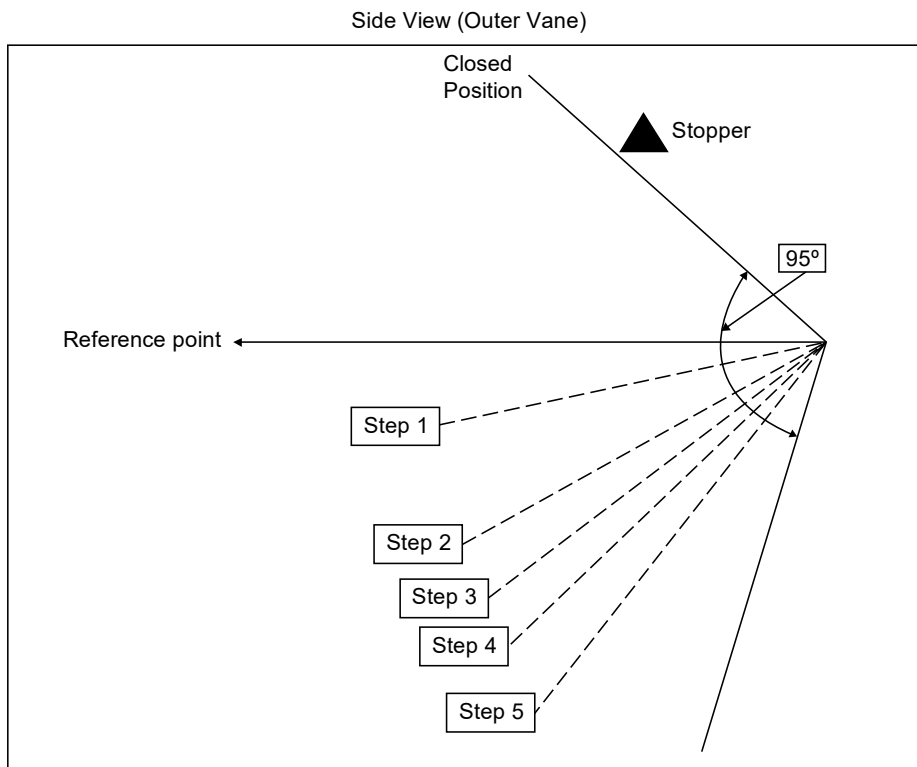
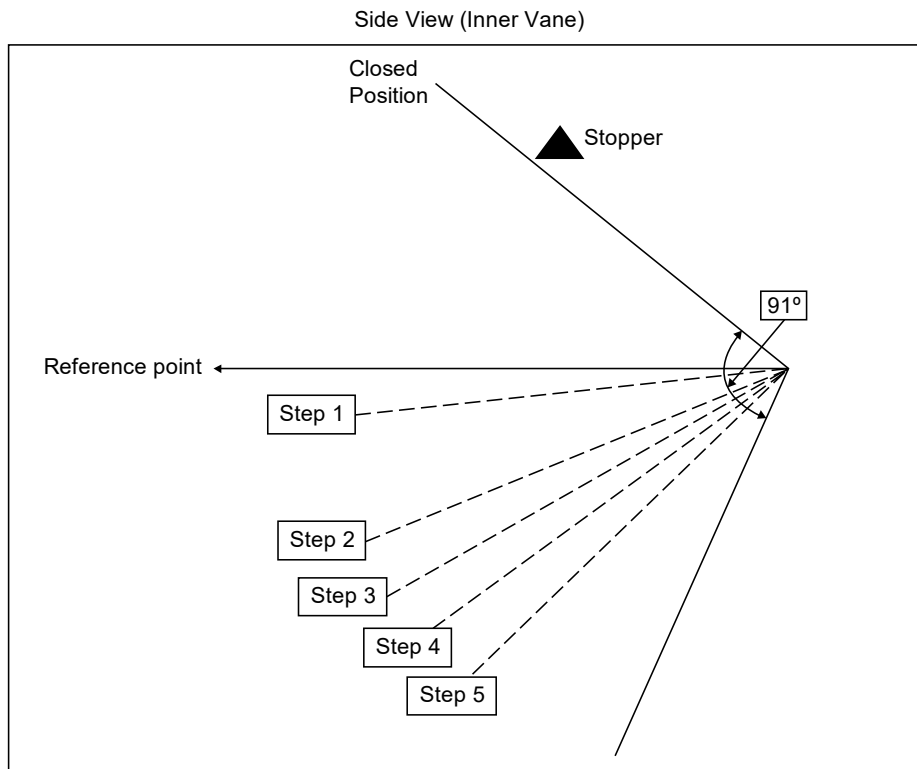


Figure 2

\* The horizontal vane angle tolerance is within +/- 5 degree.

#### 14.4.2 Horizontal Airflow

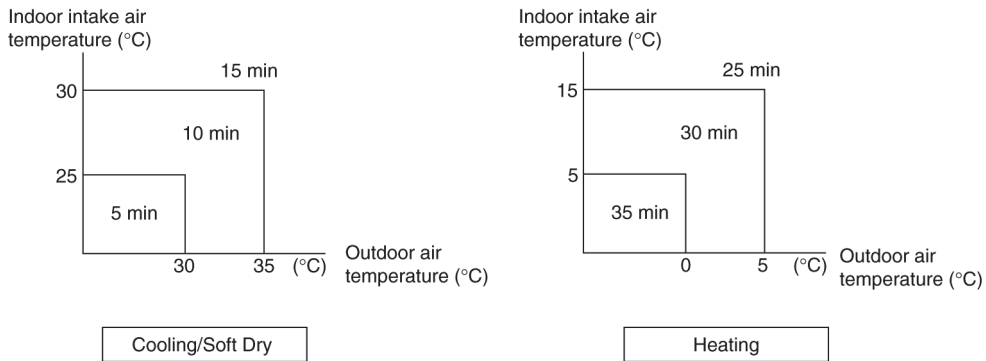
- The horizontal airflow direction louver can be adjusted manually by hand.

## 14.5 Timer Control

- There are 2 sets of ON and OFF timer available to turn the unit ON or OFF at different preset time.
- If more than one timer had been set, the upcoming timer will be displayed and will activate in sequence.

### 14.5.1 ON Timer Control

- ON timer 1 and ON timer 2 can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will start operate earlier than the setting time.  
This is to provide a comfortable environment when reaching the set ON time.
- 60 minutes before the set time, indoor (at fan speed of Lo-) and outdoor fan motor start operate for 30 seconds to determine the indoor intake air temperature and outdoor air temperature in order to judge the operation starting time.
- From the above judgment, the decided operation will start operate earlier than the set time as shown below.

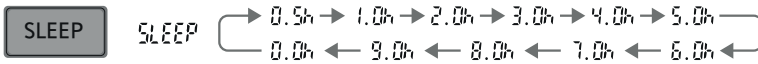


### 14.5.2 OFF Timer Control

OFF timer 1 and OFF timer 2 can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will stop operate at set time.

## 14.6 Sleep Mode Operation

This operation provide comfortable environment while sleeping. It will automatically adjust the sleep pattern temperature during the activation period.



This operation is incorporated with the activation timer (0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 hours).

Start Condition:

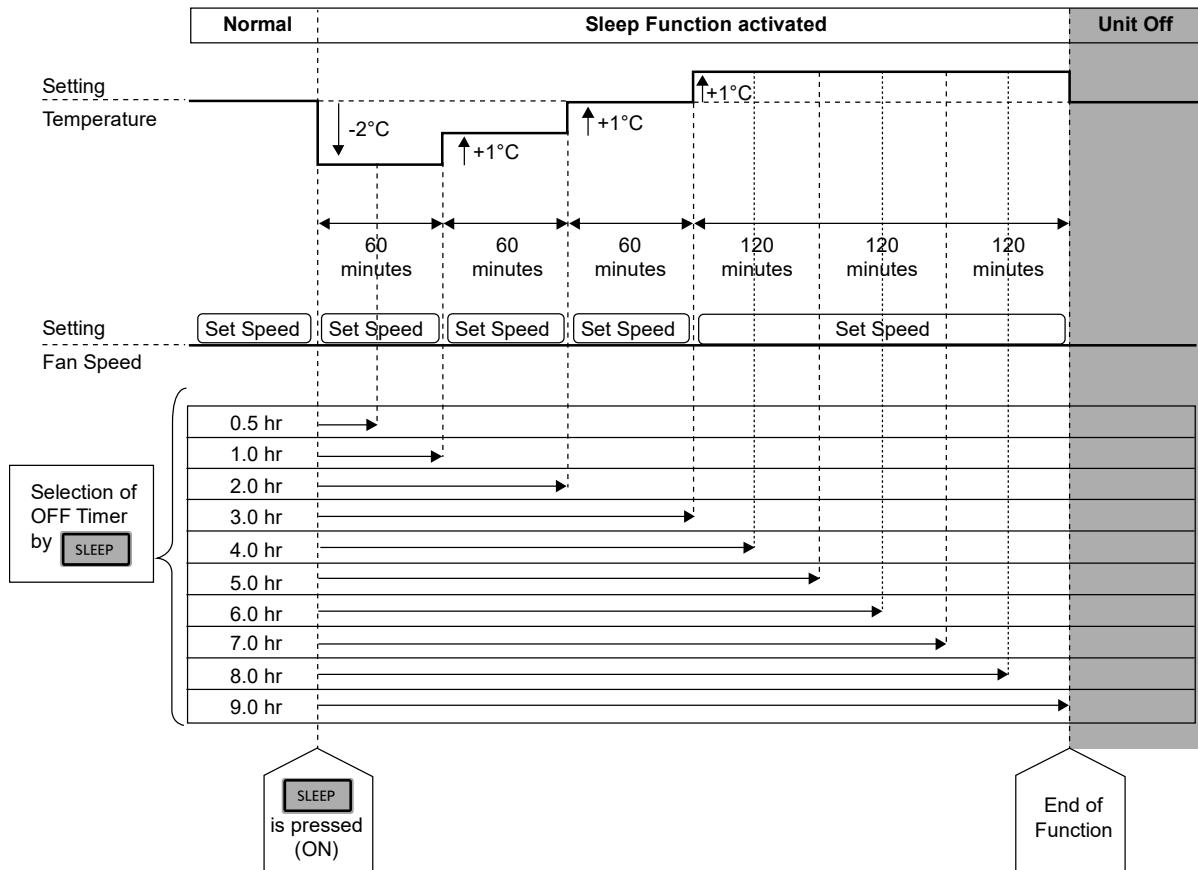
- Sleep button on remote controller is pressed.
- Select OFF timer: 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 hours.

Control content:

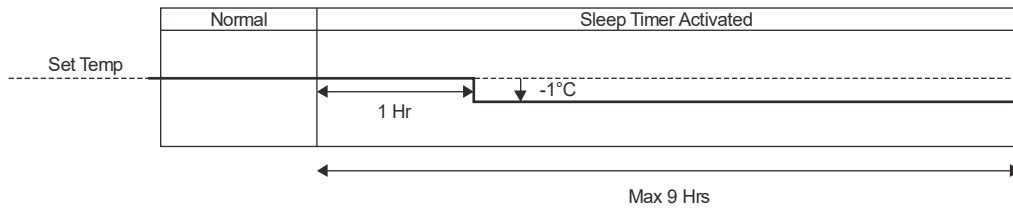
- Sleep function maximum running hour is 9 hours.
- When Sleep off timer running out, unit will automatically OFF.
- When unit resume from power failure, Sleep function will not resume.
- Sleep operation can be set together with Timer operation. Sleep operation has priority over OFF Timer.
- Indicator shall be dimmed when this operation is activated.

Control pattern:

- Cooling mode



- Heating mode



- Sleep operation will not undergo temperature shift when it collaborate with below operation. However, it will execute the delay timer.
  - Powerful mode operation
  - Auto mode operation


Stop Condition:

- When sleep operation is cancel by pressing respective button until sleep timer reaches 0.0h.
- ON/OFF button is pressed.
- When sleep operation ends.

### 14.7 Random Auto Restart Control

- When the power supply is cut off during the operation of air conditioner, the compressor will re-operate within three to four minutes (there are 10 patterns between 2 minutes 58 seconds and 3 minutes 52 seconds to be selected randomly) after power supply resumes.
- This type of control is not applicable during ON/OFF Timer setting.
- This control can be omitted by open the circuit of JP1 at indoor unit printed circuit board.

### 14.8 Indication Panel

LED	POWER	TIMER	
Color	White	White	White
Light ON	Operation ON	Timer Setting ON	Wireless LAN ON
Light OFF	Operation OFF	Timer Setting OFF	Wireless LAN OFF

Note:

- If POWER LED is blinking, the possible operation of the unit are Hot Start, during Deice operation, operation mode judgment, or ON timer sampling.
- If Timer LED is blinking, there is an abnormality operation occurs.

## **14.9 Quiet Operation (Cooling Mode/Cooling Area of Dry Mode)**

### **A. Purpose**

To provide quiet cooling operation compare to normal operation.

### **B. Control condition**

- a. Quiet operation start condition
  - When "FAN SPEED/QUIET" button at remote control is pressed continuously until QUIET will be shown on remote control display.
- b. Quiet operation stop condition
  - 1 When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:
    - a. POWERFUL button is pressed.
    - b. Stop by OFF/ON switch.
    - c. Timer "off" activates.
    - d. When FAN SPEED / QUIET button is pressed again and fan speed is change to Low.
    - e. Sleep mode timer delay OFF.
  - 2 When quiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.
  - 3 When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode.
  - 4 During quiet operation, if timer "on" activates, quiet operation maintains.
  - 5 After off, when on back, quiet operation is memorized.

### **C. Control contents**

- 1 Fan speed is changed to QLo.

## **14.10 Quiet Operation (Heating)**

### **A. Purpose**

To provide quiet heating operation compare to normal operation.

### **B. Control condition**

- a. Quiet operation start condition
  - When "FAN SPEED/QUIET" button at remote control is pressed continuously until QUIET will be shown on remote control display.
- b. Quiet operation stop condition
  - 1 When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:
    - a. POWERFUL button is pressed.
    - b. Stop by OFF/ON switch.
    - c. Timer "off" activates.
    - d. When FAN SPEED / QUIET button is pressed again and fan speed is change to Low.
    - e. Sleep mode timer delay OFF.
  - 2 When quiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.
  - 3 When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode.
  - 4 During quiet operation, if timer "on" activates, quiet operation maintains.
  - 5 After off, when on back, quiet operation is memorized.

### **C. Control contents**

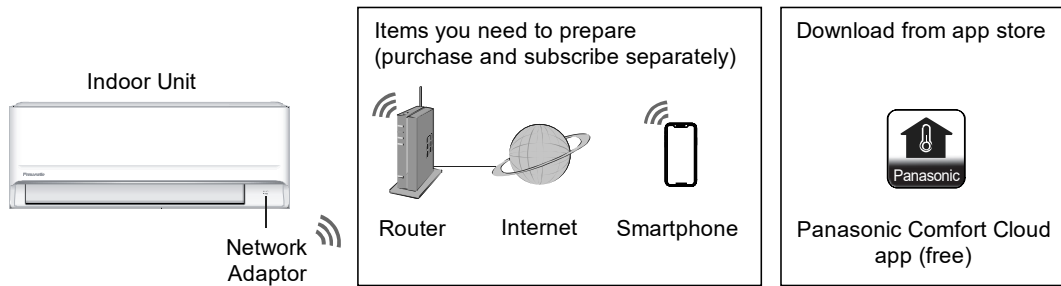
- 1 Fan speed is changed to QLo.

## **14.11 Powerful Mode Operation**

- When the powerful mode is selected, the internal setting temperature will shift lower up to 2°C for Cooling, 1°C for Soft Dry or higher up to 3.5°C (for Heating) than remote control setting temperature for 20 minutes to achieve the setting temperature quickly.

## 14.12 Wireless LAN Control

### 14.12.1 System Overview



- Requires the APP to work with a smartphone with Android 4.4 and above, or iOS 9 and above. However, there is no guarantee that the APP will work well with all Android OS version.
- The Network Adaptor is designed specifically as a terminal for Panasonic Comfort Cloud app.
- The Wireless LAN network coverage must reach the air conditioner installation location.

### Specification

Network Adaptor	Wireless LAN Module (built-in)
Model	DNSK-P11
Input Voltage	DC 5V (From Air Conditioner Indoor Unit)
Current Consumption	Tx/Rx max. 290/100 mA
Wireless LAN standard	IEEE 802.11 b/g/n
Frequency range	2.4 GHz band
Encryption	WPA2-PSK (TKIP/AES)

### Precaution

- Do NOT disassemble or alter this Network Adaptor in any way.
- Do NOT remove this Network Adaptor from the indoor unit during operation.
- Data transmitted and received over radio waves may be intercepted and monitored.

### Usage precautions

- Before using this product, be sure to read all the precautions in this manual for proper use. The Company is not liable for any defects and damages, unless legal liability is recognized, in regards to failures, incurred by use of this product that occur through incorrect use or during use by yourself or a third party.

### Security Measure

- Wireless LAN uses radio waves to exchange information. Therefore, there is a risk of unauthorized access.
- Initialize the app settings on the product prior to disposal or transferring to a third party.

### Before setting the network connection

- Confirm the wireless router is connected to the network correctly.
- Confirm the Wireless LAN of the smartphone is activated.
- Confirm your smartphone and this product are connected to the same wireless router.

### 14.12.2 Connecting Network





Before attempting to connect to the network, ensure the modem or wireless router is working and properly connected to allow internet access.

- Press at the remote control to communicate with the home wireless LAN access point.
- Wireless LAN LED from the indoor unit blinks to indicate the connection status to home access point.

Fast blink	The unit is establishing the connection.
Slow blink	The unit is not securing the connection.
No blink (stays on)	The unit has established the connection.

- It can establish the connection to the unit even if the unit is turned OFF.

### 14.12.3 App Installation

For Android user (Android 4.4 and above)  <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Open  .</li><li>• Search for “Panasonic Comfort Cloud” app.</li><li>• Download and install.</li></ul>	For iOS user (iOS 9 and above)  <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Open  .</li><li>• Search for “Panasonic Comfort Cloud” app.</li><li>• Download and install.</li></ul>
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#### Note

- The app user interface image may change for version upgrade without notification.
- There is no charge to using this application. However, other charges may be incurred for connection and operation.

### 14.12.4 To Disconnect Wireless LAN (Off Wireless LAN LED)

- Press and release one time at the Remote Control Wireless LAN button and the LED will turn off. (LED ON -> LED OFF).

### 14.12.5 To Delete Wireless LAN Information

- If Wireless LAN is off (LED is Off), turn on Wireless LAN first by press and release one time the Wireless LAN button. (LED OFF -> LED ON).
- Push Wireless LAN button for 5 seconds.
- In the Remote Control Operation select “5” and push for 3 seconds.
- Initialization is finish and Wireless LAN LED will off automatically.

### 14.12.6 To Check Wireless Lan Signal Strength

- Confirm the air conditioner operation is stopped and press the Wireless LAN button for 5 seconds.
- Select “4” in the remocon then press set button and operation stops.
- After 5 seconds, the signal strength is shown on the indoor unit Wireless LAN LED.  
Strong Signal: Blink 3 times with an interval.  
Moderate Signal: Blink 2 times with an interval.  
Weak Signal: Blink once with an interval.  
No Signal: OFF.
- It will stop automatically after 10 minutes. To stop immediately, press Wireless LAN button.

## 14.12.7 Wireless LAN Failure Diagnosis

### 14.12.7.1 Between ID Micon and Wireless LAN Module Failure Detect Condition

- When module and ID micon (CN-LAN) communication is following below condition.
  - No response against sending data.
  - Reply error against sending data.
  - Regularly sending from AC unit (Every 1 minutes).
- Either one from above condition occur, detection will start.
- If for certain time there is no communication and retry is implemented 3 times continuously confirm the error by following below table.
- When failure diagnosis H85 occur.

	Wireless LAN LED	Timer LED
When error condition check	Light up	No light
When retry	Light up	No light
After confirm failure	No light	Blinking

- Cancel Condition: From the module the reply data or the regularly sending data (normal data) is recognized by ID micon.

	Wireless LAN LED	Timer LED
When failure canceled	Light up	No light

- Failure communication parameter setting.

H85 communication error: time/retry counter	10 min/3 count
Wireless LAN disconnection judgment time	300 sec

### 14.12.8 Between ID AC and Broadband Router Failure Detect Condition

- Detect condition: Communication with router is interrupted.
- Confirm condition: The interrupted condition continue more than 5 minutes and retry is implemented.
- After confirm the failure operation: Not H85 error display and Wireless LAN LED is blinking.
- Cancel condition: Communication is return between Wireless LAN router.
- After cancel, return to normal operation and Wireless LAN LED is light up.

# 15. Protection Control

## 15.1 Protection Control for All Operations

### 15.1.1 Restart Control (Time Delay Safety Control)

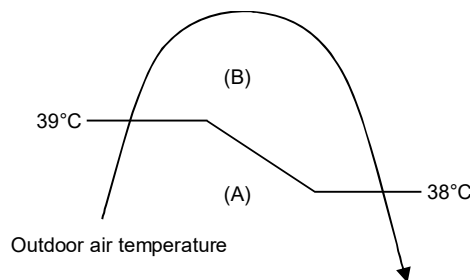
- The Compressor will not turn on within 3 minutes from the moment operation stops, although the unit is turned on again by pressing OFF/ON button at remote control within this period.
- This control is not applicable if the power supply is cut off and on again.
- This phenomenon is to balance the pressure inside the refrigerant cycle.

### 15.1.2 Total Running Current

- 1 When the outdoor unit total running current (AC) exceeds X value, the frequency instructed for compressor operation will be decreased.
- 2 If the running current does not exceed X value for 5 seconds, the frequency instructed will be increased.
- 3 However, if total outdoor unit running current exceeds Y value, compressor will be stopped immediately for 3 minutes.

Model	BZ/UZ25CKE		BZ/UZ35CKE		BZ/UZ50CKE		BZ60CKE	
Operation Mode	X (A)	Y (A)	X (A)	Y (A)	X (A)	Y (A)	X (A)	Y (A)
Cooling / Soft Dry (A)	4.69	15.03	7.33	15.03	10.41	14.66	11.41	14.66
Cooling / Soft Dry (B)	4.11		6.89		9.87		10.95	
Cooling / Soft Dry (C)	4.11		6.89		9.87		10.95	
Heating	4.18		5.43		10.05		11.13	

- 4 The first 30 minutes of cooling operation, (A) will be applied.

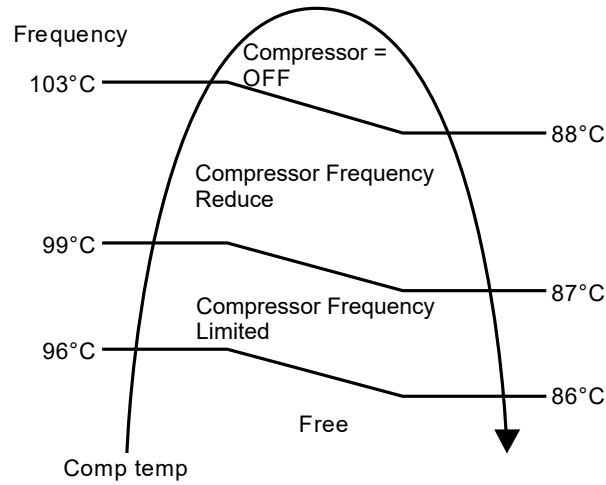


### 15.1.3 IPM (Power transistor) Prevention Control

- Overheating Prevention Control
  - 1 When the IPM temperature rises to 120°C, compressor operation will stop immediately.
  - 2 Compressor operation restarts after 3 minutes the temperature decreases to 110°C.
  - 3 If this condition repeats continuously 4 times within 20 minutes, timer LED will be blinking ("F96" is indicated).
- DC Peak Current Control
  - 1 When electric current to IPM exceeds set value, the compressor will stop operate.
  - 2 If the set value is exceeded again more than 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after 3 minute.
  - 3 If the set value exceeded again within 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after 1 minute. If this condition repeats continuously for 7 times, all indoor and outdoor relays will be cut off, timer LED will be blinking ("F99" is indicated).

### 15.1.4 Compressor Overheating Prevention Control

- Instructed frequency for compressor operation will be regulated by compressor discharge temperature. The changes of frequency are as below.
- If compressor discharge temperature exceeds 103°C, compressor will be stopped, occurs 4 times per 20 minutes, timer LED will be blinking. ("F97" is indicated.)



### 15.1.5 Low Pressure Prevention Control (Gas Leakage Detection)

- Control start conditions
  - For 5 minutes, the compressor continuously operates and outdoor total current is between 0.29A and 0.44A (BZ25/35CKE), between 0.36A and 0.54A (BZ50/60CKE).
  - During Cooling and Soft Dry operations: Indoor suction temperature - indoor piping temperature is below 4°C.
  - During Heating operations : Indoor piping temperature - indoor suction is under 5°C.
- Control contents
  - Compressor stops (and restart after 3 minutes).
  - If the conditions above happen 2 times within 20 minutes, the unit will:
    - Stop operation
    - Timer LED blinks and "F91" indicated.

### 15.1.6 Low Frequency Protection Control 1

- When the compressor operate at frequency lower than 24 Hz continued for 20 minutes, the operation frequency will be changed to 23 Hz for 2 minutes.

### 15.1.7 Low Frequency Protection Control 2

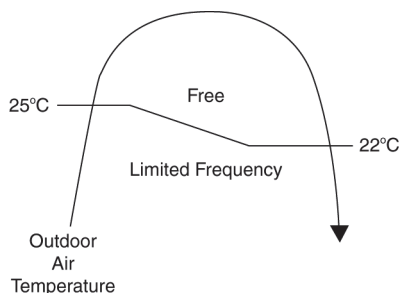
- When all the below conditions comply, the compressor frequency will change to lower frequency.

Temperature, T, for:	Cooling/Soft Dry	Heating
Indoor intake air (°C)	T < 14 or T ≥ 30	T < 14 or T ≥ 28
Outdoor air (°C)	T < 13 or T ≥ 38	T < 4 or T ≥ 24
Indoor heat exchanger (°C)	T < 30	T ≥ 0

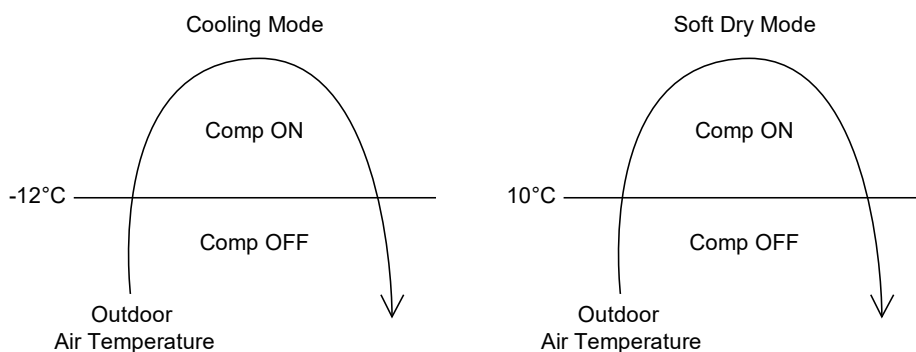
## 15.2 Protection Control for Cooling & Soft Dry Operation

### 15.2.1 Outdoor Air Temperature Control

- The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to the outdoor air temperature as shown in the diagram below.
- This control will begin 1 minute after the compressor starts.
- Compressor frequency will adjust base on outdoor air temperature.



- The compressor will be stopped to avoid compressor overloading.



### 15.2.2 Cooling Overload Control

- Detects the Outdoor pipe temperature and carry out below restriction/limitation (Limit the compressor Operation frequency).
- The compressor stop if outdoor pipe temperature exceeds 60°C.
- If the compressor stops 4 times in 20 minutes, Timer LED blinking (F95 indicated: outdoor high pressure rise protection).

### 15.2.3 Freeze Prevention Control 1

- When indoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than 0°C continuously for 6 minutes, compressor will stop operating.
- Compressor will resume its operation 3 minutes after the indoor heat exchanger is higher than 5°C.
- At the same time, indoor fan speed will be higher than during its normal operation.
- If indoor heat exchanger temperature is higher than 13°C, the fan speed will return to its normal operation.

### 15.2.4 Freeze Prevention Control 2

- Control start conditions
  - During Cooling operation and soft dry operation
    - During thermo OFF condition, indoor intake temperature is less than 10°C or
    - Compressor stops for freeze prevention control
  - Either one of the conditions above occurs 5 times in 60 minutes.
- Control contents
  - Operation stops
  - Timer LED blinks and “H99” indicated

### 15.2.5 Dew Prevention Control 1

- To prevent dew formation at indoor unit discharge area.
- This control will be activated if:
  - Outdoor air temperature and Indoor pipe temperature judgment by microcontroller is fulfilled.
  - When Cooling or Dry mode is operated more than 20 minutes or more.
- This control stopped if:
  - Compressor stopped.
  - Remote control setting changed (fan speed / temperature).
  - Outdoor air temperature and indoor intake temperature changed.
- Fan speed will be adjusted accordingly in this control.

### 15.2.6 Odor Cut Control

- To reduce the odor released from the unit.
  - Start Condition
    - AUTO FAN Speed is selected during COOL or DRY operation.
    - During freeze prevention control and timer preliminary operation, this control is not applicable.
  - Control content
    - Depends on compressor conditions:
      1. Compressor OFF → Compressor ON.  
The indoor unit fan stops temporarily and then starts to blow at minimum airflow for 30 seconds.
      2. Compressor ON → Compressor OFF.  
The indoor unit fan stops for 90 seconds and then blows at minimum airflow for 20 seconds.

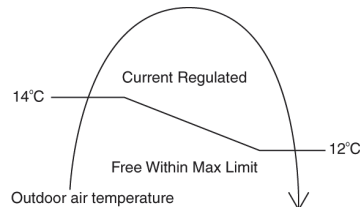
## 15.3 Protection Control for Heating Operation

### 15.3.1 Intake Air Temperature Control

Compressor will operate at limited freq., if indoor intake air temperature is 30°C or above.

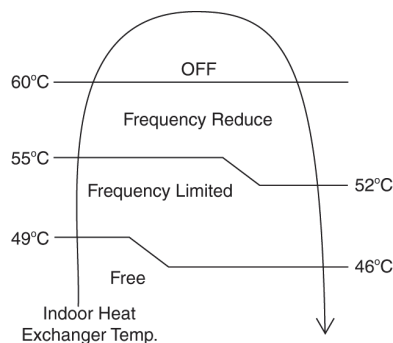
### 15.3.2 Outdoor Air Temperature Control

- The Max current value is regulated when the outdoor air temperature rise above 14°C in order to avoid compressor overloading.



### 15.3.3 Overload Protection Control

- The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to indoor heat exchanger temperature as shown below.
- If the heat exchanger temperature exceeds 60°C, compressor will stop.



### 15.3.4 Low Temperature Compressor Oil Return Control

- In heating operation, if the outdoor temperature falls below -10°C when compressor starts, the compressor frequency will be regulated up to 600 seconds.

### **15.3.5 Cold Draught Prevention Control**

- When indoor pipe temperature is low, cold draught operation starts where indoor fan speed will be reduced.

### **15.3.6 Deice Operation**

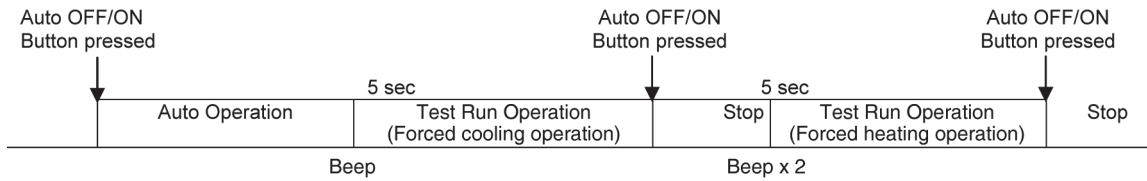
- When outdoor pipe temperature and outdoor air temperature is low, deice operation start where indoor fan motor and outdoor fan motor stop and operation LED blinks.

### **15.3.7 Low Pressure Protection Control**

- During low ambient heating operation, if the pipe temperature drops below  $-22^{\circ}\text{C}$ , the max frequency will be reduced and limited.
- If it does not rises after 3 minutes, the compressor will stop.
- The compressor will start again if the pipe temperature rises above  $-18^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

# 16. Servicing Mode

## 16.1 Auto OFF/ON Button



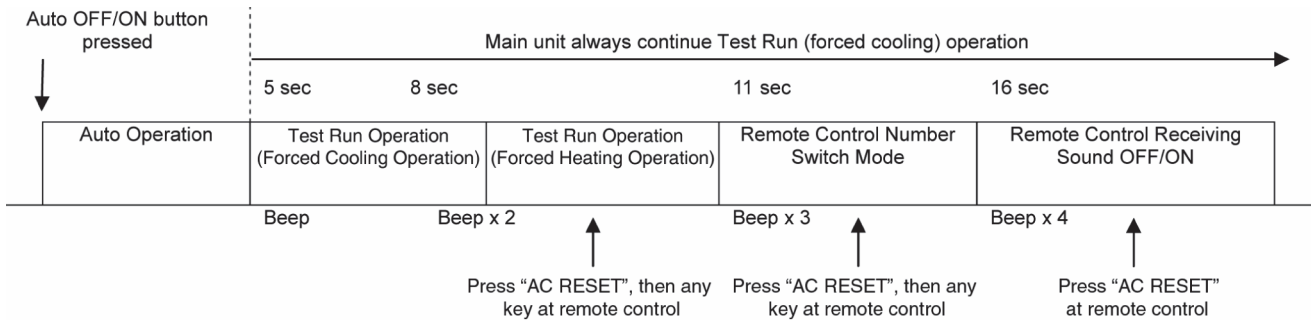
### 1 AUTO OPERATION MODE

The Auto operation will be activated immediately once the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed. This operation can be used to operate air conditioner with limited function if remote control is misplaced or malfunction.

### 2 TEST RUN OPERATION (FOR PUMP DOWN/SERVICING PURPOSE)

The Test Run operation will be activated if the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed continuously for more than 5 seconds. A “beep” sound will heard at the fifth seconds, in order to identify the starting of Test Run operation (Forced cooling operation). Within 5 minutes after Forced cooling operation start, the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed for more than 5 seconds. A 2 “beep” sounds will heard at the fifth seconds, in order to identify the starting of Forced heating operation.

The Auto OFF/ON button may be used together with remote control to set / change the advance setting of air conditioner operation.



### 3 REMOTE CONTROL NUMBER SWITCH MODE

The Remote Control Number Switch Mode will be activated if the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed continuously for more than 11 seconds (3 “beep” sounds will occur at 11th seconds to identify the Remote Control Number Switch Mode is in standby condition) and press “AC RESET” button and then press any button at remote control to transmit and store the desired transmission code to the EEPROM.

There are 4 types of remote control transmission code could be selected and stored in EEPROM of indoor unit. The indoor unit will only operate when received signal with same transmission code from remote control. This could prevent signal interference when there are 2 or more indoor units installed nearby together. To change remote control transmission code, short or open jumpers at the remote control printed circuit board.

Remote Control Printed Circuit Board		
Jumper A (JA)	Jumper B (JB)	Remote Control No.
Short	Open	A (Default)
Open	Open	B
Short	Short	C
Open	Short	D

- During Remote Control Number Switch Mode, press any button at remote control to transmit and store the transmission code to the EEPROM.

#### 4 REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVING SOUND OFF/ON MODE

The Remote Control Receiving Sound OFF/ON Mode will be activated if the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed continuously for more than 16 seconds (4 “beep” sounds will occur at 16th seconds to identify the Remote Control Receiving Sound Off/On Mode is in standby condition) and press “AC Reset” button at remote control.






Press “Auto OFF/ON button” to toggle remote control receiving sound.

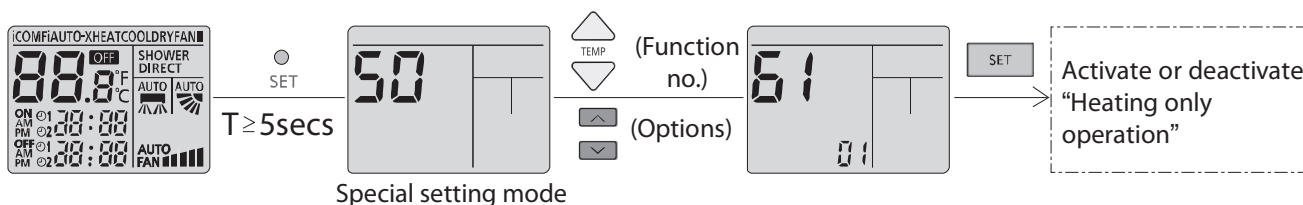
- Short “beep”: Turn OFF remote control receiving sound.
- Long “beep”: Turn ON remote control receiving sound.

After Auto OFF/ON Button is pressed, the 20 seconds counter for Remote Control Receiving Sound OFF/ON Mode is restarted.

## 16.2 Heat Only Operation

### 16.2.1 How to Activate/Deactivate Heat only Operation

- Use remote controller to set heating only operation. When the unit in standby mode, follow the steps below:
  - a) Press  continuously for more than 5 seconds to enter special setting mode.
  - b) Press  to choose function 61, and then press  or  to set “01”. (To enable the “Heat Only” mode) or “00” (To disable the “Heat Only” mode).
  - c) Press  to activate “Heating only operation” or deactivate “Heating only operation”.



### 16.2.2 Operation mode during Heating only Operation

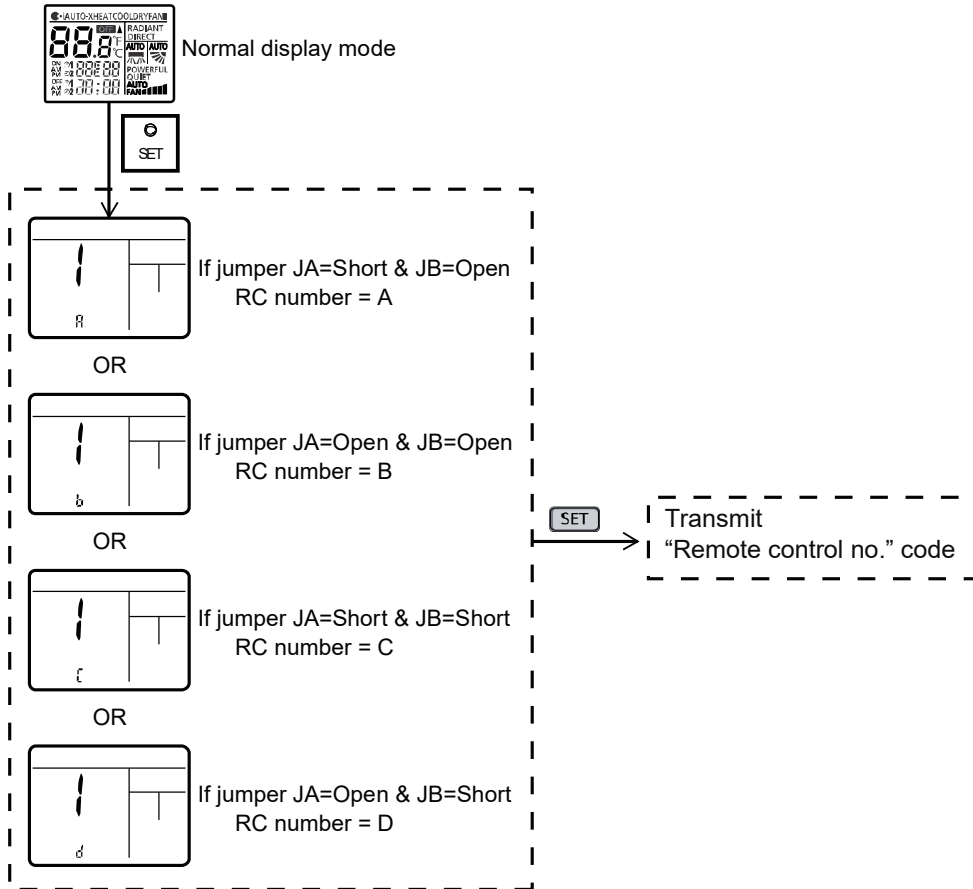
- The table below shows the operation mode comparison when Heating Only Operation Mode Activated and Deactivated.

Operation Mode	Heating Only Operation Mode Activated	Heating Only Operation Mode Deactivated
AUTO	After 30s sampling, regardless of the indoor intake or outdoor intake temperature judgment, the unit will run Heating operation.	After 30s sampling, the unit will judge the operation mode base on remote controller temperature setting and Indoor Intake Sensor (New Auto Mode) or Outdoor Intake Sensor (Old Auto Mode).
HEAT	The unit will run Heating operation.	The unit will run Heating operation.
COOL	The unit will stop and Power LED blinking.	The unit will run Cooling operation.
DRY	The unit will stop and Power LED blinking.	The unit will run Cooling Dry operation.
NANO-E-G Stand-alone	The unit will stop and Power LED blinking.	The unit will run Nanoe-G Stand-alone operation.
Force Cooling	The unit will run Force Cooling Operation for X_CTRYTM [15] minutes	The unit will run Force Cooling operation.
Force Heating	The unit will run Force Heating operation.	The unit will run Force Heating operation.
AUTO (with Timer)	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Auto Operation. After 30s sampling, regardless of the indoor intake or outdoor intake temperature judgment, the unit will run Heating operation.	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Auto Operation. After 30s sampling, the unit will judge the operation mode base on remote controller temperature setting and Indoor Intake Sensor (New Auto Mode) or Outdoor Intake Sensor (Old Auto Mode).
HEAT (with Timer)	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Heating Operation.	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Heating Operation.
COOL (with Timer)	The unit will not turn ON by the timer. Power LED blinking.	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Cooling Operation.
DRY (with Timer)	The unit will not turn ON by the timer. Power LED blinking.	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Cooling Dry Operation.
Cooling Test Mode	The unit will stop and Power LED blinking.	The unit will operate according to specify Cooling test mode operation parameter.
Heating Test Mode	The unit will operate according to specify Heating test mode operation parameter.	The unit will operate according to specify Heating test mode operation parameter.

## 16.3 Remote Control Button

### 16.3.1 SET Button

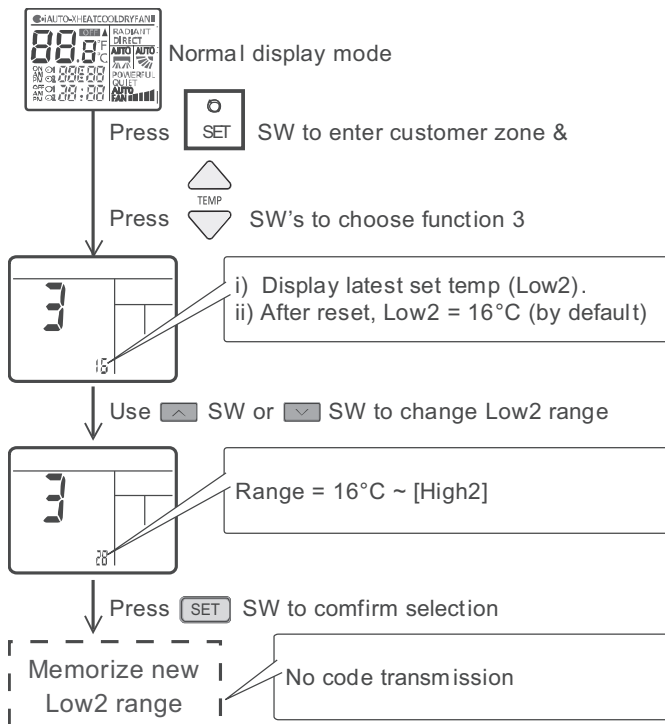
- To check remote control transmission code and store the transmission code to EEPROM.
  - Press “Set” button by using pointer.
  - Press “Timer Set” button until a “beep” sound is heard as confirmation of transmission code change.
  - LCD returns to original display if remote control does not operate for 30 seconds.



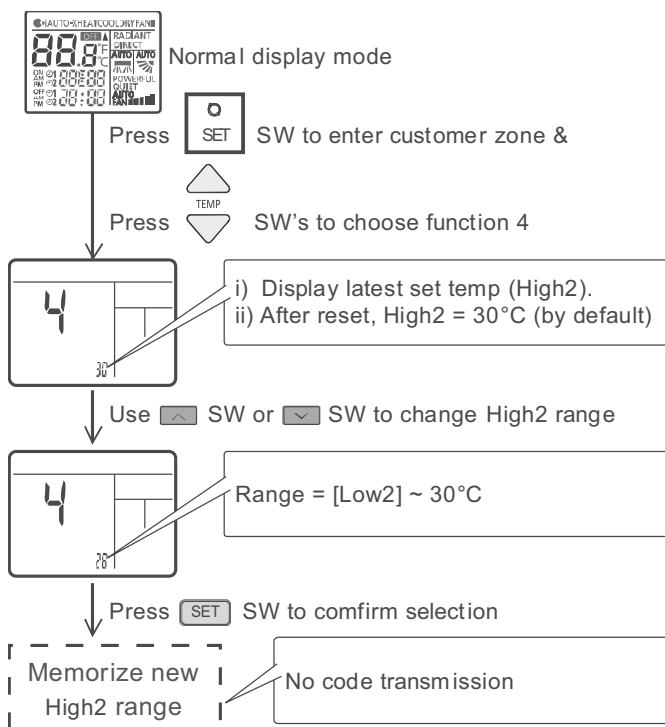
- Press **CANCEL** SW, special setting is immediately cancelled and normal mode starts.
- If no SW is pressed for 30 secs, then special setting mode is cancelled and normal mode starts.

- Under this function, only  ,  , **SET** , **CANCEL** and  SW's are effective.

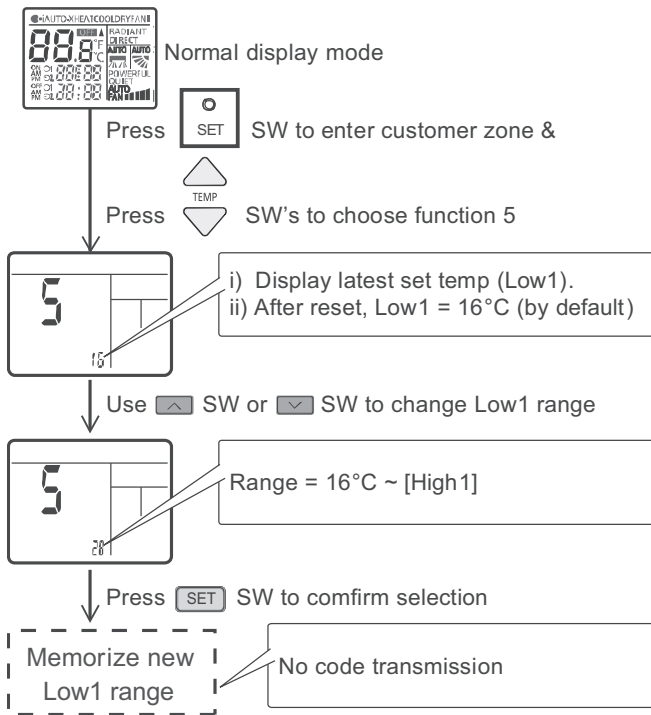
- To limit set temperature range for COOL & DRY, HEAT, AUTO mode.
  - Press “Set” button by using pointer.
  - Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 3.
  - Press Timer increment or decrement button to select desired temperature low limit of set temperature for COOL & DRY mode.



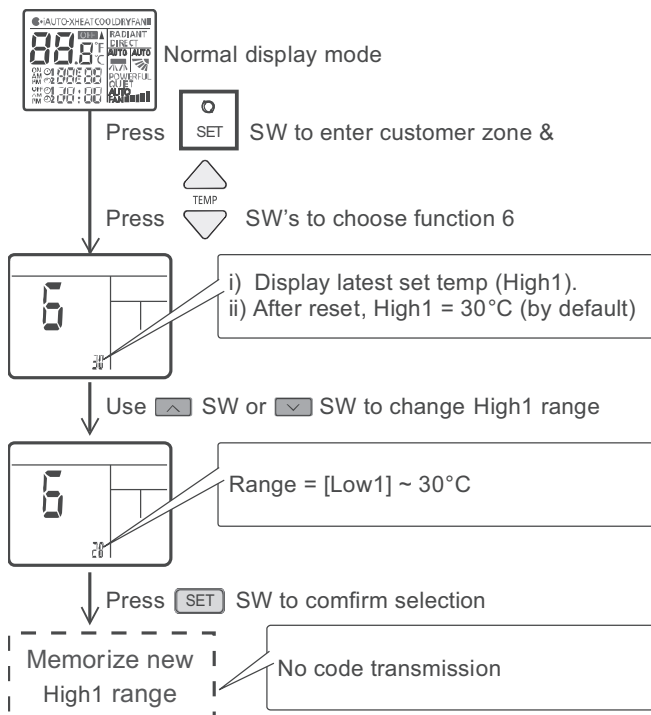
- Press Timer Set button to confirm low limit selection.
- Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 4.
- Press Timer decrement or increment button to select desired temperature high limit of set temperature for COOL & DRY mode.



- Press Timer Set button to confirm high limit selection.
- Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 5.
- Press Timer increment or decrement button to select desired temperature low limit of set temperature for HEAT mode.

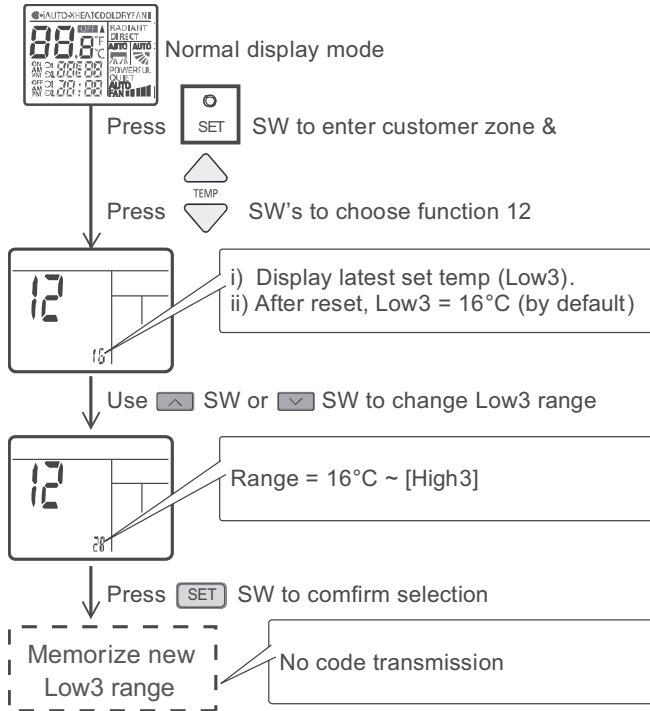


- Press Timer Set button to confirm low limit selection.
- Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 6.
- Press Timer decrement or increment button to select desired temperature high limit of set temperature for HEAT mode.

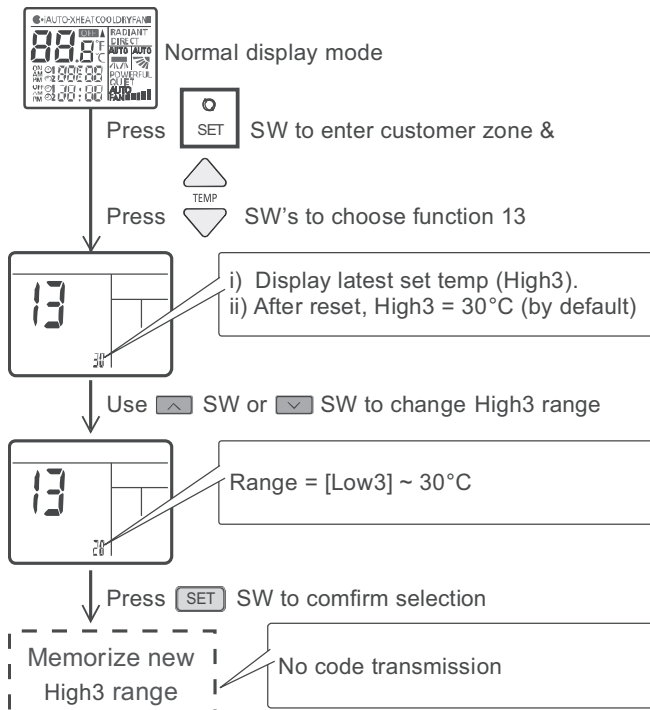


- Press Timer Set button to confirm high limit selection.

- Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 12.
- Press Timer increment or decrement button to select desired temperature low limit of set temperature for AUTO mode.



- Press Timer Set button to confirm low limit selection.
- Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 13.
- Press Timer decrement or increment button to select desired temperature high limit of set temperature for AUTO mode.



- Press Timer Set button to confirm high limit selection.
- LCD returns to original display if remote control does not operate for 30 seconds or press Timer Cancel button.

### 16.3.2 RESET (RC)

- To clear and restore the remote control setting to factory default.
  - Press once to clear the memory.

### 16.3.3 RESET (AC)

- To restore the unit's setting to factory default.
  - Press once to restore the unit's setting.

### 16.3.4 TIMER

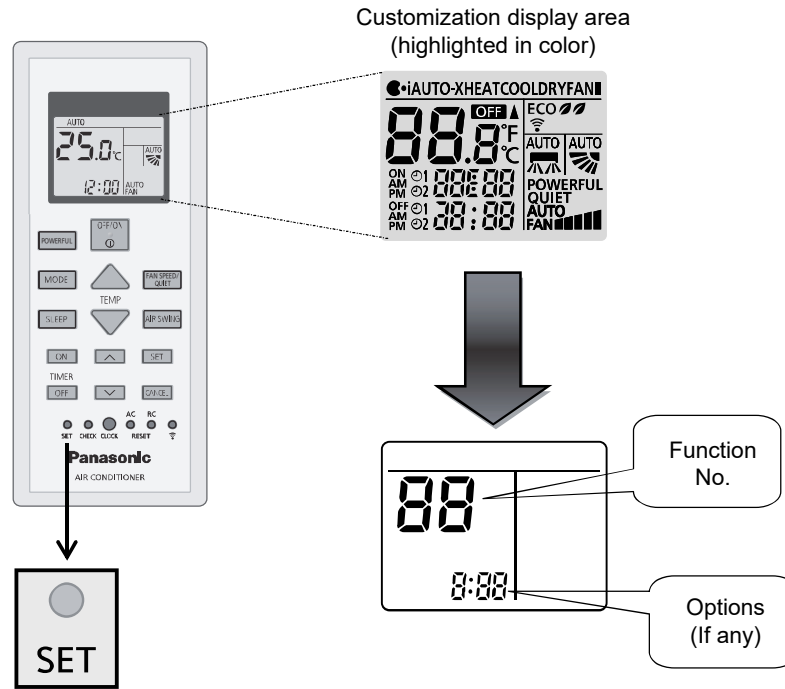
- To change indoor unit indicator's LED intensity.
  - Press continuously for 5 seconds.

### 16.3.5 TIMER

- To change remote control display from Degree Celsius (°C) to Degree Fahrenheit (°F).
  - Press continuously for 10 seconds.

## 16.3.6 Customization Mode

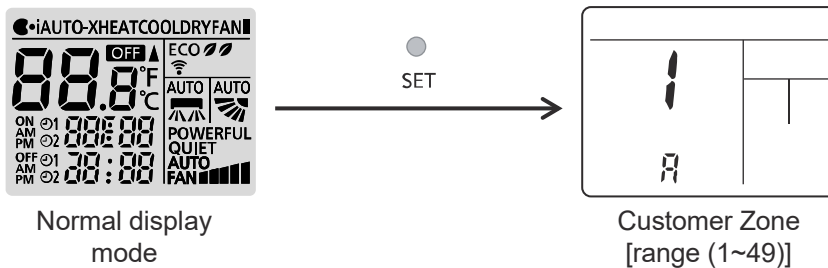
### 1 LCD display area:



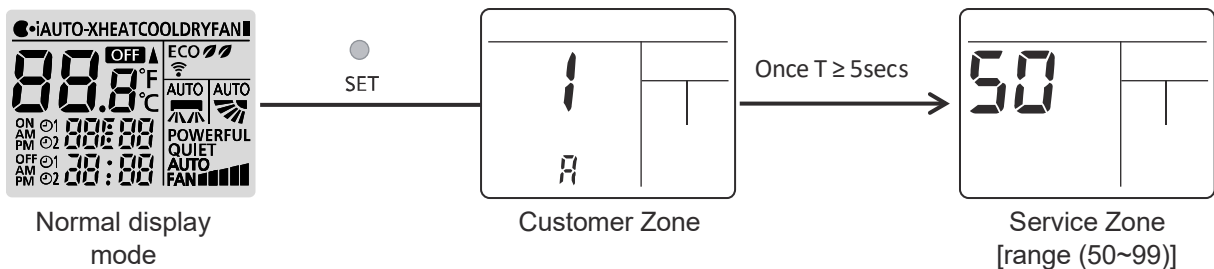
### 2 Cannot enter this customization mode under the following conditions:

- ① Operation ON.
- ② Under [Real/ON/OFF] time setting mode.

### 3 To enter Customer zone:



### 4 To enter Service zone: (Press SET continuously for T ≥ 5 secs)



5 Customization list table:

Note: The functions described in the table may not be applicable to the model and may subject to change without further notice.

		Customization		Options	Remark
No	Name				
Customer Zone	1	Remote control number selection		A, B, C, D	
	2	Solar radiation sensitivity level adjustment		1, 2, 3, 4, 5	
	3	[iAUTO-X/iAUTO/iCOMF, Cool & Dry] mode set temperature [Low2] selection		16°C ~ [High2]	
	4	[iAUTO-X/iAUTO/iCOMF, Cool & Dry] mode set temperature [High2] selection		[Low2] ~ 30°C	
	5	Heat mode set temperature Low1 selection		16°C ~ [High1]	
	6	Heat mode set temperature High1 selection		[Low1] ~ 30°C	
	7	Filter cleaning selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	8	nanoe/nanoe-G default ON selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	9	Dust sensor monitoring & LED selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	10	Auto restart selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	11	Dust sensor sensitivity level adjustment		1, 2, 3	
	12	Auto mode set temperature Low3 selection		16°C ~ [High3]	
	13	Auto mode set temperature High3 selection		[Low3] ~ 30°C	
	14	Indoor unit installation position selection		ct – Center lt – Left rt – Right	
	15	ECO status memorize selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	16	Dust sensor sensitivity level adjustment		1 – Low 2 – Standard 3 – High	
	17	Gas sensor sensitivity level adjustment		1 – Low 2 – Standard 3 – High	
	18	Display LED & monitoring function selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	19 ~ 49	Reserve			
Service Zone	50	ECO / IAQ demo ON		None (No display)	
	51	Light sensor check		None (No display)	
	52	nanoe-G / ECO sensor check		None (No display)	
	53	DOA check		None (No display)	
	54	Odor cut control selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	55	Frequency tolerance selection		03 – ±3Hz 07 – ±7Hz	
	56	Fixed fan speed selection during heat mode compressor OFF		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	57	nanoe check		None (No display)	
	58	Heat mode thermo shift adjustment		-3°C ~ 3°C	
	59	Others (Cool & Dry) mode thermo shift adjustment		-3°C ~ 3°C	
	60	Deice start determination judgement temperature switching		00 – No 01 – Yes	
	61	Cool mode disable selection		00 – No 01 – Yes	
	62	Heat mode disable selection		00 – No 01 – Yes	
	63	Base pan heater selection		A – Base pan A b – Base pan B	

		Customization		Options	Remark
No	Name				
Service Zone	64	Disable fan speed reduction during cool mode thermo-Off		00 – No 01 – Yes	
	65	LED smart OFF selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	66	nanoe-G ON/OFF duration selection		01 – Pattern 1 02 – Pattern 2 03 – Pattern 3 04 – Pattern 4	
	67	Operation OFF deice function selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	68	Compressor frequency change speed selection		01 – Pattern 1 02 – Pattern 2 03 – Pattern 3	
	69	Up/Down air swing upper limit restriction selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	70	Failure diagnosis mode disable		None (No display)	
	71	Compressor Fhmax setting selection		01 – Offset 1 02 – Offset 2 03 – Offset 3	
	72	Compressor Max Fc setting selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	73	Indoor fan speed reduction selection		00 – Level 0 01 – Level 1 02 – Level 2	
	74	Auto mode judgement selection		00 – Room temp. 01 – Outdoor temp.	
	75	Auto turn ON nanoe follow IAQ LED colour selection		00 – Disable 01 – Enable	
	76 ~ 99	Reserve			

# 17. Troubleshooting Guide

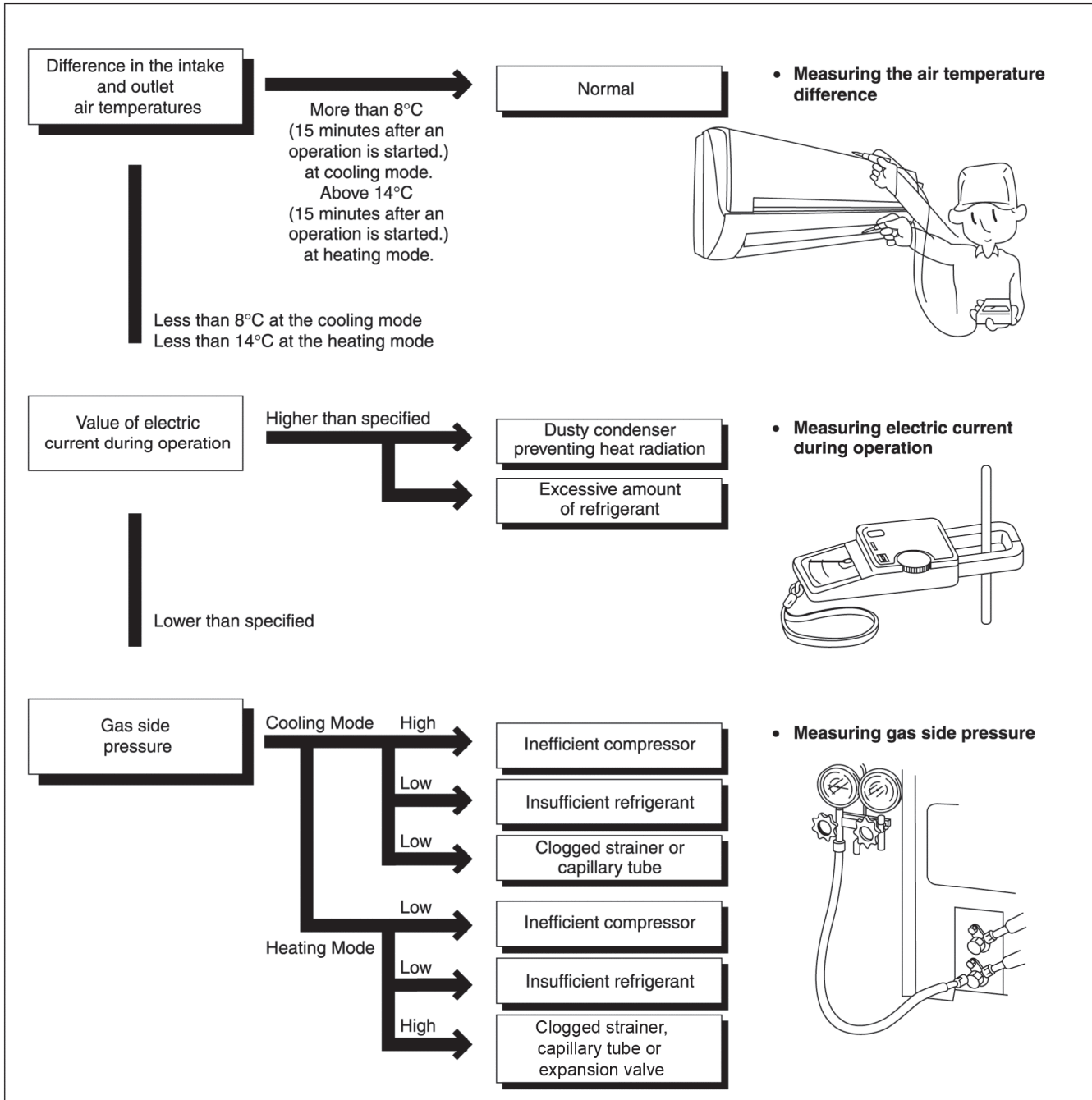
## 17.1 Refrigeration Cycle System

In order to diagnose malfunctions, make sure that there are no electrical problems before inspecting the refrigeration cycle. Such problems include insufficient insulation, problem with the power source, malfunction of a compressor and a fan. The normal outlet air temperature and pressure of the refrigeration cycle depends on various conditions, the standard values for them are shown in the table on the right.

Normal Pressure and Outlet Air Temperature (Standard)

	Gas pressure MPa (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> G)	Outlet air temperature (°C)
Cooling Mode	0.9 ~ 1.2 (9 ~ 12)	13 ~ 17
Heating Mode	2.0 ~ 2.7 (20 ~ 27)	32 ~ 42

- \*Condition:
- Indoor fan speed = High
  - Outdoor temperature 35°C at the cooling mode and 7°C at the heating mode
  - Compressor operates at rated frequency



## 17.2 Relationship Between the Condition of the Air Conditioner and Pressure and Electric Current

Condition of the air conditioner	Cooling Mode			Heating Mode		
	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Electric current during operation	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Electric current during operation
Insufficient refrigerant (gas leakage)	↘	↘	↘	↘	↘	↘
Clogged capillary tube, expansion valve or Strainer	↘	↘	↘	↗	↗	↗
Short circuit in the indoor unit	↘	↘	↘	↗	↗	↗
Heat radiation deficiency of the outdoor unit	↗	↗	↗	↘	↘	↘
Inefficient compression	↗	↘	↘	↗	↘	↘

- Carry out the measurements of pressure, electric current, and temperature fifteen minutes after an operation is started.

## 17.3 Breakdown Self Diagnosis Function

### 17.3.1 Self Diagnosis Function (Three Digits Alphanumeric Code)

- Once abnormality has occurred during operation, the unit will stop its operation, and Timer LEDs blink.
  - Although Timer LED goes off when power supply is turned off, if the unit is operated under a breakdown condition, the LED will light up again.
  - In operation after breakdown repair, the Timer LED will no more blink. The last error code (abnormality) will be stored in IC memory.
- Every press of the button (up or down) will increase abnormality numbers and transmit abnormality code signal to the main unit.
  - When the latest abnormality code on the main unit and code transmitted from the remote controller are matched, power LED will light up for 30 seconds and a beep sound (continuously for 4 seconds) will be heard. If no codes are matched, power LED will light up for 0.5 seconds and no sound will be heard.

### 17.3.2 To Make a Diagnosis

- Timer LED start to blink and the unit automatically stops the operation.
- Press the CHECK button on the remote controller continuously for 5 seconds.
- "- -" will be displayed on the remote controller display.  
Note: Display only for "- -". (No transmitting signal, no receiving sound and no Power LED blinking.)
- Press the "TIMER" ▲ or ▼ button on the remote controller. The code "H00" (no abnormality) will be displayed and signal will be transmitted to the main unit.
- Every press of the button (up or down) will increase abnormality numbers and transmit abnormality code signal to the main unit.
- When the latest abnormality code on the main unit and code transmitted from the remote controller are matched, power LED will light up for 30 seconds and a beep sound (continuously for 4 seconds) will be heard. If no codes are matched, power LED will light up for 0.5 seconds and no sound will be heard.
- The breakdown diagnosis mode will be canceled by pressing the CHECK button continuously for 5 seconds or without any operation the remote control for 30 seconds.
- The LED will be off if the unit is turned off or the RESET button on the main unit is pressed.

### 17.3.3 To Display Memorized Error Code (Protective Operation) status:

- Turn power on.
- Press the CHECK button on the remote controller continuously for 5 seconds.
- "- -" will be displayed on the remote controller display.  
Note: Display only for "- -". (No transmitting signal, no receiving sound and no Power LED blinking.)
- Press the "TIMER" ▲ or ▼ button on the remote controller. The code "H00" (no abnormality) will be displayed and signal will be transmitted to the main unit. The power LED lights up. If no abnormality is stored in the memory, three beeps sound will be heard.

- The breakdown diagnosis mode will be canceled unless pressing the CHECK button continuously for 5 seconds or operating the unit for 30 seconds.
- The same diagnosis can be repeated by turning power on again.



### 17.3.4 To Clear Memorized Error (Protective Operation) Status after Repair:

- Turn power on (in standby condition).
- Press the AUTO button for 5 seconds (A beep receiving sound) on the main unit to operate the unit at Forced Cooling Operation mode.
- Press the CHECK button on the remote controller for about 1 second with a pointed object to transmit signal to main unit. A beep sound is heard from main unit and the data is cleared.

### 17.3.5 Temporary Operation (Depending On Breakdown Status)

- Press the AUTO button (A beep receiving sound) on the main unit to operate the unit. (Remote control will become possible.)
- The unit can temporarily be used until repaired.

Error Code	Operation	Temporary items
H23	Cooling	Emergency Operation with limited power
H27, H28	Cooling, Heating	
H26	Cooling, Heating	

## 17.4 Error Codes Table

Diagnosis display	Abnormality / Protection control	Abnormality Judgment	Protection Operation	Problem	Check location
H00	No memory of failure	—	Normal operation	—	—
H11	Indoor/outdoor abnormal communication	After operation for 1 minute	Indoor fan only operation can start by entering into force cooling operation	Indoor/outdoor communication not establish	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indoor/outdoor wire terminal</li> <li>Indoor/outdoor PCB</li> <li>Indoor/outdoor connection wire</li> </ul>
H12	Indoor unit capacity unmatched	90s after power supply	—	Total indoor capability more than maximum limit or less than minimum limit, or number of indoor unit less than two	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indoor/outdoor connection wire</li> <li>Indoor/outdoor PCB</li> <li>Specification and combination table in catalogue</li> </ul>
H14	Indoor intake air temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	Indoor intake air temperature sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indoor intake air temperature sensor lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H15	Compressor temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	Compressor temperature sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compressor temperature sensor lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H16	Outdoor current transformer (CT) abnormality	—	—	Current transformer faulty or compressor faulty	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outdoor PCB faulty or compressor faulty</li> </ul>
H19	Indoor fan motor mechanism lock	Continuous happen for 7 times	—	Indoor fan motor lock or feedback abnormal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fan motor lead wire and connector</li> <li>Fan motor lock or block</li> </ul>
H23	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H24	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H25	Indoor ion device abnormality	Port is ON for 10s during ion device off	—	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ion device PCB</li> </ul>
H27	Outdoor air temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	Outdoor air temperature sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outdoor air temperature sensor lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H28	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 1 abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 1 open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 1 lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H30	Outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	Outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H32	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 abnormality	Continuous for 5s	—	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H33	Indoor / outdoor misconnection abnormality	—	—	Indoor and outdoor rated voltage different	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indoor and outdoor units check</li> </ul>
H34	Outdoor heat sink temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 2s	—	Outdoor heat sink temperature sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outdoor heat sink sensor</li> </ul>
H36	Outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	Heating protection operation only	Outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H37	Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	Cooling protection operation only	Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H38	Indoor/Outdoor mismatch (brand code)	—	—	Brand code not match	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check indoor unit and outdoor unit</li> </ul>

Diagnosis display	Abnormality / Protection control	Abnormality Judgment	Protection Operation	Problem	Check location
H39	Abnormal indoor operating unit or standby units	3 times happen within 40 minutes	—	Wrong wiring and connecting pipe, expansion valve abnormality, indoor heat exchanger sensor open circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check indoor/outdoor connection wire and connection pipe</li> <li>• Indoor heat exchanger sensor lead wire and connector</li> <li>• Expansion valve and lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H41	Abnormal wiring or piping connection	—	—	Wrong wiring and connecting pipe, expansion valve abnormality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check indoor/outdoor connection wire and connection pipe</li> <li>• Expansion valve and lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H59	ECONAVI sensor abnormality	Continuous for 25s	—	ECONAVI sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ECONAVI sensor (defective or disconnected)</li> <li>• ECONAVI PCB</li> </ul>
H64	Outdoor high pressure sensor abnormality	Continuous for 1 minutes	—	High pressure sensor open circuit during compressor stop	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High pressure sensor</li> <li>• Lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
H67	Nanoe abnormality	Nanoe stop for 5 minutes for 3 times	—	Nanoe faulty	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PCB</li> <li>• Nanoe system</li> <li>• High voltage</li> </ul>
H70	Light sensor abnormality	Continuous for 24 hours, 15 days	—	Light sensor open or short circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Light sensor (defective or disconnected)</li> </ul>
H79	Wireless LAN module write error	—	—	Wireless LAN module (Network adaptor) faulty	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wireless LAN module (Network adaptor)</li> </ul>
H85	Abnormal communication between indoor & wireless LAN module	Communication error for 10 minutes for 3 times	—	Wireless LAN LED Off or timer LED blinking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Network adaptor</li> <li>• Router</li> <li>• Network coverage</li> </ul>
H97	Outdoor fan motor mechanism lock	2 times happen within 30 minutes	—	Outdoor fan motor lock or feedback abnormal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Outdoor fan motor lead wire and connector</li> <li>• Fan motor lock or block</li> </ul>
H98	Indoor high pressure protection	—	—	Indoor high pressure protection (Heating)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check indoor heat exchanger</li> <li>• Air filter dirty</li> <li>• Air circulation short circuit</li> </ul>
H99	Indoor operating unit freeze protection	—	—	Indoor freeze protection (Cooling)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check indoor heat exchanger</li> <li>• Air filter dirty</li> <li>• Air circulation short circuit</li> </ul>
F11	4-way valve switching abnormality	4 times happen within 30 minutes	—	4-way valve switching abnormal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4-way valve</li> <li>• Lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
F17	Indoor standby units freezing abnormality	3 times happen within 40 minutes	—	Wrong wiring and connecting pipe, expansion valve leakage, indoor heat exchanger sensor open circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check indoor/outdoor connection wire and pipe</li> <li>• Indoor heat exchanger sensor lead wire and connector</li> <li>• Expansion valve lead wire and connector</li> </ul>
F90	Power factor correction (PFC) circuit protection	4 times happen within 10 minutes	—	Power factor correction circuit abnormal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Outdoor PCB faulty</li> </ul>
F91	Refrigeration cycle abnormality	2 times happen within 20 minutes	—	Refrigeration cycle abnormal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Insufficient refrigerant or valve close</li> </ul>
F93	Compressor abnormal revolution	4 times happen within 20 minutes	—	Compressor abnormal revolution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Power transistor module faulty or compressor lock</li> </ul>
F94	Compressor discharge overshoot protection	4 times happen within 30 minutes	—	Compressor discharge pressure overshoot	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check refrigeration system</li> </ul>
F95	Outdoor cooling high pressure protection	4 times happen within 20 minutes	—	Cooling high pressure protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check refrigeration system</li> <li>• Outdoor air circuit</li> </ul>
F96	Power transistor module overheating protection	4 times happen within 30 minutes	—	Power transistor module overheat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PCB faulty</li> <li>• Outdoor air circuit (fan motor)</li> </ul>
F97	Compressor overheating protection	3 times happen within 30 minutes	—	Compressor overheat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Insufficient refrigerant</li> </ul>

<b>Diagnosis display</b>	<b>Abnormality / Protection control</b>	<b>Abnormality Judgment</b>	<b>Protection Operation</b>	<b>Problem</b>	<b>Check location</b>
F98	Total running current protection	3 times happen within 20 minutes	—	Total current protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check refrigeration system</li> <li>• Power source or compressor lock</li> </ul>
F99	Outdoor direct current (DC) peak detection	Continuous happen for 7 times	—	Power transistor module current protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Power transistor module faulty or compressor lock</li> </ul>

## 17.5 Troubleshooting Flowchart

### 17.5.1 H11 (Indoor/Outdoor Abnormal Communication)

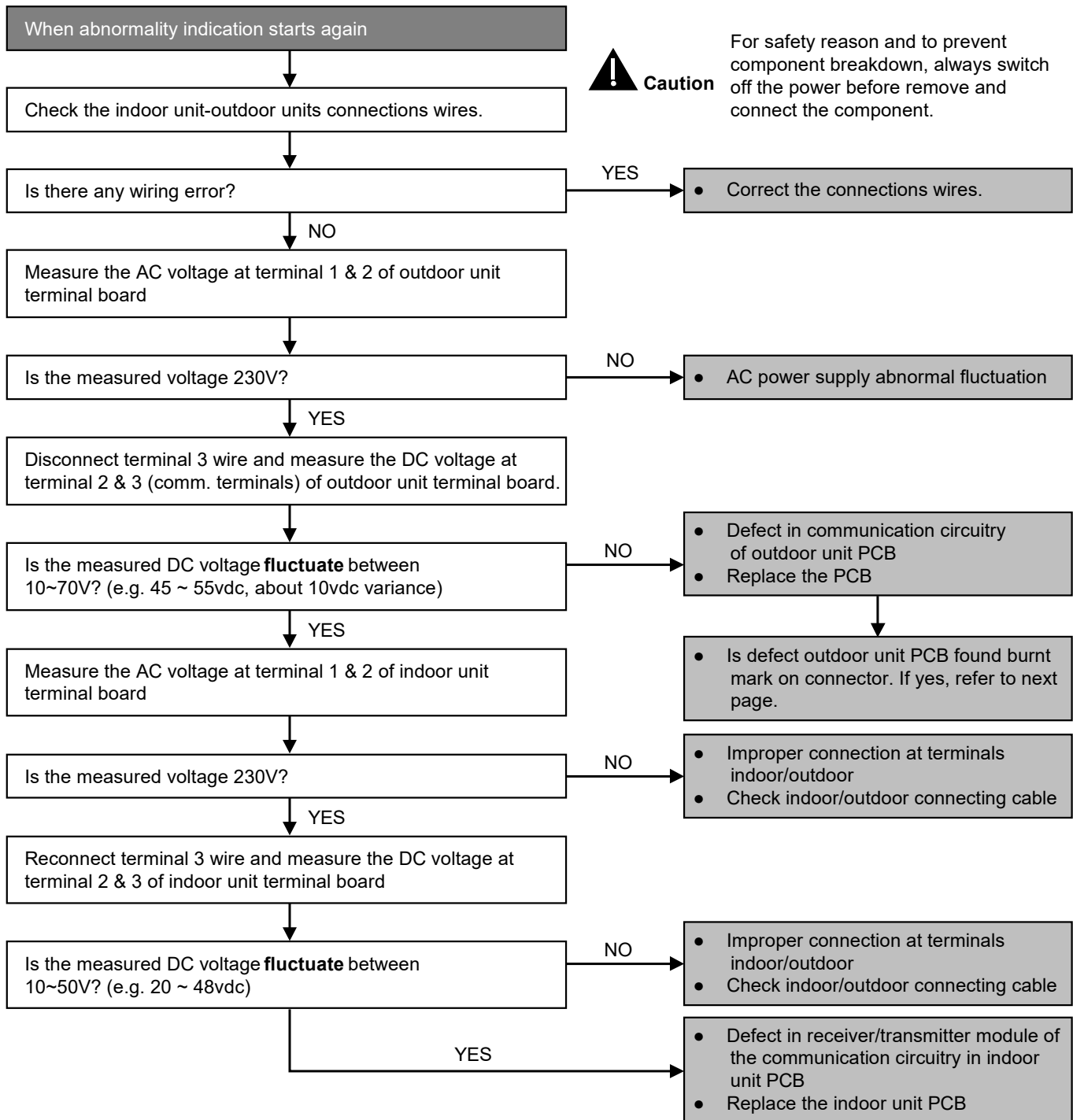
#### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the data received from outdoor unit in indoor unit signal transmission is checked whether it is normal.

#### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty indoor unit PCB.
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB.
- Indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to wrong wiring.
- Indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to breaking of wire in the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units.
- Indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to disturbed waveform.

#### Troubleshooting



**During diagnosis indoor/outdoor PCB always remove panels & check external DC components conditions and the DC component connector for burn marks on the PCB**

- The defective DC component is most likely the cause of the main PCB failure.
  - Temperature Sensor
  - V-Coil
  - DC Fan Motor
  - Air Swing Motor
  - Nanoe Generator
  - Compressor
- Check all the DC components wire for any sign of damage which might caused short circuit.
- Replace any damaged external DC components connected to indoor/outdoor PCB.
- Refer to respective model service manual wiring & electronic circuit diagrams for test results of DC components.

## 17.5.2 H12 (Indoor/Outdoor Capacity Rank Mismatched)

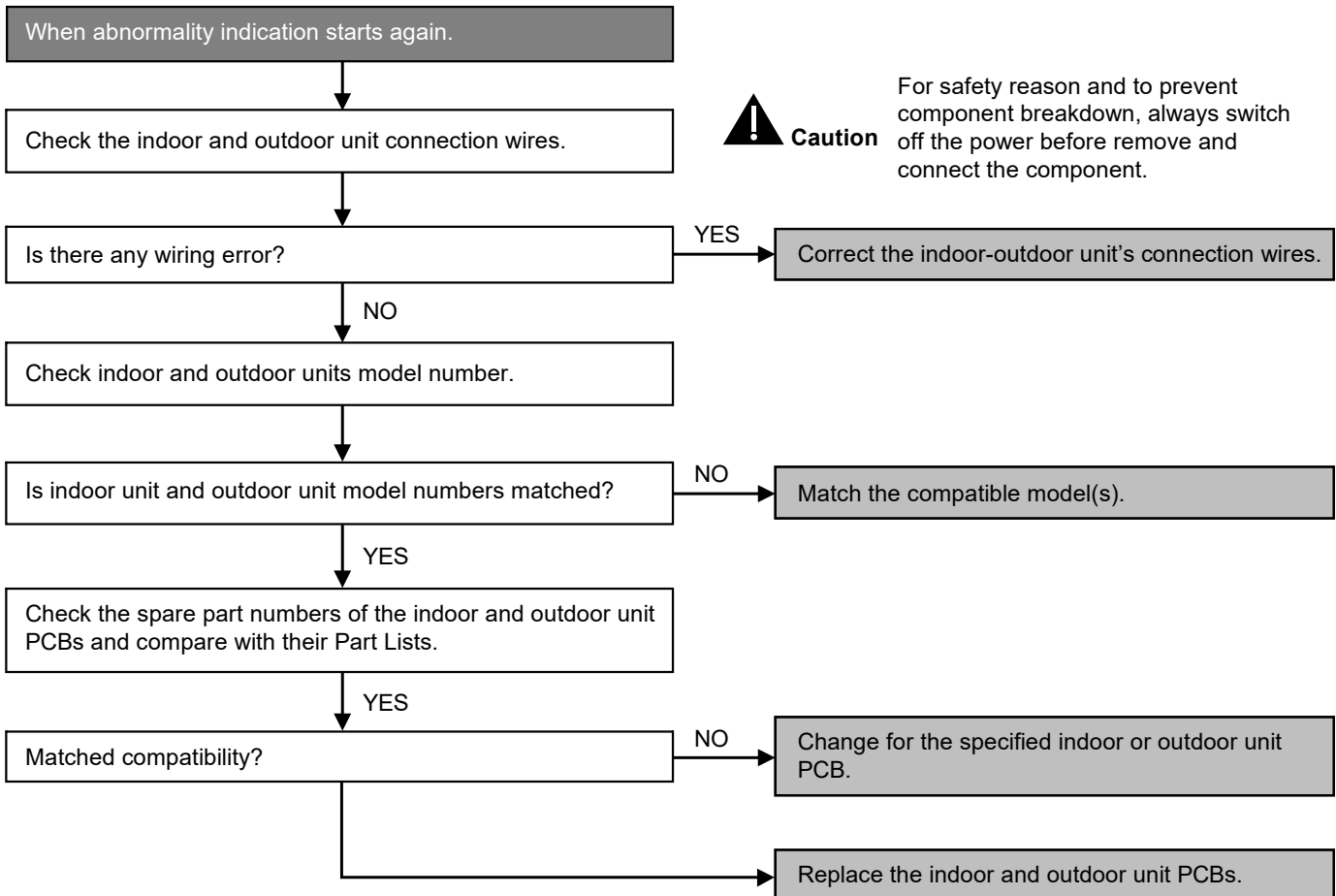
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup, error code appears when different types of indoor and outdoor units are interconnected.

### Malfunction Caused

- Wrong models interconnected.
- Wrong indoor unit or outdoor unit PCBs mounted.
- Indoor unit or outdoor unit PCBs defective.
- Indoor-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to wrong wiring.
- Indoor-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to breaking of wire 3 in the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units.

### Troubleshooting



### 17.5.3 H14 (Indoor Intake Air Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

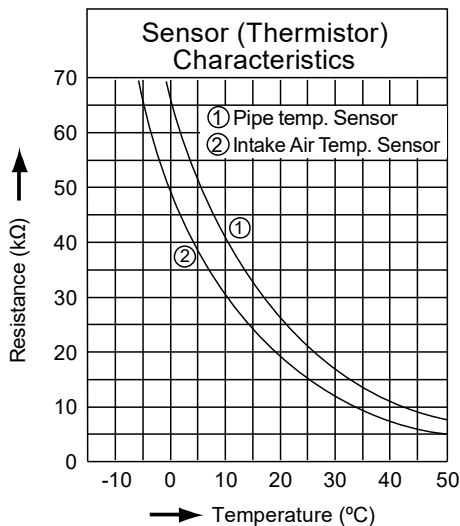
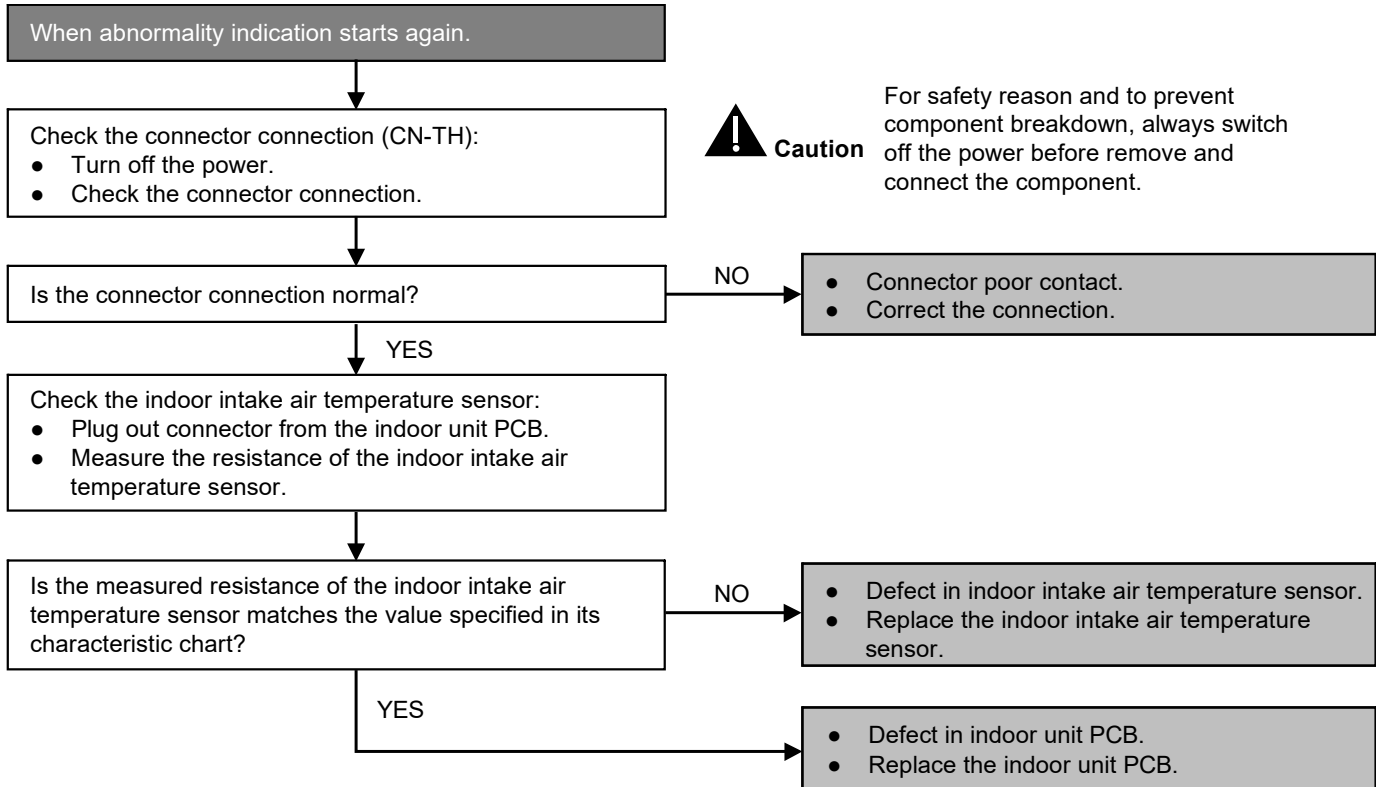
#### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the indoor intake air temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

#### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

#### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.4 H15 (Compressor Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

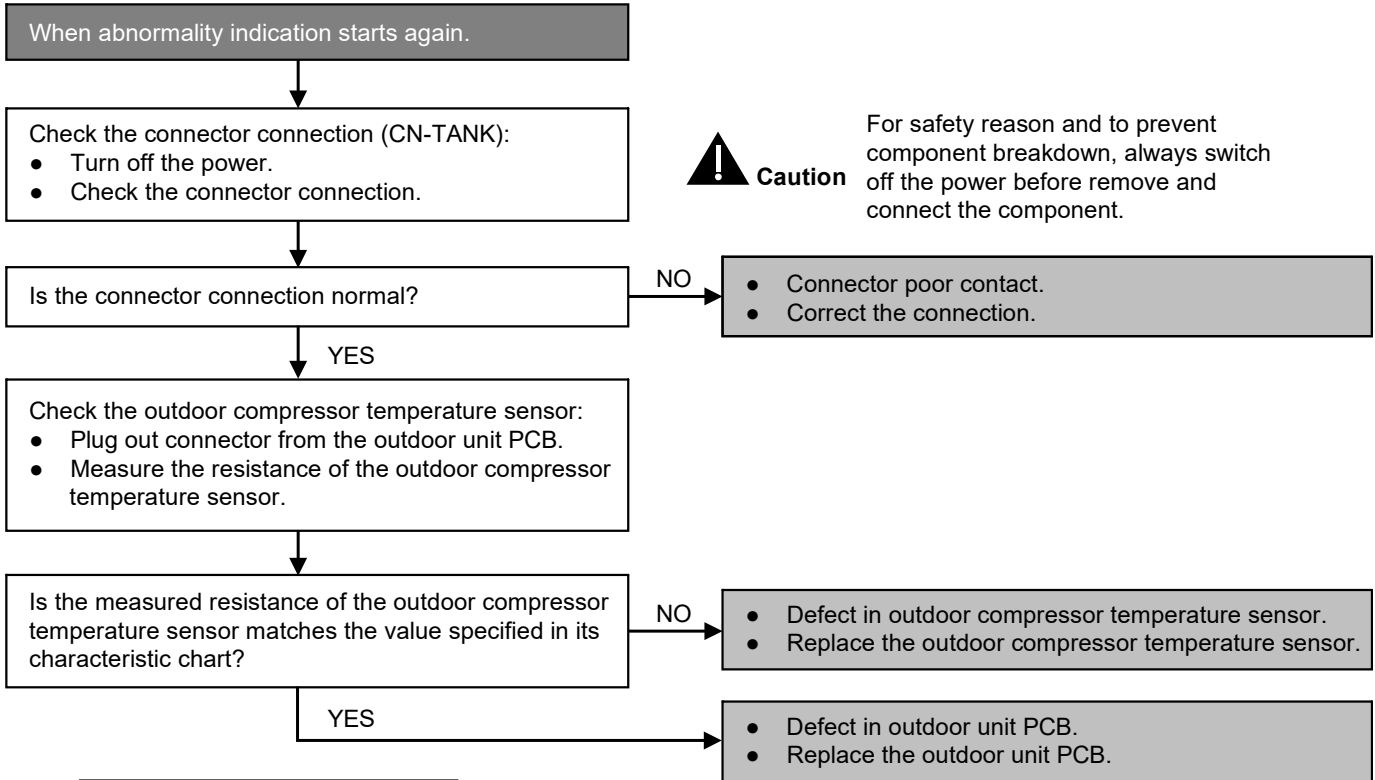
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor compressor temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

### Malfunction Caused

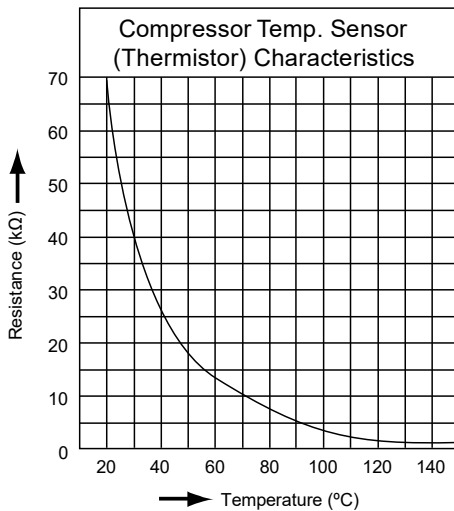
- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

### Troubleshooting



**Caution**

For safety reason and to prevent component breakdown, always switch off the power before remove and connect the component.



## 17.5.5 H16 (Outdoor Current Transformer)

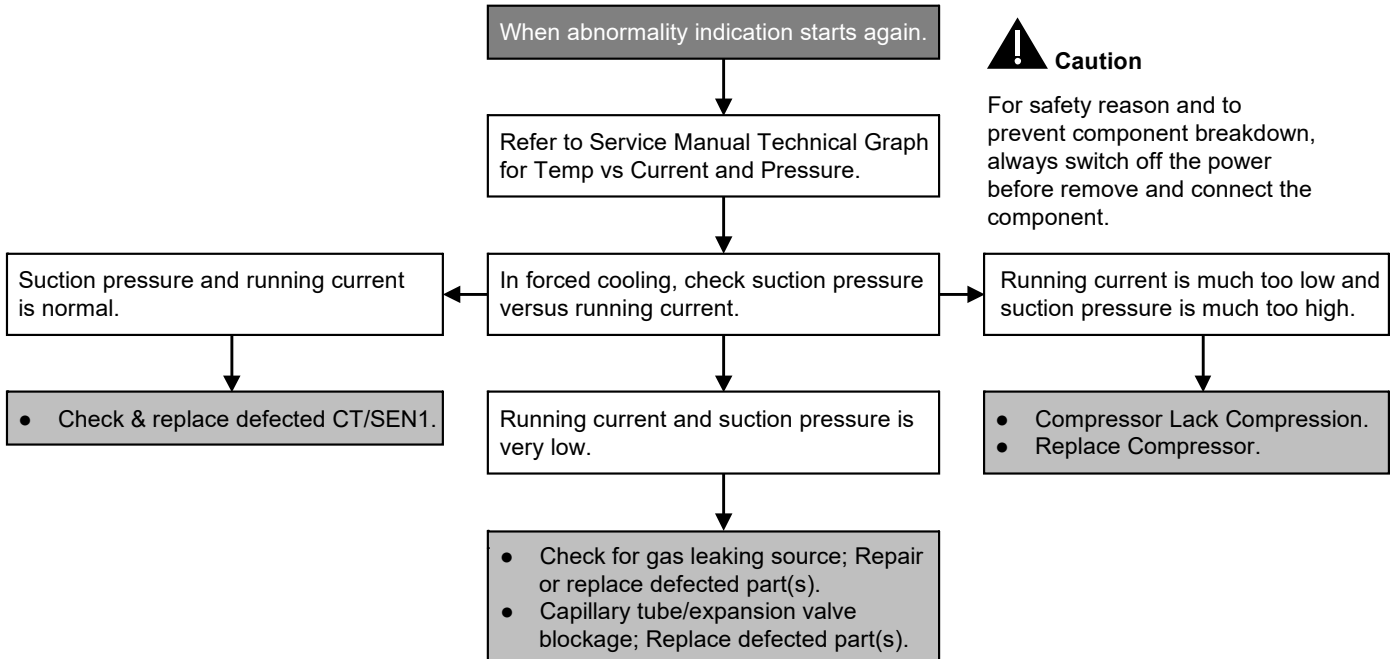
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- An input current, detected by Current Transformer (CT) / Current Sensor (SEN1), is below threshold value when the compressor is operating at certain frequency value for 3 minutes.

### Malfunction Caused

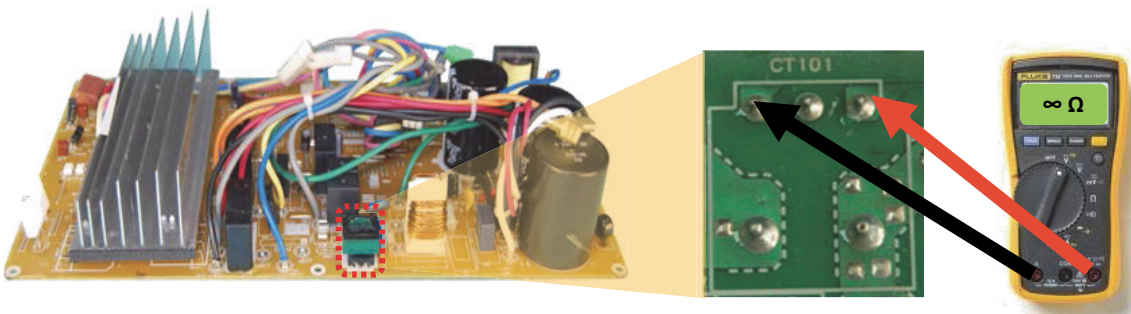
- Lack of gas.
- Broken current transformer / Current sensor.
- Broken Outdoor PCB.
- Compressor low compression.

### Troubleshooting



### Quick confirmation - Current Transformer condition

Confirm CT conditions



Use multi meter to check if Current Transformer condition has shorted during power supply off

Condition	Judgment
SHORT	OK
OPEN	OUT (Replace PCB)

## 17.5.6 H19 (Indoor Fan Motor – DC Motor Mechanism Locked)

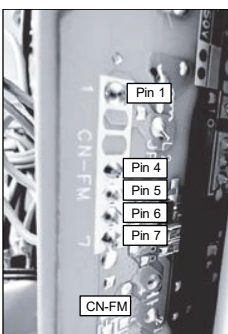
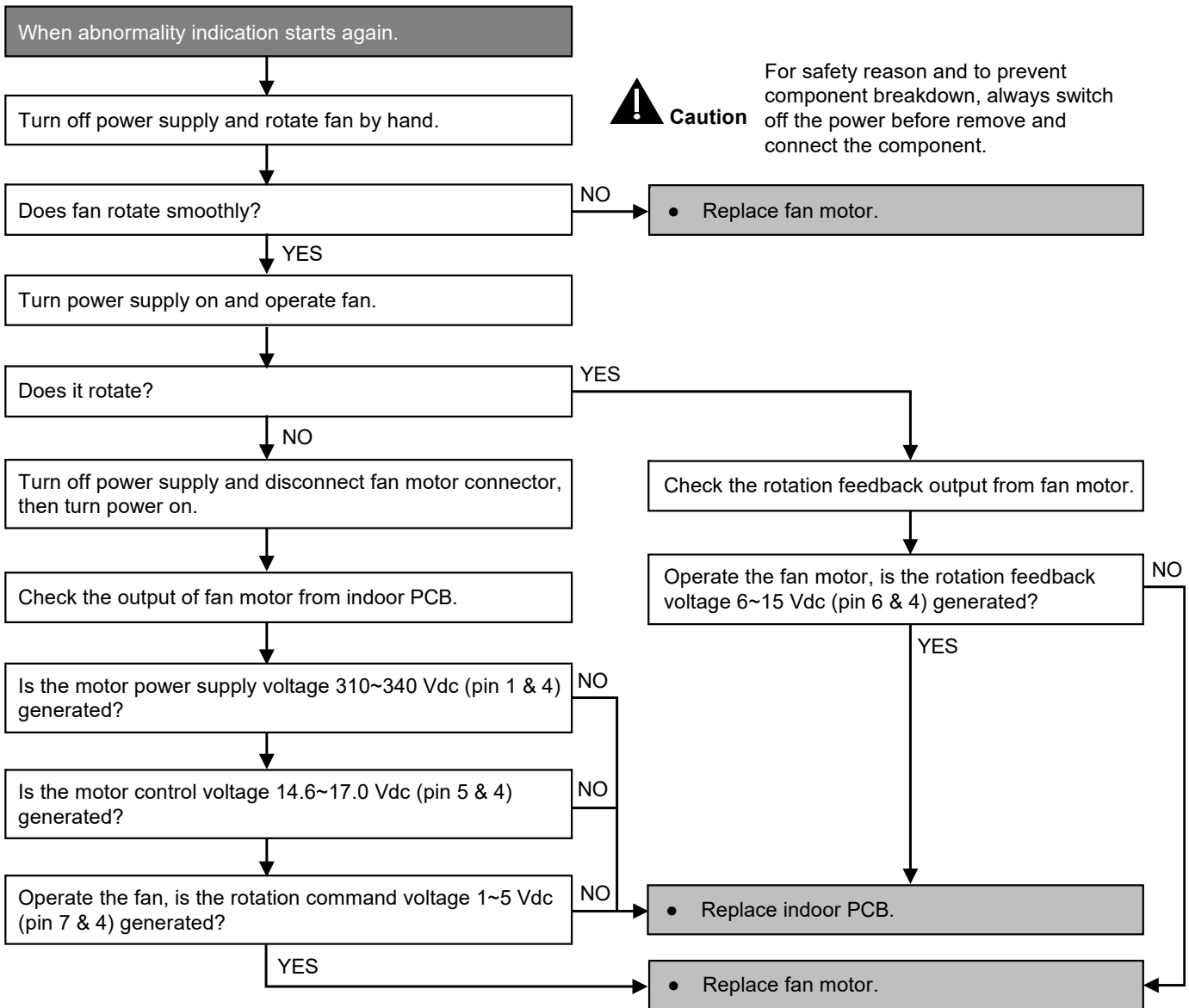
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor (feedback of rotation > 2550 rpm or < 50 rpm).

### Malfunction Caused

- Operation stops due to short circuit inside the fan motor winding.
- Operation stops due to breaking of wire inside the fan motor.
- Operation stops due to breaking of fan motor lead wires.
- Operation stops due to Hall IC malfunction.
- Operation error due to faulty indoor unit PCB.

### Troubleshooting



Pin	Function
1	Main Supply to fan motor (Vm)
4	Ground (GND)
5	Supply to Fan motor PCB (Vcc)
6	Feedback Signal (FG) (Revolution Pulse Output)
7	Speed Control Voltage Input (Vsp)

## 17.5.7 H23 (Indoor Pipe Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

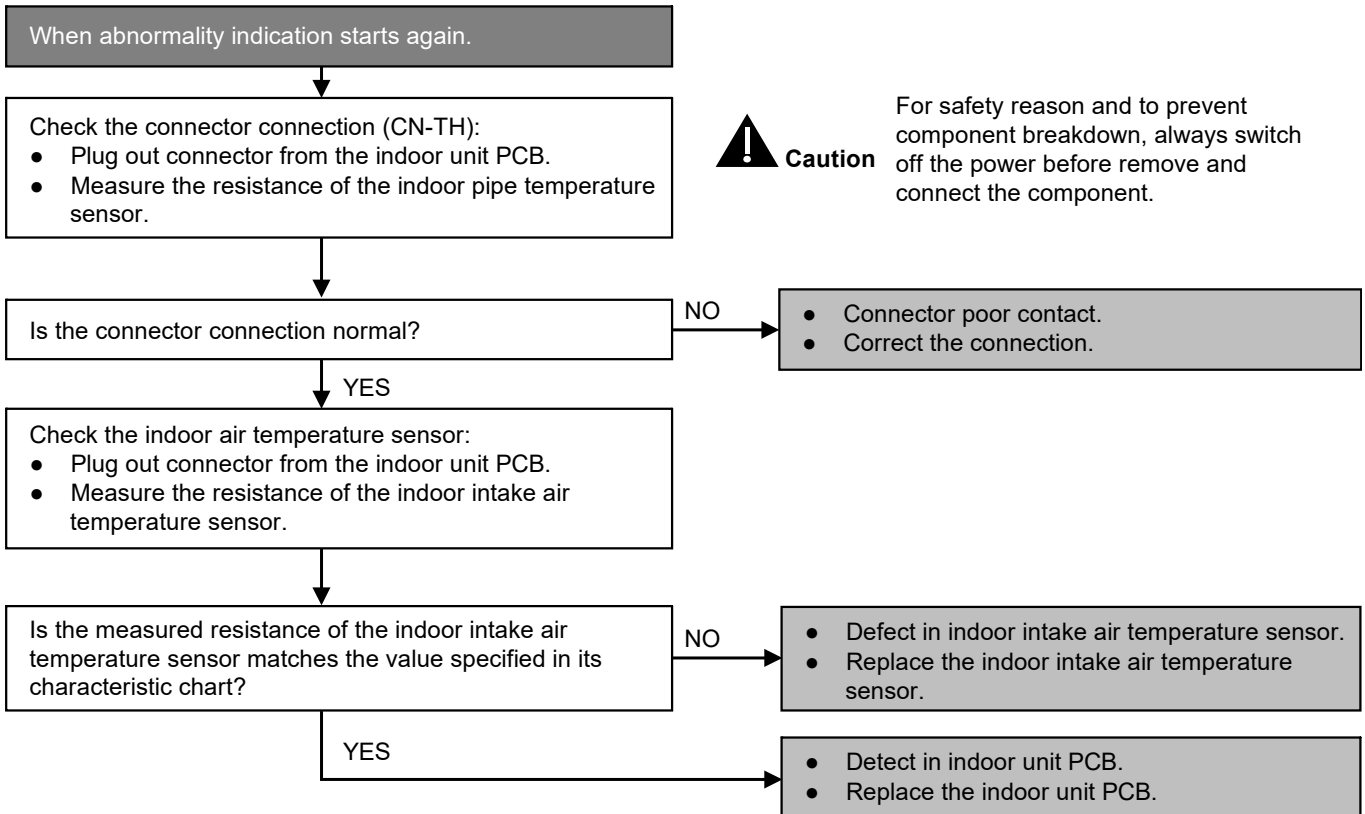
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

### Malfunction Caused

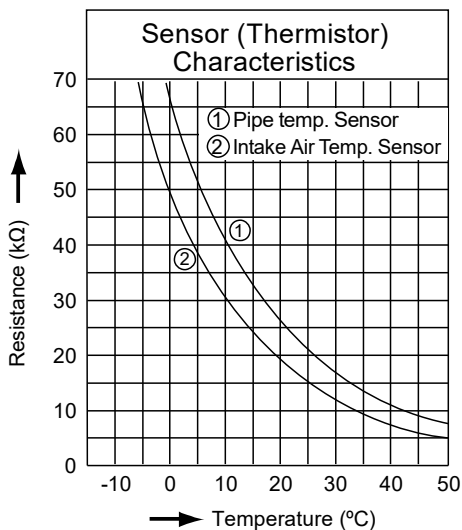
- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

### Troubleshooting



**Caution**

For safety reason and to prevent component breakdown, always switch off the power before remove and connect the component.



## 17.5.8 H24 (Indoor Pipe Temperature Sensor 2 Abnormality) (Only for Model Come with 2 Pipe Sensor)

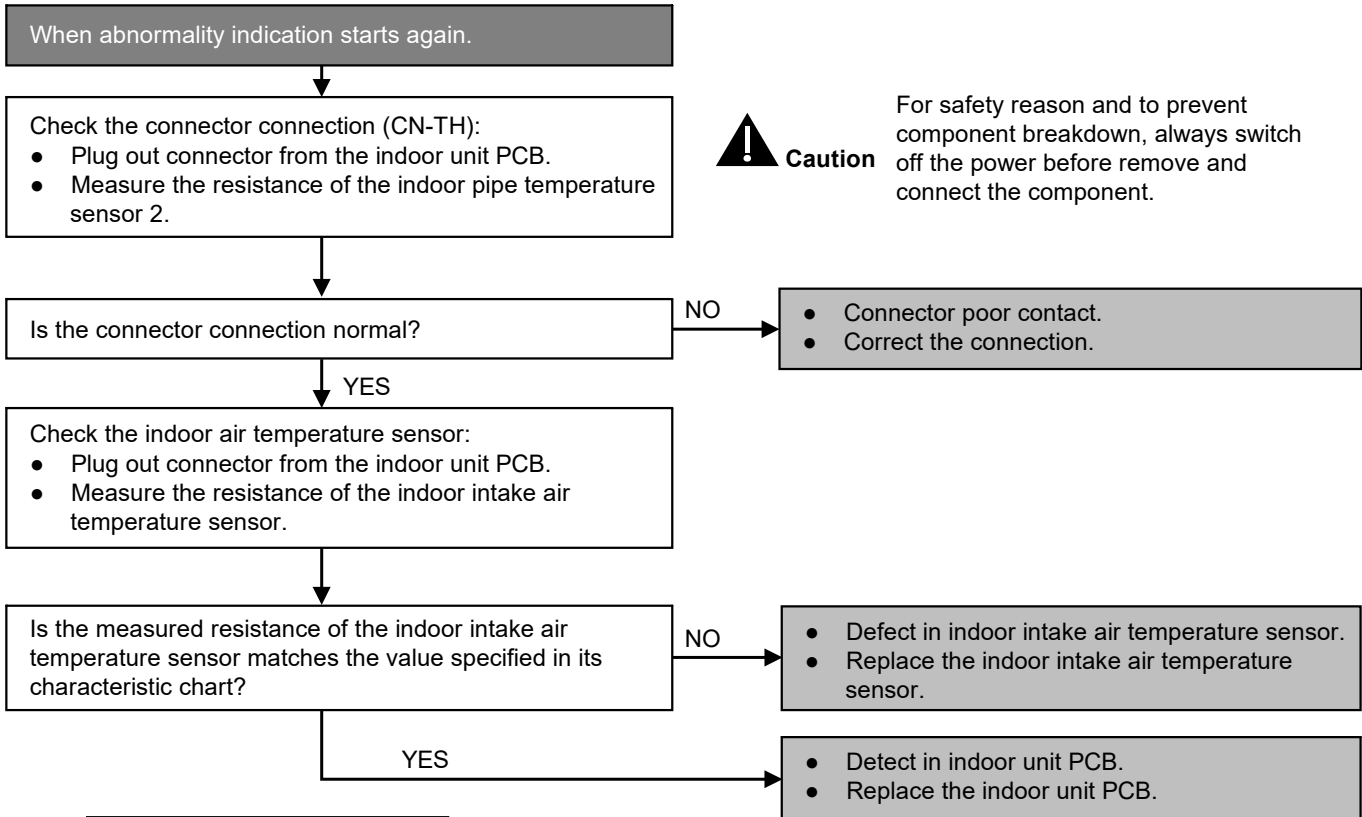
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 are used to determine sensor errors.

### Malfunction Caused

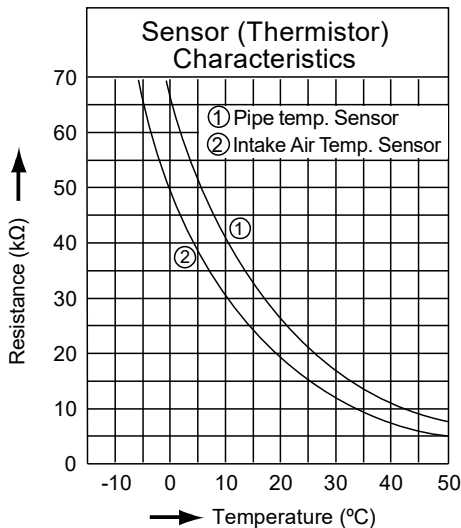
- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

### Troubleshooting



**Caution**

For safety reason and to prevent component breakdown, always switch off the power before remove and connect the component.



## 17.5.9 H27 (Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

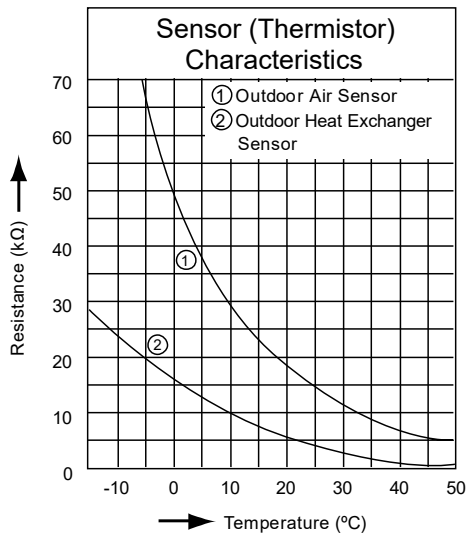
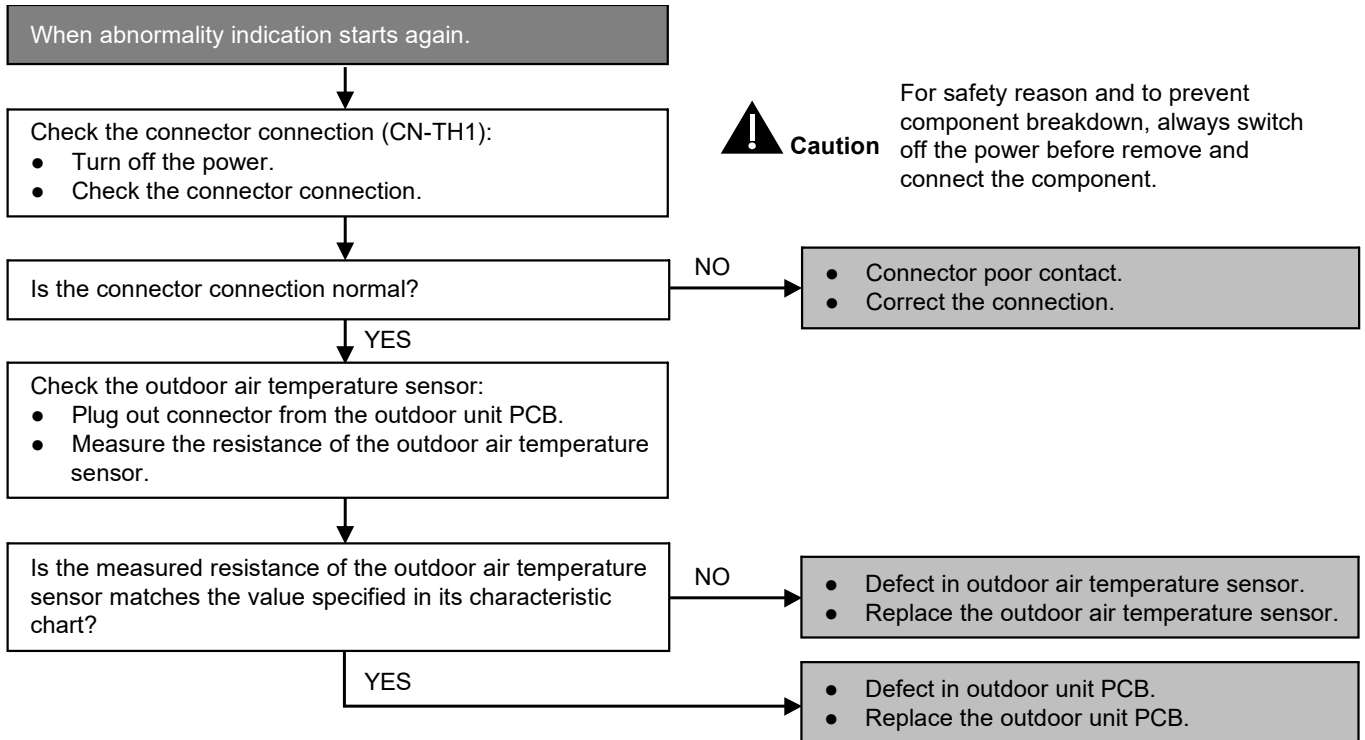
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor air temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.10 H28 (Outdoor Pipe Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

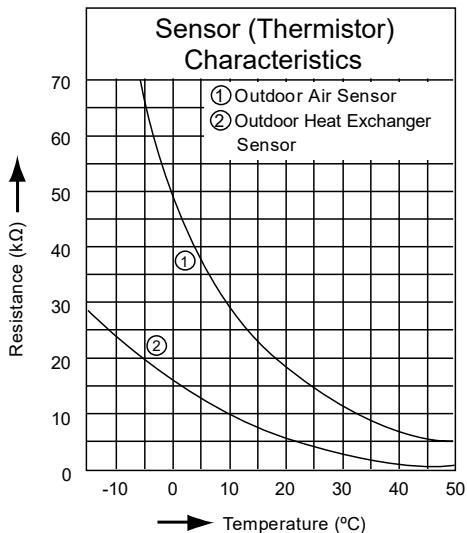
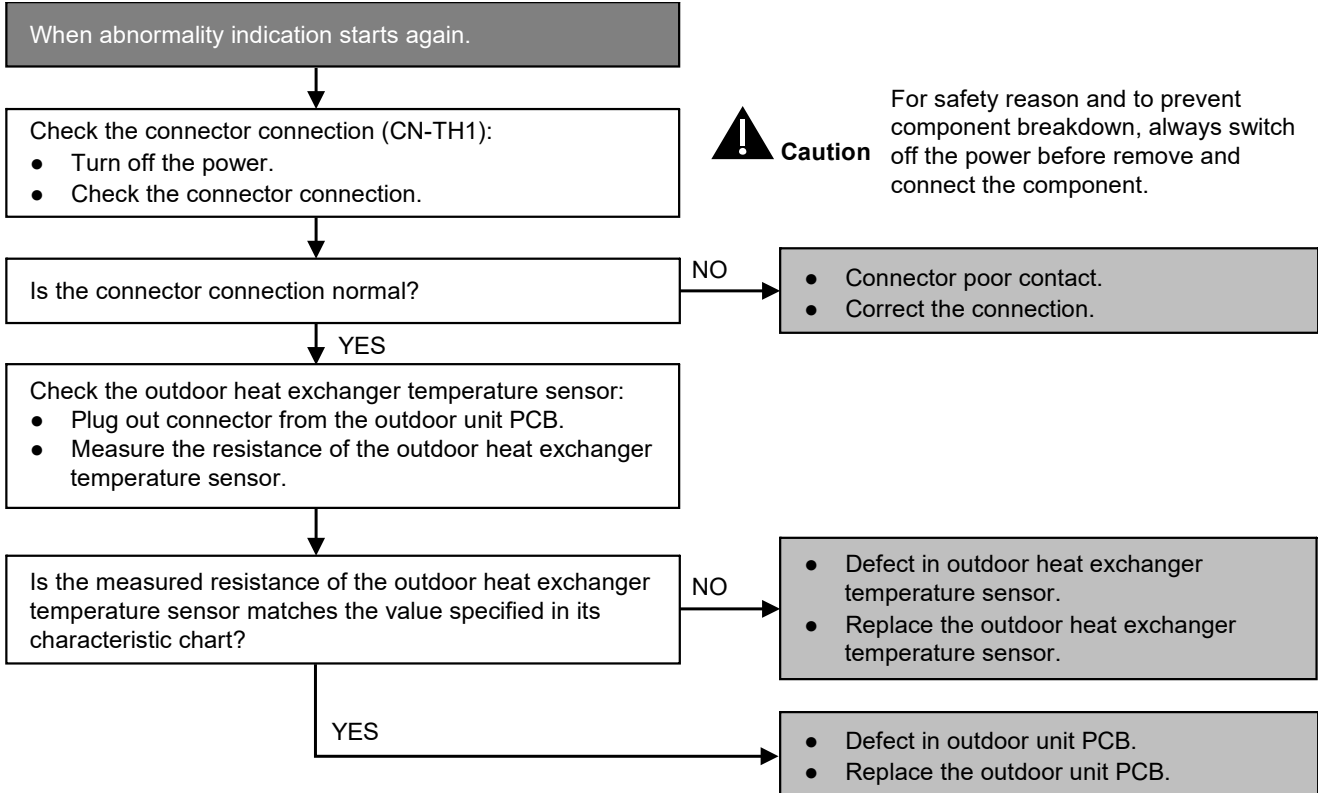
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.11 H30 (Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

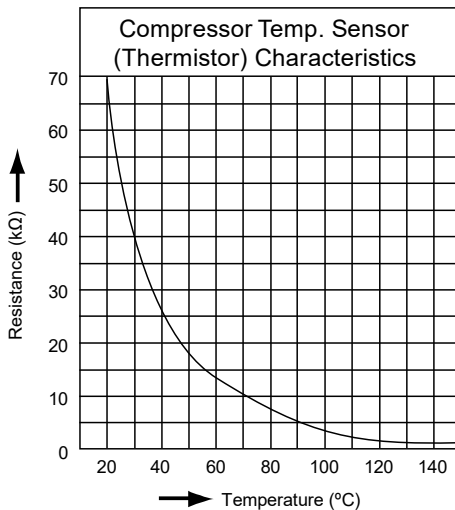
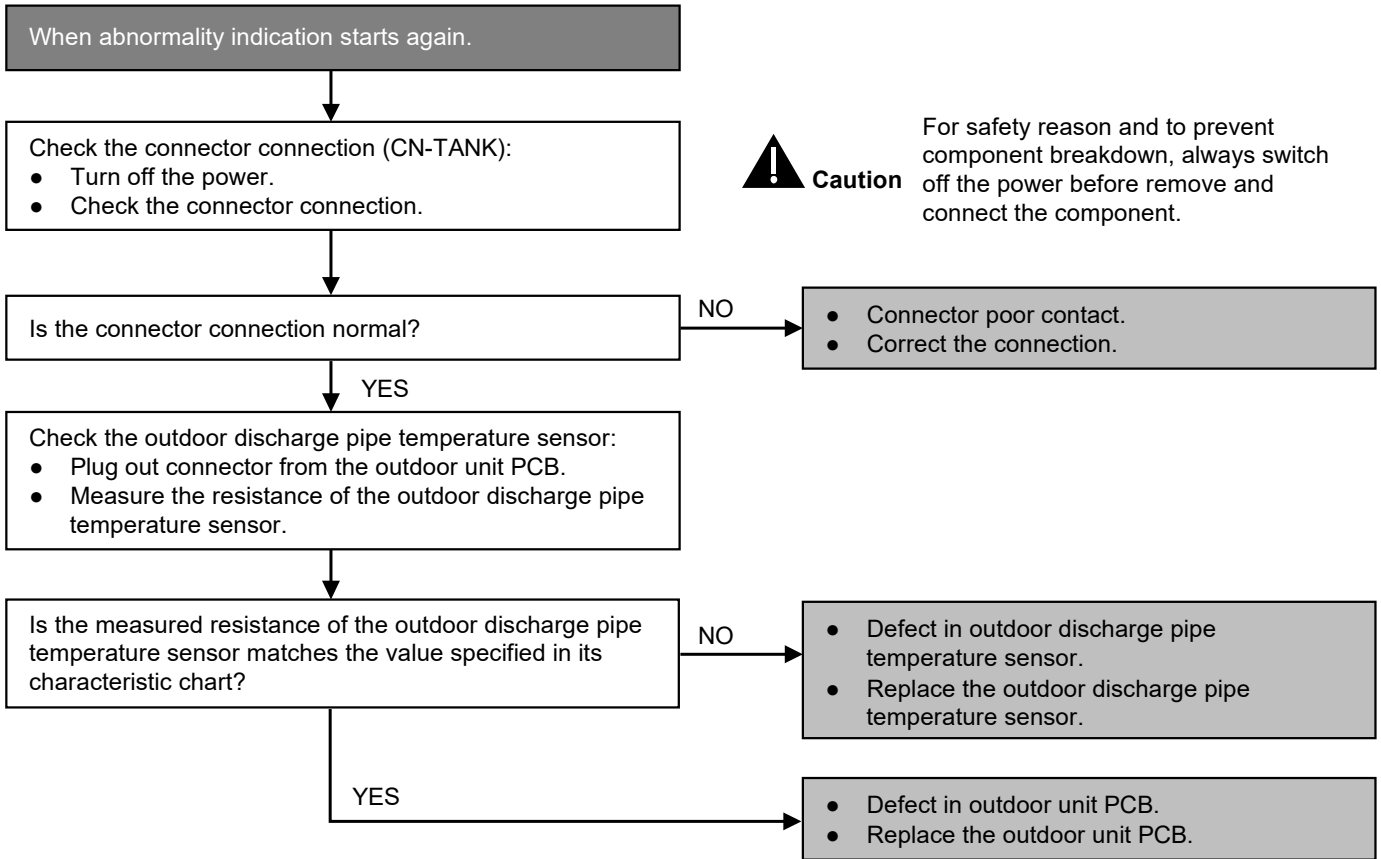
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.12 H32 (Outdoor Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor 2 Abnormality)

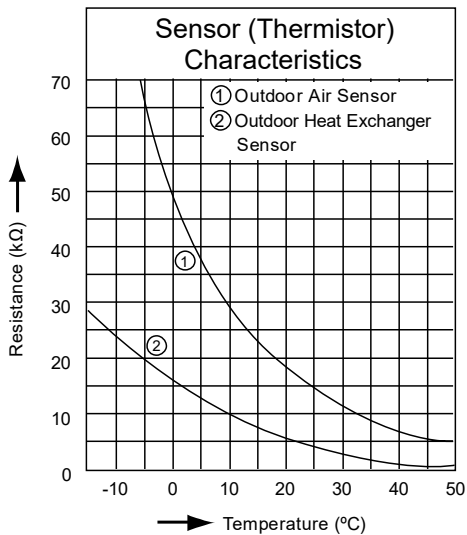
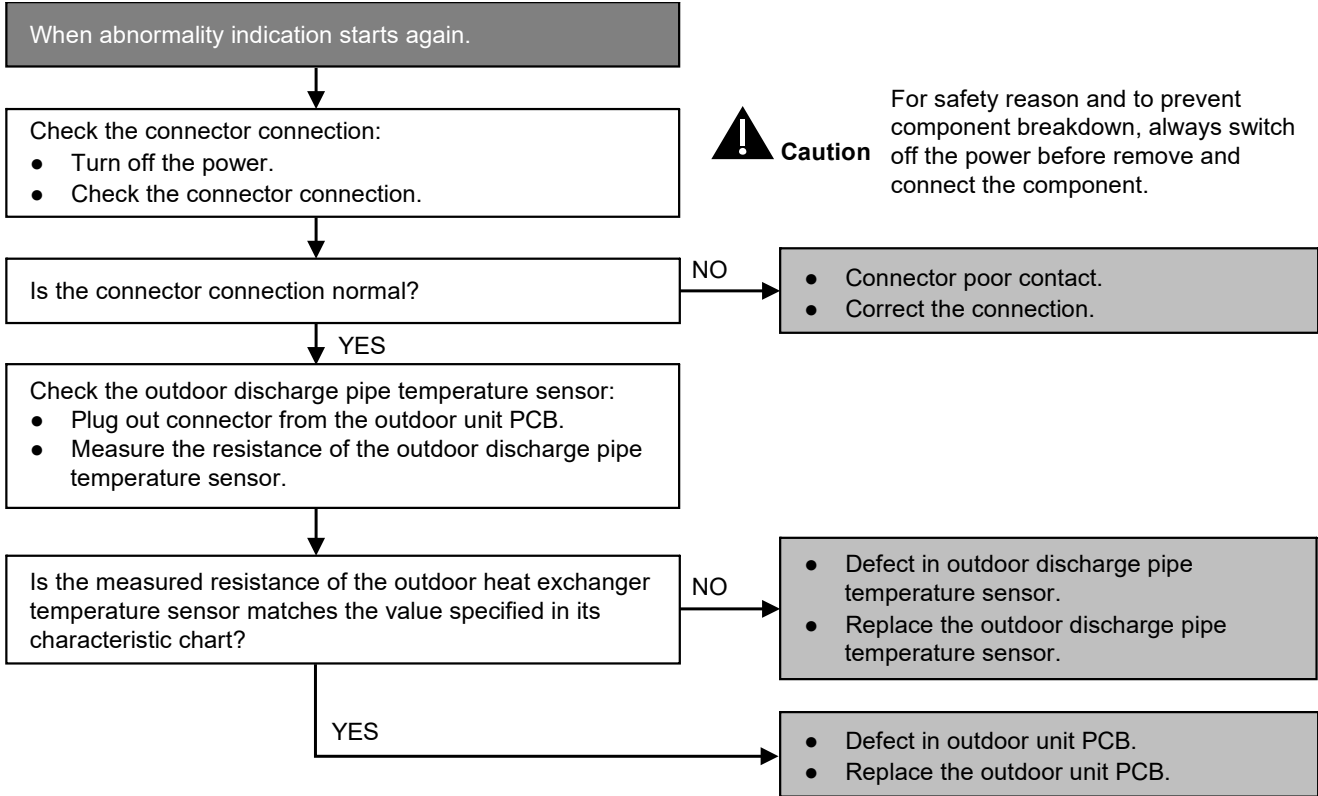
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

### Troubleshooting



### 17.5.13 H33 (Unspecified Voltage Between Indoor and Outdoor)

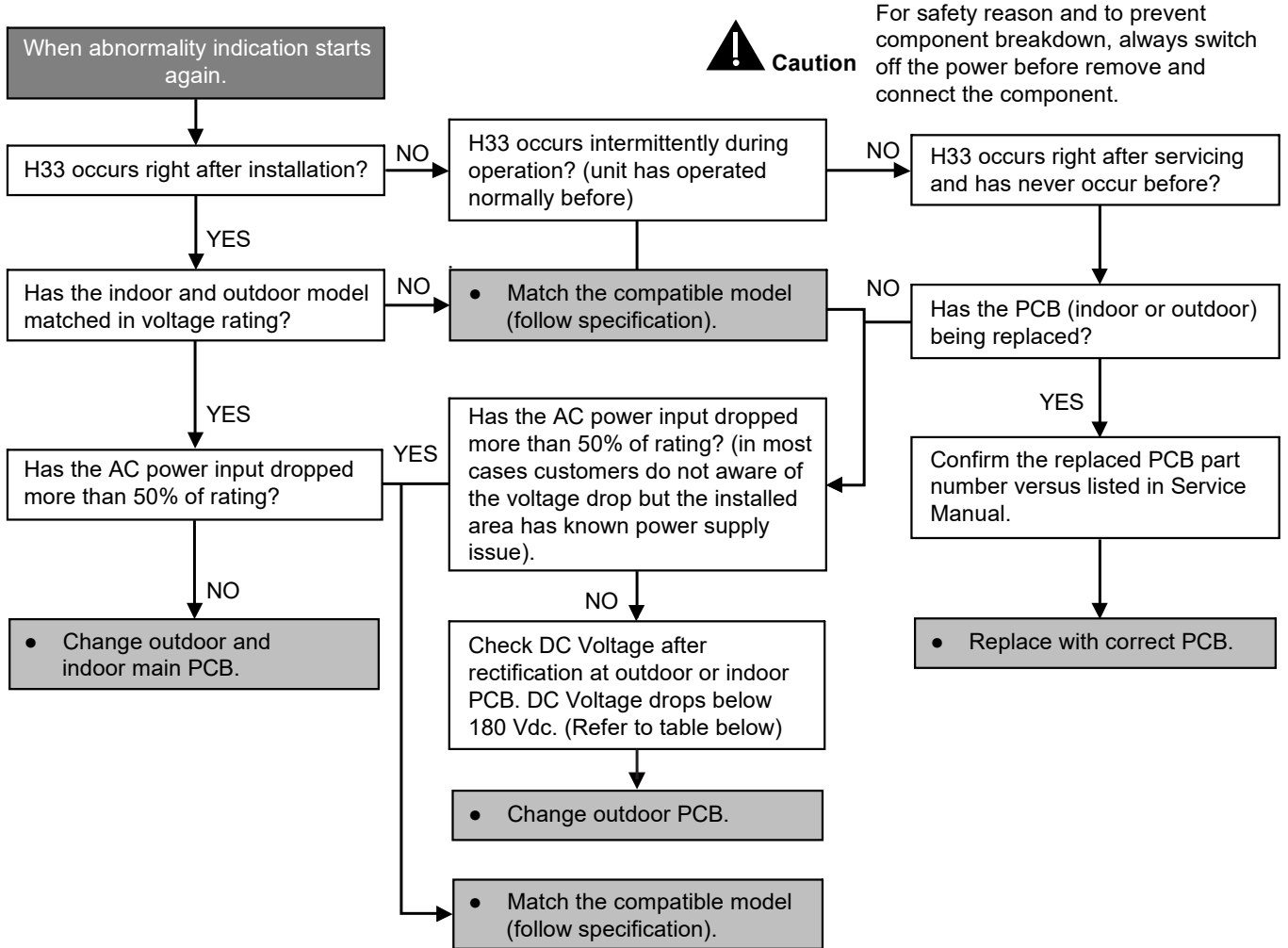
#### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The supply power is detected for its requirement by the indoor/outdoor transmission.

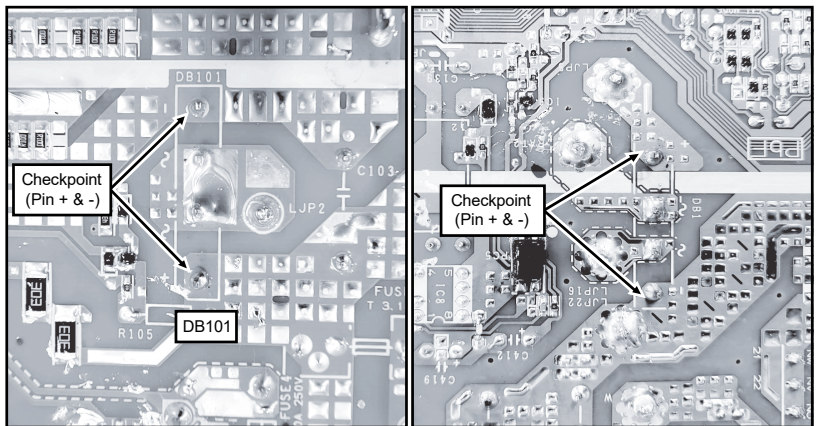
#### Malfunction Caused

- Wrong models interconnected.
- Wrong indoor unit and outdoor unit PCBs used.
- Indoor unit or outdoor unit PCB defective.

#### Troubleshooting



AC Power Input	Response
120VAC	H33 error code trigger
130-150VAC	Compressor unable to start up
180VAC	Compressor able to start up



## 17.5.14 H34 (Outdoor Heat Sink Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

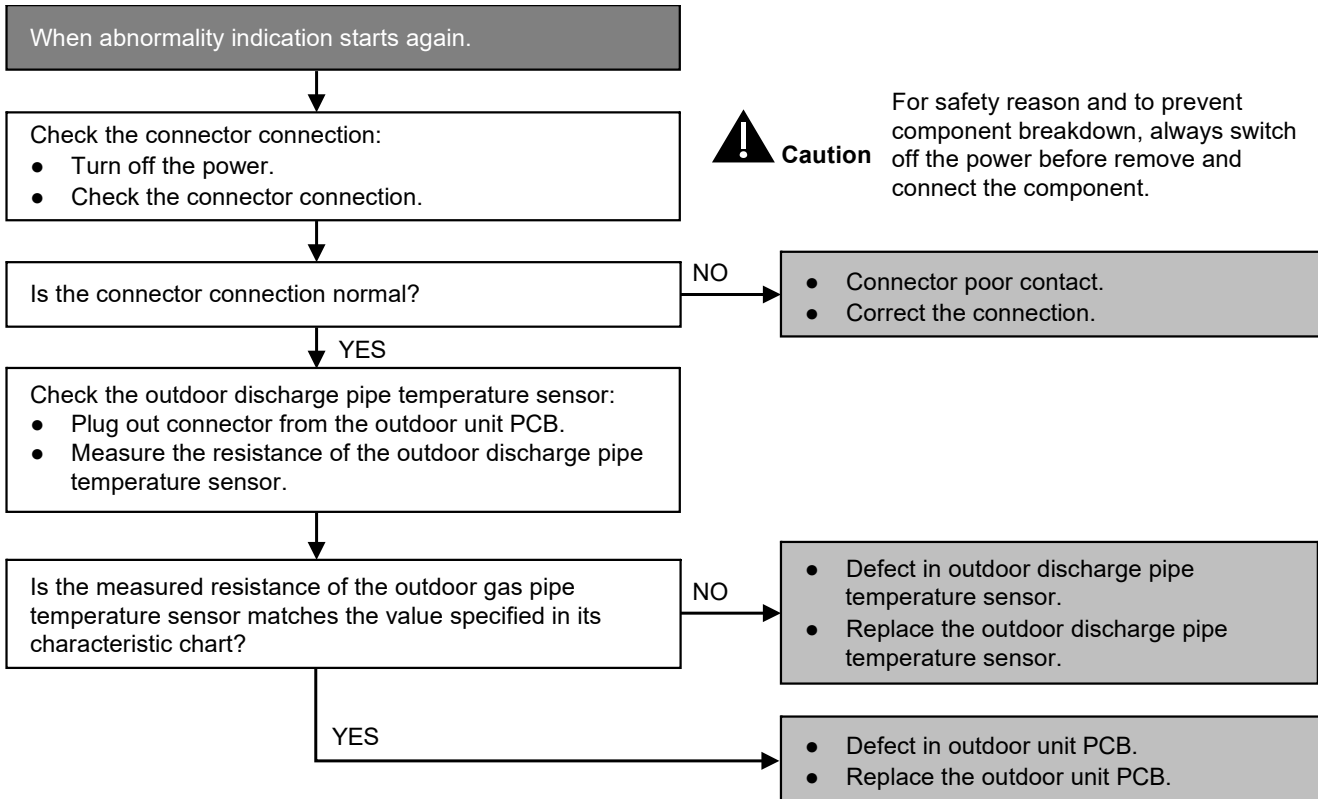
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor heat sink temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

### Troubleshooting



### 17.5.15 H36 (Outdoor Gas Pipe Sensor Abnormality)

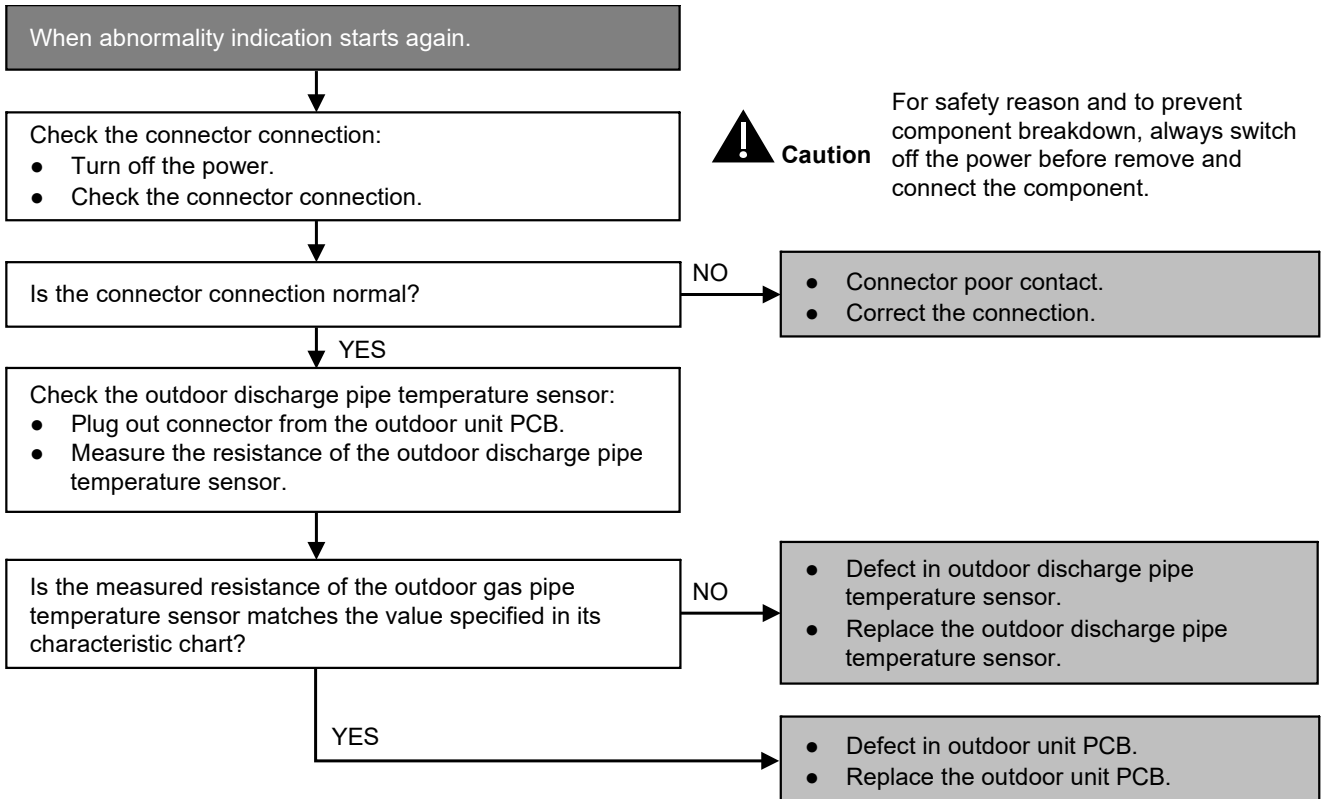
#### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

#### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

#### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.16 H37 (Outdoor Liquid Pipe Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

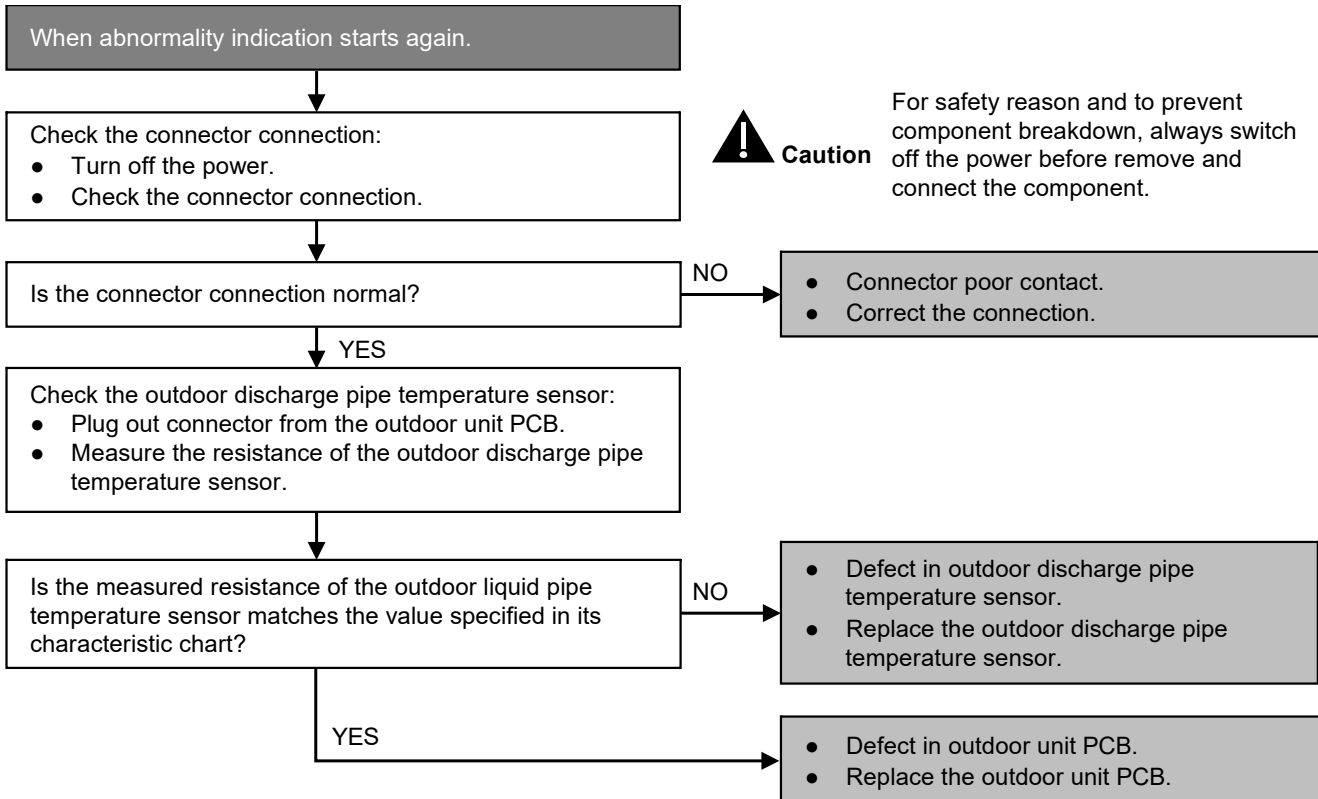
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.

### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.17 H67 (nanoe Abnormality)

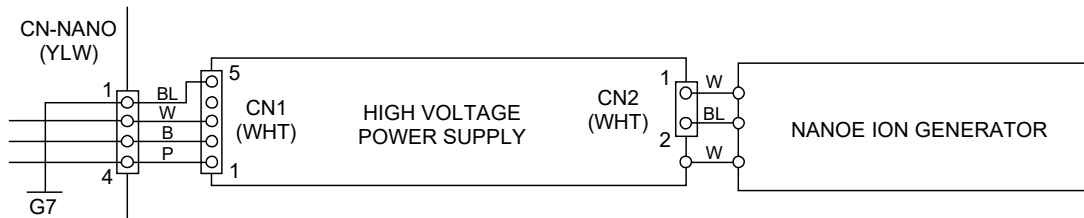
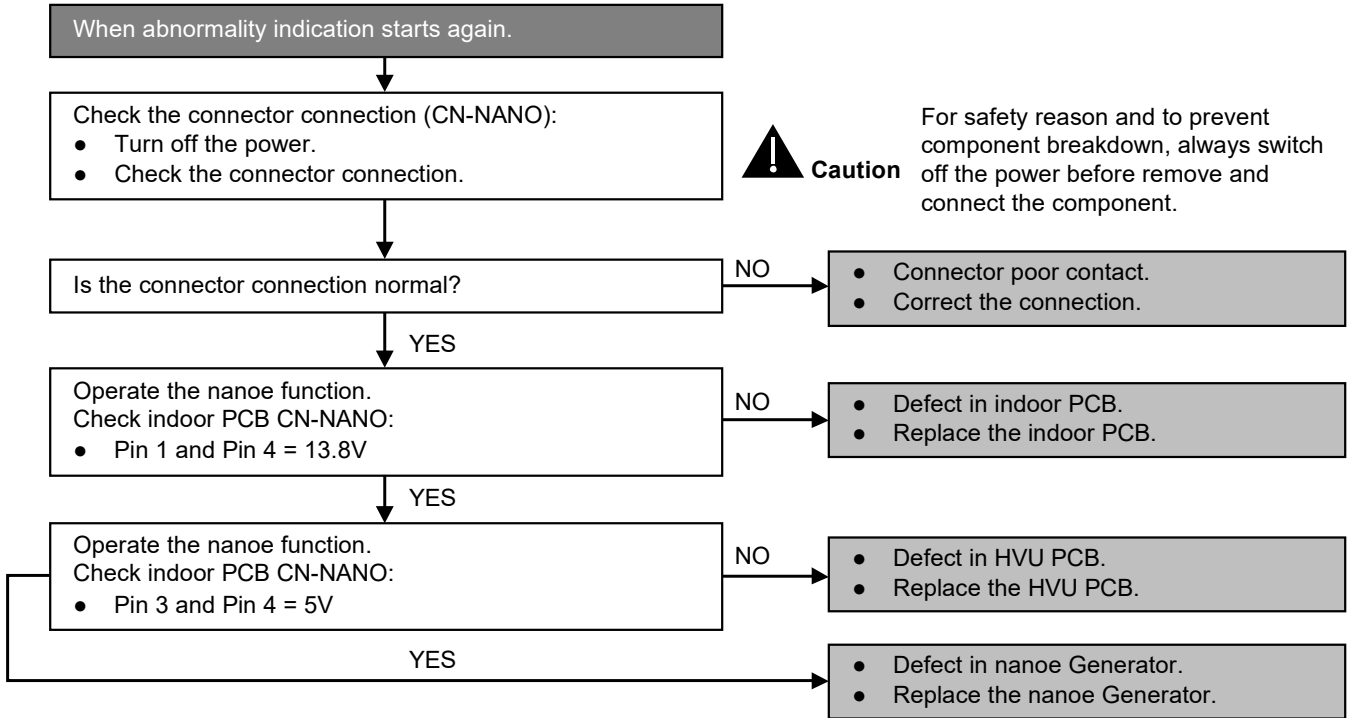
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- nanoe stop for 5 minutes for 3 times.

### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty indoor unit PCB.
- Faulty nanoe generator.

### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.18 H85 (WLAN Module Abnormality)

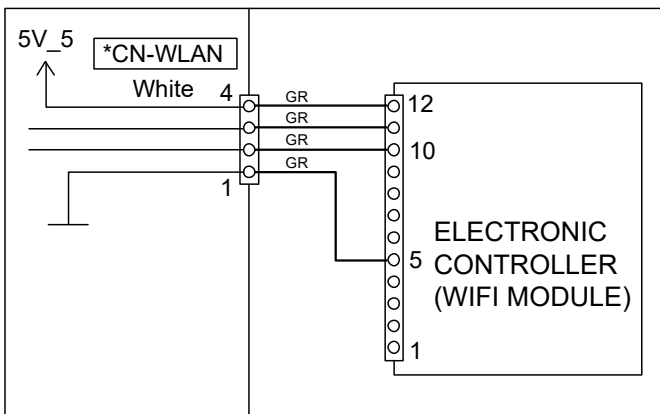
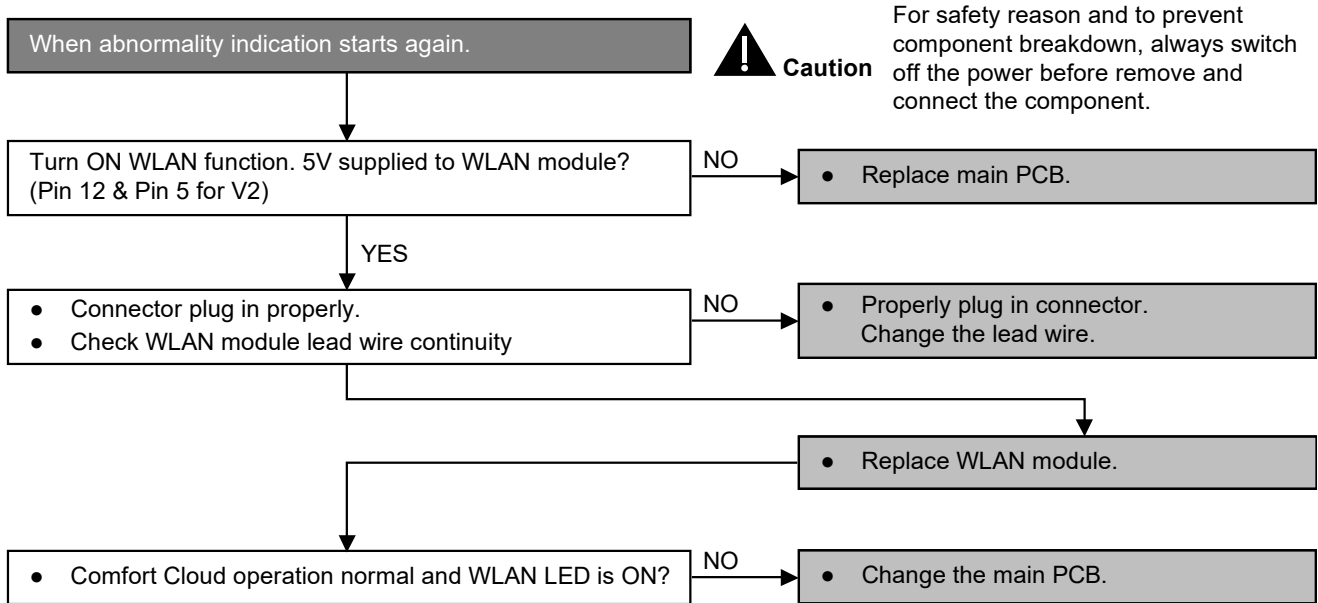
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- Initial Setting: Main PCB does not receive WLAN module data for 90 secs.
- Normal Control: Main PCB does not receive WLAN module data for 10 mins repeating 2 times.
  - 5V power to WLAN module is turned off for 2s.
  - After 2s, 5V power to WLAN module is turned on & start initial setting.
  - WLAN LED Off & Timer LED blinking.

### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty lead wire connector connection.
- Faulty indoor unit PCB.
- Faulty WLAN module.

### Troubleshooting



WIFI V2

## 17.5.19 H97 (Outdoor Fan Motor – DC Motor Mechanism Locked)

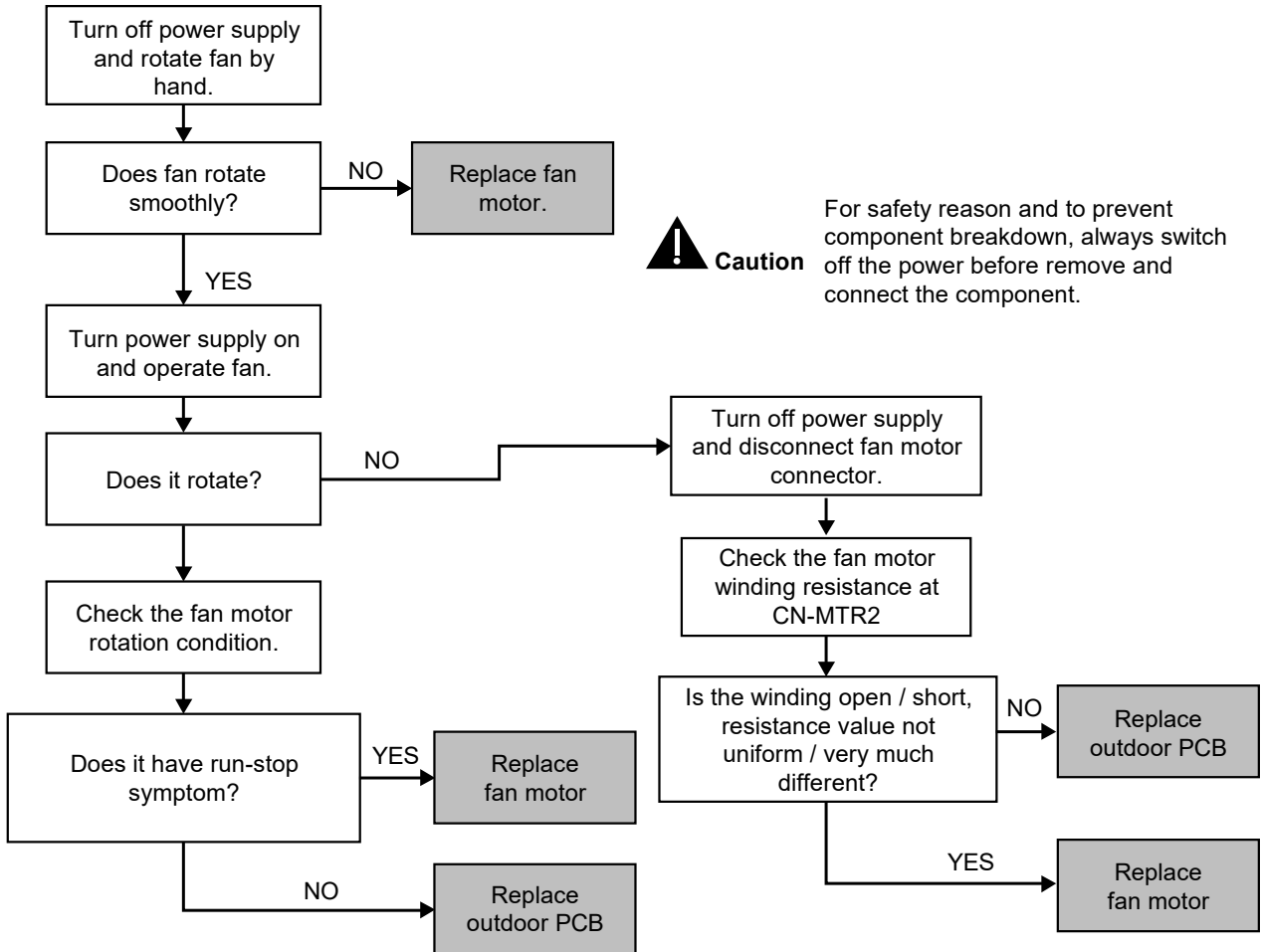
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The running current detected by the current sensing feedback circuit during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor.

### Malfunction Caused

- Operation stops due to short circuit inside the fan motor winding.
- Operation stops due to breaking of wire inside the fan motor.
- Operation stops due to breaking of fan motor lead wires.
- Operation error due to faulty outdoor unit PCB.

### Troubleshooting



Model		CU-BZ25/35CKE CU-UZ25/35CKE	CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE	CU-BZ60CKE
Fan Motor		L6CAYYYL0177	L6CAYYYL0180	L6CAYYYL0192
Winding Resistance (Ω)	1(W) - 2(V)	91.5 at 20°C	70 at 20°C	63 at 20°C
	2(V) - 3(U)			
	1(W) - 3(U)			

CN-MTR2 Fan Motor U, V & W Voltage = 30~125VAC depends on speed & model.  
CN-MTR2 Fan Motor Supply Voltage = 280 - 340VDC.



Measure the winding resistance from fan motor connector

## 17.5.20 H97 (Outdoor Fan Motor – DC Motor Mechanism Locked \*with inverter checker)

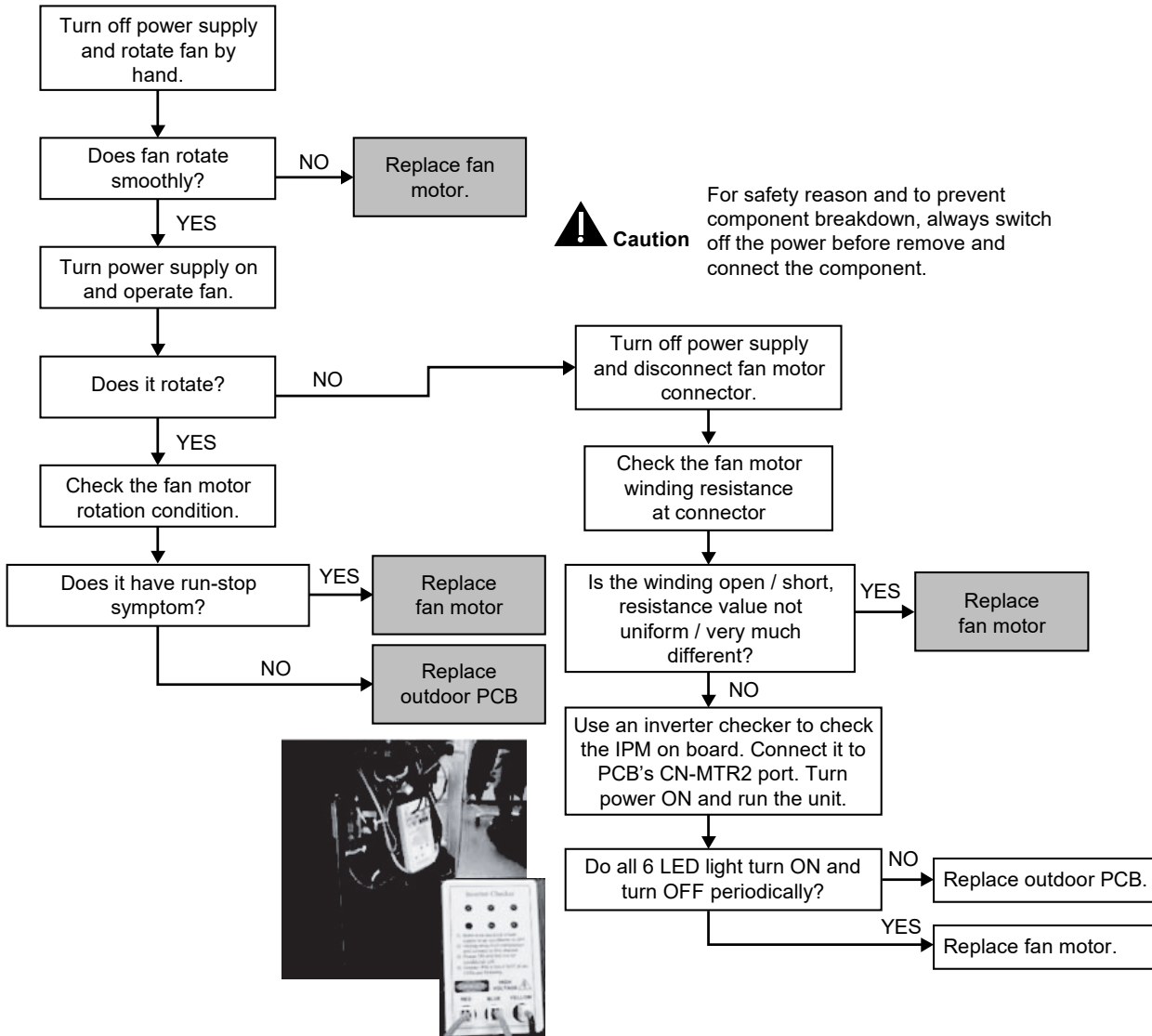
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The running current detected by the current sensing feedback circuit during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor.

### Malfunction Caused

- Operation stops due to short circuit inside the fan motor winding.
- Operation stops due to breaking of wire inside the fan motor.
- Operation stops due to breaking of fan motor lead wires.
- Operation error due to faulty outdoor unit PCB.

### Troubleshooting



Model	CU-BZ25/35CKE CU-UZ25/35CKE	CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE	CU-BZ60CKE
Fan Motor	L6CAYYYL0177	L6CAYYYL0180	L6CAYYYL0192
Winding Resistance (Ω)	1(W) - 2(V)	91.5 at 20°C	70 at 20°C
	2(V) - 3(U)		
	1(W) - 3(U)		

CN-MTR2 Fan Motor U, V & W Voltage = 30~125VAC depends on speed & model.  
CN-MTR2 Fan Motor Supply Voltage = 280 - 340VDC.



Measure the winding resistance from fan motor connector

## 17.5.21 H98 (Indoor High Pressure Protection)

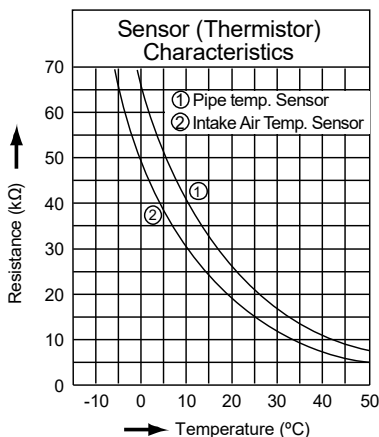
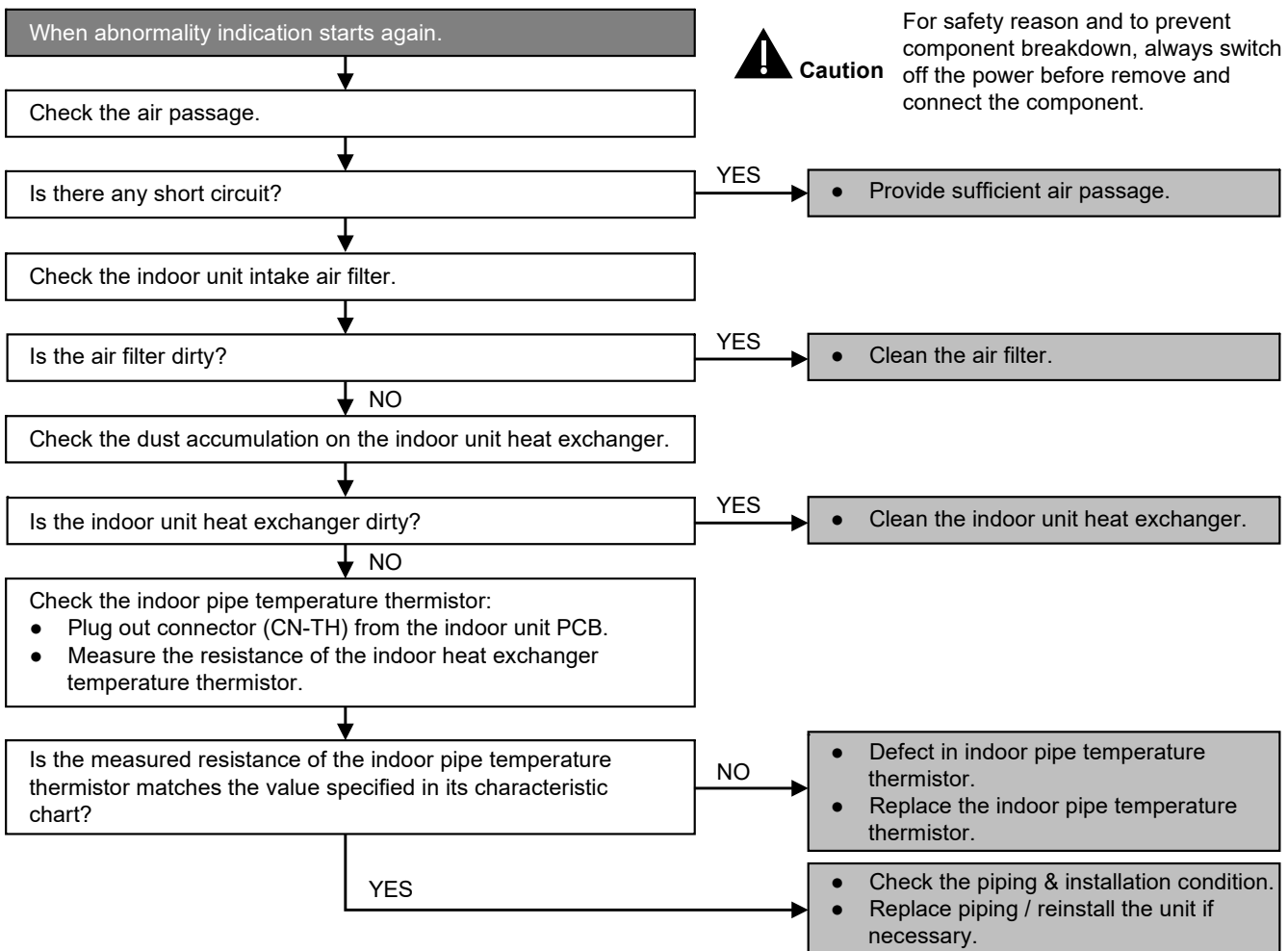
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- Indoor high pressure is detected when indoor heat exchanger is detecting very high temperature when the unit is operating in heating operation.
- Phenomena: unit is stopping and re-starting very often in heating mode.
- The temperature detected by the indoor pipe temperature sensor is abnormal.

### Malfunction Caused

- Indoor heat exchanger thermistor.
- Clogged air filter or heat exchanger.
- Over-bent pipe (liquid side).
- Dust accumulation on the indoor unit heat exchanger
- Air short circuit
- Detection error due to faulty indoor unit PCB

### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.22 H99 (Indoor Freeze Prevention Protection: Cooling or Soft Dry)

Error Code will not display (no Timer LED blinking) but store in EEPROM

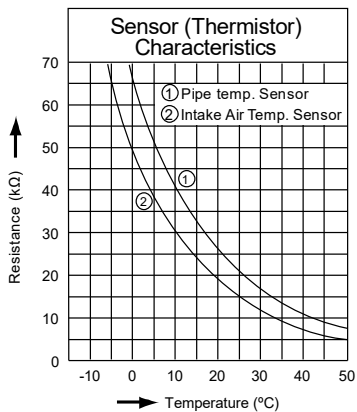
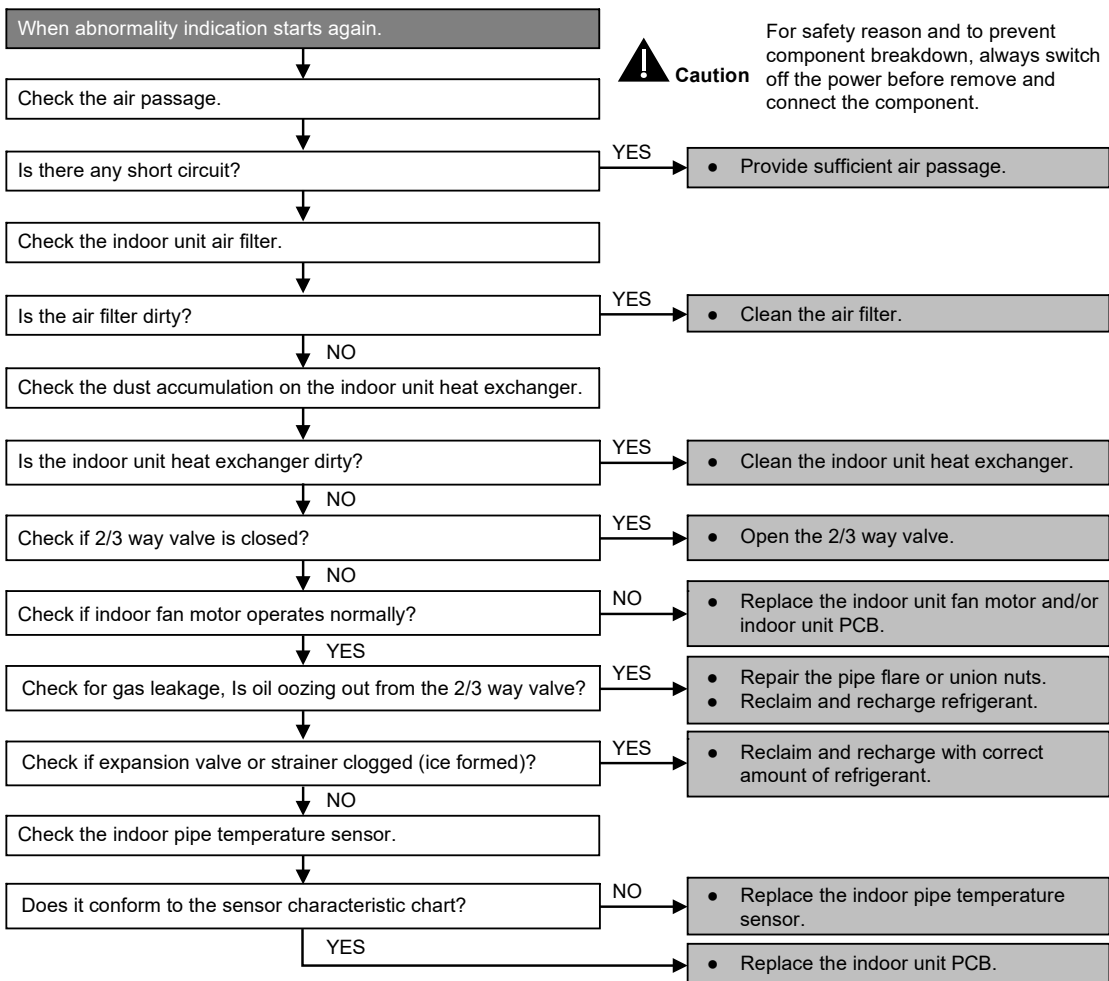
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- Freeze prevention control takes place (when indoor pipe temperature is lower than 2°C).

### Malfunction Caused

- Air short circuit at indoor unit.
- Clogged indoor unit air filter.
- Dust accumulation on the indoor unit heat exchanger.
- 2/3 way valve closed.
- Faulty indoor unit fan motor.
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage).
- Clogged expansion valve or strainer.
- Faulty indoor pipe temperature sensor.
- Faulty indoor unit PCB.

### Troubleshooting



### 17.5.23 F11 (4-way Valve Switching Failure)

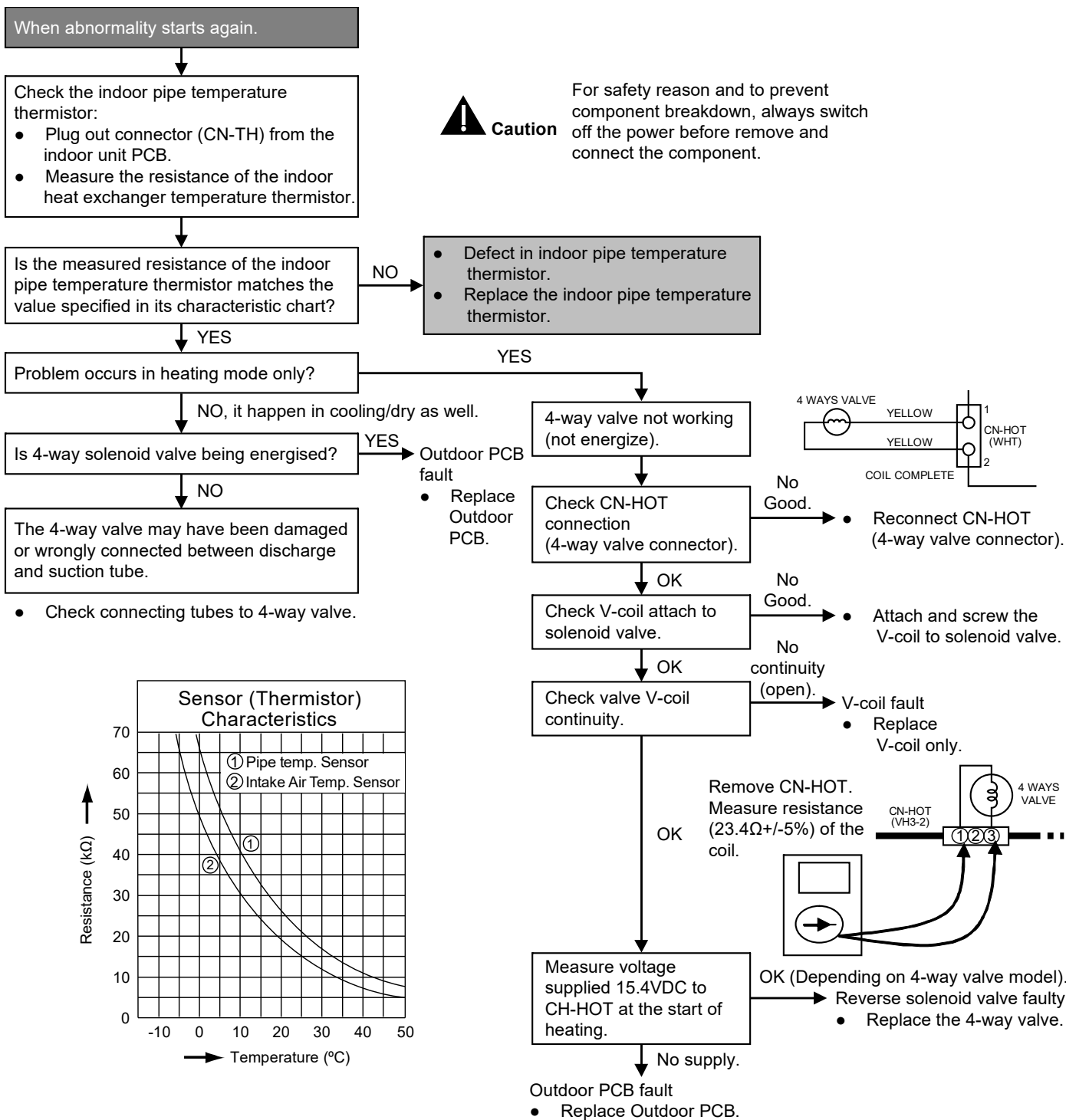
#### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- When indoor heat exchanger is cold during heating (except deice) or when indoor heat exchanger is hot during cooling and compressor operating, the 4-way valve is detected as malfunction.

#### Malfunction Caused

- Indoor heat exchanger (pipe) thermistor
- 4-way valve or v-coil malfunction
- Outdoor unit PCB malfunction

#### Troubleshooting



\* Check gas side pipe – for hot gas flow in cooling mode

## 17.5.24 F17 (Indoor Standby Units Freezing Abnormality)

### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- When the different between indoor intake air temperature and indoor pipe temperature is above 10°C or indoor pipe temperature is below -1.0°C.

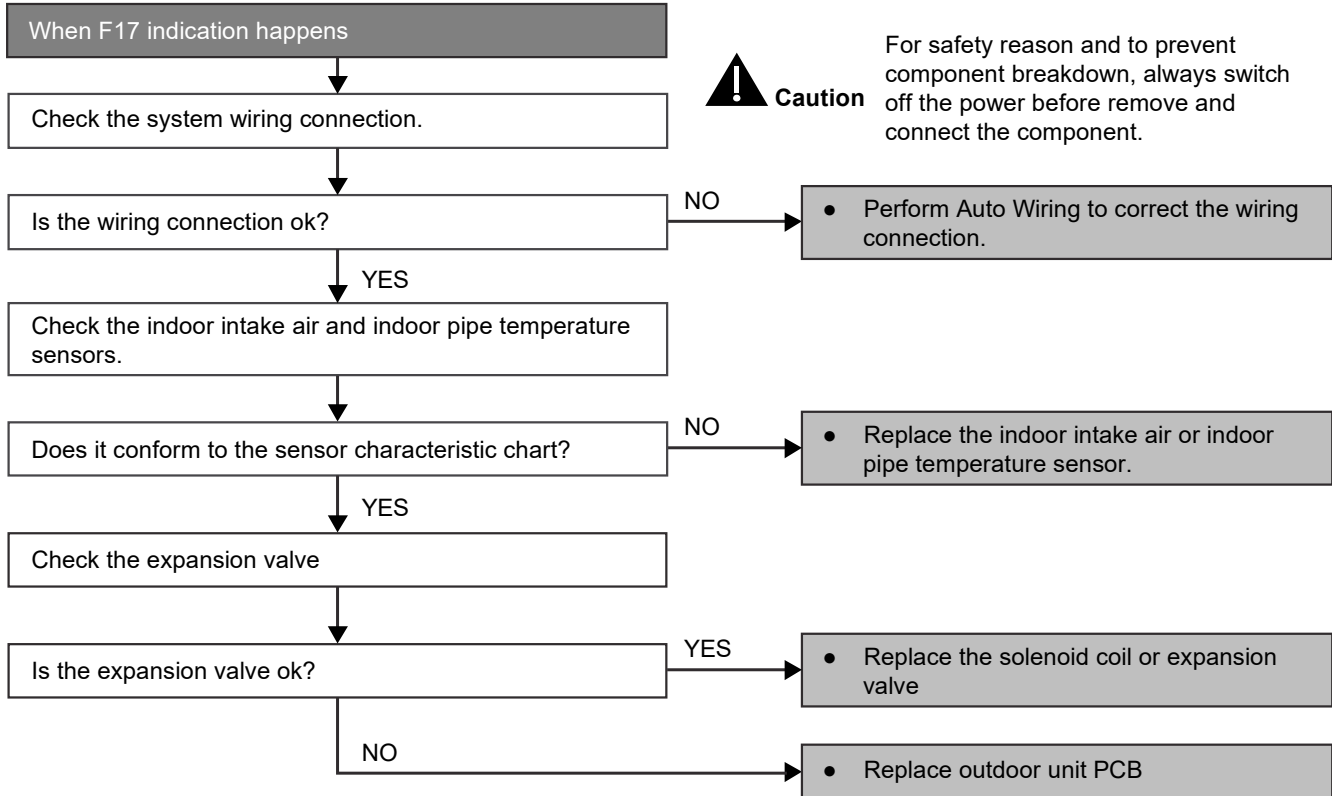
### Remark:

When the indoor standby unit is freezing, the outdoor unit transfers F17 error code to the corresponding indoor unit and H39 to other indoor unit(s).

### Malfunction Caused

- Wrong wiring connection
- Faulty sensor
- Faulty expansion valve

### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.25 F90 (Power Factor Correction Protection)

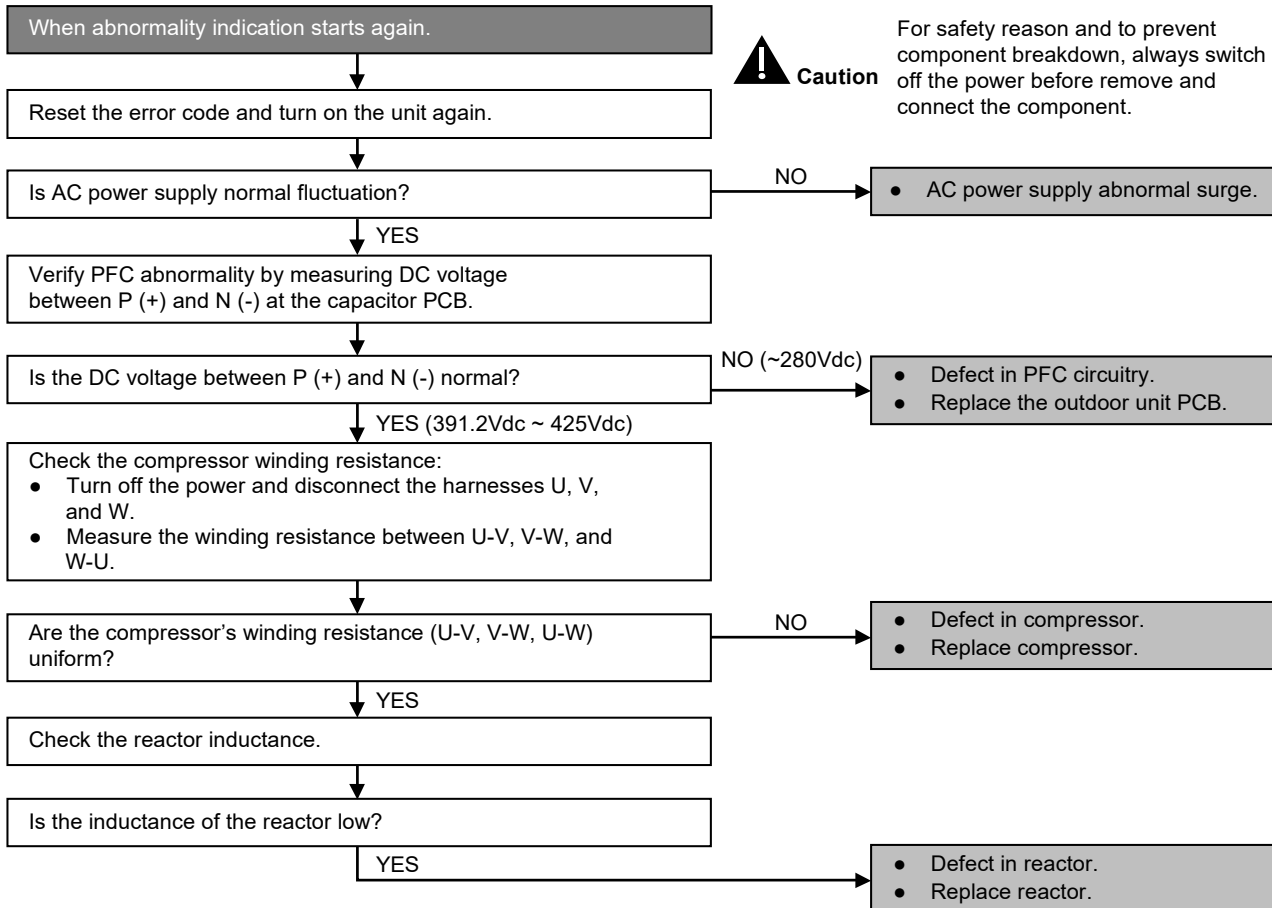
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- To maintain DC voltage level supply to power transistor.
- To detect high DC voltage level after rectification.

### Malfunction Caused

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, when Power Factor Correction (PFC) protection circuitry at the outdoor unit main PCB senses abnormal DC voltage level for power transistors.
- DC voltage peak due to compressor windings not uniform.
- Outdoor unit PCB malfunction.

### Troubleshooting

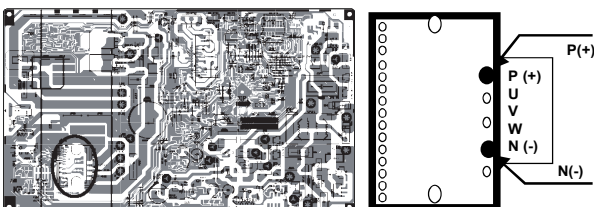


Model	CU-BZ25/35CKE CU-UZ25/35CKE	CU-BZ50/60CKE CU-UZ50CKE
Reactor	G0C392J00063	G0C392J00027
Inductance (mH)	3.9 ± 5%	3.9 ± 5%

### Resistance of Compressor Windings

MODEL	CU-BZ25/35CKE CU-UZ25/35CKE	CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE	CU-BZ60CKE
CONNECTION	9GS075XCA21	9RD132XGB21	9RD132XGA21
U-V	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
U-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
V-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω

Note: Resistance at 20°C of ambient temperature.



## 17.5.26 F91 (Refrigeration Cycle Abnormality)

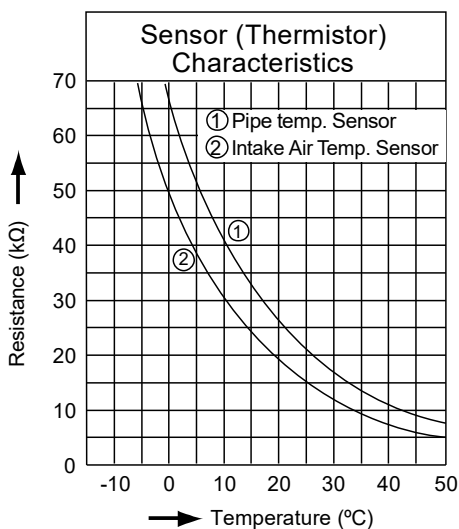
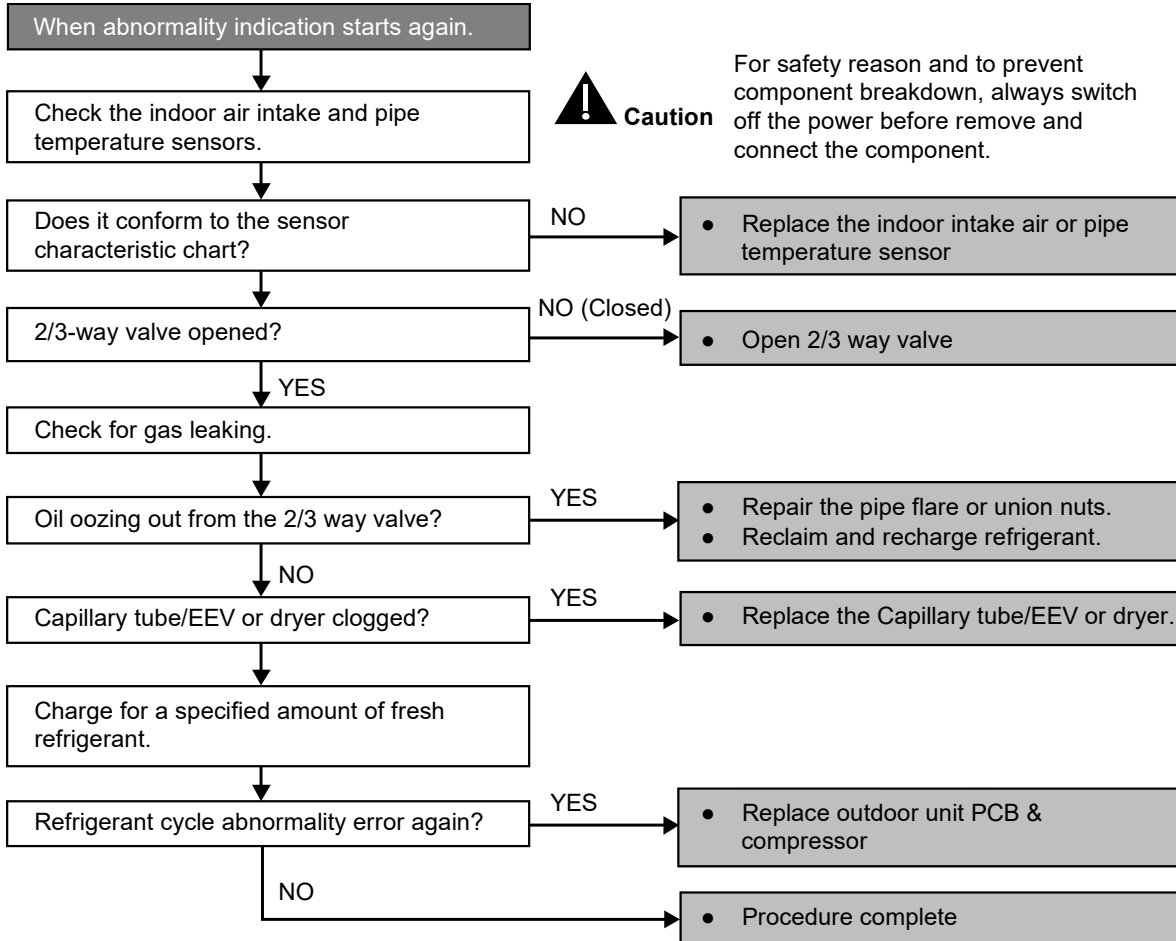
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The input current is low while the compressor is running at higher than the setting frequency.

### Malfunction Caused

- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage).
- Poor compression performance of compressor.
- 2/3 way valve closed.
- Detection error due to faulty indoor intake air or indoor pipe temperature sensors.

### Troubleshooting



## 17.5.27 F93 (Compressor Rotation Failure)

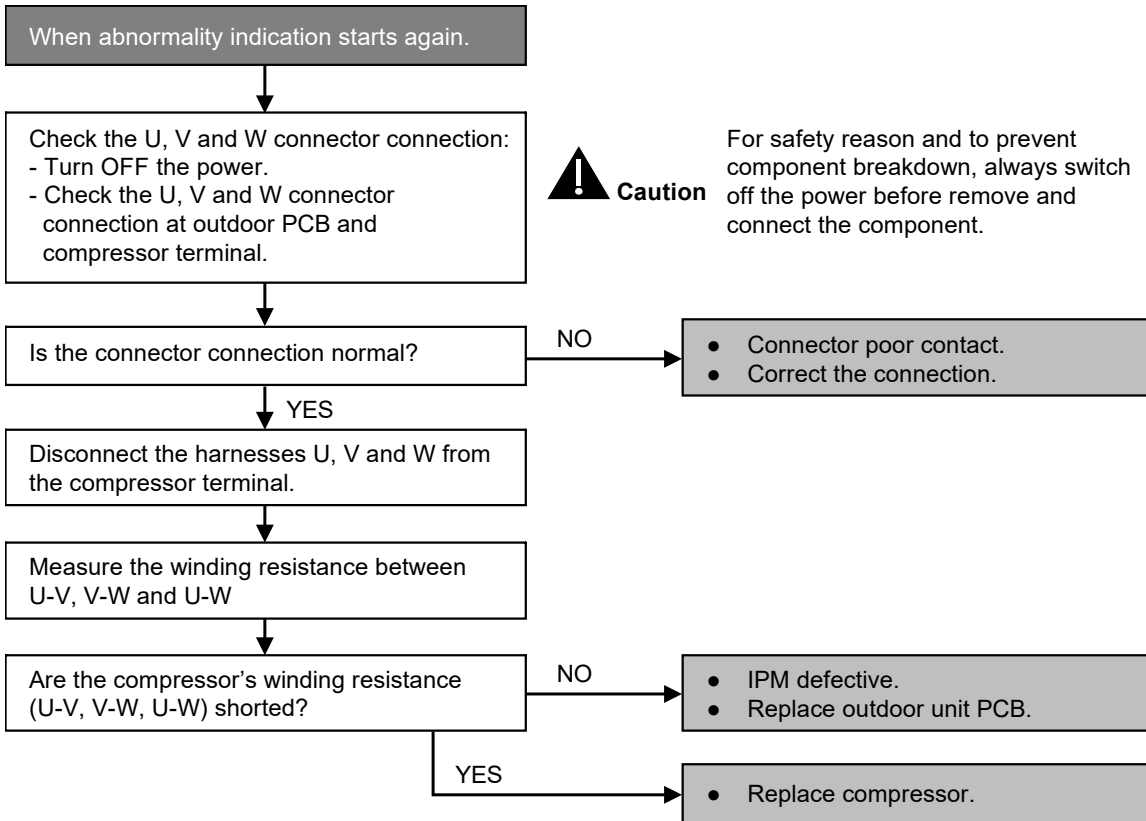
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- A compressor rotation failure is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.

### Malfunction Caused

- Compressor terminal (U, V & W) reversed or disconnect.
- Faulty Outdoor PCB.
- Faulty compressor.

### Troubleshooting

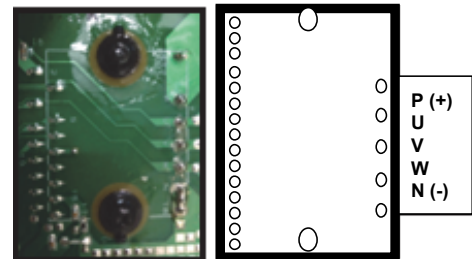


### Resistance of Compressor Windings

MODEL	CU-BZ25/35CKE CU-UZ25/35CKE	CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE	CU-BZ60CKE
CONNECTION	9GS075XCA21	9RD132XGB21	9RD132XGA21
U-V	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
U-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
V-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω

Note: Resistance at 20°C of ambient temperature.

Checking the outdoor PCB (Inverter Power Transistor - IPM)  
 Check IPM input Voltage P-N = (280~340 VDC)



- Check U-V, V-W, W-U having same AC Voltage (200~240 VAC or 150~180 VAC depends on speed & model) -
  - Check N-V, N-U, N-W having same DC Voltage (130~170 VDC depends on speed & model)
- If not obtained during compressor operating high frequency max = Replace outdoor PCB

## 17.5.28 F93 (Compressor Rotation Failure \*with inverter checker)

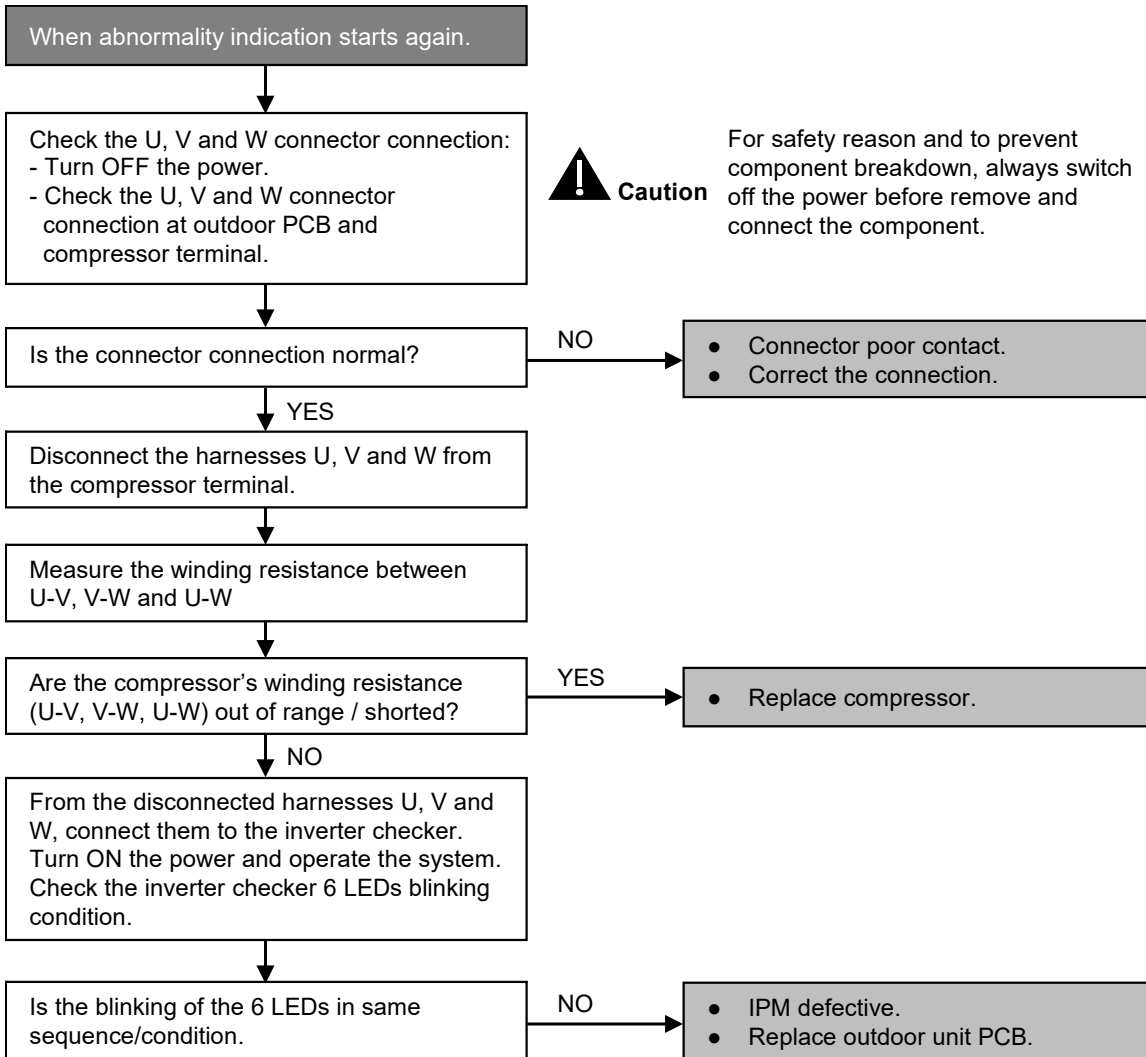
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- A compressor rotation failure is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.

### Malfunction Caused

- Compressor terminal (U, V & W) reversed/disconnect.
- Faulty Outdoor PCB.
- Faulty compressor.

### Troubleshooting



### Resistance of Compressor Windings

MODEL	CU-BZ25/35CKE CU-UZ25/35CKE	CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE	CU-BZ60CKE
CONNECTION	9GS075XCA21	9RD132XGB21	9RD132XGA21
U-V	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
U-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
V-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω

Note: Resistance at 20°C of ambient temperature.



## 17.5.29 F95 (Outdoor High Pressure Protection: Cooling or Soft Dry)

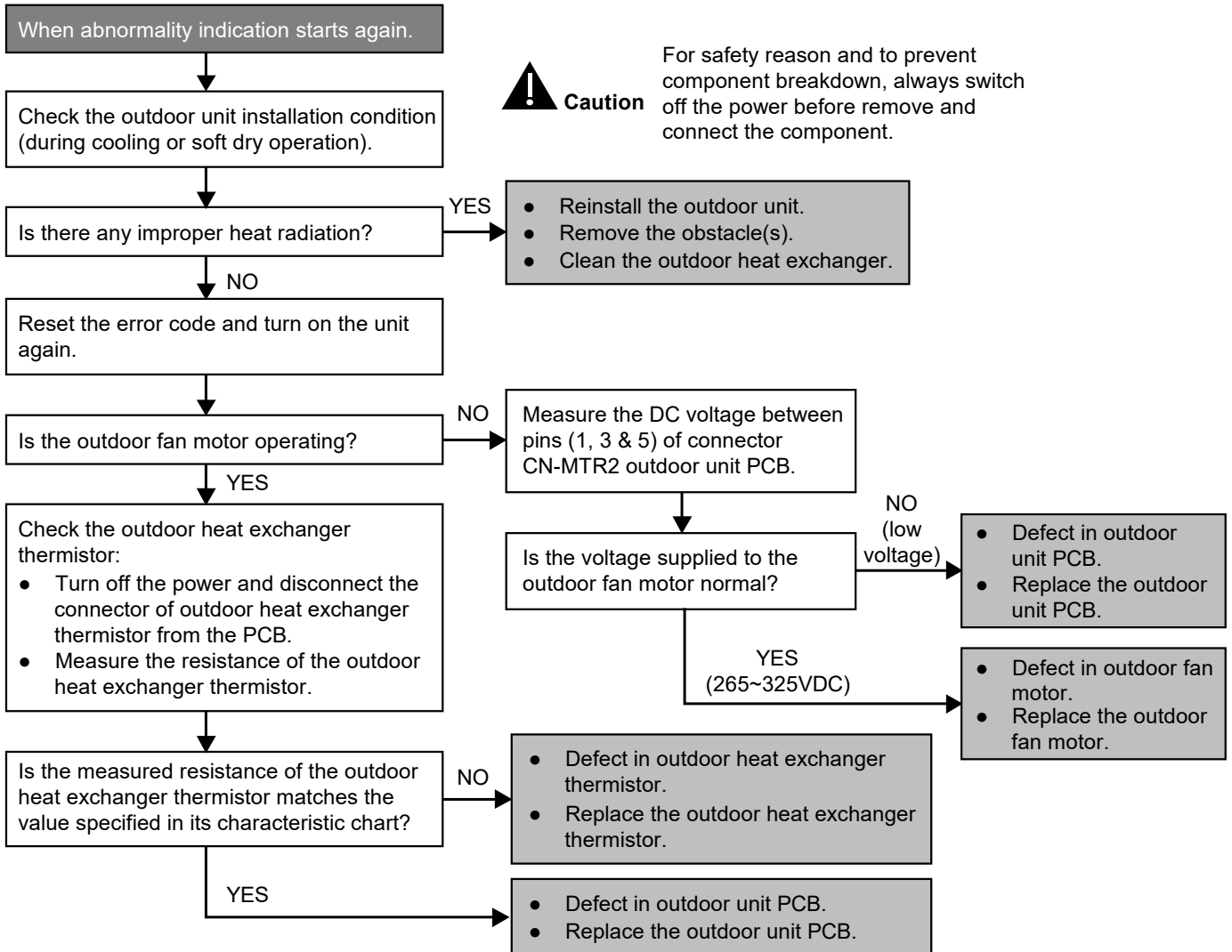
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During operation of cooling or soft dry, when outdoor unit heat exchanger high temperature data is detected by the outdoor unit heat exchanger thermistor.

### Malfunction Caused

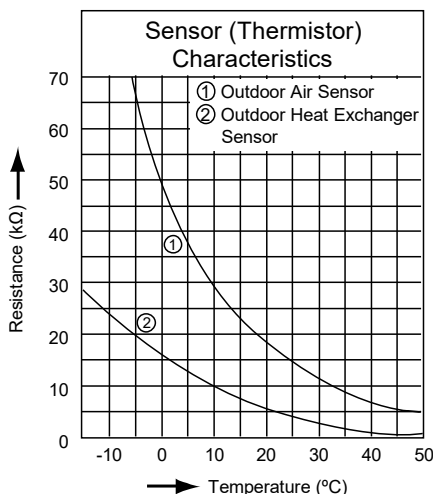
- Outdoor heat exchanger temperature rise due to short-circuit of hot discharge air flow.
- Outdoor heat exchanger temperature rise due to defective of outdoor fan motor.
- Outdoor heat exchanger temperature rise due to defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor.
- Outdoor heat exchanger temperature rise due to defective of outdoor unit PCB.

### Troubleshooting



**Caution**

For safety reason and to prevent component breakdown, always switch off the power before remove and connect the component.



### 17.5.30 F96 (IPM Overheating)

#### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During operating of cooling and heating, when IPM temperature data (120°C) is detected by the IPM temperature sensor.

##### *Multi Models Only*

- Compressor Overheating: During operation of cooling and heating, when the compressor OL is activated.
- Heat Sink Overheating: During operation of cooling and heating, when heat sink temperature data (90°C) is detected by the heat sink temperature sensor.

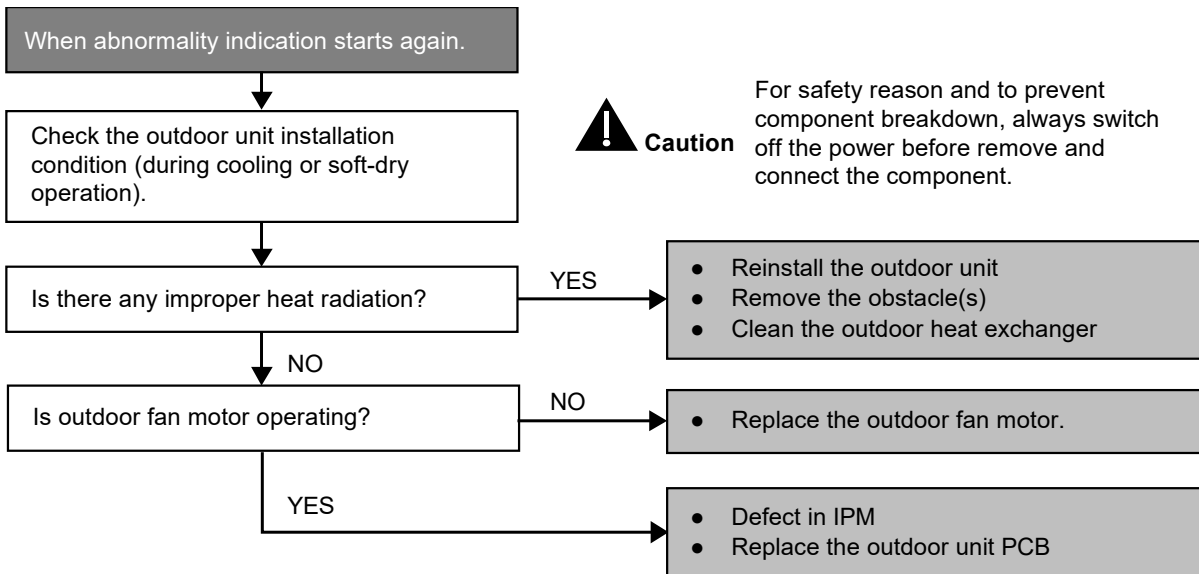
#### Malfunction Caused

- IPM overheats due to short circuit of hot discharge air flow.
- IPM overheats due to defective of outdoor fan motor.
- IPM overheats due to defective of internal circuitry of IPM.
- IPM overheats due to defective IPM temperature sensor.

##### *Multi Models Only*

- Compressor OL connector poor contact.
- Compressor OL faulty.

#### Troubleshooting



### 17.5.31 F97 (Compressor Overheating)

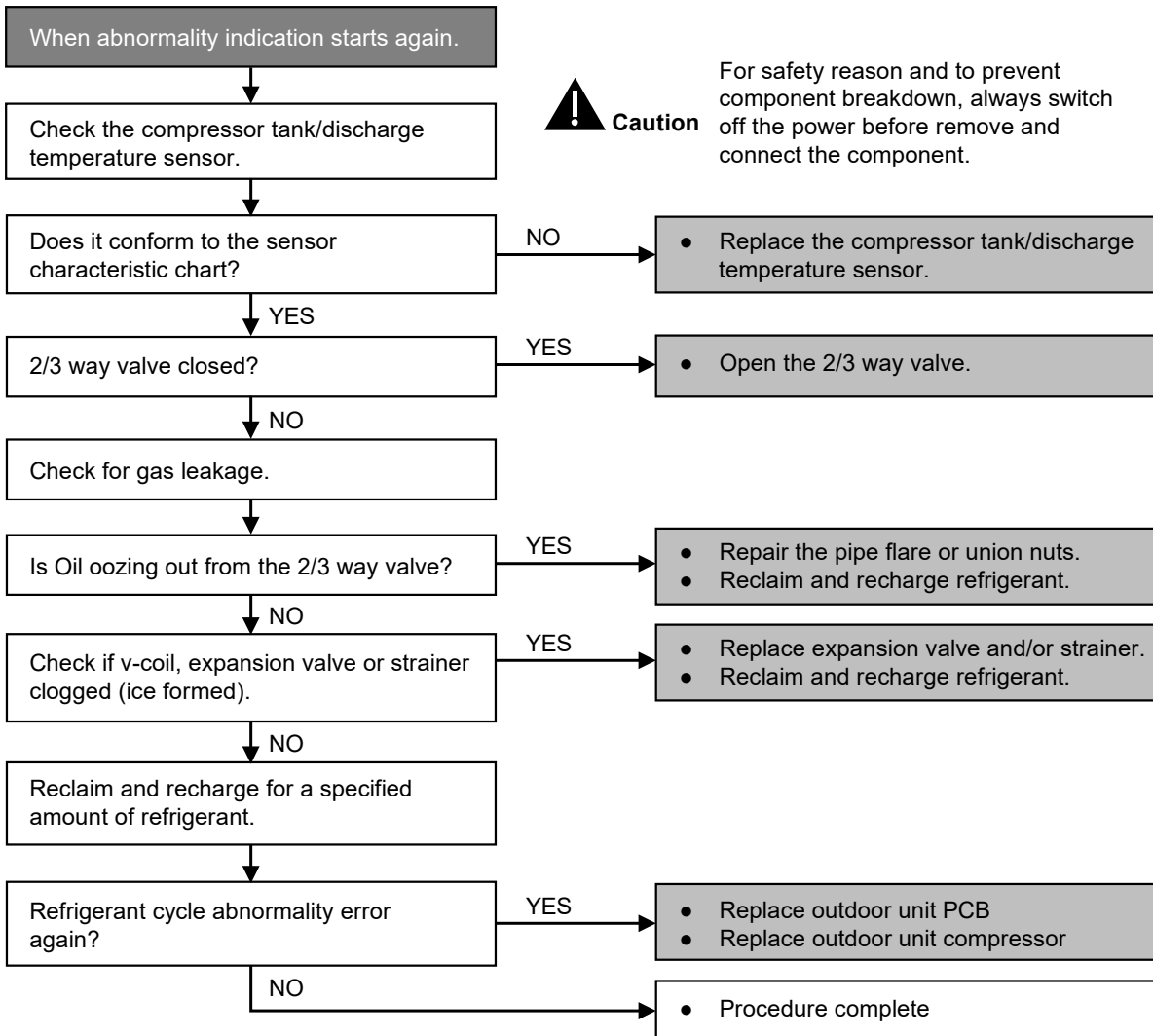
#### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During operation of cooling and heating, when compressor tank temperature data (107°C) is detected by the compressor tank temperature sensor.

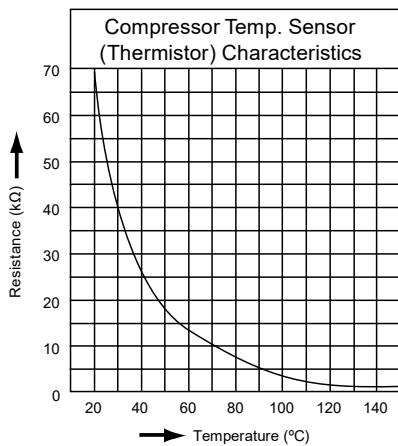
#### Malfunction Caused

- Faulty compressor tank temperature sensor
- 2/3 way valve closed
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB
- Faulty compressor

#### Troubleshooting



**Caution** For safety reason and to prevent component breakdown, always switch off the power before remove and connect the component.



V-Coil Connector

CN-STM1 (White)	
Blue	Com
Black	Coil 1
Yellow	Coil 2
Red	Coil 3
Orange	Coil 4
<b>ACXA43C07230</b>	
Com vs Coil 1, 2, 3 & 4 = 46 ± 3.0Ω	

## 17.5.32 F98 (Input Over Current Detection)

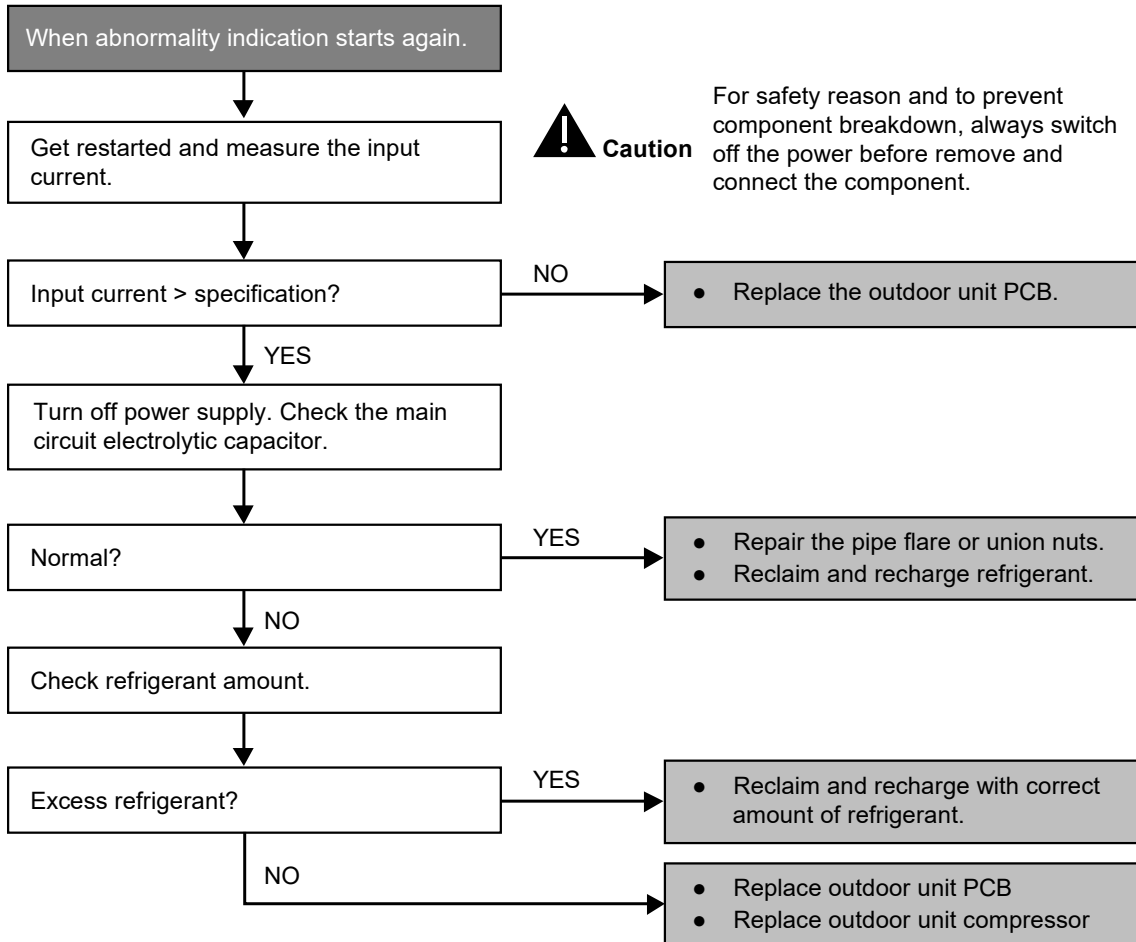
### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During cooling and heating operation, when an input over-current is detected by checking the input current value being detected by current transformer (CT) or current sensor (SEN1) with the compressor running.

### Malfunction Caused

- Excessive refrigerant.
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB.
- Faulty Compressor.
- Faulty inverter main circuit electrolytic capacitor.

### Troubleshooting



Model	BZ25/35CKE UZ25/35CKE	BZ50/60CKE UZ50CKE
Over-current value (A)	15.03	14.66

### 17.5.33 F99 (DC Peak Detection)

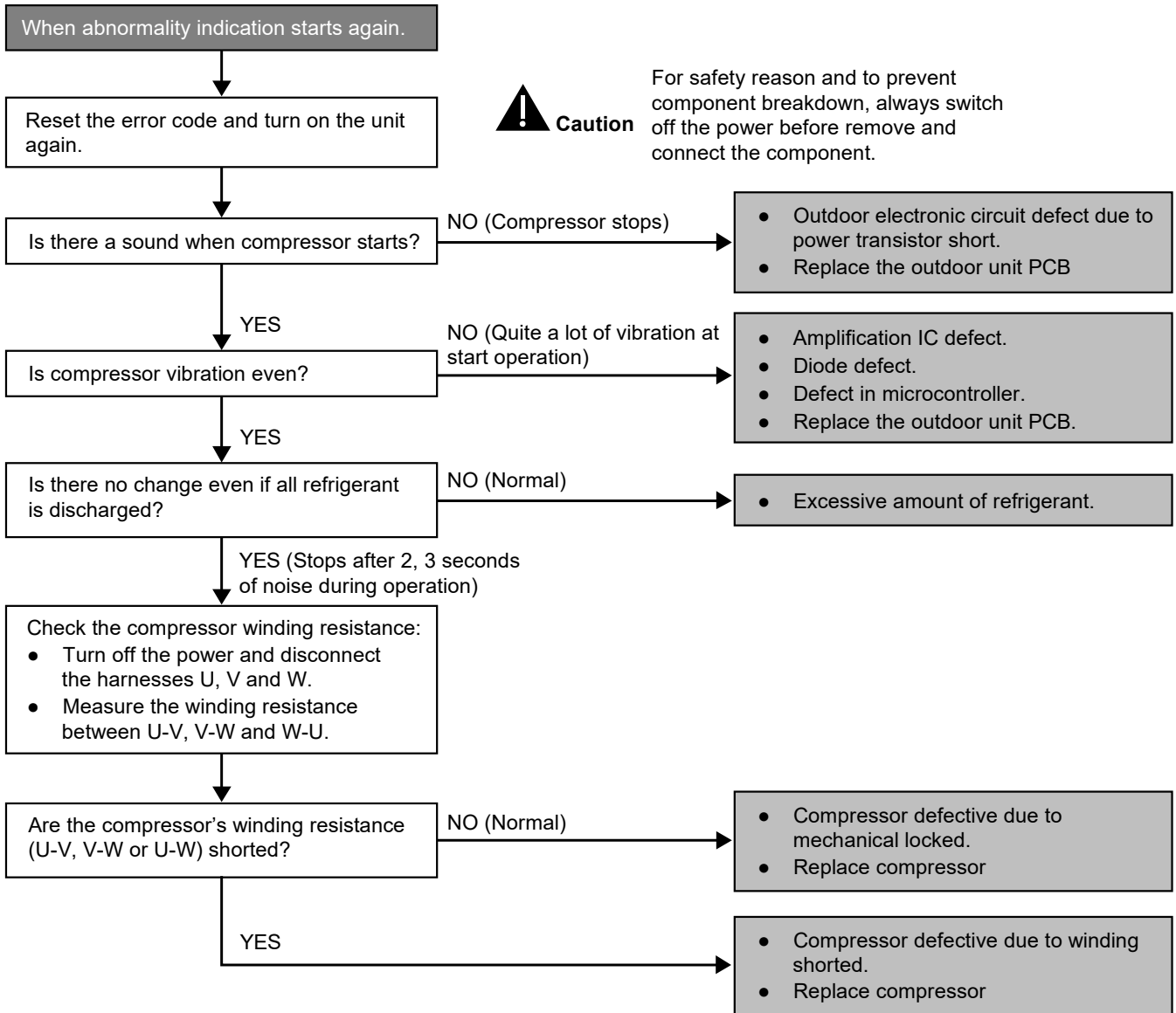
#### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, when inverter DC peak data is received by the outdoor internal DC peak sensing circuitry.

#### Malfunction Caused

- DC current peak due to compressor failure.
- DC current peak due to defective power transistor(s).
- DC current peak due to defective outdoor unit PCB.
- DC current peak due to short circuit of DC components.

#### Troubleshooting

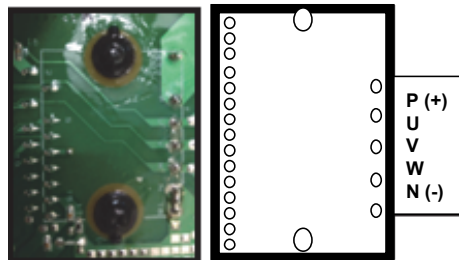


## Resistance of Compressor Windings

MODEL	CU-BZ25/35CKE CU-UZ25/35CKE	CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE	CU-BZ60CKE
CONNECTION	9GS075XCA21	9RD132XGB21	9RD132XGA21
U-V	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
U-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
V-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω

Note: Resistance at 20°C of ambient temperature.

Checking the outdoor PCB (Inverter Power Transistor - IPM)  
Check IPM input Voltage P-N = (280~340 VDC)



- Check U-V, V-W, W-U having same AC Voltage  
(200~240 VAC or 150~180 VAC depends on speed & model)
- Check N-V, N-U, N-W having same DC Voltage  
(130~170 VDC depends on speed & model)

If not obtained during compressor operating high frequency max  
= Replace outdoor PCB

### 17.5.34 F99 (DC Peak Detection \*with inverter checker)

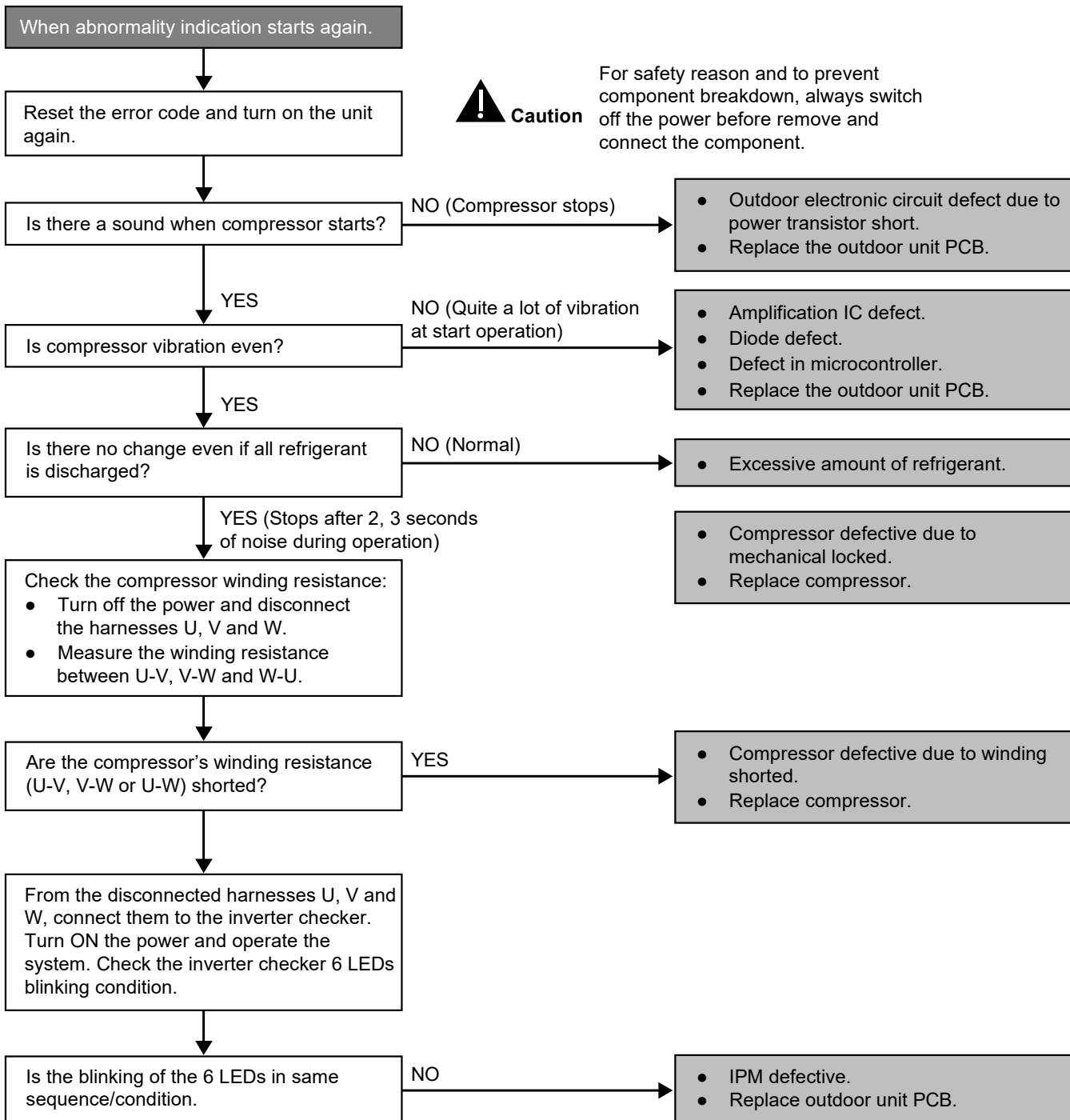
#### Malfunction Decision Conditions

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, when inverter DC peak data is received by the outdoor internal DC peak sensing circuitry.

#### Malfunction Caused

- DC current peak due to compressor failure.
- DC current peak due to defective power transistor(s).
- DC current peak due to defective outdoor unit PCB.
- DC current peak due to short circuit of DC components.

#### Troubleshooting



## Resistance of Compressor Windings

MODEL	CU-BZ25/35CKE CU-UZ25/35CKE	CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE	CU-BZ60CKE
CONNECTION	9GS075XCA21	9RD132XGB21	9RD132XGA21
U-V	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
U-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω
V-W	3.333 Ω	1.708 Ω	1.708 Ω

Note: Resistance at 20°C of ambient temperature.



## 18. Disassembly and Assembly Instructions

### WARNING

High Voltage is generated in the electrical parts area by the capacitor. Ensure that the capacitor has discharged sufficiently before proceeding with repair work. Failure to heed this caution may result in electric shocks.  
Working at a height involves a risk of a person falling. Practice safety standards according to each country requirement.

### CAUTION

To maintain the indoor unit's appearance, some precaution needs to be taken during installation or servicing activities.

- 1) Avoid direct contact between the indoor unit with rough or sharp surfaces that could cause scratches on the matte surface. (e.g. floor, installation tools, fingernails)
- 2) When placing the unit on the ground, ensure there is lining such as soft cloth between the unit and the ground surface / floor to prevent any scratching.
- 3) When handling the unit, it is encourage to wear gloves to avoid scratches by sharp or rough items (e.g. fingernails, screwdriver/power tool, rings, etc)
- 4) When cleaning the unit, use soft damp cloth. For tougher stains, you can use a bleach-free wet wipe. Test on a small area first. Do not use harsh chemicals such as thinner to clean the grilles which could corrode or leave marks on the paint coating.
- 5) When servicing the unit, gloves should be worn to prevent injuries from sharp edges on certain components.

### 18.1 Indoor Electronic Controllers, Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor Removal Procedures

#### 18.1.1 To Remove Front Grille

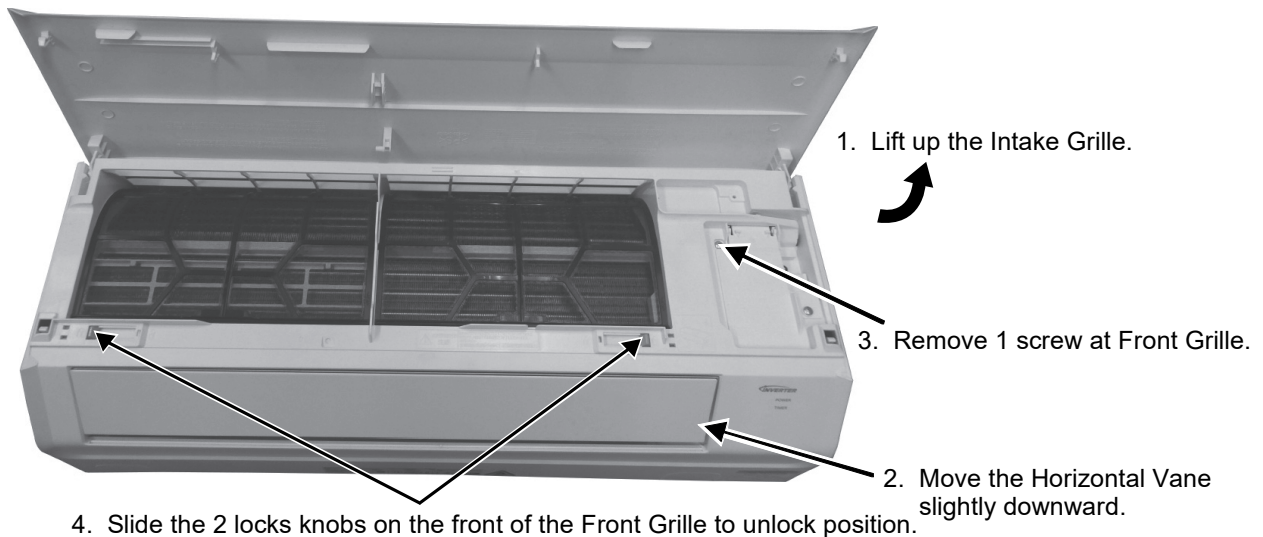


Figure 1

5. Slide the 2 locks knobs on the top of the Front Grille to unlock position.

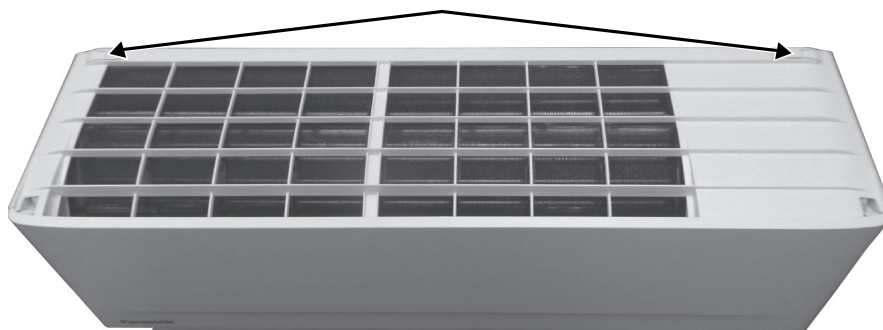


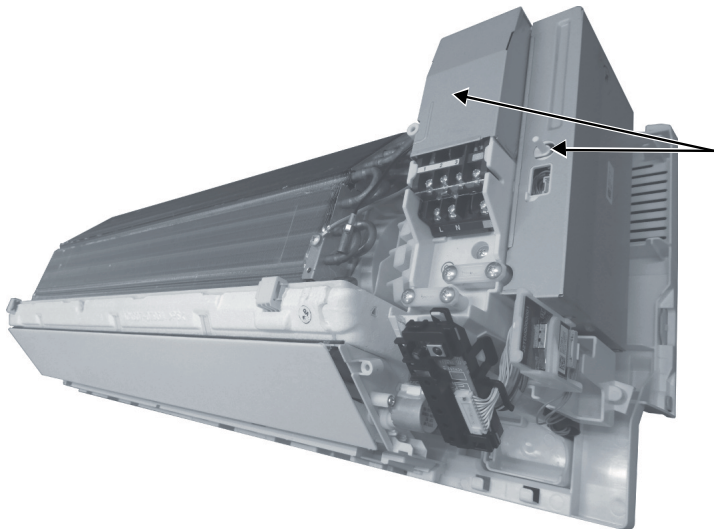
Figure 2



6. Remove the Front Grille. Pull out to front side.

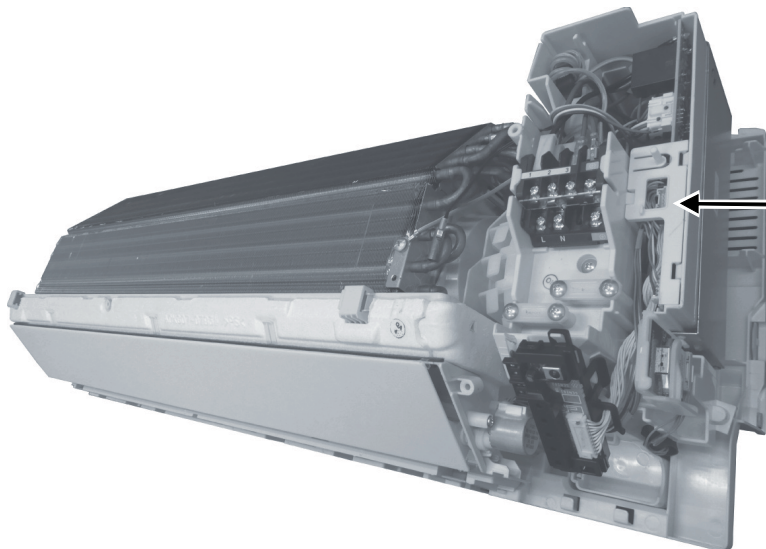
Figure 3

### 18.1.2 To Remove Electronic Controller



1. Remove the right side front cover first, then remove the second front cover.

Figure 4



2. Remove the particular piece.

Figure 5

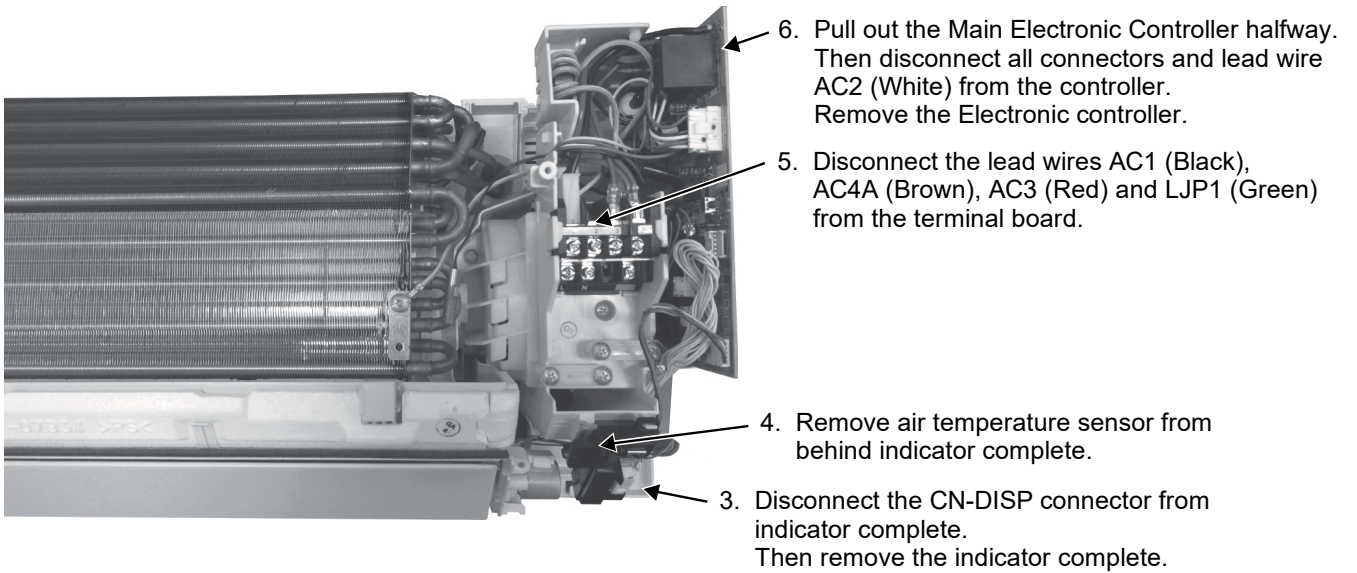


Figure 6

7. Detach all connectors as labelled from the Main Electronic Controller. Then pull out the Main Electronic Controller gently.

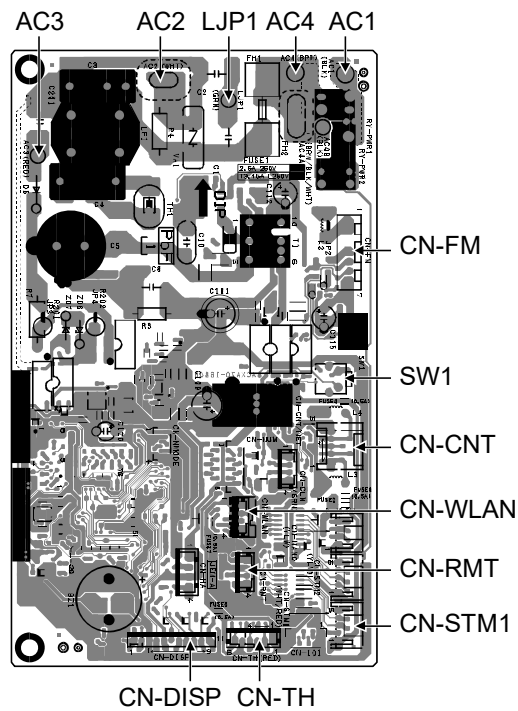


Figure 7

### 18.1.3 To Remove Discharge Grille

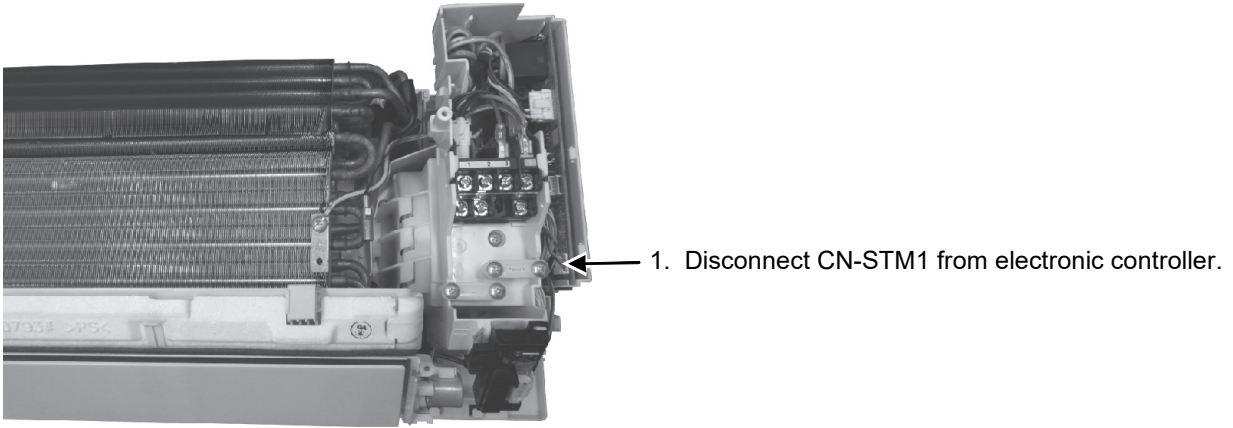


Figure 8

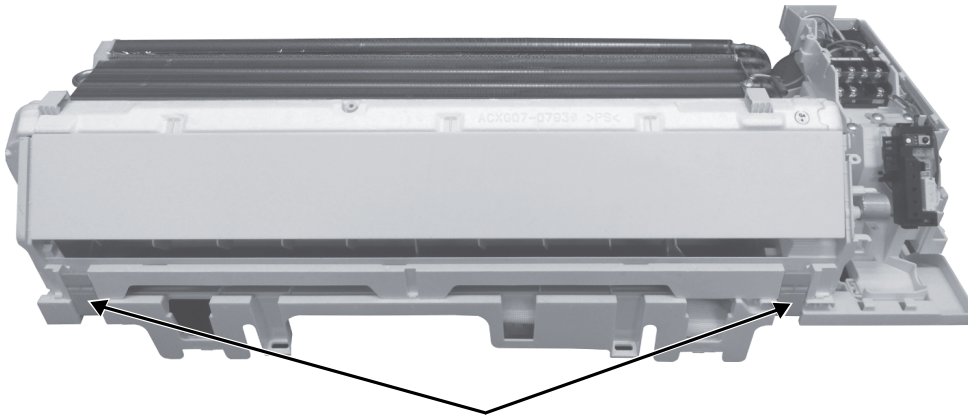


Figure 9



Figure 10

### 18.1.4 To Remove Cross Flow Fan

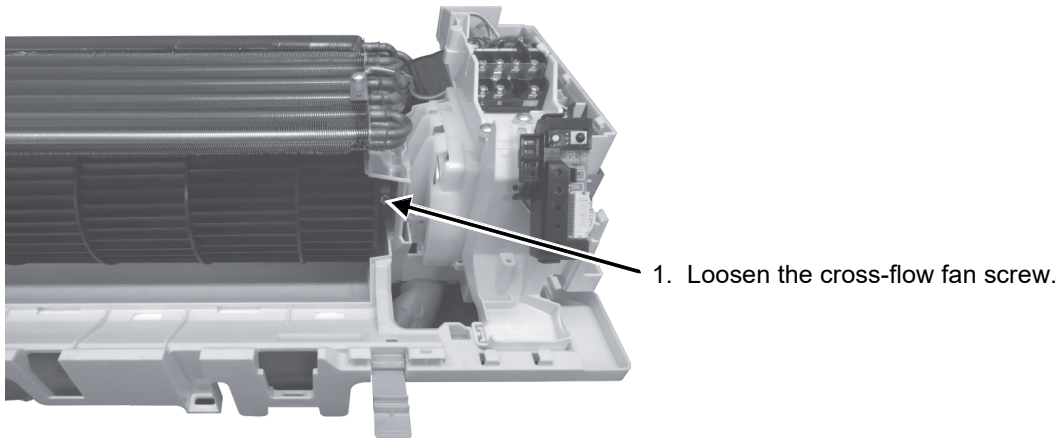


Figure 11

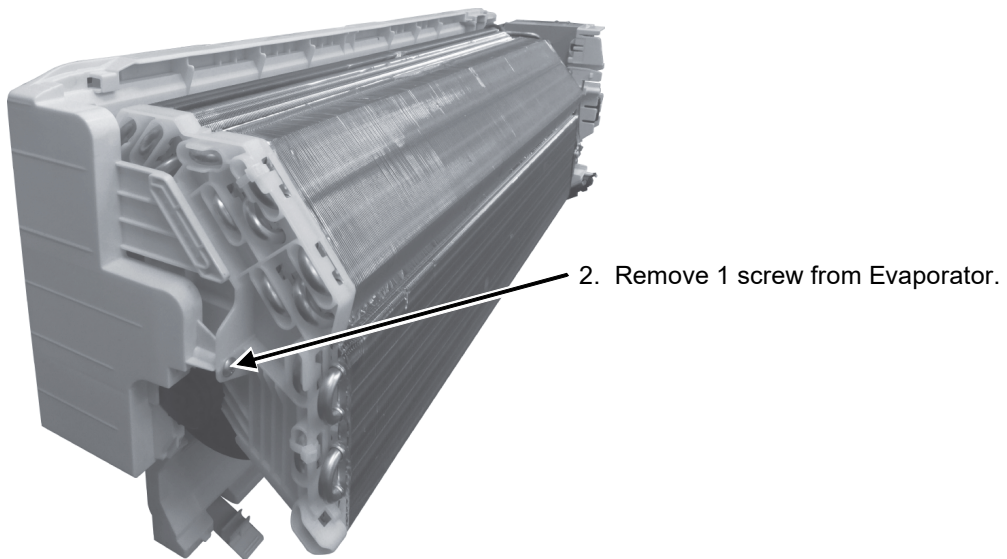


Figure 12

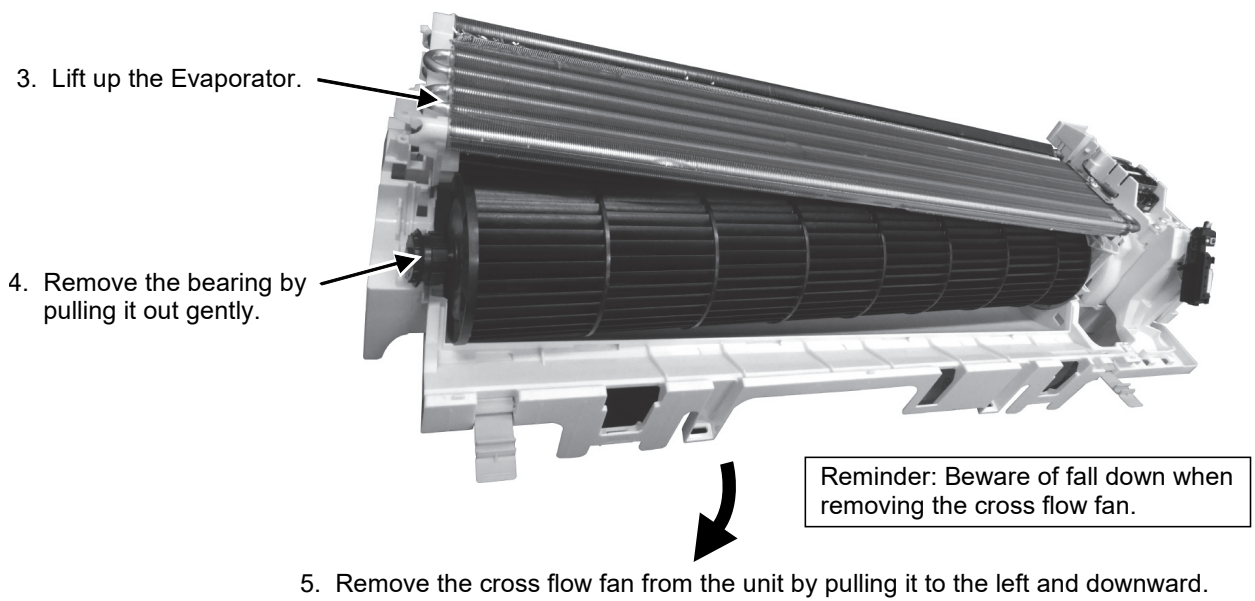


Figure 13

## 18.1.5 To Remove Fan Motor

2. Remove earth wire from evaporator.

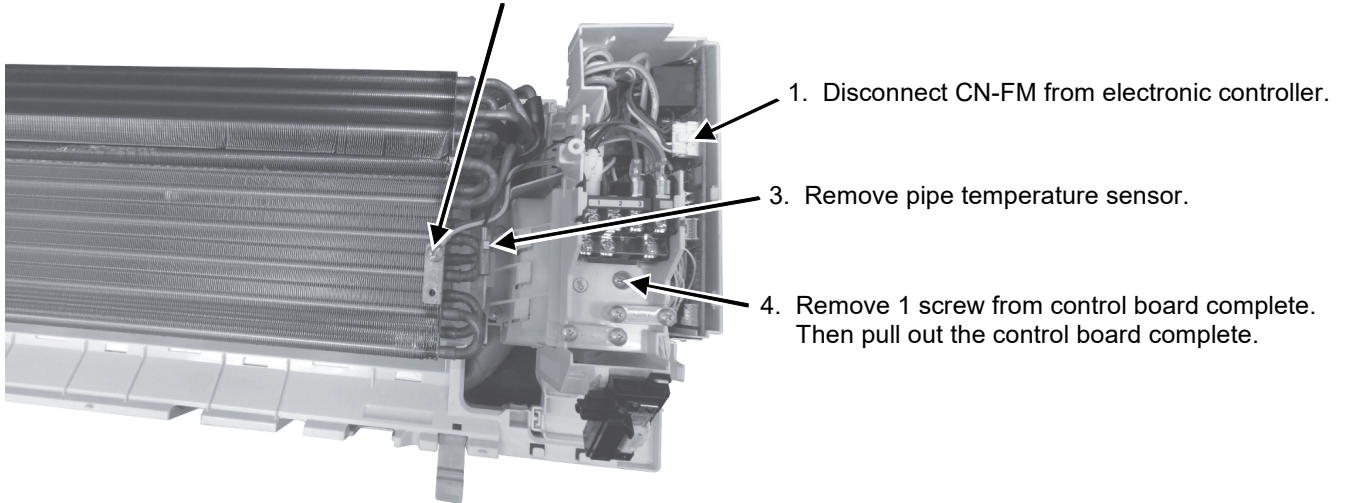


Figure 14

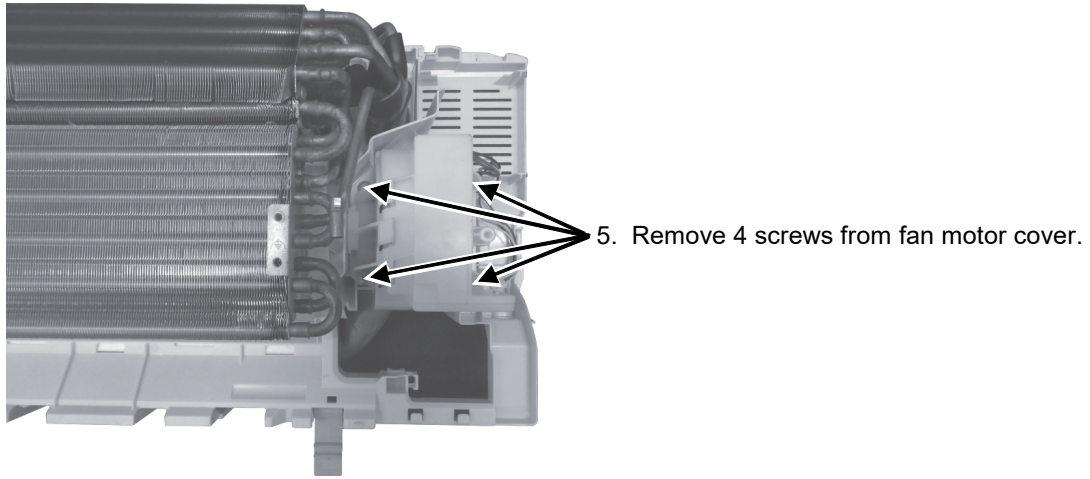


Figure 15

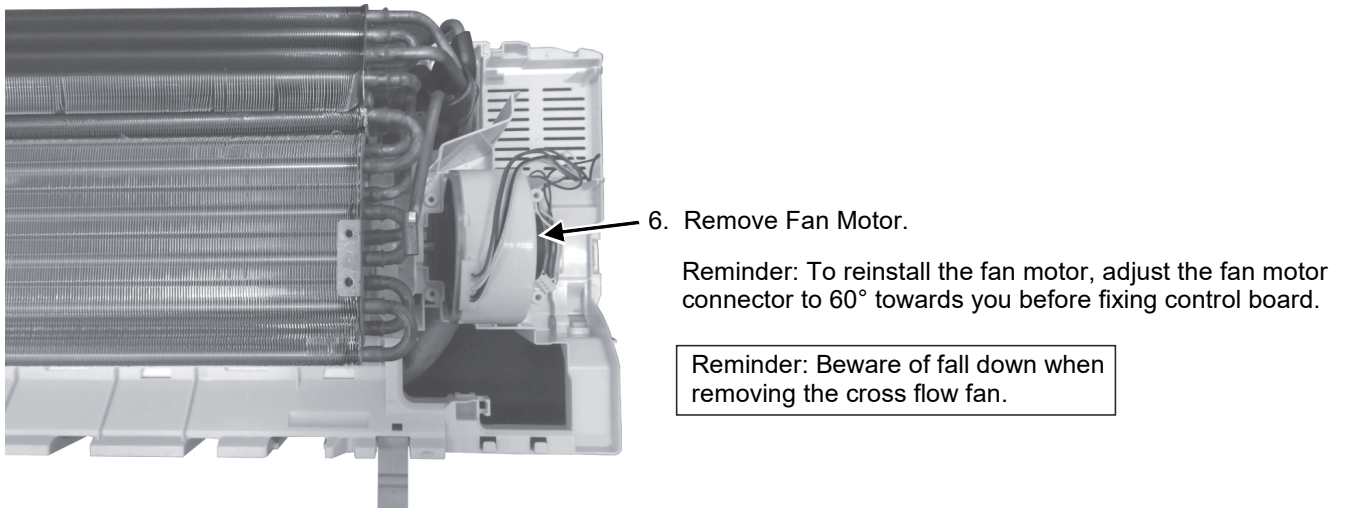



Figure 16

 "Precaution of Maintenance"  
Removed all electrical parts before doing wet servicing

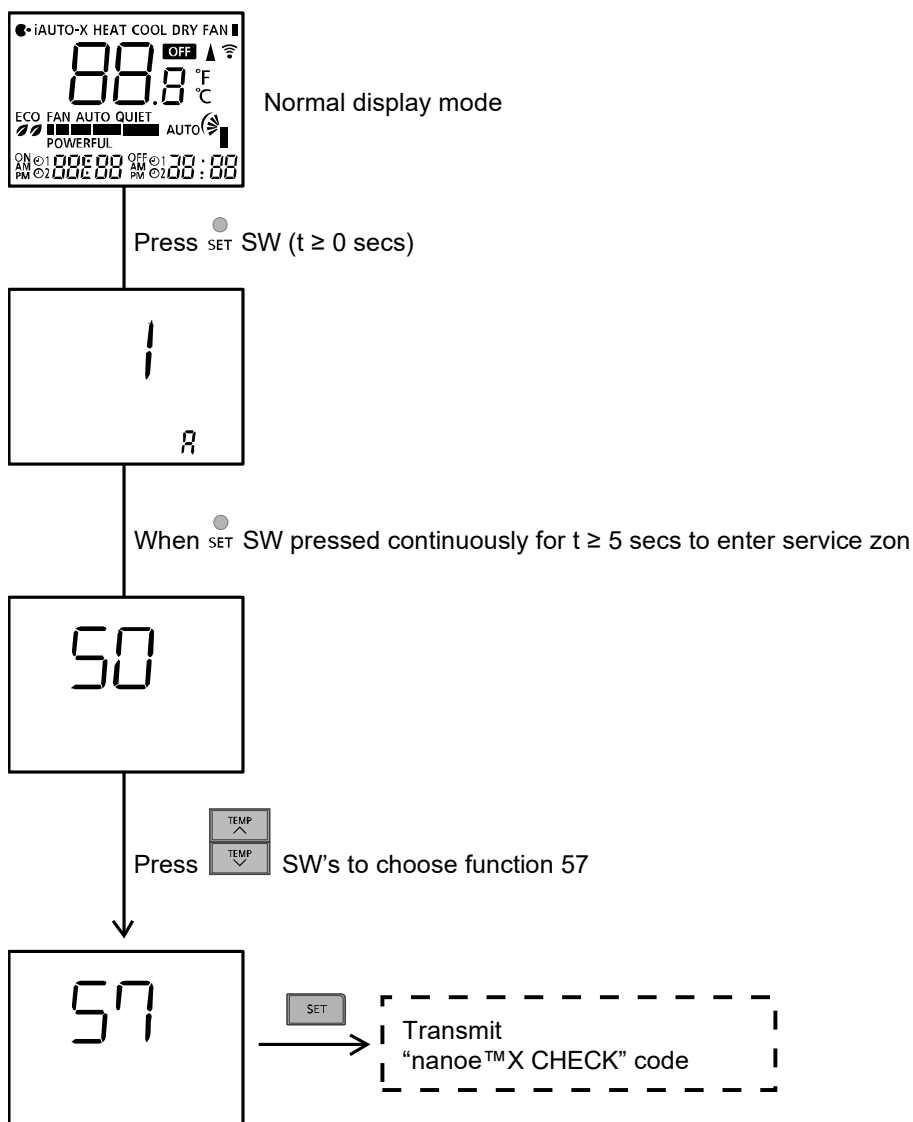
## 18.2 Replacement Procedure for Indoor Electronic Controller and WLAN (Part No: J2TD00000001) Module

### 18.2.1 Replace Indoor Electronic Controller only

- 1 Turn OFF the power supply.
- 2 Replace the indoor electronic controller.
- 3 Turn ON the power supply.
- 4 If the WLAN LED is OFF, press the WLAN button on the remote controller once to turn ON WLAN. Comfort Cloud APP can be used right away. (Not required to re-register the device in App).
- 5 Weekly timer needs to re-set again.

### 18.2.2 Replace WLAN (Part No: J2TD00000001) Module only

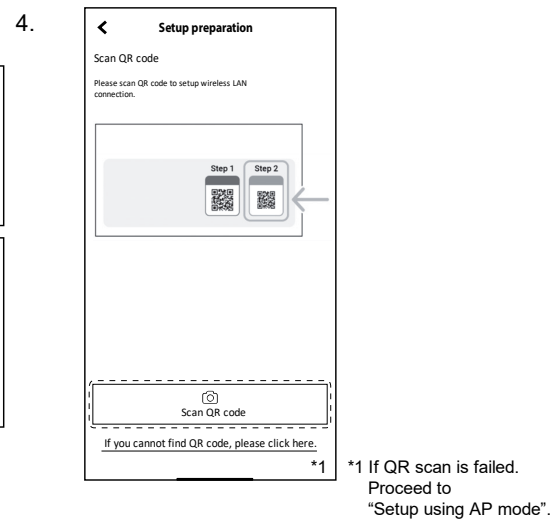
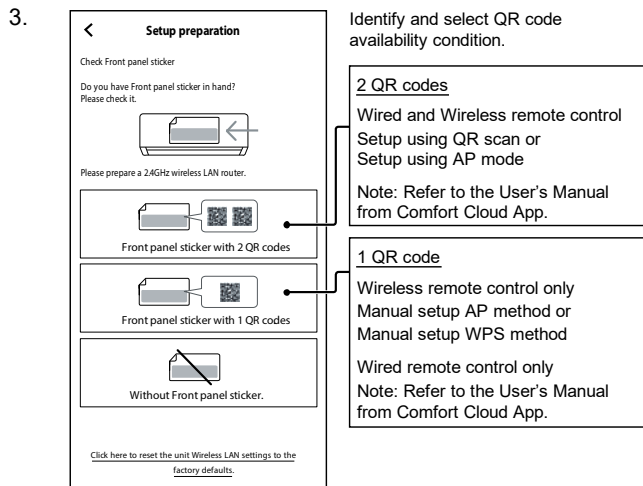
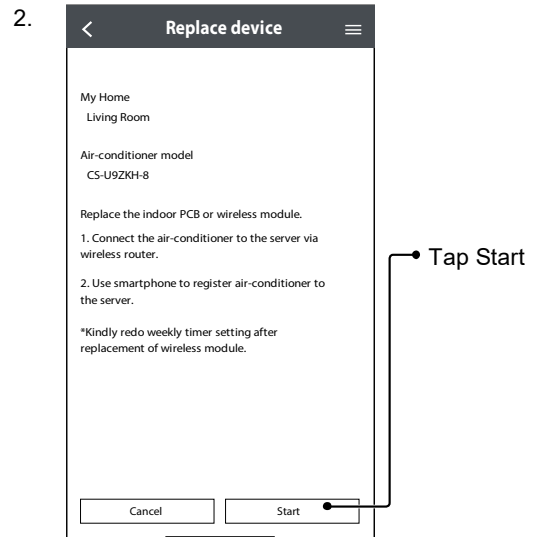
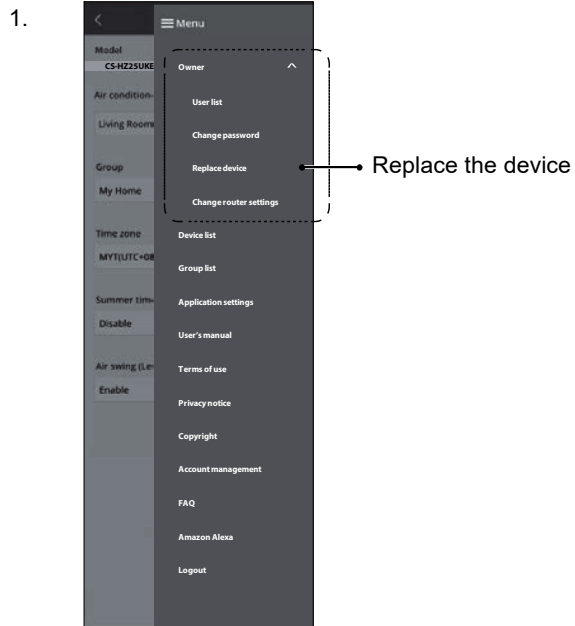
- 1 Turn OFF the power supply.
- 2 Replace the WLAN (Part No: J2TD00000001) module.
- 3 Turn ON the power supply.
- 4 Turn ON the WLAN.
  - 4.1 When the WLAN LED is OFF, Press the WLAN button once.
  - 4.2 When the WLAN LED is blinking or ON, Press the WLAN button once again to turn OFF WLAN (LED turns OFF). Press the WLAN button once again.
- 5 Within 60 seconds from the above 4.1 or 4.2. Execute “nanoe™X check code” by using the remote control.



- 5.1 After the WLAN LED blinks, it is completed when it lights up. If the light is off, the write-back operation has failed, so the procedure is required to be performed again from step 4.
- 6 Press the WLAN button once to turn OFF WLAN (LED turns OFF).

7 Re-register in the Comfort Cloud app (performed by the owner). Owner can be registered by using QR code.

7.1 Perform re-registration from “Menu – Owner – Replace device” on the device main screen.

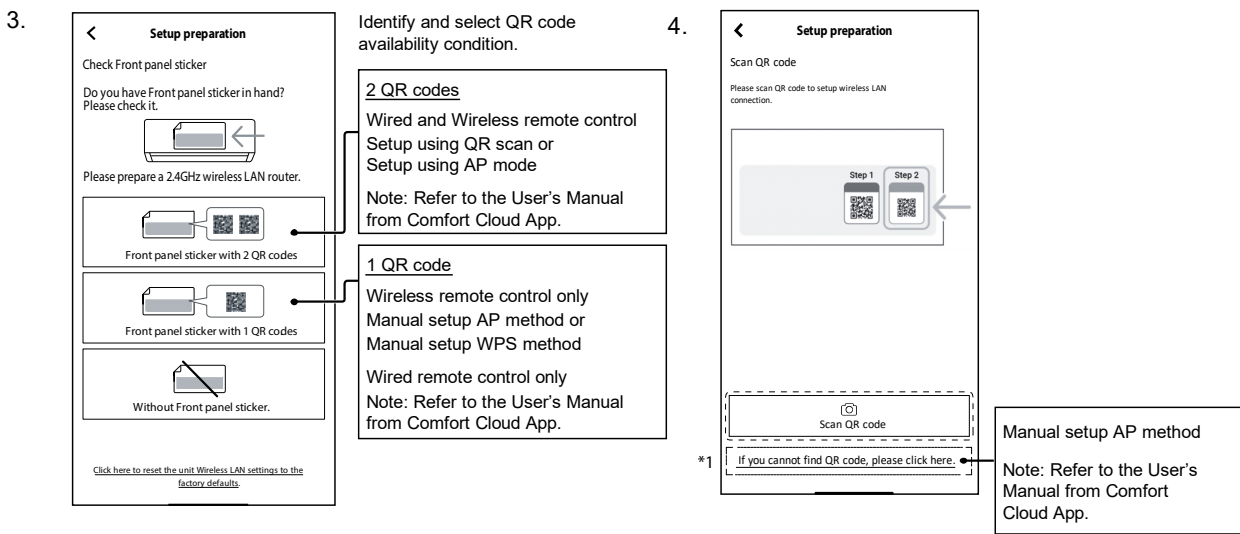
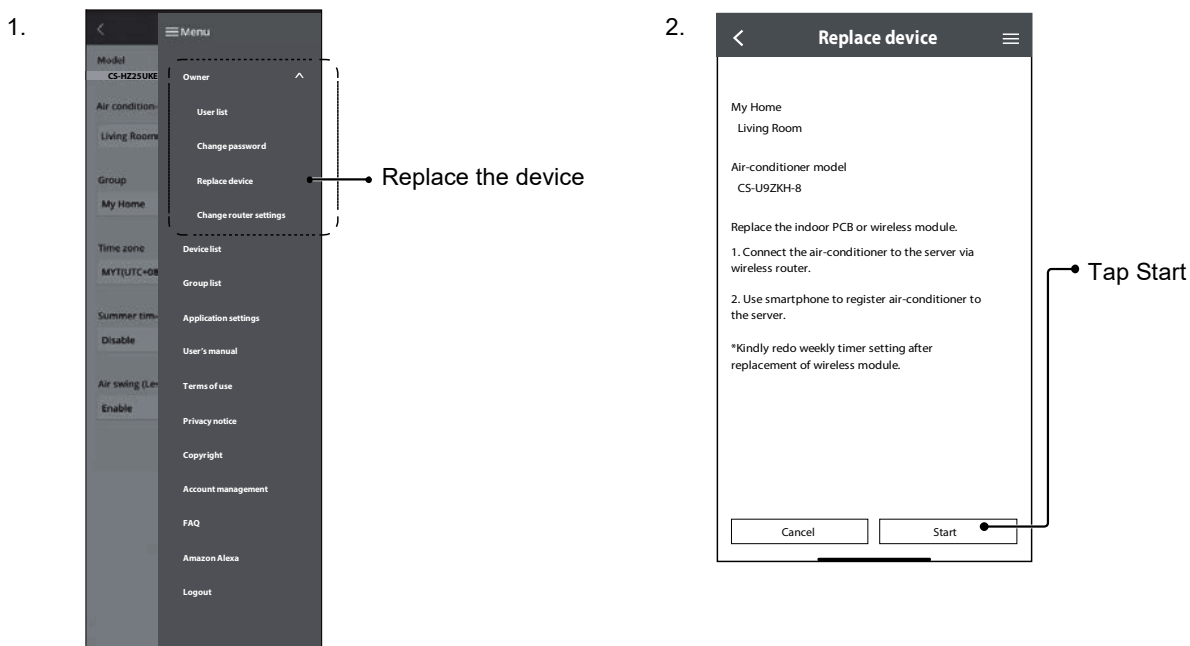


8 Refer to Network Adaptor document from server for Setup using QR Scan instructions.

9 Weekly timer needs to re-set again.

### 18.2.3 Replace Indoor Electronic Controller and WLAN (Part No: J2TD0000001) Module

- 1 Turn OFF the power supply.
- 2 Replace the indoor electronic controller and WLAN (Part No: J2TD0000001) module.
- 3 Turn ON the power supply.
- 4 Re-registration in the Comfort Cloud App (performed by the owner).
  - 4.1 Perform re-registration from “Menu – Owner – Replace device” on the device main screen.
  - 4.2 Registration by QR code is not possible (registration by Soft AP mode \*1).
  - 4.3 When a new user registers a device, please register with a Soft AP mode \*1.



- 5 Weekly timer needs to re-set again.

### 18.3 To Setup Wireless LAN Module and Panasonic Comfort Cloud

Note: Refer to the User's Manual from Comfort Cloud App.

1. Sign-in “Panasonic Comfort Cloud” app.
2. Under Menu, select “User's Manual”.

## 18.4 Outdoor Electronic Controller Removal Procedure

### 18.4.1 CU-BZ25CKE CU-BZ35CKE CU-UZ25CKE CU-UZ35CKE

 Caution! When handling electronic controller, be careful of electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Remove the 5 screws of the Top Panel.

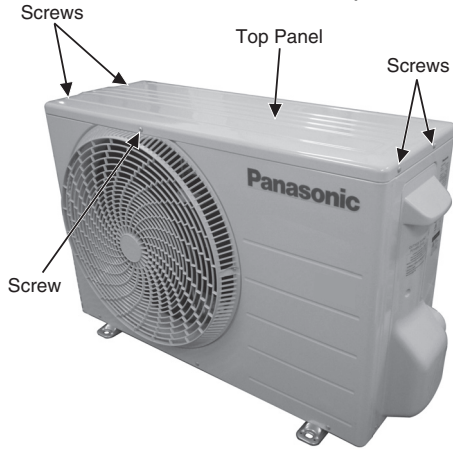


Fig. 1

- 2 Remove the 6 screws of the Front Panel.

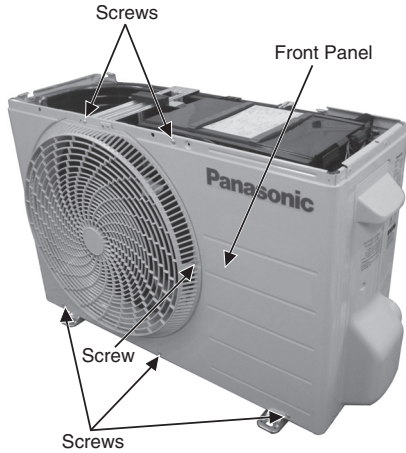


Fig. 2

- 3 Remove the screw of the Terminal Board Cover.

- 4 Remove the Top Cover of the Control Board by 4 hooks.

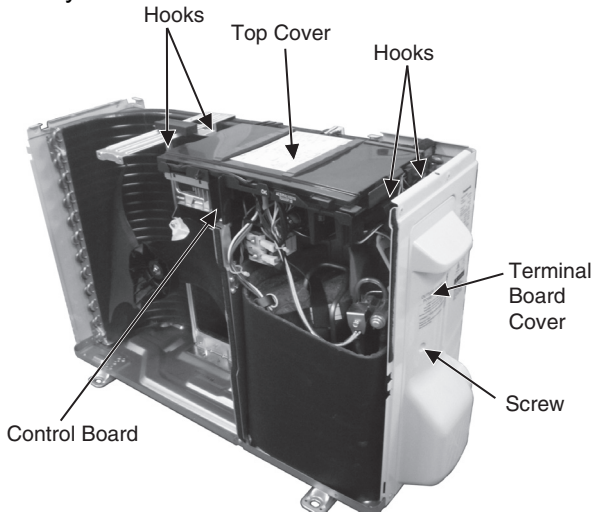


Fig. 3

- 5 Remove the Control Board as follows:

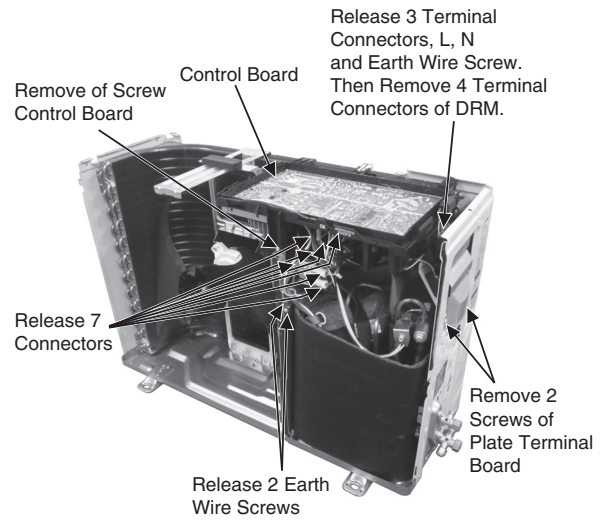


Fig. 4

- Remove the Terminal Cover and 3 Terminal Compressor

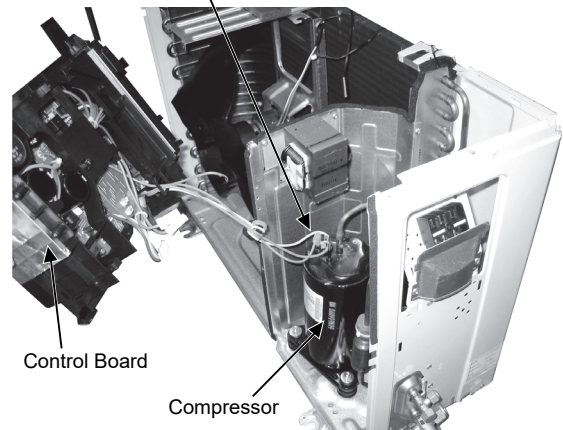


Fig. 5

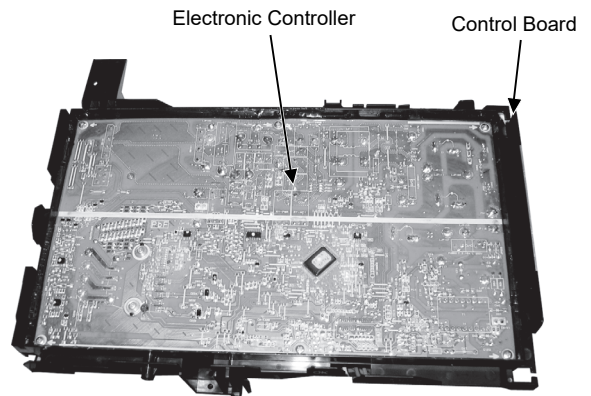


Fig. 6

## 18.4.2 CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE

**⚠ Caution!** When handling electronic controller, be careful of electrostatic discharge.

1. Remove the 5 screws of the Top Panel.

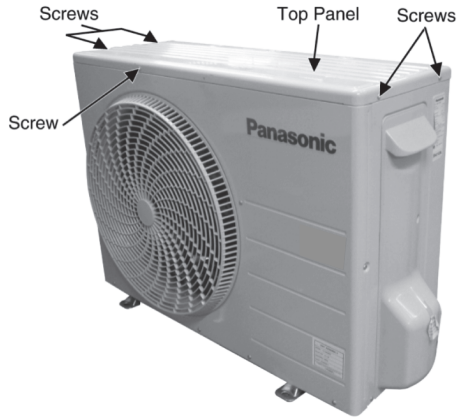


Fig. 1

2. Remove the 8 screws of the Front Panel.

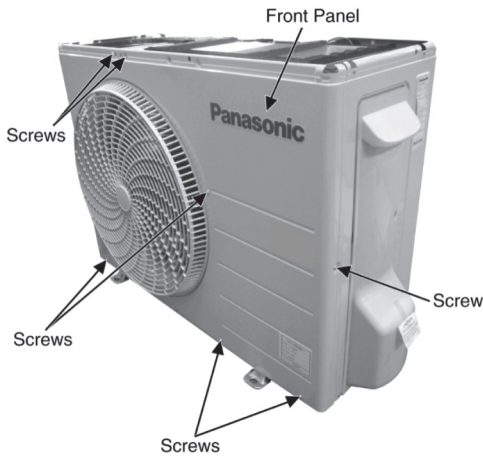


Fig. 2

3. Remove the screw of the Terminal Board Cover.  
4. Remove the Top Cover of the Control Board by 4 hooks.

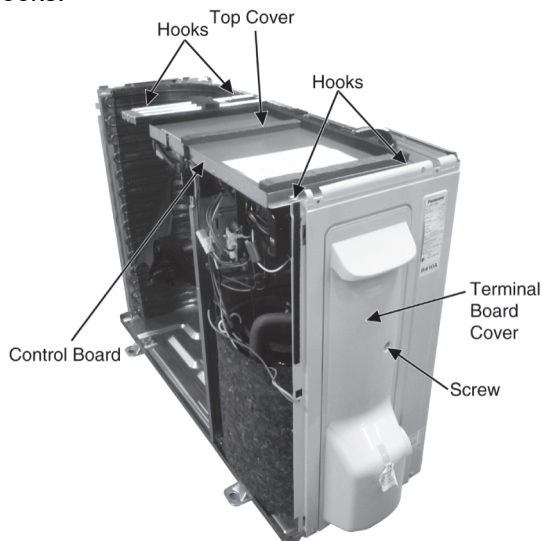


Fig. 3

5. Remove the Control Board as follows:

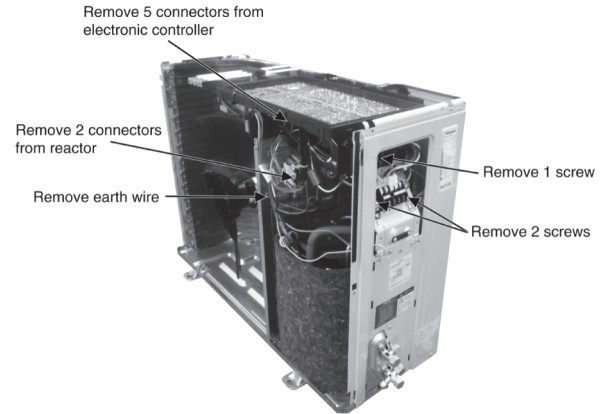


Fig. 4

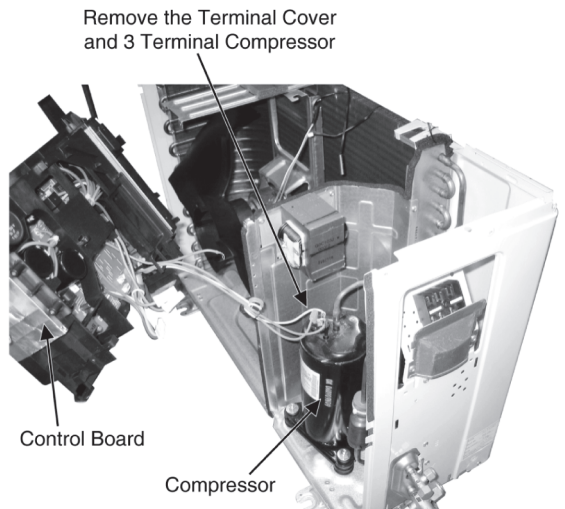


Fig. 5

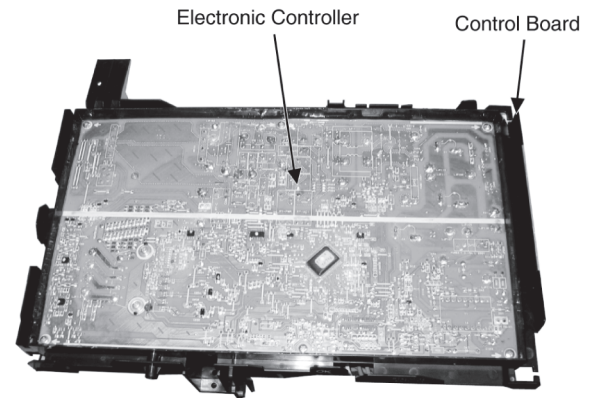


Fig. 6

### 18.4.3 CU-BZ60CKE

**⚠ Caution!** When handling electronic controller, be careful of electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Remove the 5 screws of the Top Panel.

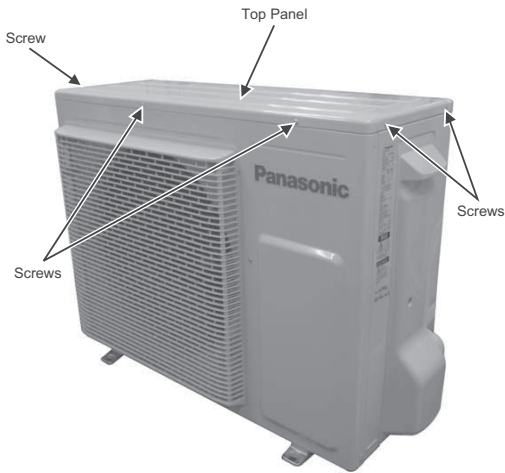


Fig. 1

- 2 Remove the 8 screws of the Front Panel.

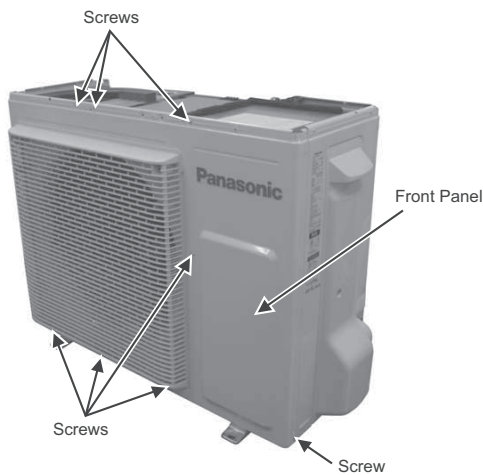


Fig. 2

- 3 Remove the screw of the Terminal Board Cover.

- 4 Remove the Top Cover of the Electronic Controller by 4 hooks.

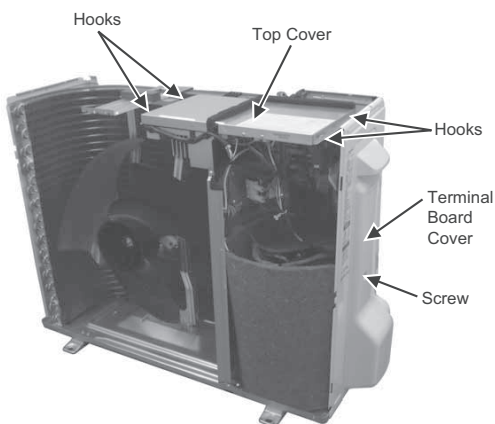


Fig. 3

- 5 Remove 2 screws for the plate of Terminal Board Cover.

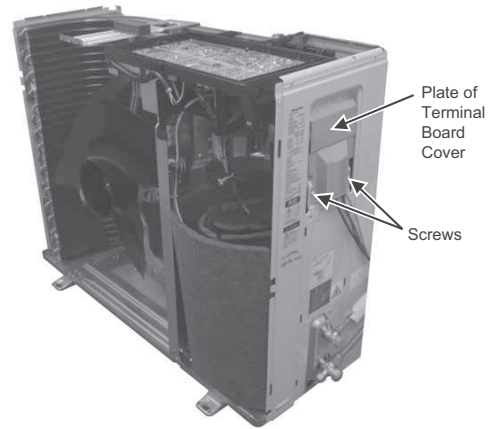


Fig. 4

- 6 Remove the Control Board.

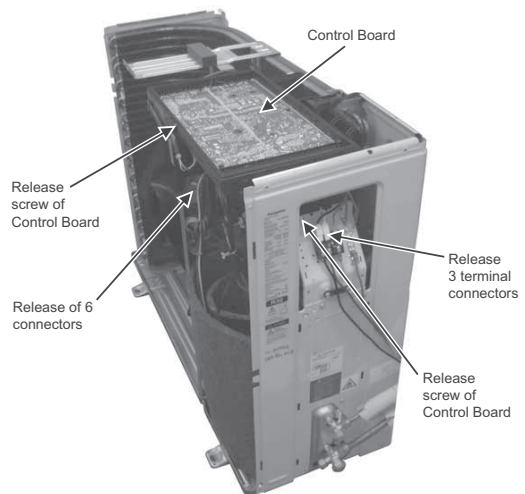


Fig. 5

- 7 Remove the 4 screws of the Electronic Controller.

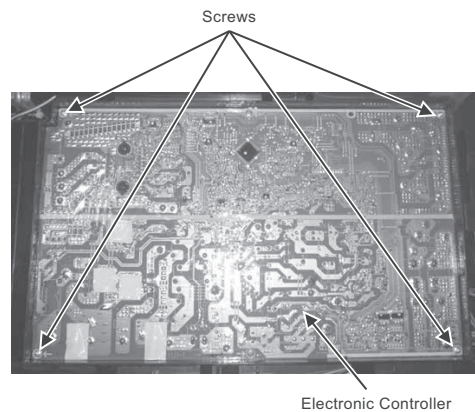


Fig. 6

## 19. Technical Data

Technical data provided are based on the air conditioner running under free frequency.

### 19.1 Cool Mode Performance Data

Unit setting: Standard piping length, Hi Fan, Cool mode at 16°C

Voltage: 230V

#### 19.1.1 CS-BZ25CKE CU-BZ25CKE

Indoor (°C)		Outdoor DB (°C)																				
DB	WB	-10			-5			0			5			16			25			35		
		TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	2491	2228	495	2611	2265	533	2854	2333	515	2896	2465	517	2962	2448	456	2772	2422	570	2500	2168	680
	22.0	2690	1722	451	3065	1839	562	3088	1838	543	3119	1947	542	3258	1987	458	3063	1909	578	2735	1713	699
23	15.7	2226	2125	419	2227	2146	421	2481	2253	587	2548	2356	561	2687	2435	454	2533	2341	560	2103	2057	649
	18.4	2472	1731	469	2562	1766	532	2830	1853	507	2734	1871	586	2945	1968	456	2773	1888	567	2401	1718	680
20	13.3	1905	1903	351	1941	1914	362	1953	1928	353	1941	1920	398	1880	1856	263	1984	1957	401	2084	2062	660
	15.8	2199	1623	404	2284	1677	441	2513	1797	592	2580	1859	563	2720	1925	454	2555	1904	559	2281	1704	672

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

#### 19.1.2 CS-BZ35CKE CU-BZ35CKE

Indoor (°C)		Outdoor DB (°C)																				
DB	WB	-10			-5			0			5			16			25			35		
		TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	3329	2699	739	3490	2744	796	3815	2826	770	3870	2986	773	3959	2965	680	3705	2933	851	3300	2626	1020
	22.0	3595	2086	673	4097	2227	839	4127	2227	811	4169	2358	810	4355	2406	684	4093	2312	863	3656	2075	1044
23	15.7	2975	2575	626	2977	2600	628	3316	2729	876	3405	2853	838	3592	2949	678	3385	2836	836	2811	2492	969
	18.4	3304	2097	701	3424	2139	795	3782	2245	758	3654	2266	876	3936	2383	680	3706	2286	847	3209	2081	1015
20	13.3	2547	2305	524	2594	2415	540	2610	2433	527	2594	2461	594	2513	2443	392	2652	2522	599	2786	2574	985
	15.8	2940	1966	603	3053	2032	659	3359	2176	884	3448	2251	841	3635	2332	678	3415	2306	835	3049	2063	1004

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

#### 19.1.3 CS-BZ50CKE CU-BZ50CKE

Indoor (°C)		Outdoor DB (°C)																				
DB	WB	-10			-5			0			5			16			25			35		
		TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	5264	3595	1216	5289	3618	1209	5310	3565	1216	5159	3586	1416	5807	3871	967	5414	3784	1283	5000	3492	1650
	22.0	5806	2893	1231	5713	2890	1338	5742	2883	1301	5972	2957	1127	6396	3144	926	5932	2971	1267	5289	2785	1665
23	15.7	4702	3559	1302	4737	3544	1244	4689	3511	1361	4718	3485	1327	5232	3742	999	4853	3626	1295	4293	3474	1658
	18.4	5199	2869	1217	5235	2864	1177	5271	2882	1217	5072	2832	1387	5561	2998	974	5294	2959	1285	4759	2775	1660
20	13.3	4176	3329	1489	4138	3286	1244	4467	3488	1302	4334	3367	1359	4922	3738	1021	4470	3537	1300	3987	3313	1655
	15.8	4743	2831	1299	4731	2825	1232	4703	2790	1367	4612	2751	1428	5175	2981	997	4821	2868	1293	4325	2696	1660

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

### 19.1.4 CS-BZ60CKE CU-BZ60CKE

Indoor (°C)		Outdoor DB (°C)																				
DB	WB	-10			-5			0			5			16			25			35		
		TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	6737	4659	1568	6251	4337	1577	6717	4619	1533	6857	4706	1471	7265	4885	1270	6795	4649	1568	6000	3984	1980
	22.0	7613	4047	1380	7275	3747	1591	7424	3849	1632	7414	3837	1535	7952	4059	1283	7426	3830	1596	6718	3532	1967
23	15.7	5565	4138	1086	5484	4200	1217	5201	4065	1005	5057	4021	1043	4878	3907	593	5180	4077	1023	5395	4228	1887
	18.4	6601	3713	1677	6801	3855	1513	6678	3813	1522	6516	3746	1599	6812	3883	1096	6652	3799	1568	6069	3599	1927
20	13.3	3908	3830	896	4491	3760	772	3845	3768	819	4010	3930	902	3553	3482	434	4009	3929	744	4105	4023	1208
	15.8	5601	3397	1421	5606	3454	1149	5216	3264	1167	5459	3395	1374	5370	3356	787	5420	3360	1146	5541	3436	1890

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

### 19.1.5 CS-UZ25CKE CU-UZ25CKE

Indoor (°C)		Outdoor DB (°C)																				
DB	WB	-10			-5			0			5			16			25			35		
		TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	2478	2217	496	2597	2253	535	2839	2321	517	2880	2453	519	2947	2435	457	2758	2409	571	2500	2156	680
	22.0	2676	1713	452	3049	1829	563	3072	1829	545	3103	1937	544	3241	1976	459	3047	1899	580	2721	1704	701
23	15.7	2214	2114	420	2216	2135	422	2468	2241	588	2534	2343	563	2673	2422	456	2519	2329	562	2092	2047	651
	18.4	2459	1722	471	2549	1756	534	2815	1844	509	2720	1861	588	2930	1957	457	2758	1878	569	2389	1709	682
20	13.3	1895	1893	352	1930	1904	363	1943	1918	354	1931	1900	399	1870	1846	263	1974	1947	402	2074	2051	662
	15.8	2188	1615	405	2272	1668	443	2500	1787	594	2566	1849	565	2706	1915	455	2542	1894	561	2269	1695	674

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

### 19.1.6 CS-UZ35CKE CU-UZ35CKE

Indoor (°C)		Outdoor DB (°C)																				
DB	WB	-10			-5			0			5			16			25			35		
		TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	3312	2686	741	3472	2730	798	3796	2812	771	3851	2971	774	3940	2950	682	3687	2919	853	3300	2612	1020
	22.0	3577	2075	675	4077	2216	841	4106	2215	813	4148	2346	811	4333	2394	685	4073	2300	865	3637	2064	1046
23	15.7	2960	2562	627	2962	2587	630	3299	2715	878	3388	2839	840	3574	2934	680	3368	2822	838	2797	2480	971
	18.4	3288	2087	702	3407	2128	796	3763	2234	759	3636	2255	878	3917	2371	682	3688	2275	848	3193	2071	1017
20	13.3	2534	2294	525	2581	2402	541	2597	2420	528	2581	2449	595	2501	2431	393	2639	2509	600	2772	2562	987
	15.8	2925	1956	604	3038	2022	660	3342	2165	886	3431	2240	843	3617	2320	679	3398	2295	837	3034	2053	1006

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

### 19.1.7 CS-UZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE

Indoor (°C)		Outdoor DB (°C)																				
DB	WB	-10			-5			0			5			16			25			35		
		TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	5291	3694	1210	5317	3717	1203	5338	3663	1210	5186	3685	1409	5838	3978	962	5442	3888	1277	5000	3777	1650
	22.0	5837	2972	1225	5744	2969	1331	5772	2962	1294	6003	3038	1122	6430	3231	921	5963	3053	1261	5317	2862	1657
23	15.7	4727	3657	1295	4762	3642	1238	4714	3607	1355	4743	3580	1321	5260	3845	994	4878	3726	1289	4315	3569	1650
	18.4	5226	2948	1211	5263	2942	1171	5299	2962	1211	5099	2910	1380	5590	3081	969	5322	3040	1278	4784	2851	1652
20	13.3	4198	3421	1481	4160	3376	1238	4490	3584	1296	4357	3459	1352	4948	3841	1016	4493	3634	1294	4009	3404	1646
	15.8	4768	2909	1293	4756	2903	1226	4728	2867	1360	4637	2826	1421	5203	3063	992	4847	2946	1287	4348	2770	1651

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

- TC - Total Cooling Capacity (W)
- SHC - Sensible Heat Capacity (W)
- IP - Input Power (W)

## 19.2 Heat Mode Performance Data

Unit setting: Standard piping length, Hi Fan, Heat mode at 30°C

Voltage: 230V

### 19.2.1 CS-BZ25CKE CU-BZ25CKE

Indoor (°C)	Outdoor WB (°C)									
DB	-15		-7		2		7		12	
	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	1804	848	2311	943	2512	906	2949	775	3066	780
20	1820	814	2350	930	2610	910	3150	770	3268	780
16	1759	834	2393	915	2761	900	3330	773	3340	777

### 19.2.2 CS-BZ35CKE CU-BZ35CKE

Indoor (°C)	Outdoor WB (°C)									
DB	-15		-7		2		7		12	
	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	1996	917	2544	1040	3070	1115	3448	1004	3586	1009
20	2014	881	2600	1030	3200	1120	3700	995	3822	1010
16	1946	902	2634	1009	3374	1107	3894	1000	3906	1006

### 19.2.3 CS-BZ50CKE CU-BZ50CKE

Indoor (°C)	Outdoor WB (°C)									
DB	-15		-7		2		7		12	
	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	3805	2030	4163	2092	5238	2121	5008	1590	5331	1582
20	3811	1921	4620	2100	5430	2150	5400	1580	5545	1582
16	3592	1818	4717	1990	5427	2067	5725	1586	5877	1579

### 19.2.4 CS-BZ60CKE CU-BZ60CKE

Indoor (°C)	Outdoor WB (°C)									
DB	-15		-7		2		7		12	
	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	4131	2166	4949	2452	5608	2479	6134	1994	6015	1736
20	4130	2092	5190	2340	5800	2350	6800	2150	6618	1948
16	4152	1957	5041	2142	6534	2809	7359	2373	7160	1970

### 19.2.5 CS-UZ25CKE CU-UZ25CKE

Indoor (°C)	Outdoor WB (°C)									
DB	-15		-7		2		7		12	
	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	1786	856	2288	953	2487	908	2934	783	3051	788
20	1802	822	2350	930	2610	910	3150	775	3252	788
16	1741	842	2369	925	2733	902	3313	781	3324	785

### 19.2.6 CS-UZ35CKE CU-UZ35CKE

Indoor (°C)	Outdoor WB (°C)									
	-15		-7		2		7		12	
DB	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	1976	927	2538	1047	3063	1122	3440	1009	3577	1015
20	1994	890	2600	1040	3190	1130	3700	995	3812	1015
16	1927	911	2628	1016	3366	1114	3884	1006	3896	1011

### 19.2.7 CS-UZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE

Indoor (°C)	Outdoor WB (°C)									
	-15		-7		2		7		12	
DB	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	3767	2030	4073	2052	5155	2091	5008	1590	5331	1582
20	3772	1921	4520	2060	5360	2120	5400	1580	5545	1582
16	3555	1818	4615	1952	5341	2038	5725	1586	5877	1579

TC - Total Cooling Capacity (W)

IP - Input Power (W)

## 20. Service Data

Service data provided are based on the air conditioner running under rated frequency during forced cooling / forced heating mode.

### 20.1 Cool Mode Outdoor Air Temperature Characteristic

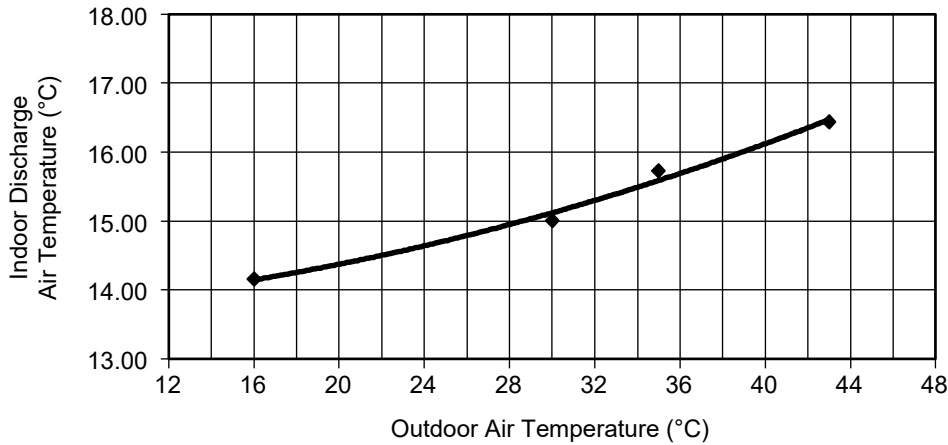
Room Temperature: 27/19°C, Cooling Characteristic

Fan: High

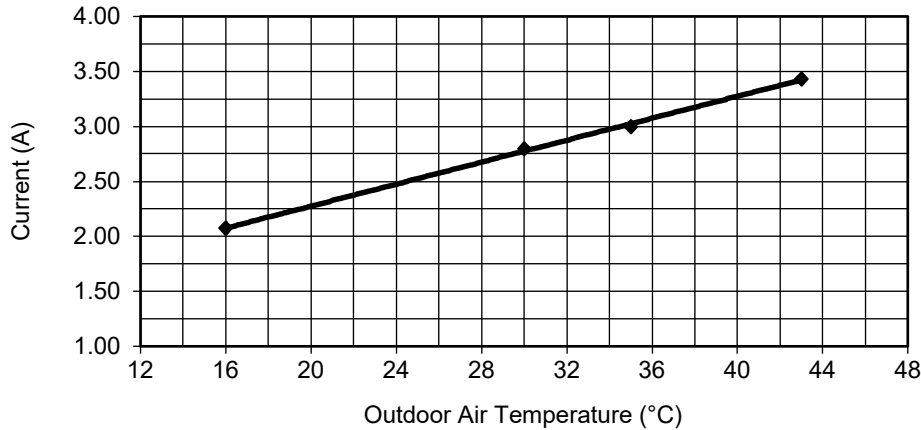
Pipe Length: 5.0m

Freq: Rated Fc

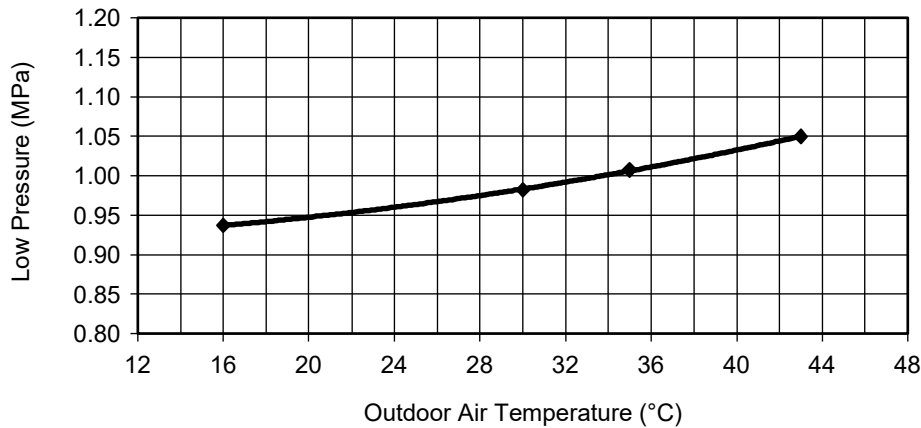
#### 20.1.1 CS-BZ25CKE CU-BZ25CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
16	14.16
30	15.00
35	15.73
43	16.44

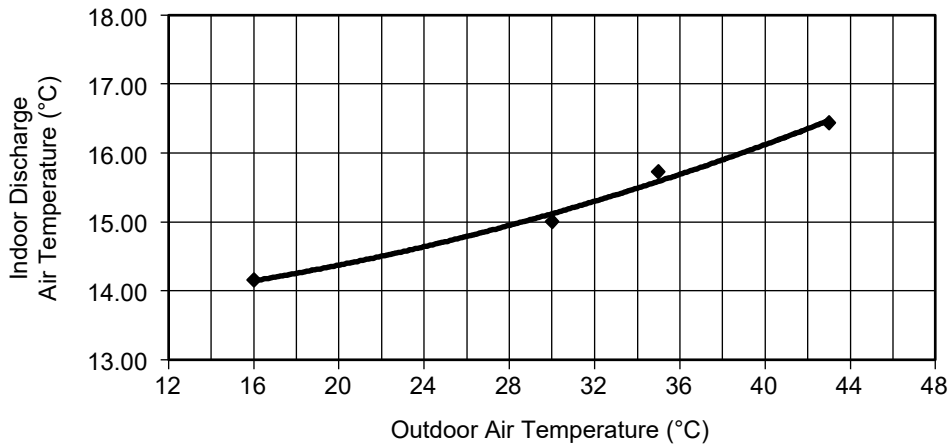


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
16	2.07
30	2.80
35	3.00
43	3.43

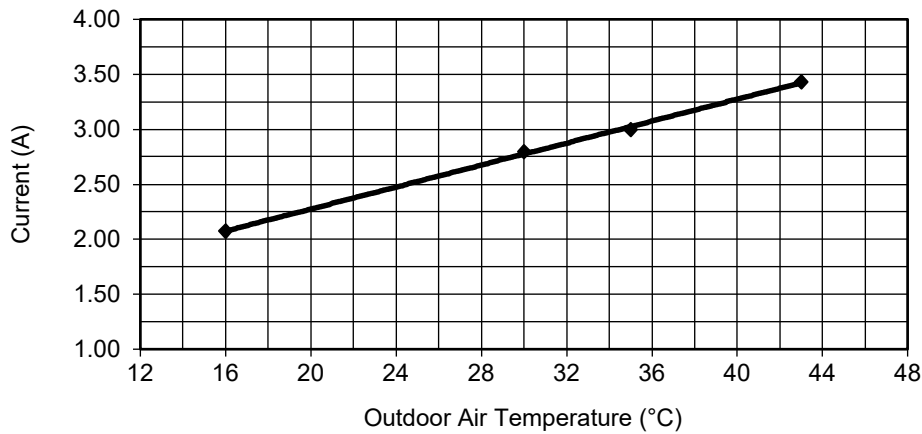


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Low Pressure (MPa)
16	0.937
30	0.982
35	1.008
43	1.050

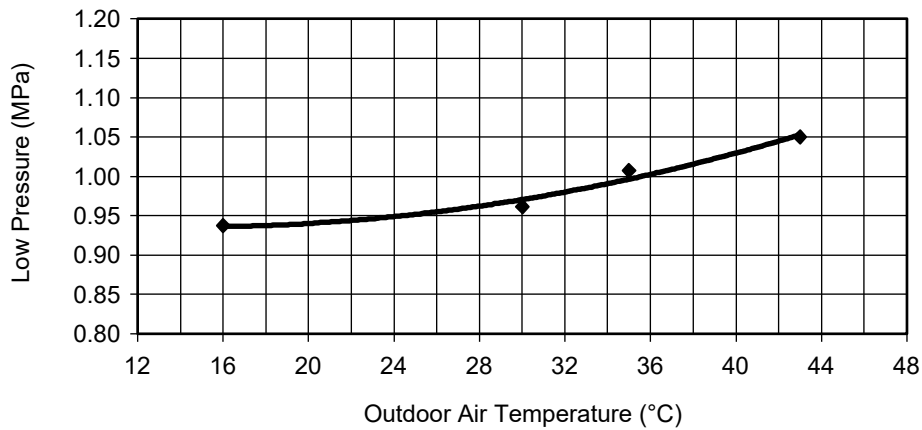
## 20.1.2 CS-UZ25CKE CU-UZ25CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
16	14.16
30	15.00
35	15.73
43	16.44

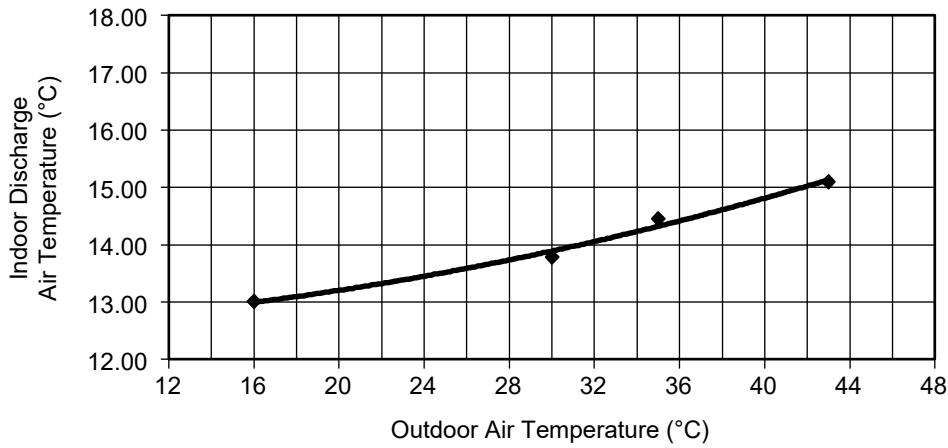


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
16	2.07
30	2.80
35	3.00
43	3.43

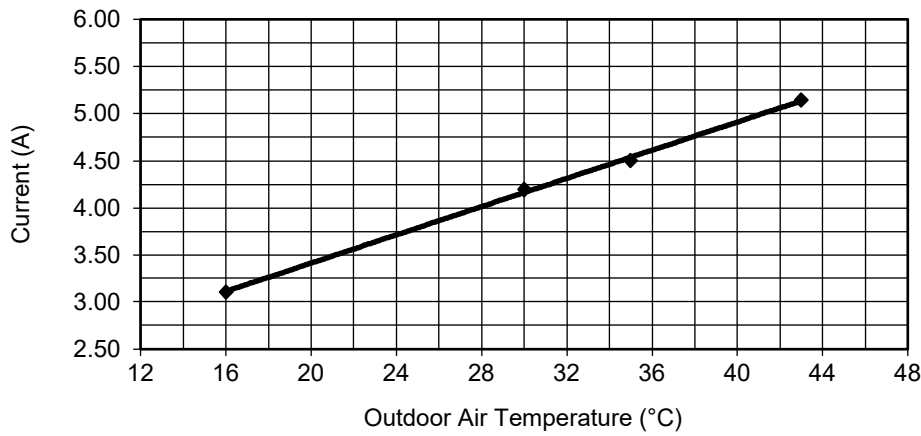


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Low Pressure (MPa)
16	0.937
30	0.961
35	1.008
43	1.050

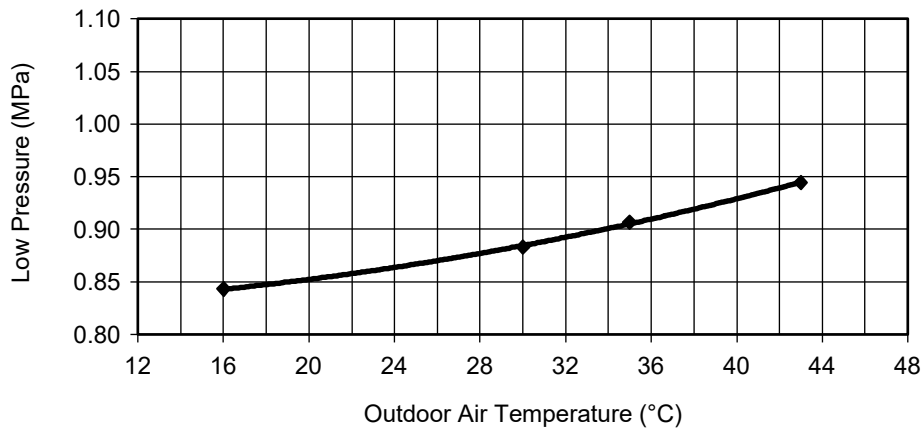
### 20.1.3 CS-BZ35CKE CU-BZ35CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
16	13.01
30	13.78
35	14.45
43	15.10

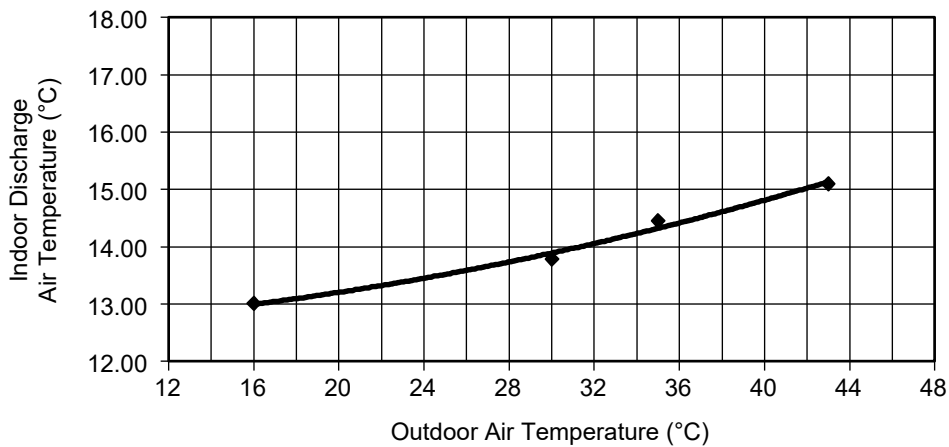


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
16	3.11
30	4.19
35	4.50
43	5.15

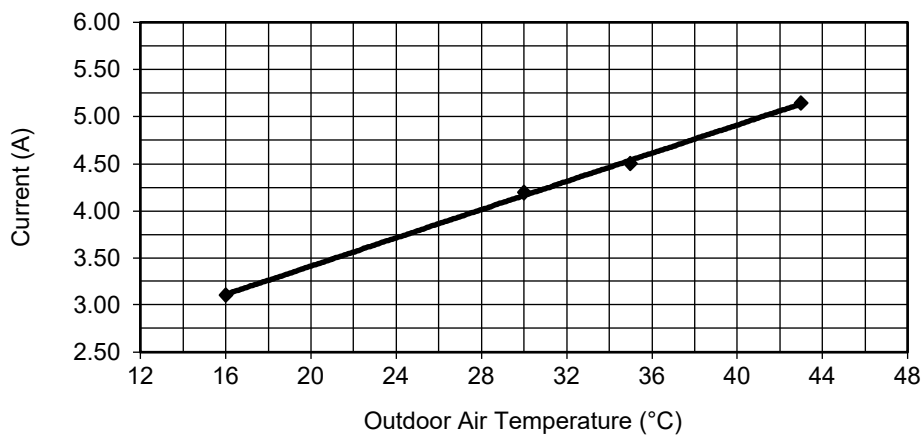


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Low Pressure (MPa)
16	0.843
30	0.883
35	0.907
43	0.944

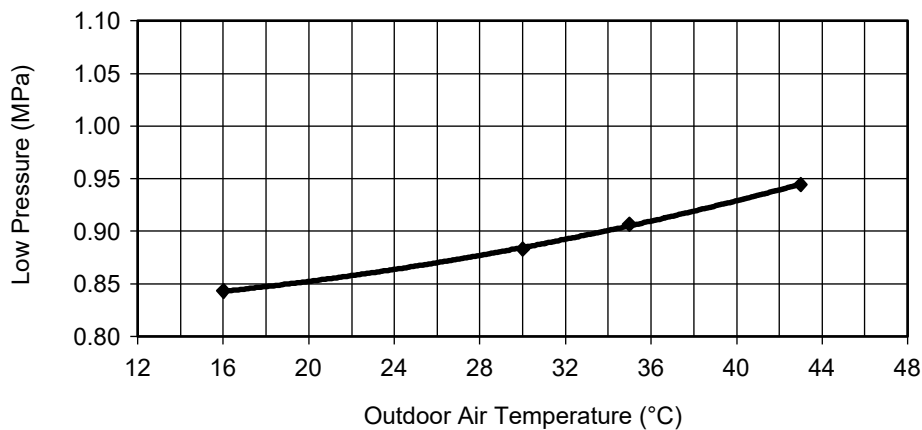
## 20.1.4 CS-UZ35CKE CU-UZ35CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
16	13.01
30	13.78
35	14.45
43	15.10

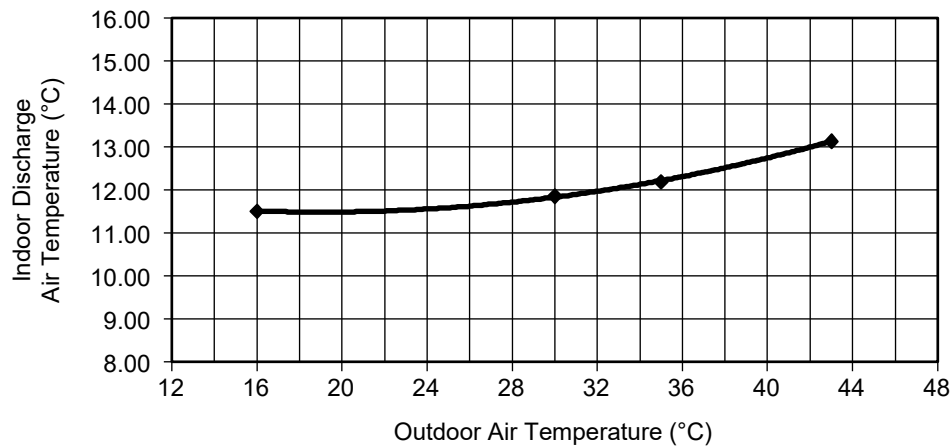


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
16	3.11
30	4.19
35	4.50
43	5.15

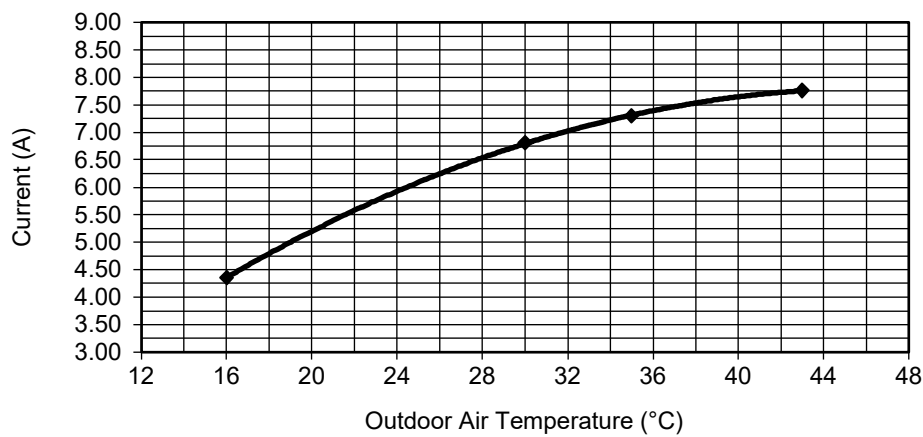


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Low Pressure (MPa)
16	0.843
30	0.883
35	0.907
43	0.944

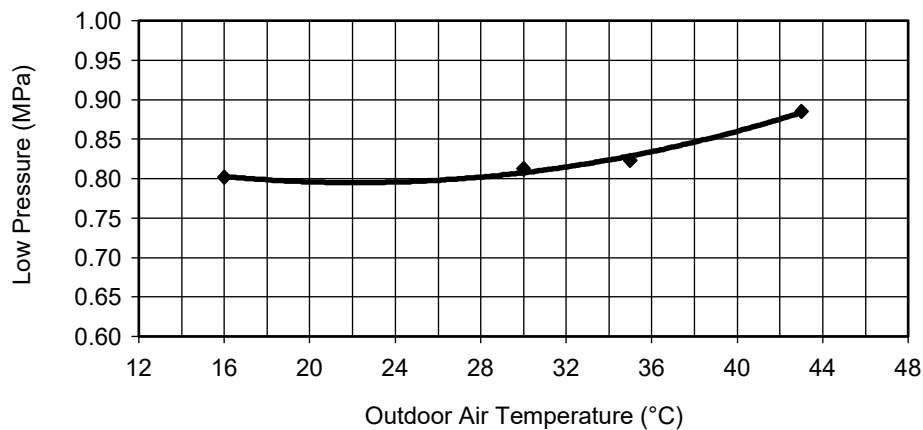
## 20.1.5 CS-BZ50CKE CU-BZ50CKE CS-UZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
16	11.50
30	11.85
35	12.19
43	13.13

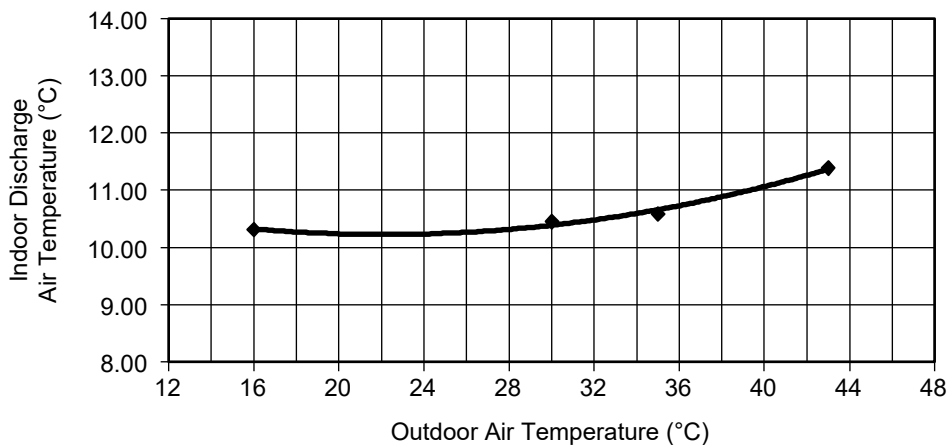


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
16	4.36
30	6.81
35	7.30
43	7.76

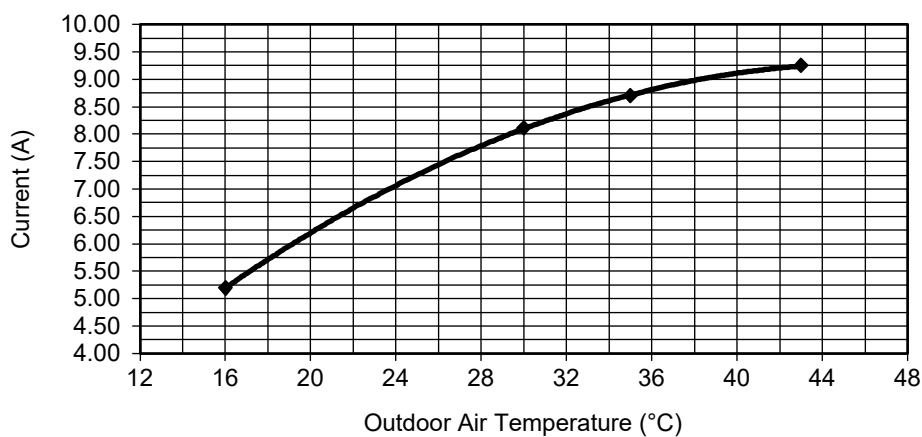


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Low Pressure (MPa)
16	0.802
30	0.813
35	0.823
43	0.885

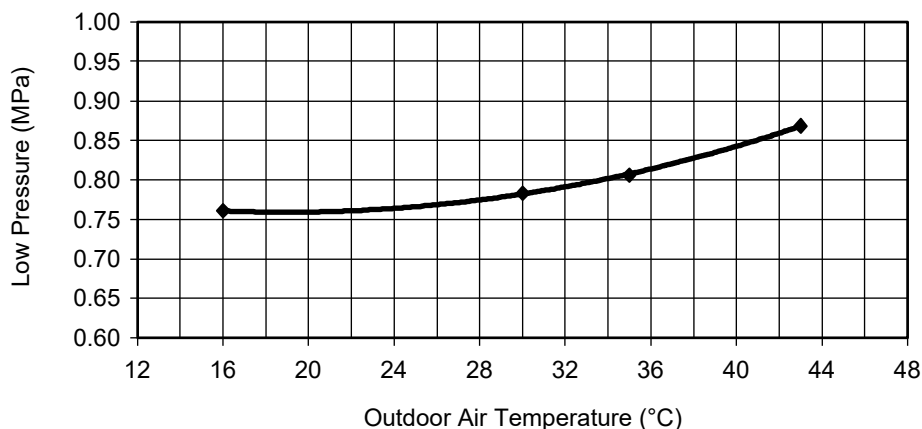
## 20.1.6 CS-BZ60CKE CU-BZ60CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
16	10.31
30	10.45
35	10.58
43	11.38



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
16	5.19
30	8.11
35	8.70
43	9.25



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Low Pressure (MPa)
16	0.761
30	0.783
35	0.806
43	0.868

## 20.2 Heat Mode Outdoor Air Temperature Characteristic

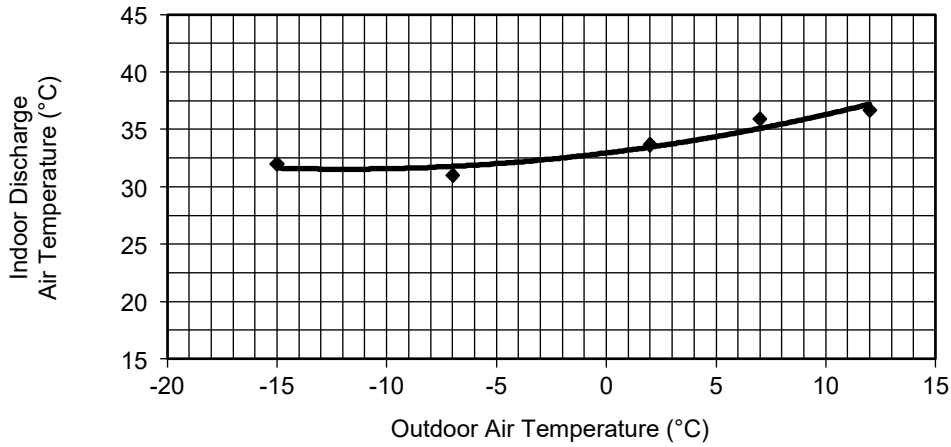
Room Temperature: 20°C, Heating Characteristic

Fan: High

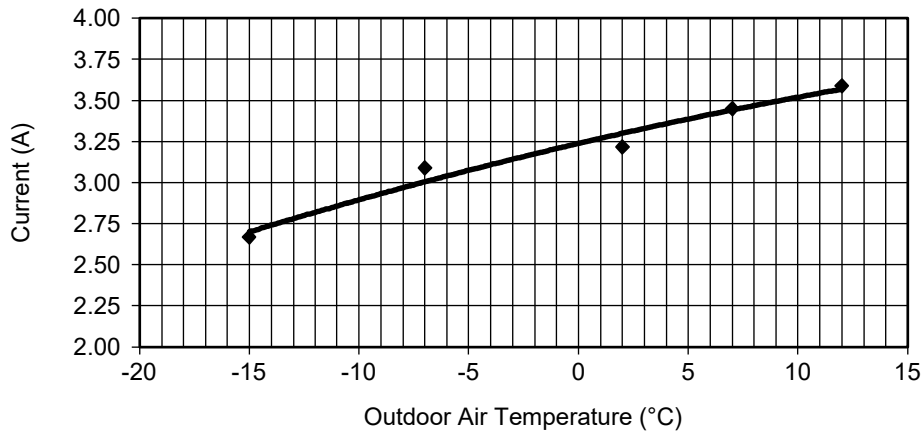
Pipe Length: 5.0m

Freq: Rated Fh

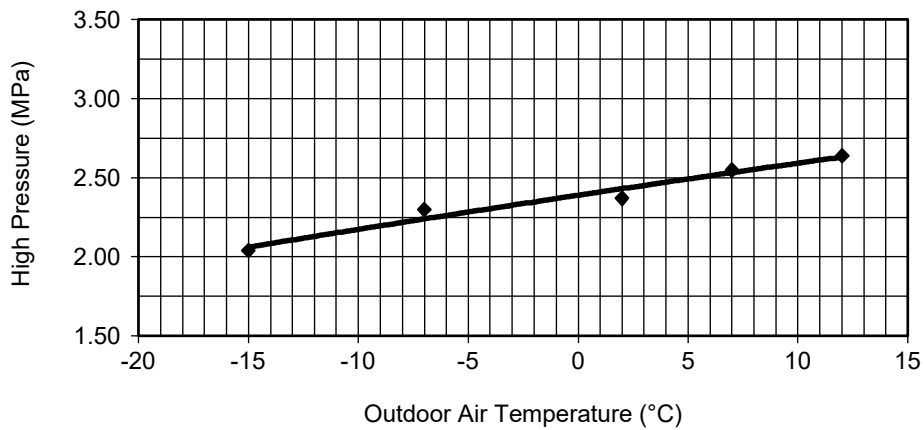
### 20.2.1 CS-BZ25CKE CU-BZ25CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
-15	31.97
-7	30.98
2	33.65
7	35.89
12	36.66

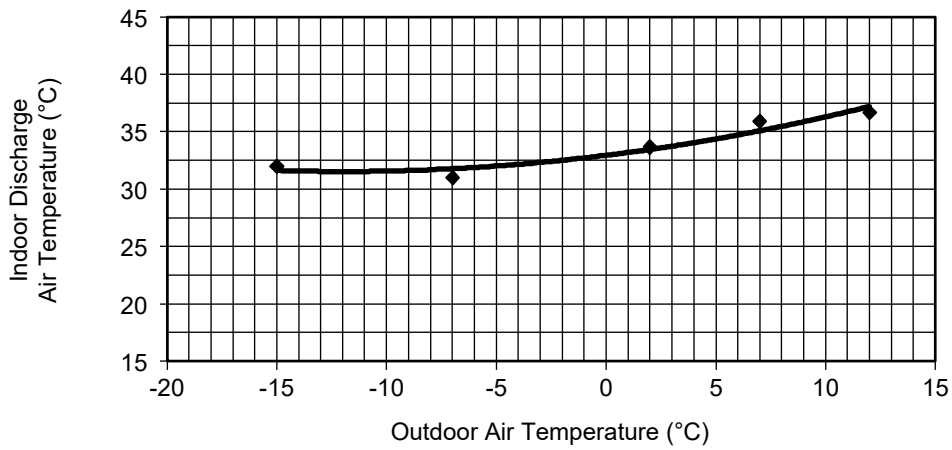


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
-15	2.67
-7	3.09
2	3.22
7	3.45
12	3.59

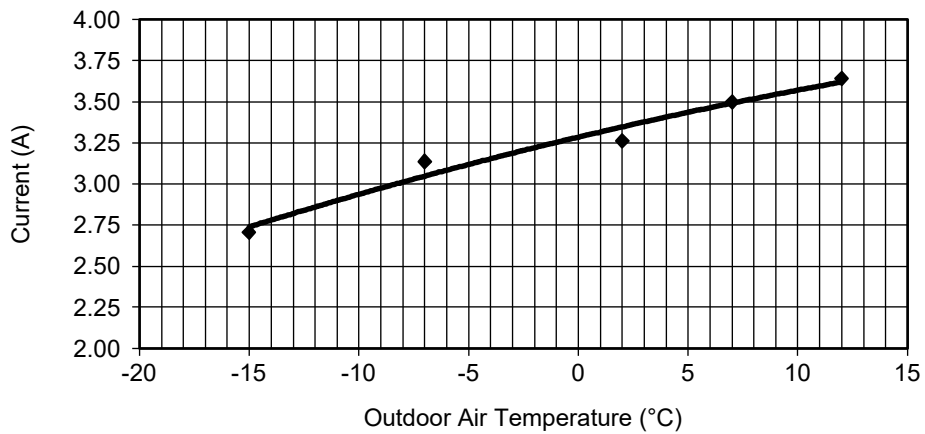


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	High Pressure (MPa)
-15	2.040
-7	2.297
2	2.368
7	2.548
12	2.639

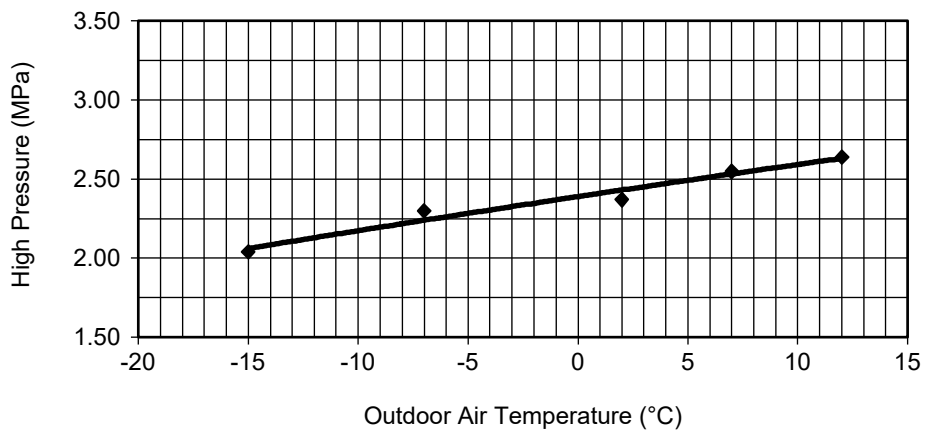
## 20.2.2 CS-UZ25CKE CU-UZ25CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
-15	31.97
-7	30.98
2	33.65
7	35.89
12	36.66

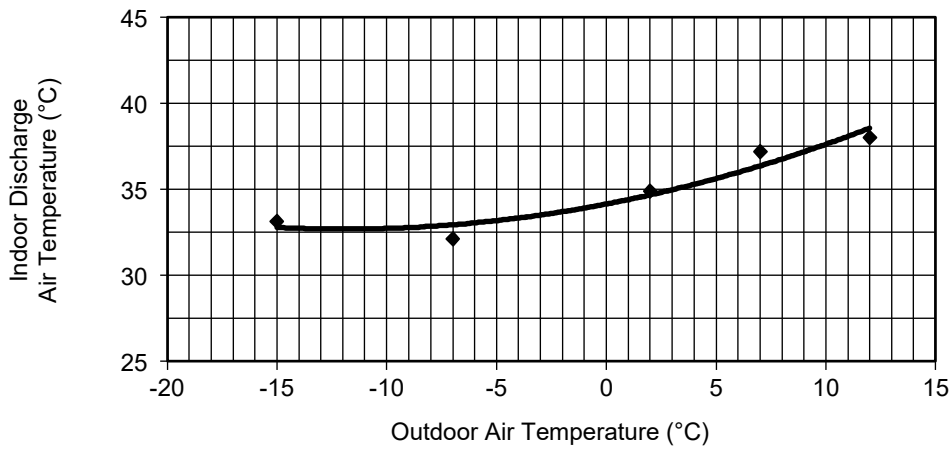


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
-15	2.71
-7	3.14
2	3.26
7	3.50
12	3.64

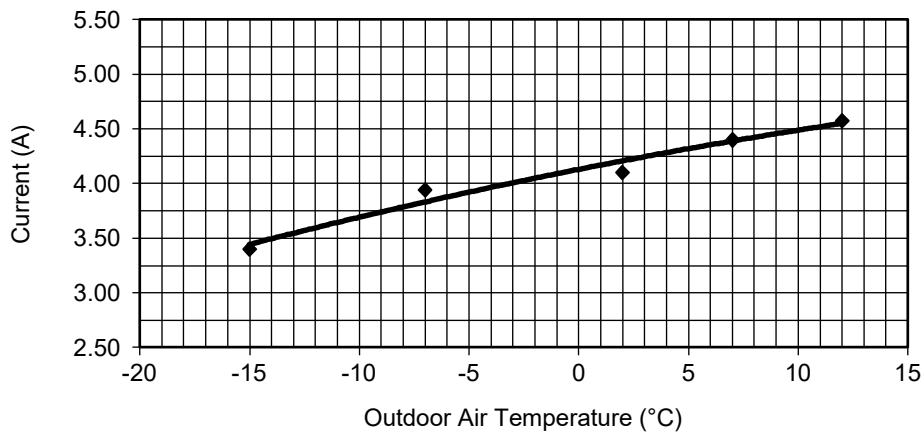


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	High Pressure (MPa)
-15	2.040
-7	2.297
2	2.368
7	2.548
12	2.639

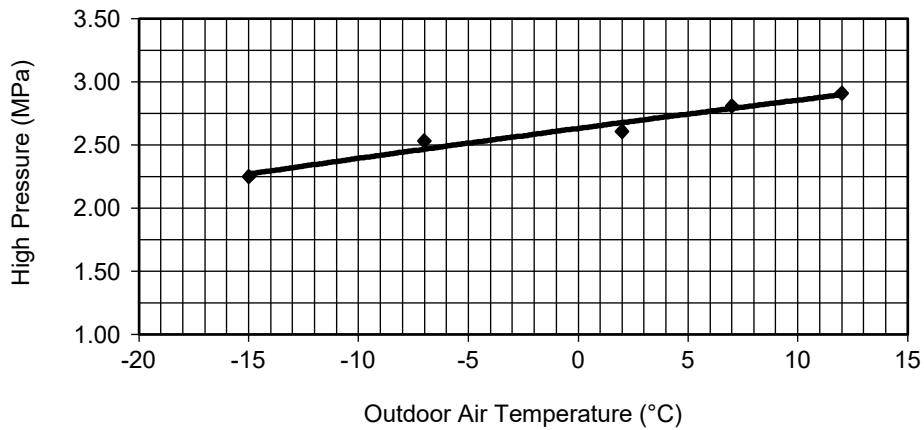
### 20.2.3 CS-BZ35CKE CU-BZ35CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
-15	33.14
-7	32.11
2	34.88
7	37.20
12	38.00

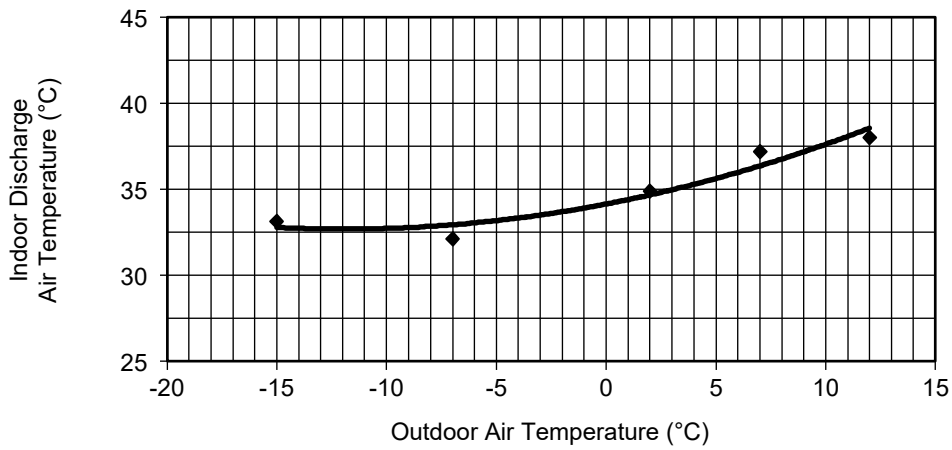


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
-15	3.40
-7	3.94
2	4.10
7	4.40
12	4.58

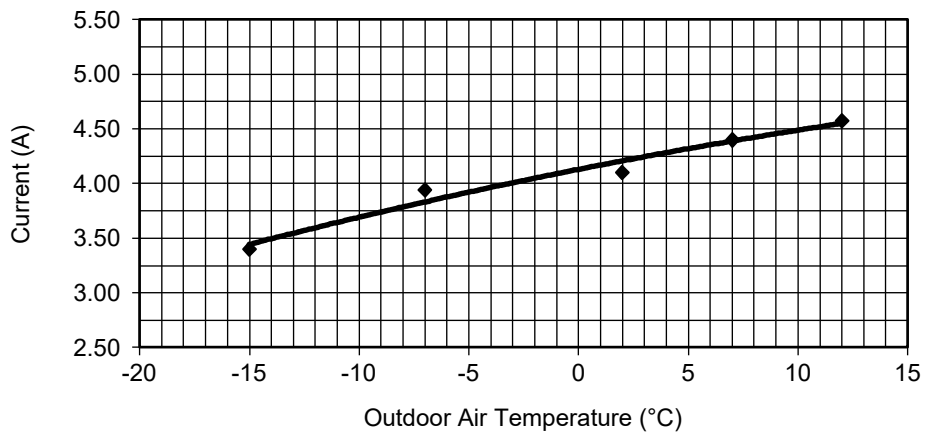


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	High Pressure (MPa)
-15	2.248
-7	2.530
2	2.609
7	2.808
12	2.908

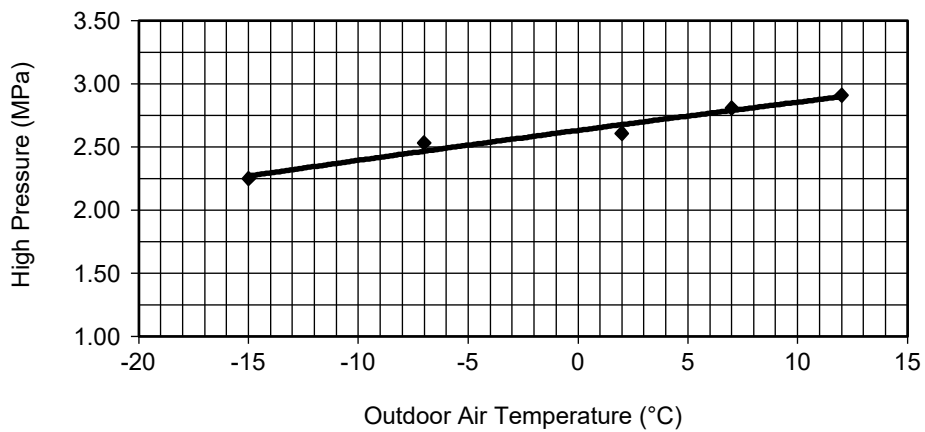
## 20.2.4 CS-UZ35CKE CU-UZ35CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
-15	33.14
-7	32.11
2	34.88
7	37.20
12	38.00

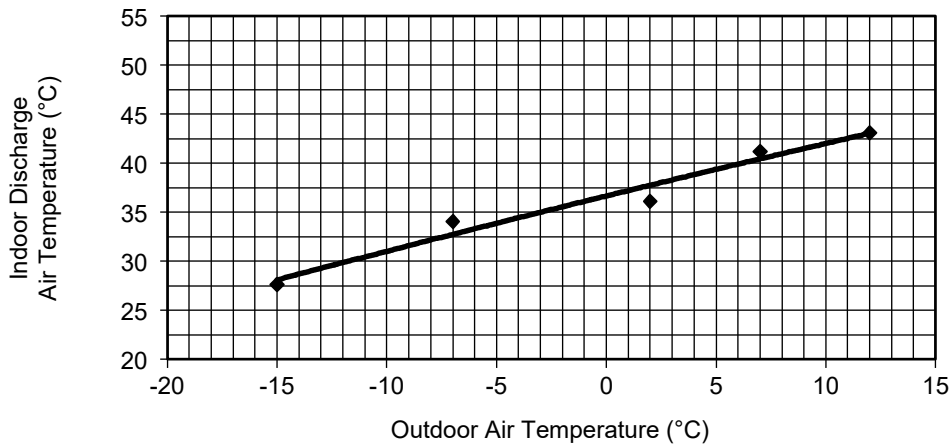


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
-15	3.40
-7	3.94
2	4.10
7	4.40
12	4.58

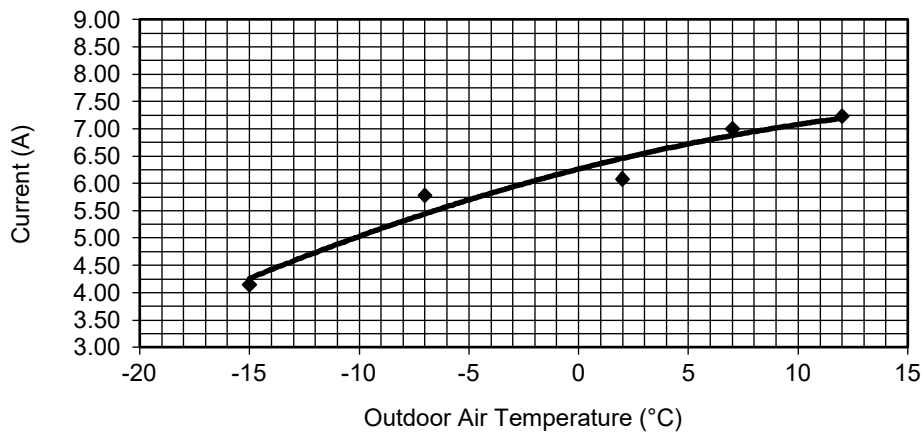


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	High Pressure (MPa)
-15	2.248
-7	2.530
2	2.609
7	2.808
12	2.908

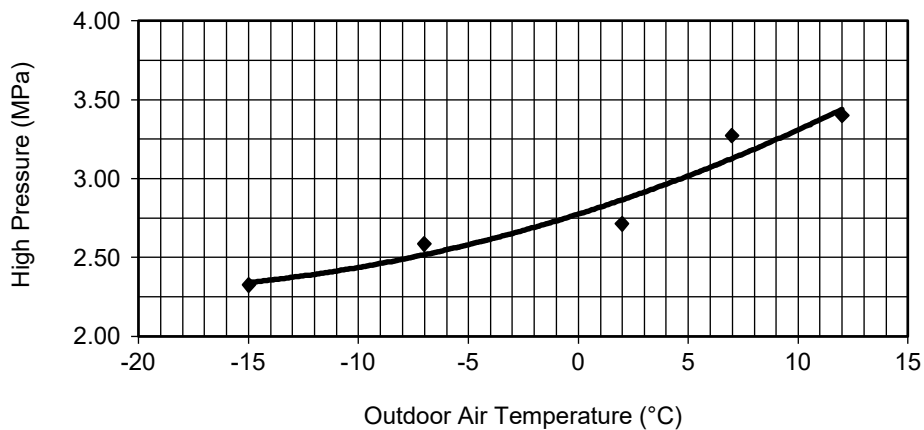
## 20.2.5 CS-BZ50CKE CU-BZ50CKE CS-UZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
-15	27.64
-7	34.06
2	36.10
7	41.17
12	43.11

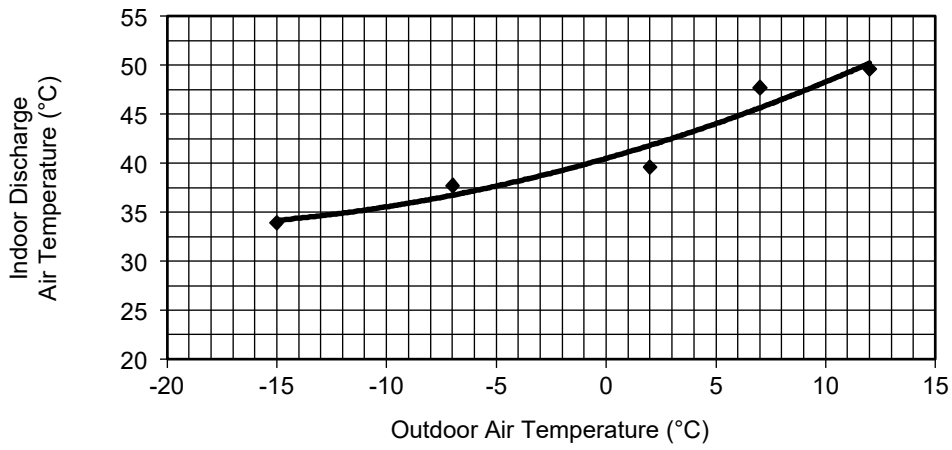


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
-15	4.14
-7	5.78
2	6.08
7	7.00
12	7.23

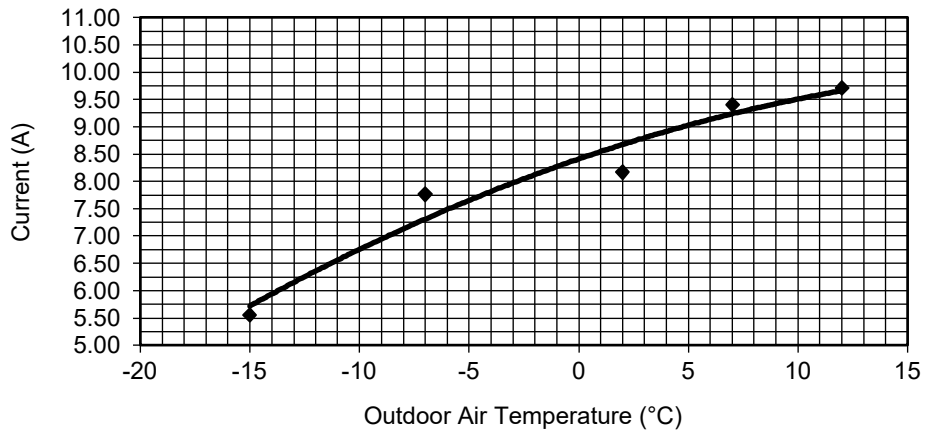


Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	High Pressure (MPa)
-15	2.323
-7	2.584
2	2.713
7	3.270
12	3.399

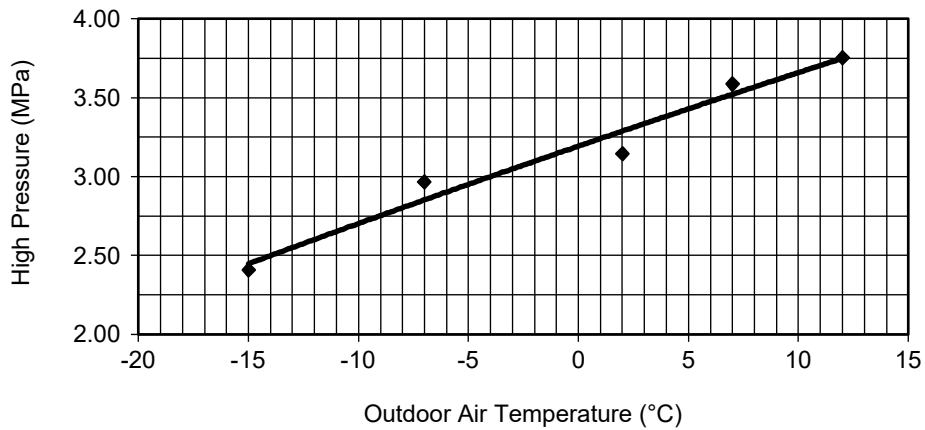
## 20.2.6 CS-BZ60CKE CU-BZ60CKE



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Indoor Discharge Air Temperature (°C)
-15	33.91
-7	37.71
2	39.59
7	47.73
12	49.61



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	Current (A)
-15	5.56
-7	7.76
2	8.17
7	9.40
12	9.71



Outdoor Air Temperature (°C)	High Pressure (MPa)
-15	2.408
-7	2.967
2	3.144
7	3.586
12	3.755

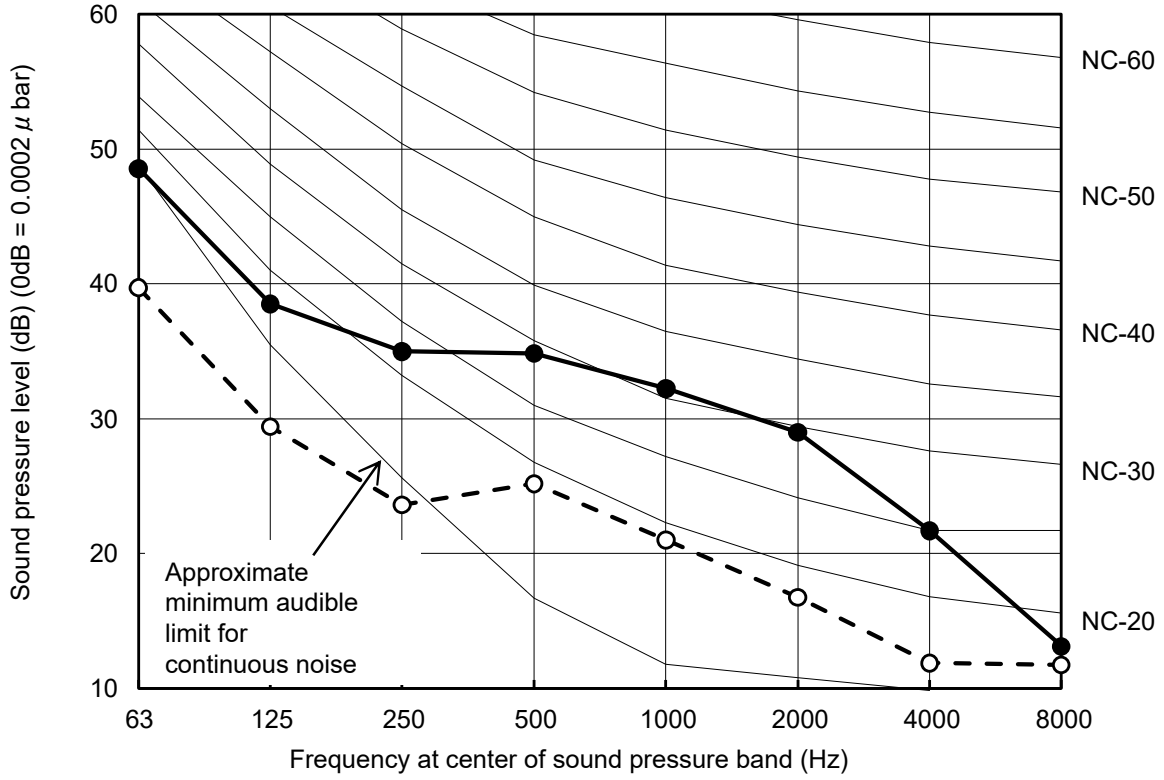
## 20.3 Sound Data

### 20.3.1 Indoor Unit

CS-BZ25CKE / CS-UZ25CKE (Cool)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)

Power	50Hz	
Fan Speed	H	L
A-scale (dB)	37	26

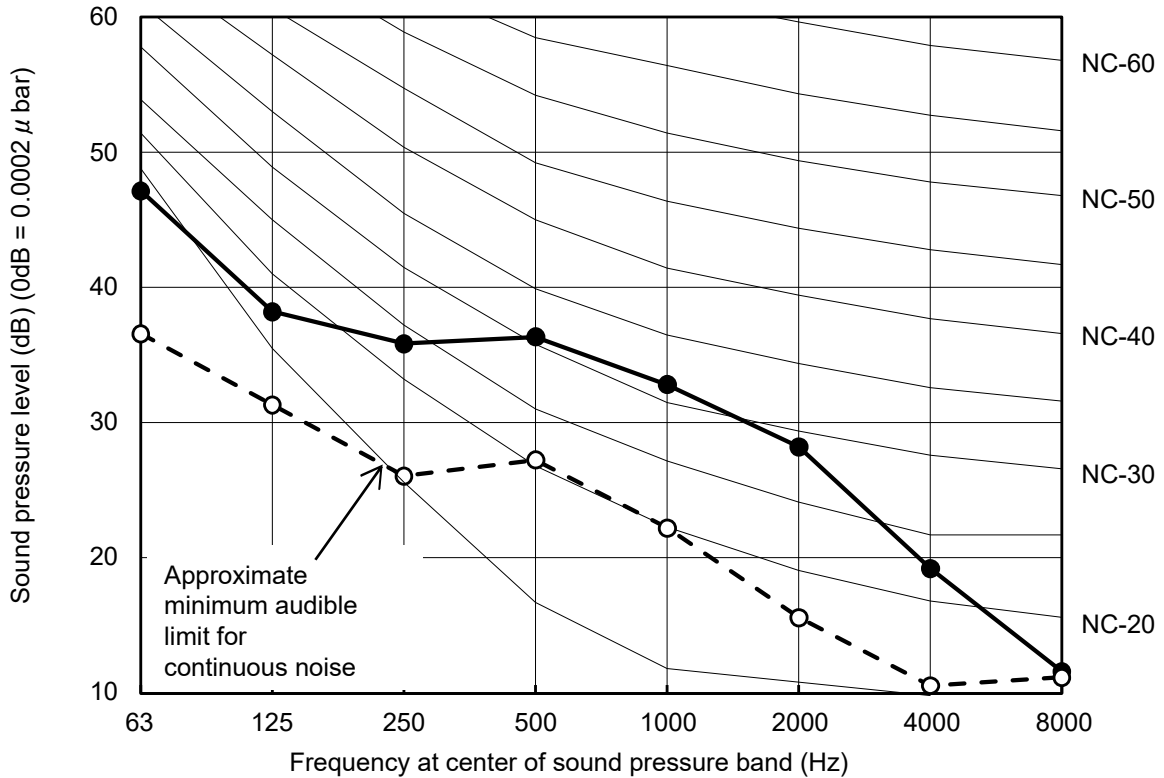
● Strong (H)  
○ Low (L)



CS-BZ25CKE / CS-UZ25CKE (Heat)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)

Power	50Hz	
Fan Speed	H	L
A-scale (dB)	36	27

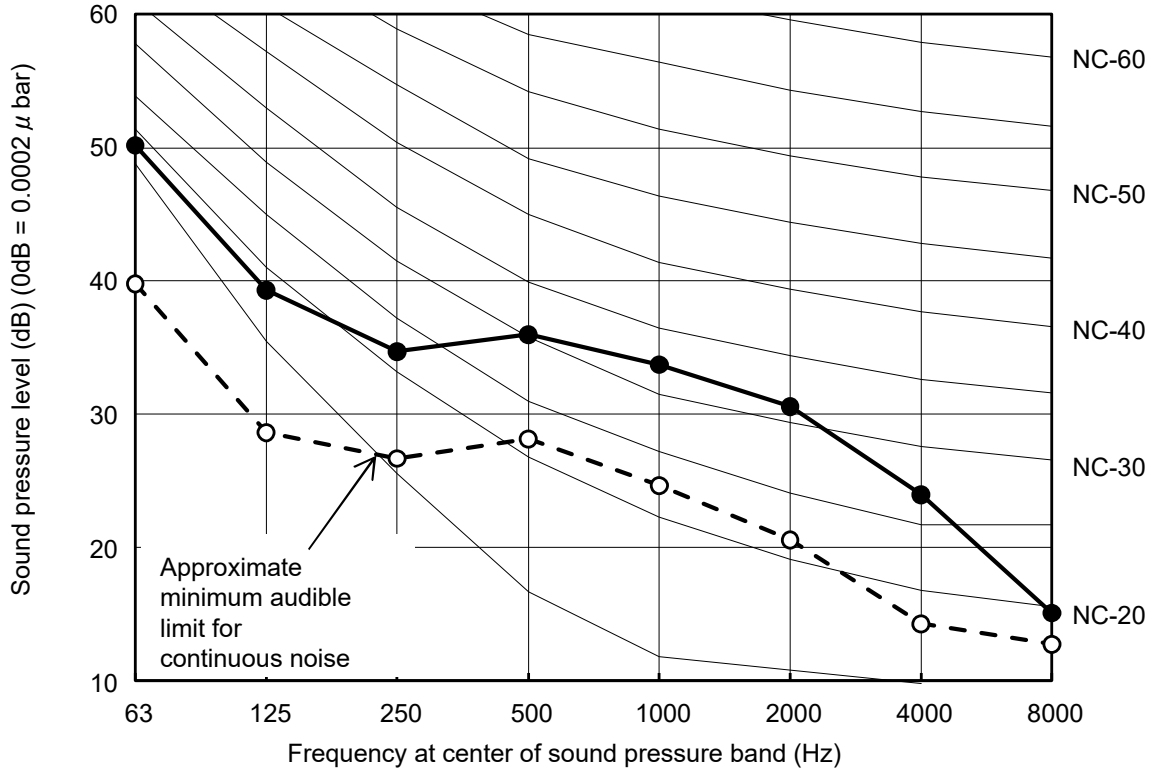
● Strong (H)  
○ Low (L)



CS-BZ35CKE / CS-UZ35CKE (Cool)  
 Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)

Power	50Hz	
Fan Speed	H	L
A-scale (dB)	38	30

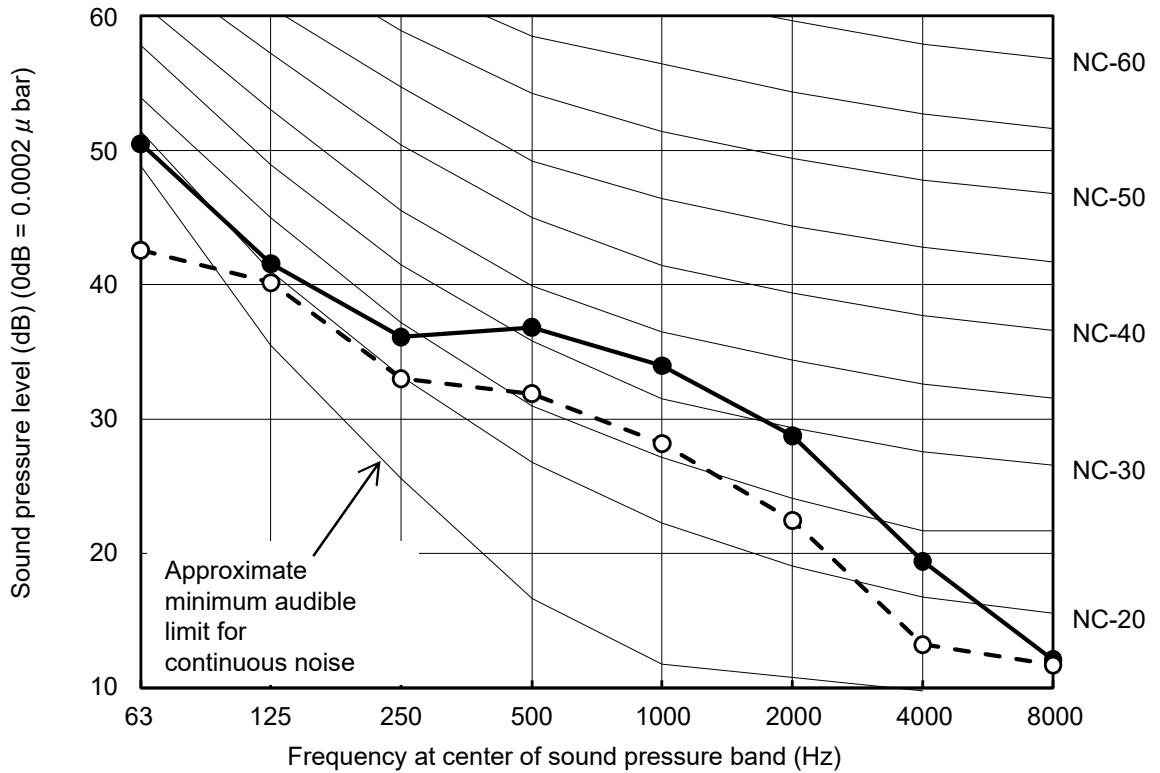
—●— Strong (H)  
 - -○- - Low (L)



CS-BZ35CKE / CS-UZ35CKE (Heat)  
 Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)

Power	50Hz	
Fan Speed	H	L
A-scale (dB)	38	33

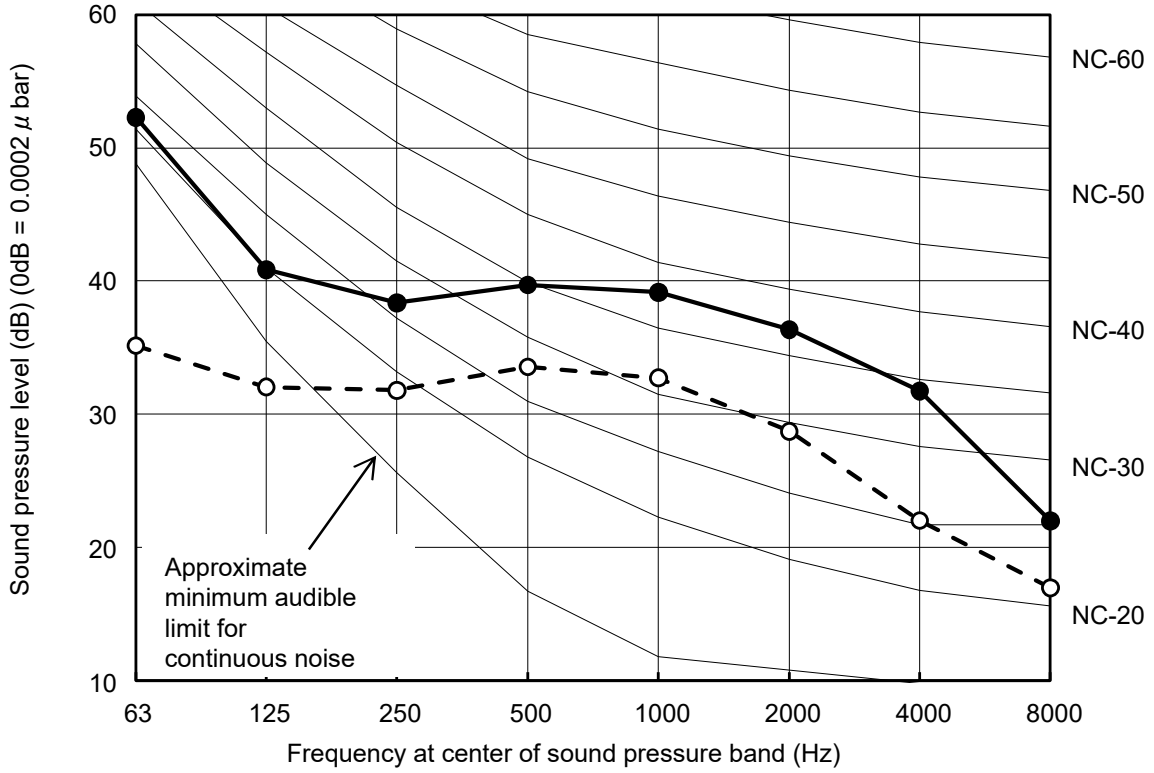
—●— Strong (H)  
 - -○- - Low (L)



CS-BZ50CKE / CS-UZ50CKE (Cool)  
 Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)

Power	50Hz	
Fan Speed	H	L
A-scale (dB)	44	37

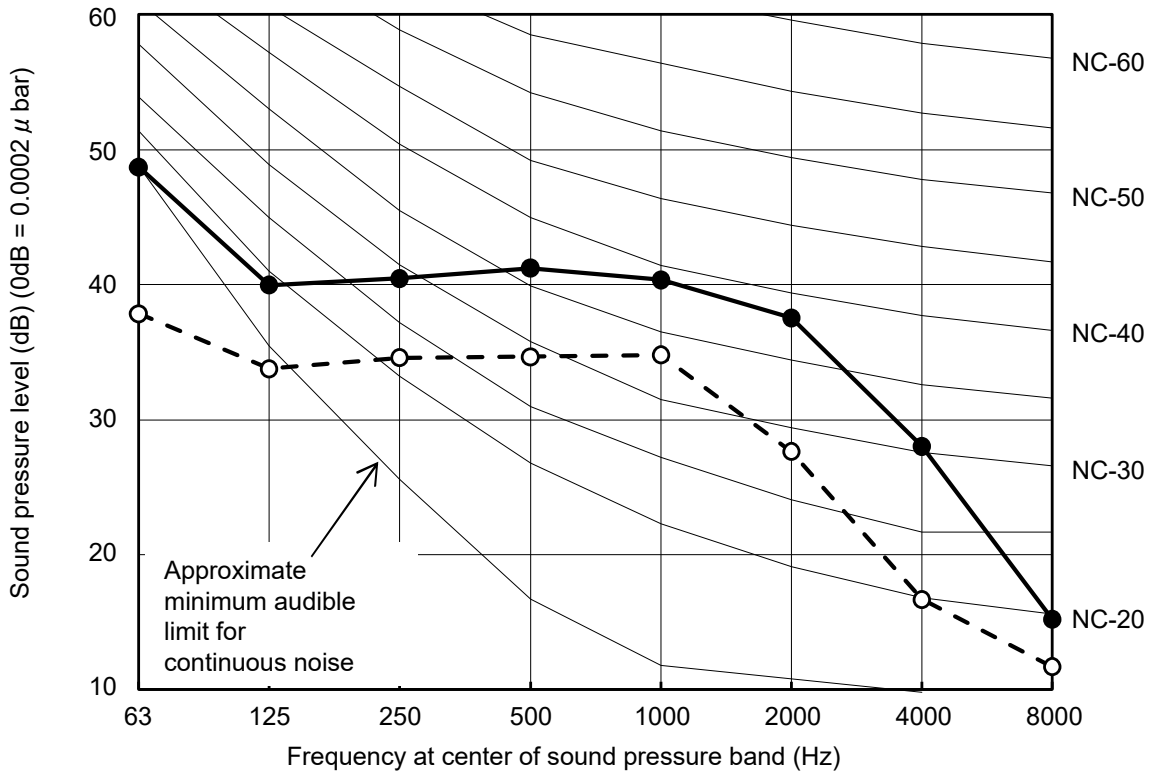
● Strong (H)  
 -○- Low (L)



CS-BZ50CKE / CS-UZ50CKE (Heat)  
 Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)

Power	50Hz	
Fan Speed	H	L
A-scale (dB)	44	37

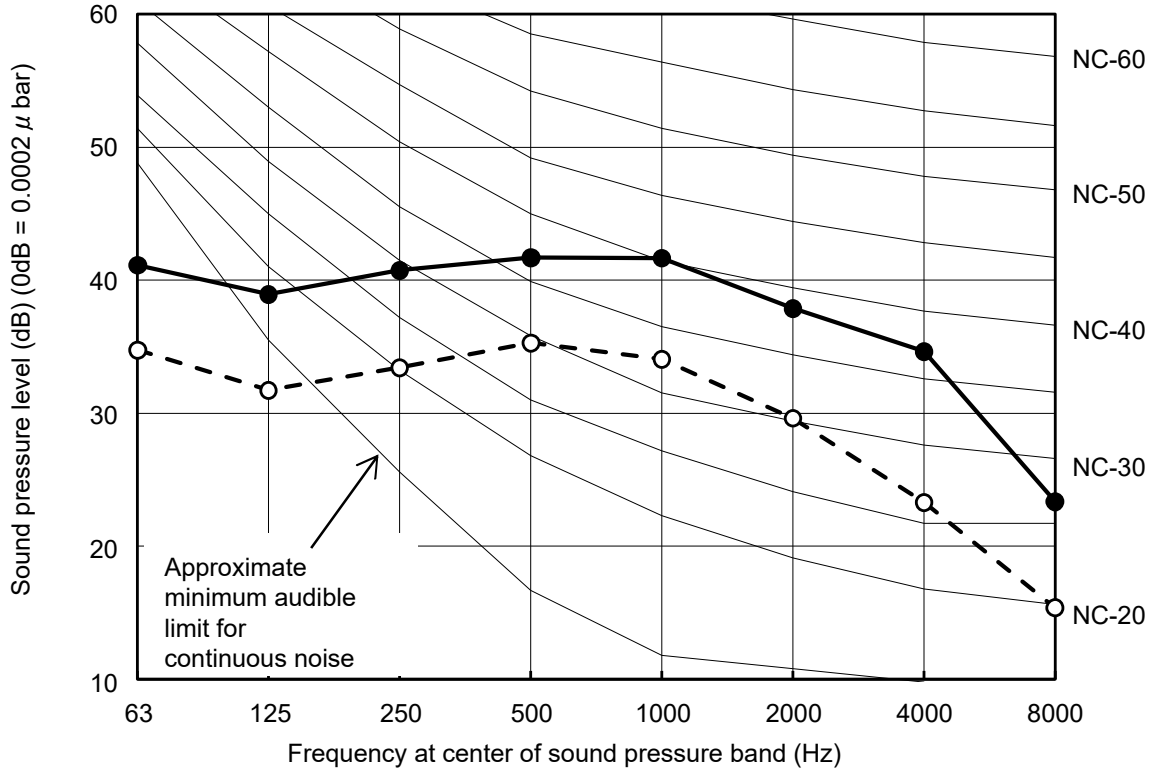
● Strong (H)  
 -○- Low (L)



CS-BZ60CKE (Cool)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)

Power	50Hz	
Fan Speed	H	L
A-scale (dB)	45	37

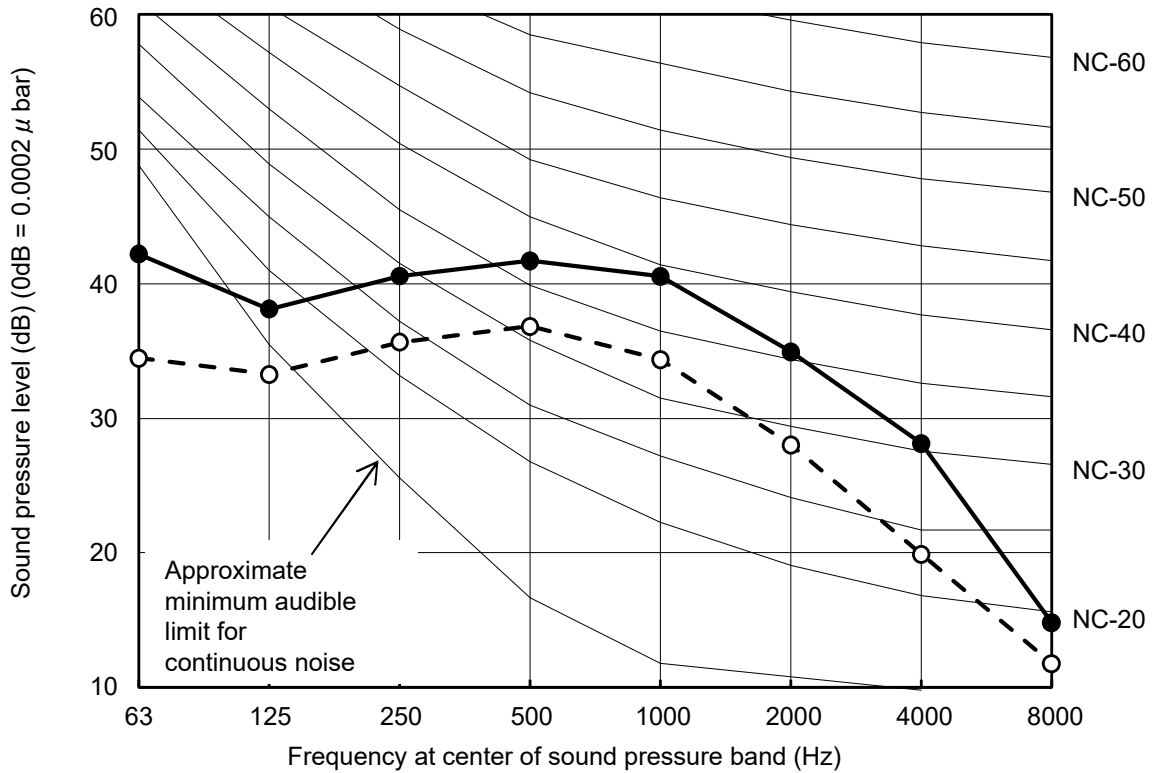
—●— Strong (H)  
- -○- - Low (L)



CS-BZ60CKE (Heat)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)

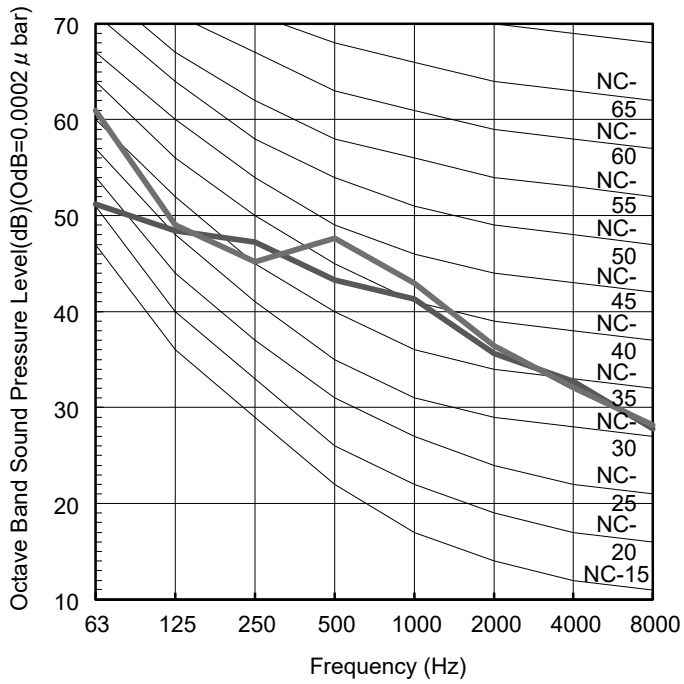
Power	50Hz	
Fan Speed	H	L
A-scale (dB)	45	37

—●— Strong (H)  
- -○- - Low (L)

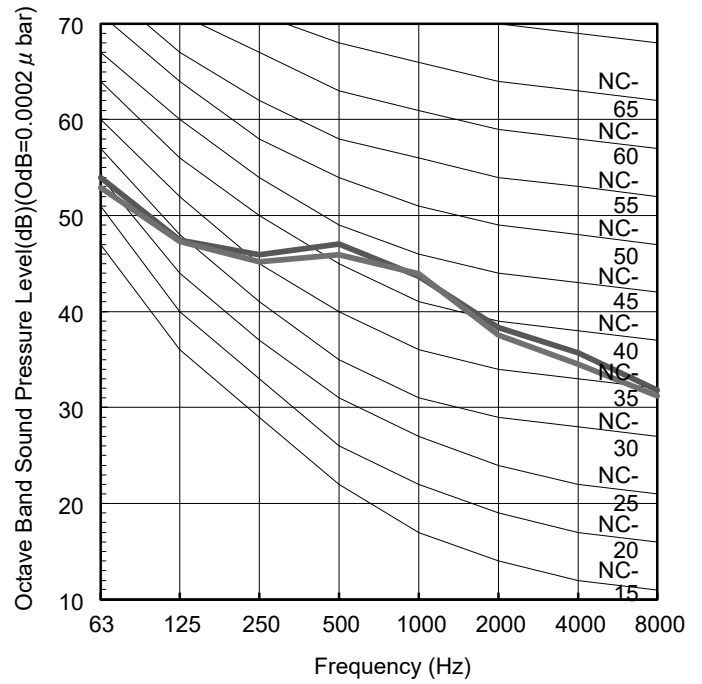


## 20.3.2 Outdoor Unit

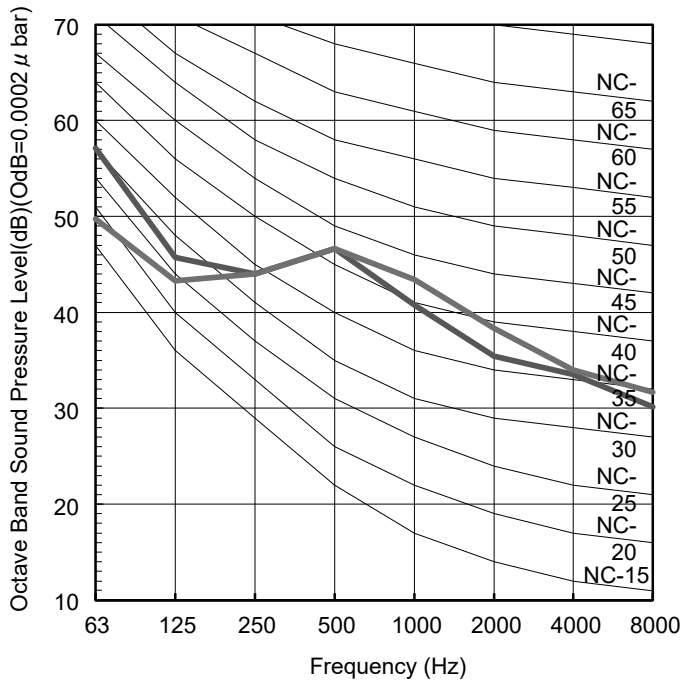
CU-BZ25CKE / CU-UZ25CKE (Cooling)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)



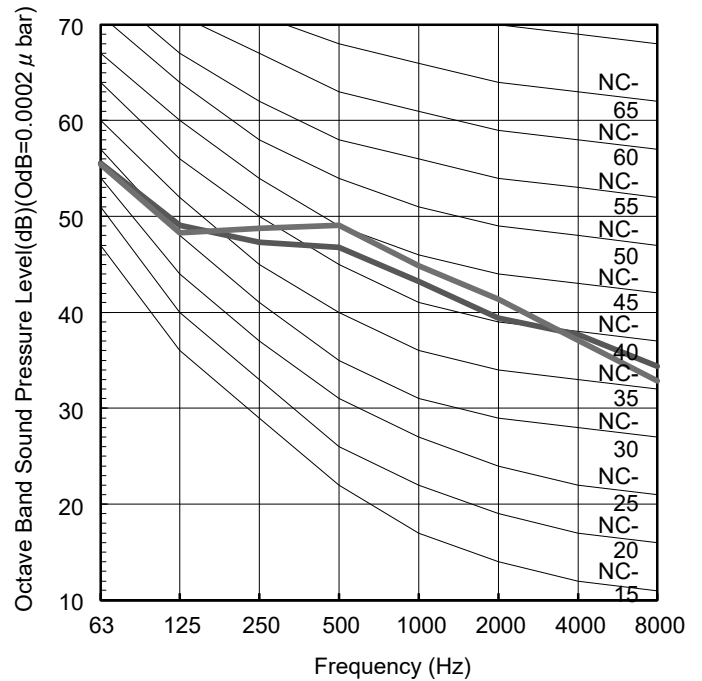
CU-BZ25CKE / CU-UZ25CKE (Heating)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)



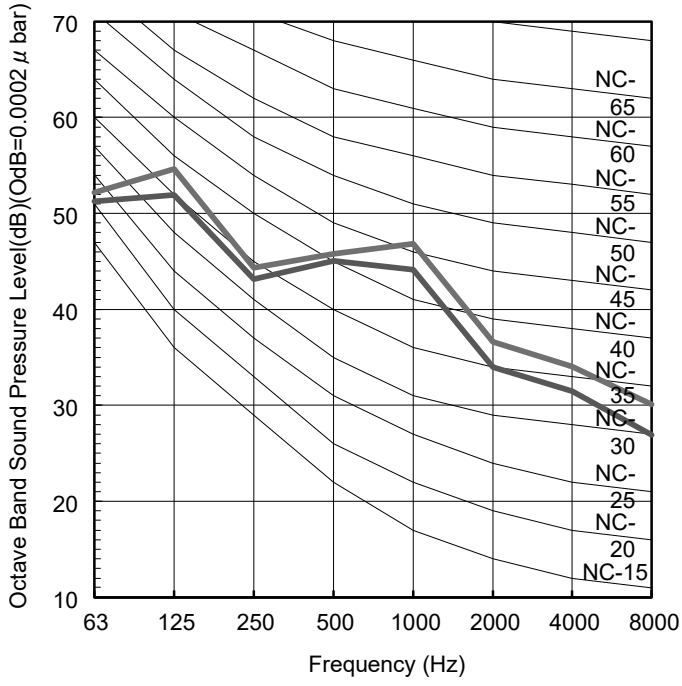
CU-BZ35CKE / CU-UZ35CKE (Cooling)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)



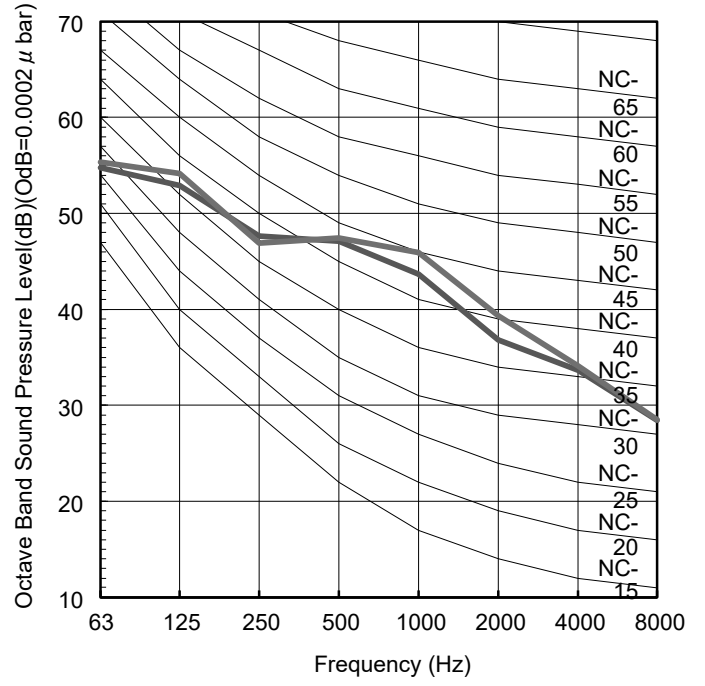
CU-BZ35CKE / CU-UZ35CKE (Heating)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)



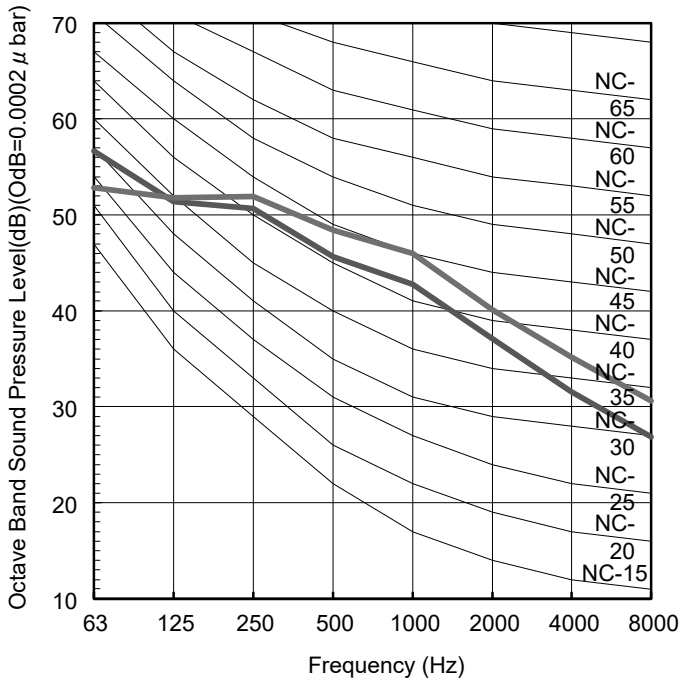
CU-BZ50CKE / CU-UZ50CKE (Cooling)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)



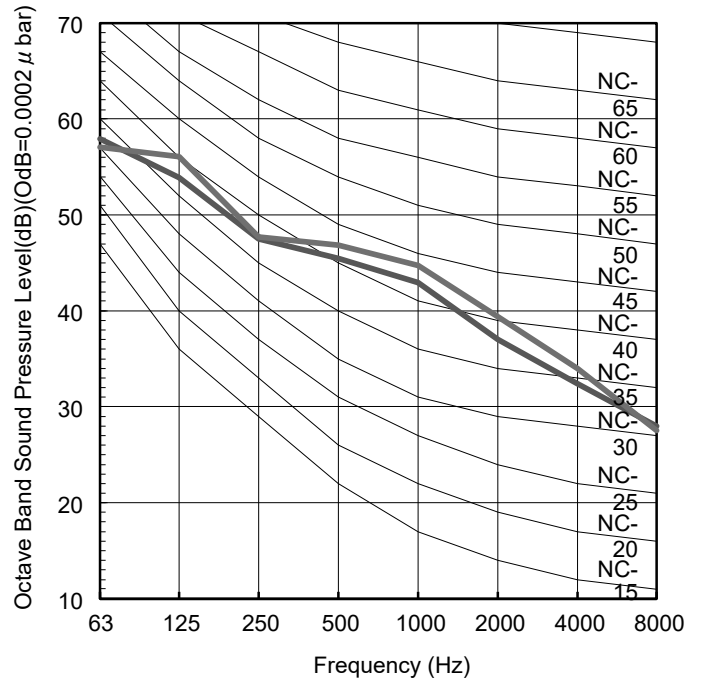
CU-BZ50CKE / CU-UZ50CKE (Heating)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)



CU-BZ60CKE (Cooling)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)



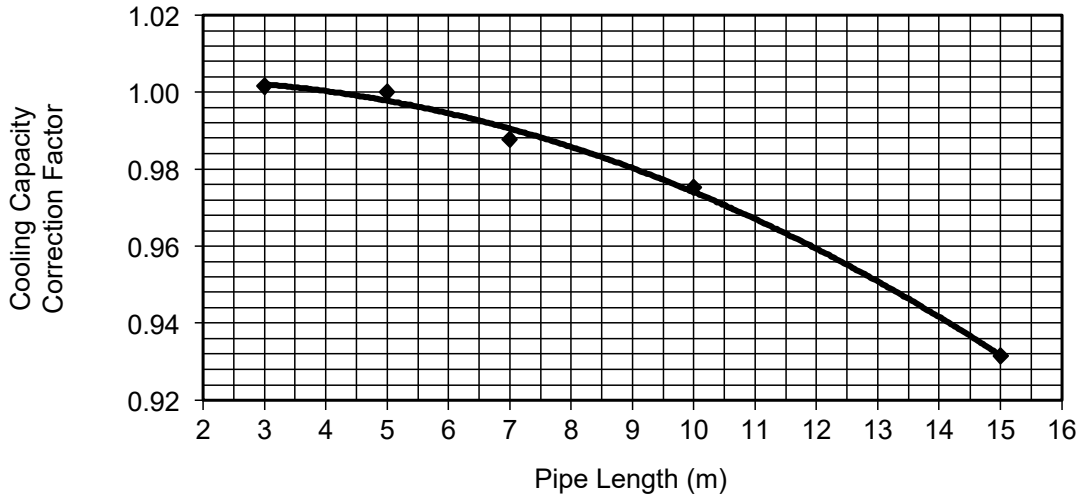
CU-BZ60CKE (Heating)  
Octave Band Central Frequency(Hz)



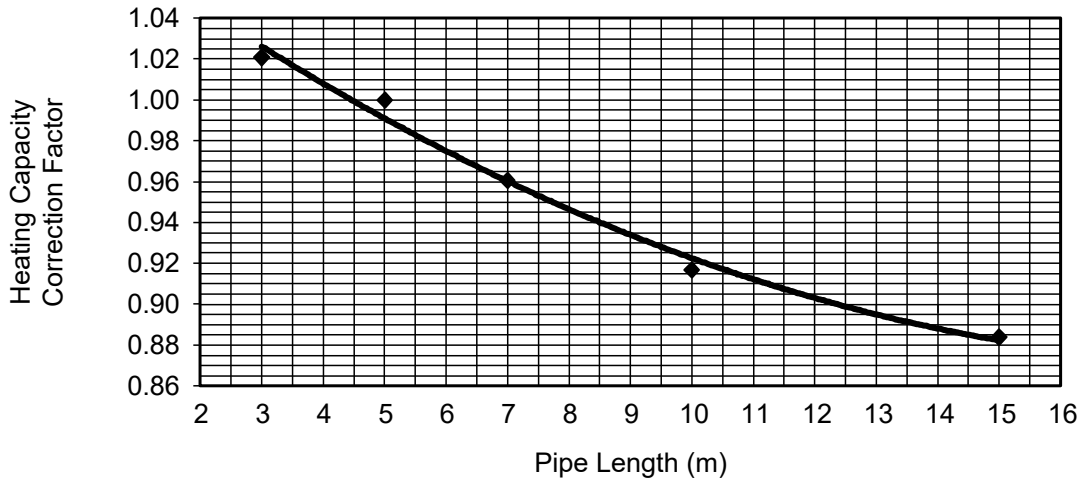
## 20.4 Piping Length Correction Factor

The characteristic of the unit has to be corrected in accordance with the piping length.

### 20.4.1 CS-BZ25CKE CU-BZ25CKE CS-BZ35CKE CU-BZ35CKE CS-UZ25CKE CU-UZ25CKE CS-UZ35CKE CU-UZ35CKE



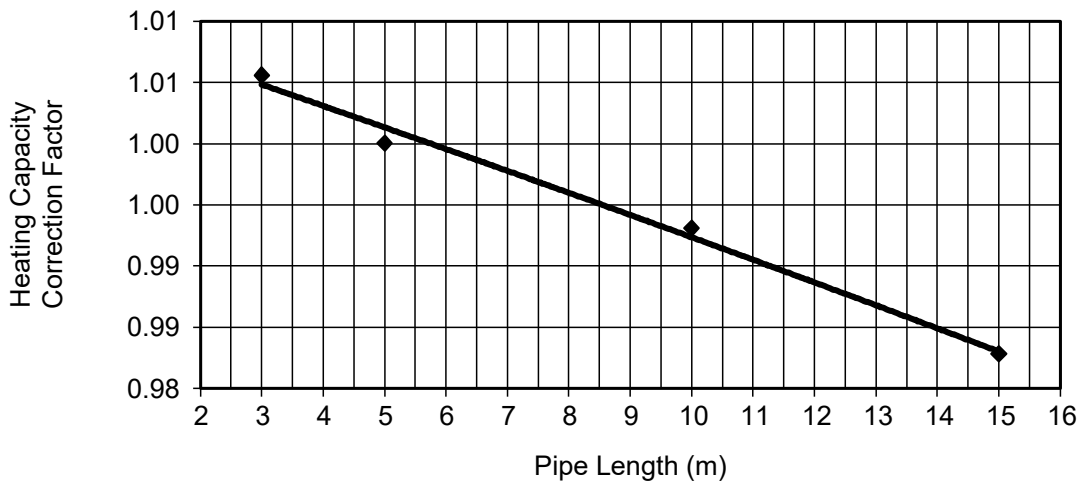
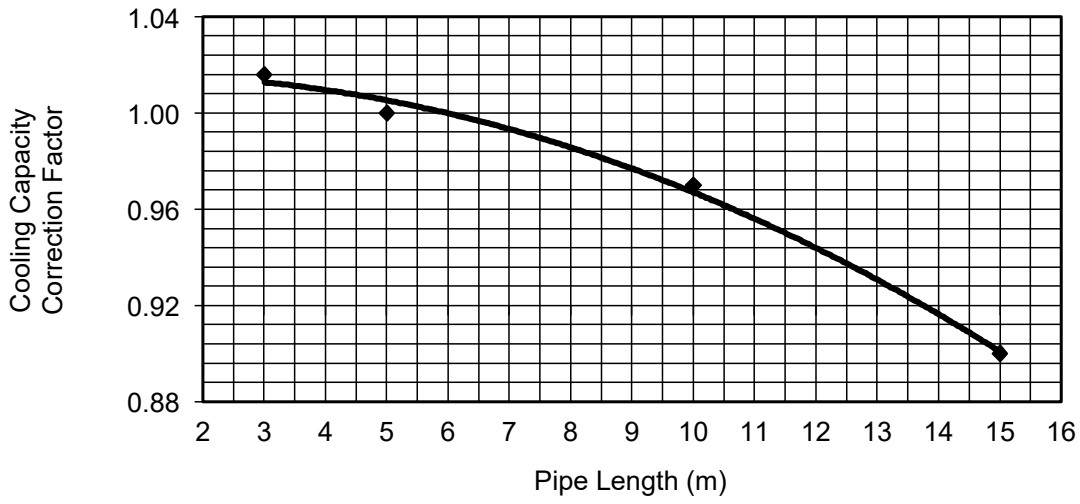
3	1.0015
5	1.0000
7	0.9878
10	0.9753
15	0.9314



3	1.0207
5	1.0000
7	0.9607
10	0.9169
15	0.8839

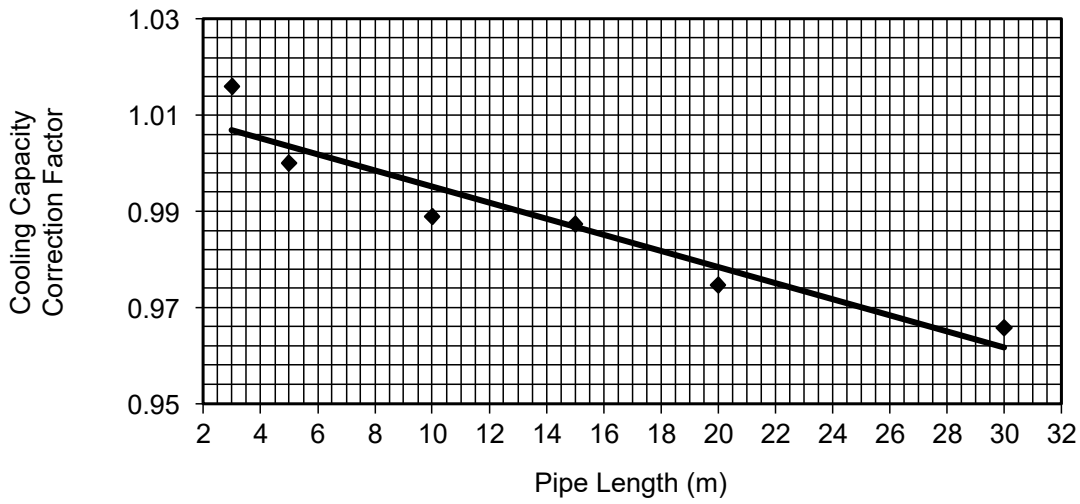
Note: The graphs show the factor after added right amount of additional refrigerant.

**20.4.2 CS-BZ50CKE CU-BZ50CKE CS-UZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE**

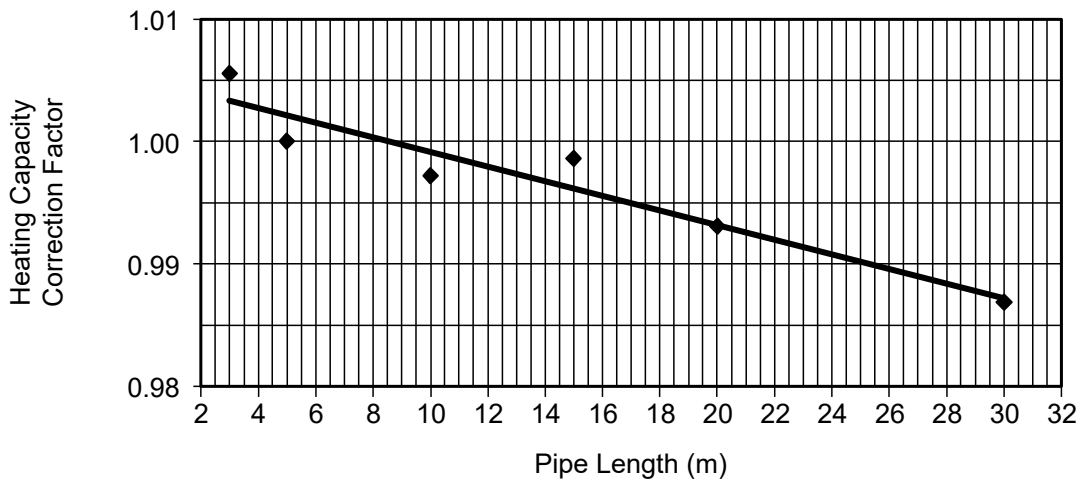


Note: The graphs show the factor after added right amount of additional refrigerant.

### 20.4.3 CS-BZ60CKE CU-BZ60CKE



3	1.0159
5	1.0000
10	0.9889
15	0.9873
20	0.9746
30	0.9658



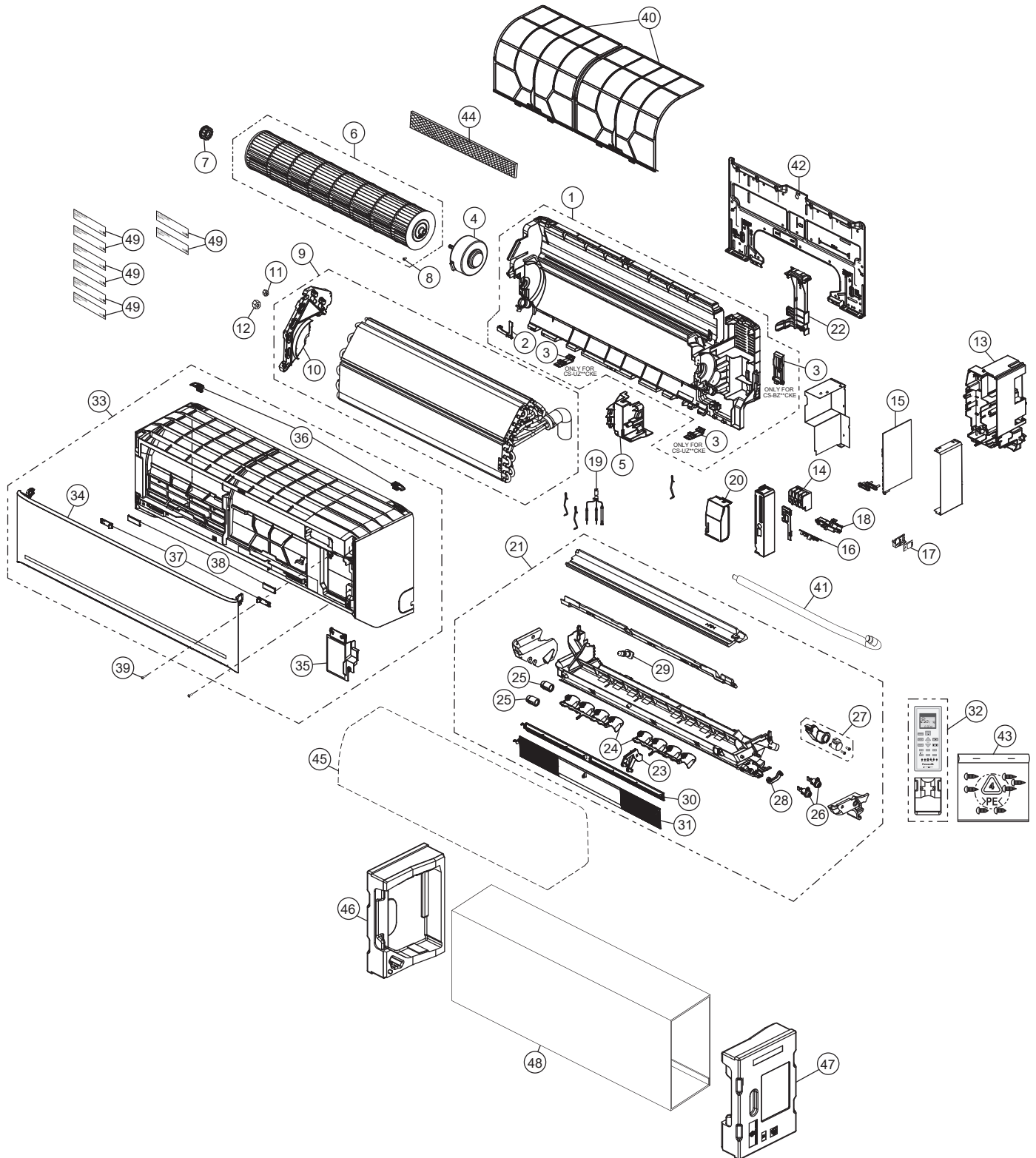
3	1.0056
5	1.0000
10	0.9972
15	0.9986
20	0.9931
30	0.9869

Note: The graphs show the factor after added right amount of additional refrigerant.

# 21. Exploded View and Replacement Parts List

## 21.1 Indoor Unit

### 21.1.1 CS-BZ25CKE CS-BZ35CKE CS-UZ25CKE CS-UZ35CKE



Note  
The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.  
The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-BZ25CKE	CS-BZ35CKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	ACXD50C04970	←	
	2	PARTICULAR PIECE	1	ACXD93-25540	←	
	3	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	1	ACXD93-25550	←	
	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CYYYYL0533	←	O
	5	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	ACXD54-04960	←	
	6	CROSS-FLOW FAN ASSY	1	ACXH02K01390	←	
	7	BEARING ASSY	1	CWH64K1006	←	
	8	SCREW - CROSS-FLOW FAN	1	CWH551146	←	
	9	EVAPORATOR	1	ACXB30C44590	←	O
	10	BOX SHAPED PLATE	1	ACXD66-04080	←	
	11	FLARE NUT (LIQUID)	1	CWT251063	←	
	12	FLARE NUT (GAS)	1	CWT251049	←	
	13	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	ACXH10-10050	←	
	14	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	ACXA28C05840	←	O
	15	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA74C24020	ACXA74C24030	O
	16	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	ACXA73-56950	←	O
	17	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - WIFI	1	ACXA73-45970	←	O
	18	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	ACXD93-25570	←	
	19	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2664	←	O
	20	CONTROL BOARD TOP COVER	1	ACXH13-09500	←	
	21	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE20C10200	←	O
	22	BACK COVER CHASSIS	1	ACXD93-25650	←	
	23	FULCRUM	1	ACXH62-00900	←	
	24	VERTICAL VANE	2	ACXE24-04540	←	
	25	SHAFT (HORIZONTAL VANE)	2	ACXH63-01930	←	
	26	SHAFT (AIR SWING MOTOR)	2	ACXH63-01570	←	
	27	AIR SWING MOTOR ASSY	1	ACXA98K00250	←	O
	28	LEVER ARM	1	ACXH65-00690	←	
	29	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH521259	←	
	30	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	ACXE24-04550	←	
	31	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	ACXE24-04560	←	
	32	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	ACXA75C28670	←	O
	33	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE10C21620	←	O
	34	INTAKE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE22C05450	←	
	35	GRILLE DOOR COMPLETE	1	ACXE14C01740	←	
	36	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25610	←	
	37	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25620	←	
	38	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25630	←	
	39	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	1	XTT4+16CFJ	←	
	40	AIR FILTER	2	ACXD00-03390	←	O
	41	DRAIN HOSE	1	ACXH85-03521	←	
	42	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	ACXH36-00970	←	

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-BZ25CKE	CS-BZ35CKE	REMARK
	43	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	ACXH82C03460	←	
	44	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	CWD00C1293	←	
	45	BAG	1	ACXG86-00191	←	
	46	SHOCK ABSORBER (L)	1	ACXG70-15491	←	
	47	SHOCK ABSORBER (R)	1	ACXG70-15501	←	
	48	C.C. CASE	1	ACXG50-66900	←	
	49	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF87-53100	ACXF87-53110	

(Note)

- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

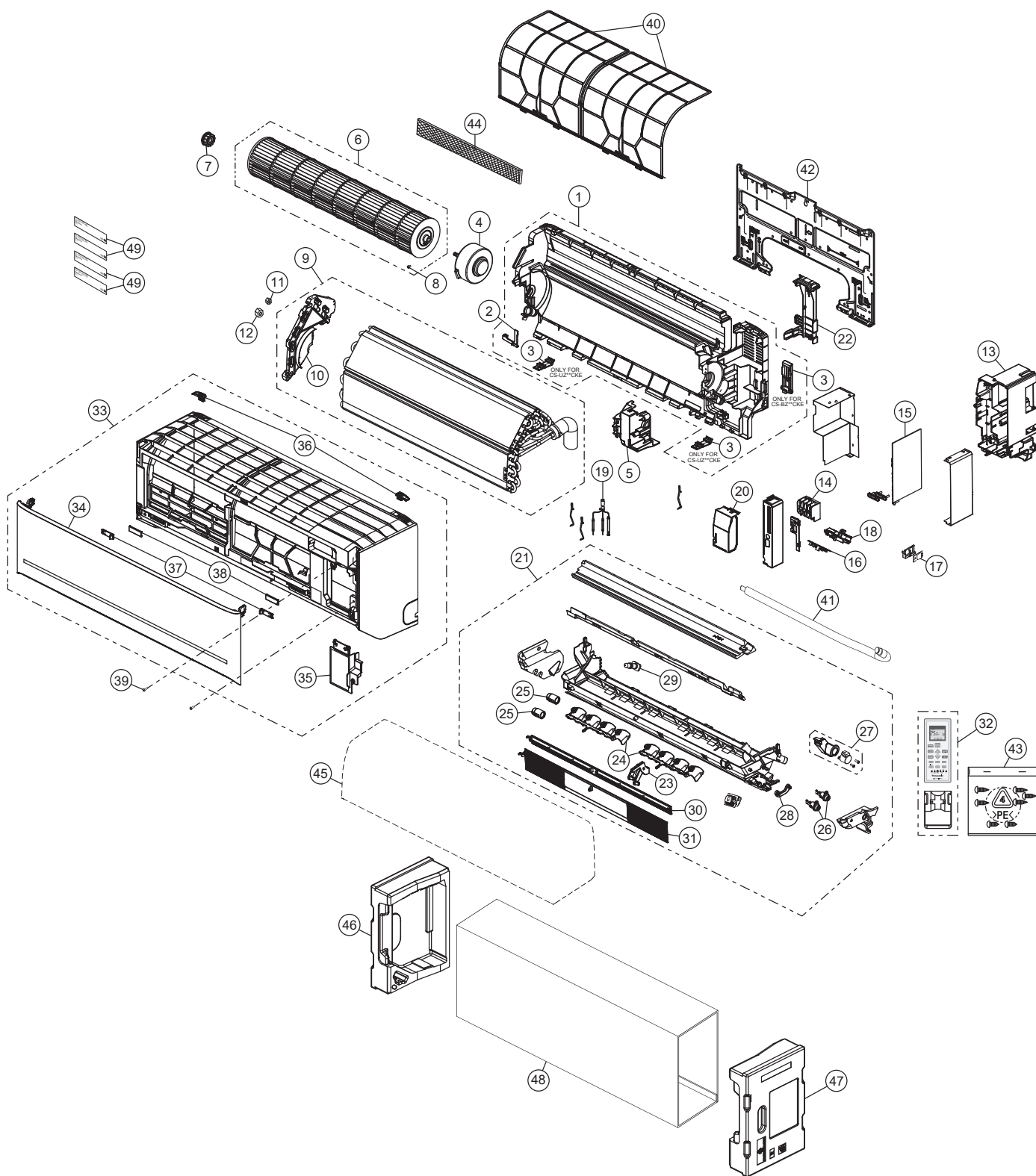
SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-UZ25CKE	CS-UZ35CKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	ACXD50C04970	←	
	2	PARTICULAR PIECE	1	ACXD93-25540	←	
	3	PARTICULAR PIECE	2	ACXD93-25560	←	
	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CBIYYL0533	←	O
	5	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	ACXD54-04960	←	
	6	CROSS-FLOW FAN ASSY	1	ACXH02K01390	←	
	7	BEARING ASSY	1	CWH64K1006	←	
	8	SCREW - CROSS FLOW FAN	1	CWH551146	←	
	9	EVAPORATOR	1	ACXB30C44590	←	O
	10	BOX SHAPED PLATE	1	ACXD66-04080	←	
	11	FLARE NUT (LIQUID)	1	CWT251048	CWT251063	
	12	FLARE NUT (GAS)	1	CWT251049	←	
	13	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	ACXH10-10050	←	
	14	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	ACXA28C05840	←	O
	15	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA74C24020	ACXA74C24030	O
	16	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	ACXA73-56950	←	O
	17	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - WIFI	1	ACXA73-45970	←	
	18	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	ACXD93-25570	←	O
	19	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2664	←	O
	20	CONTROL BOARD TOP COVER	1	ACXH13-09500	←	
	21	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE20C10200	←	
	22	BACK COVER CHASSIS	1	ACXD93-25650	←	O
	23	FULCRUM	1	ACXH62-00900	←	
	24	VERTICAL VANE	2	ACXE24-04540	←	
	25	SHAFT (HORIZONTAL VANE)	2	ACXH63-01930	←	
	26	SHAFT (AIR SWING MOTOR)	2	ACXH63-01570	←	
	27	AIR SWING MOTOR ASSY	1	ACXA98K00250	←	O
	28	LEVER ARM	1	ACXH65-00690	←	
	29	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH521259	←	
	30	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	ACXE24-04550	←	
	31	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	ACXE24-04560	←	
	32	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	ACXA75C28670	←	O
	33	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE10C21630	←	O
	34	INTAKE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE22C05450	←	
	35	GRILLE DOOR COMPLETE	1	ACXE14C01740	←	
	36	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25610	←	
	37	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25620	←	
	38	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25630	←	
	39	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	1	XTT4+16CFJ	←	
	40	AIR FILTER	2	ACXD00-03390	←	
	41	DRAIN HOSE	1	ACXH85-03521	←	
	42	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	ACXH36-00970	←	

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-UZ25CKE	CS-UZ35CKE	REMARK
	43	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	ACXH82C03460	←	
	44	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	CWD00C1291	←	
	45	BAG	1	ACXG86-00191	←	
	46	SHOCK ABSORBER (L)	1	ACXG70-15491	←	
	47	SHOCK ABSORBER (R)	1	ACXG70-15501	←	
	48	C.C. CASE	1	ACXG50-66900	←	
	49	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF87-53140	ACXF87-53150	

(Note)

- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

## 21.1.2 CS-BZ50CKE CS-UZ50CKE



**Note**  
 The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.  
 The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

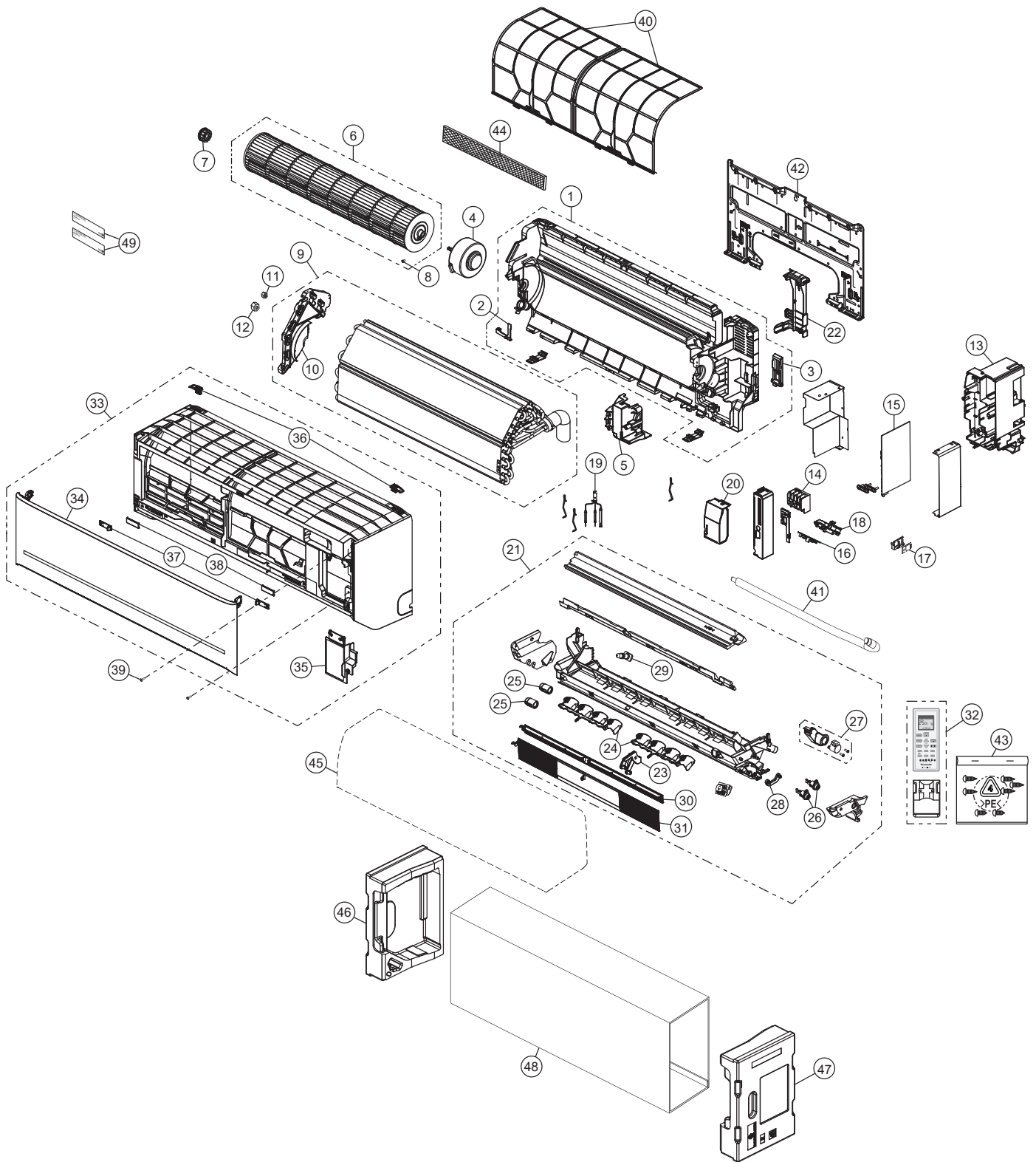
SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-BZ50CKE	CS-UZ50CKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	ACXD50C04970	←	
	2	PARTICULAR PIECE	1	ACXD93-25540	←	
	3	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	1 / 2	ACXD93-25550	ACXD93-25560	
	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CBYYL0454	←	O
	5	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	ACXD54-04960	←	
	6	CROSS-FLOW FAN ASSY	1	ACXH02K01390	←	
	7	BEARING ASSY	1	CWH64K1006	←	
	8	SCREW - CROSS-FLOW FAN	1	CWH551146	←	
	9	EVAPORATOR	1	ACXB30C44600	←	O
	10	BOX SHAPED PLATE	1	ACXD66-04080	←	
	11	FLARE NUT (LIQUID)	1	CWT251048	←	
	12	FLARE NUT (GAS)	1	CWT251032	←	
	13	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	ACXH10-10050	←	
	14	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	ACXA28C05910	←	O
	15	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA74C24040	←	O
	16	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	ACXA73-56950	←	O
	17	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - WIFI	1	ACXA73-45970	←	
	18	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	ACXD93-25570	←	O
	19	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2664	←	O
	20	CONTROL BOARD TOP COVER	1	ACXH13-09500	←	
	21	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE20C09580	←	
	22	BACK COVER CHASSIS	1	ACXD93-25650	←	O
	23	FULCRUM	1	ACXH62-00900	←	
	24	VERTICAL VANE	2	ACXE24-04540	←	
	25	SHAFT (HORIZONTAL VANE)	2	ACXH63-01930	←	
	26	SHAFT (AIR SWING MOTOR)	2	ACXH63-01570	←	
	27	AIR SWING MOTOR ASSY	1	ACXA98-02980	ACXA98K00250	O
	28	LEVER ARM	1	ACXH65-00690	←	
	29	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH521259	←	
	30	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	ACXE24-04550	←	
	31	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	ACXE24-04560	←	
	32	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	ACXA75C28670	←	O
	33	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE10C21620	ACXE10C21630	O
	34	INTAKE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE22C05450	←	
	35	GRILLE DOOR COMPLETE	1	ACXE14C01740	←	
	36	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25610	←	
	37	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25620	←	
	38	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25630	←	
	39	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	1	XTT4+16CFJ	←	
	40	AIR FILTER	2	ACXD00-03390	←	
	41	DRAIN HOSE	1	ACXH85-03521	←	
	42	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	ACXH36-00970	←	

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-BZ50CKE	CS-UZ50CKE	REMARK
	43	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	ACXH82C03460	←	
	44	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	CWD00C1293	CWD00C1291	
	45	BAG	1	ACXG86-00191	←	
	46	SHOCK ABSORBER (L)	1	ACXG70-15491	←	
	47	SHOCK ABSORBER (R)	1	ACXG70-15501	←	
	48	C.C. CASE	1	ACXG50-66900	←	
	49	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF87-53120	ACXF87-53160	

(Note)

- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

### 21.1.3 CS-BZ60CKE



**Note**  
 The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.  
 The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-BZ60CKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	ACXD50C04970	
	2	PARTICULAR PIECE	1	ACXD93-25540	
	3	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	1	ACXD93-25550	
⚠	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CBYYYYL0454	O
	5	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	ACXD54-04960	
	6	CROSS-FLOW FAN ASSY	1	ACXH02K01390	
	7	BEARING ASSY	1	CWH64K1006	
	8	SCREW - CROSS FLOW FAN	1	CWH551146	
	9	EVAPORATOR	1	ACXB30C44640	O
	10	BOX SHAPED PLATE	1	ACXD66-04070	
	11	FLARE NUT (LIQUID)	1	CWT251063	
	12	FLARE NUT (GAS)	1	CWT251032	
	13	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	ACXH10-10050	
⚠	14	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	ACXA28C05910	O
⚠	15	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA74C24050	O
⚠	16	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	ACXA73-56950	O
⚠	17	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - WIFI	1	ACXA73-45970	O
	18	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	ACXD93-25570	
⚠	19	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	ACXA50C15860	O
	20	CONTROL BOARD TOP COVER	1	ACXH13-09500	
	21	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE20C09580	O
	22	BACK COVER CHASSIS	1	ACXD93-25650	
	23	FULCRUM	1	ACXH62-00900	
	24	VERTICAL VANE	2	ACXE24-04540	
	25	SHAFT (HORIZONTAL VANE)	2	ACXH63-01930	
	26	SHAFT (AIR SWING MOTOR)	2	ACXH63-01570	
⚠	27	AIR SWING MOTOR ASSY	1	ACXA98-02980	O
	28	LEVER ARM	1	ACXH65-00690	
	29	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH521259	
	30	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	ACXE24-04550	
	31	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	ACXE24-04560	
⚠	32	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	ACXA75C28670	O
	33	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE10C21650	O
	34	INTAKE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE22C05450	
	35	GRILLE DOOR COMPLETE	1	ACXE14C01740	
	36	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25610	
	37	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25620	
	38	PARTICULAR PIECE - LOCK	2	ACXD93-25630	
	39	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	1	XTT4+16CFJ	
	40	AIR FILTER	2	ACXD00-03390	O
	41	DRAIN HOSE	1	ACXH85-03521	

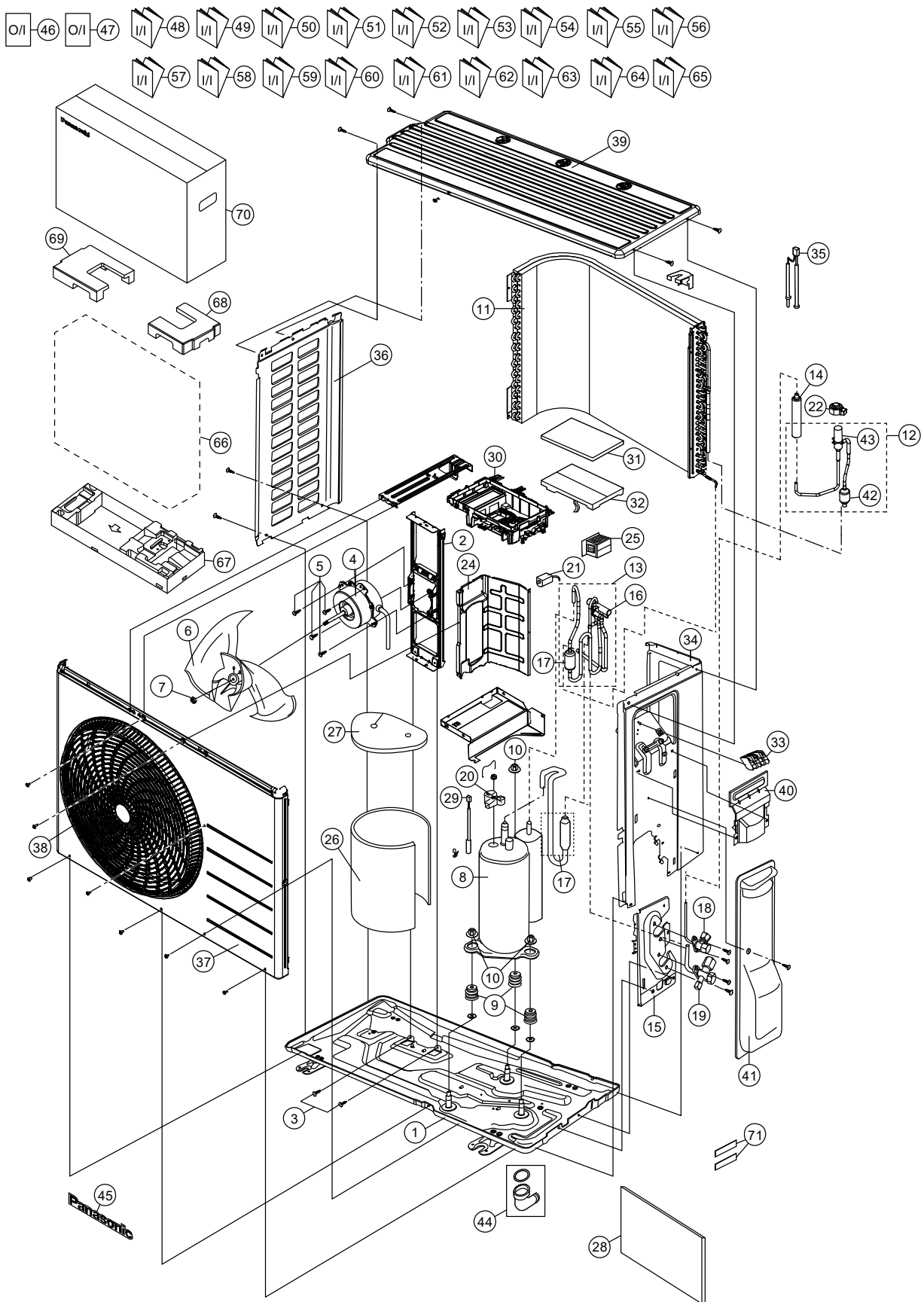
SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-BZ60CKE	REMARK
	42	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	ACXH36-00970	
	43	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	ACXH82C03460	
	44	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	CWD00C1293	
	45	BAG	1	ACXG86-00191	
	46	SHOCK ABSORBER (L)	1	ACXG70-15491	
	47	SHOCK ABSORBER (R)	1	ACXG70-15501	
	48	C.C. CASE	1	ACXG50-66900	
	49	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF87-53130	

(Note)

- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

## 21.2 Outdoor Unit

### 21.2.1 CU-BZ25CKE CU-BZ35CKE CU-UZ25CKE CU-UZ35CKE



**Note**  
The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.  
The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-BZ25CKE	CU-BZ35CKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	ACXD52K00150	←	
	2	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541157	←	
	3	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	ACXH55-07140	←	
	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CAYYYL0177	←	O
	5	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	4	CWH55252J	←	
	6	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH03K1100	←	
	7	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053J	←	
	8	COMPRESSOR	1	9GS075XCA21	←	O
	9	ANTI - VIBRATION BUSHING	3	ACXH50-00140	←	
	10	NUT - COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH561096	←	
	11	CONDENSER	1	ACXB32C26830	ACXB32C26840	O
	12	TUBE ASSY - COMPLETE	1	ACXT00C54500	ACXT00C43660	
	13	TUBE ASSY - COMPLETE	1	ACXT00C44270	ACXT00C44280	
	14	DISCHARGE MUFFLER	1	CWB121021	←	
	15	HOLDER COUPLING	1	CWH351233	←	
	16	4-WAYS VALVE	1	ACXB00-01290	←	O
	17	DISCHARGE MUFFLER (4 W. VALVE)	2	CWB121010	←	
	18	2-WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	ACXB02-03370	←	O
	19	3-WAY VALVE (GAS)	1	ACXB01-04540	←	O
	20	TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH171041	←	
	21	V-COIL COMPLETE	1	ACXA43C00250	←	O
	22	V-COIL COMPLETE	1	ACXA43C07230	←	O
	24	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151427	←	
	25	REACTOR	1	G0C392J00063	←	O
	26	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (COMP BODY)	1	ACXG30-11530	←	
	27	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (COMP TOP)	1	CWG302737	←	
	28	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-13980	←	
	29	SENSOR CO - COMP TEMP	1	ACXA50C17680	←	O
	30	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	ACXH10-00750	←	
	31	CONTROL BOARD COVER - TOP	1	ACXH13-00450	←	
	32	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA74C22680R	ACXA74C22690R	O
	33	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036J	←	O
	34	CABINET SIDE PLATE CO.	1	ACXE04C05590	←	
	35	SENSOR CO - AIR TEMP AND PIPE TEMP	1	CWA50C3267	←	O
	36	CABINET SIDE PLATE	1	ACXE04-00130A	←	
	37	CABINET FRONT PLATE COMP	1	CWE06C1563	←	
	38	DISCHARGE GRILLE	1	CWE201306	←	
	39	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	CWE031230A	←	
	40	PLATE - C. B. COVER TERMINAL	1	CWH131301	←	
	41	CONTROL BOARD COVER CO.	1	ACXH13C06530	←	
	42	STRAINER	1	CWB11094	←	
	43	EXPANSION VALVE	1	ACXB05-01500	ACXB05-01260	O

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-BZ25CKE	CU-BZ35CKE	REMARK
	44	ACCESSORY - COMPLETE	1	ACXH82C21741	←	
	45	PANASONIC BADGE	1	CWE373439	←	
	46	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-35190	←	
	47	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-35200	←	
	48	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58740	←	
	49	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58750	←	
	50	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58760	←	
	51	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58770	←	
	52	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58780	←	
	53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58790	←	
	54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58800	←	
	55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58810	←	
	56	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58820	←	
	57	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58830	←	
	58	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58840	←	
	59	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58850	←	
	60	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58860	←	
	61	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58870	←	
	62	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58880	←	
	63	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58890	←	
	64	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58900	←	
	65	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58910	←	
	66	BAG	1	ACXG86-02390	←	
	67	BASE BOARD - COMPLETE	1	ACXG62C01320	←	
	68	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	ACXG70-08880	←	
	69	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	ACXG70-08890	←	
	70	C.C. CASE	1	ACXG50-48865	←	
	71	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF87-53510	ACXF87-53520	

(Note)

- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

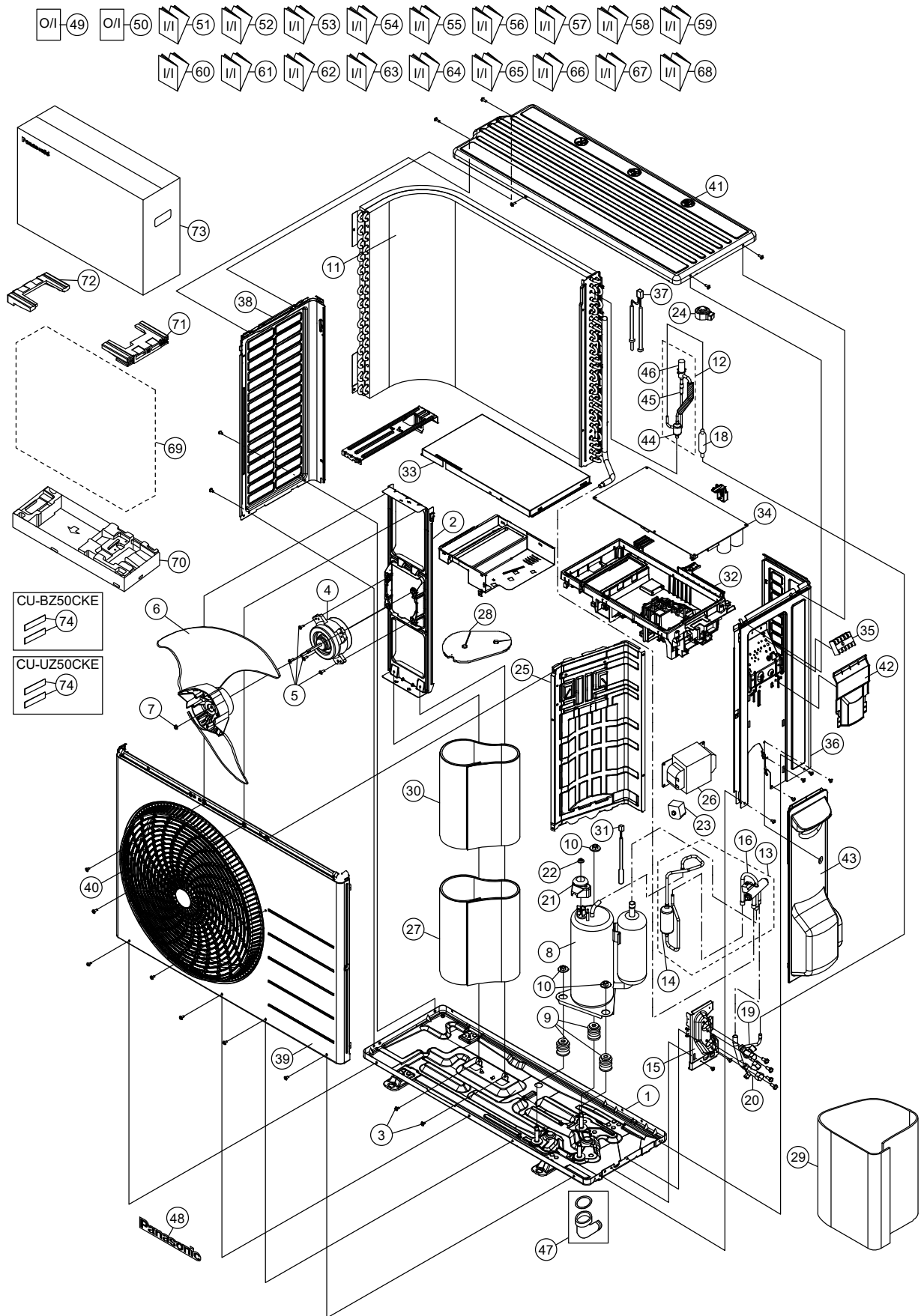
SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-UZ25CKE	CU-UZ35CKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	ACXD52K00150	←	
	2	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541157	←	
	3	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	ACXH55-07140	←	
	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CAYYYL0177	←	O
	5	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	4	CWH55252J	←	
	6	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH03K1100	←	
	7	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053J	←	
	8	COMPRESSOR	1	9GS075XCA21	←	O
	9	ANTI - VIBRATION BUSHING	3	ACXH50-00140	←	
	10	NUT - COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH561096	←	
	11	CONDENSER	1	ACXB32C26830	ACXB32C26840	O
	12	TUBE ASSY - COMPLETE	1	ACXT00C54500	ACXT00C43660	
	13	TUBE ASSY - COMPLETE	1	ACXT00C44270	ACXT00C44280	
	14	DISCHARGE MUFFLER	1	CWB121021	←	
	15	HOLDER COUPLING	1	CWH351233	←	
	16	4-WAYS VALVE	1	ACXB00-01290	←	O
	17	DISCHARGE MUFFLER (4 W. VALVE)	2	CWB121010	←	
	18	2-WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	ACXB02-03370	←	O
	19	3-WAY VALVE (GAS)	1	ACXB01-04540	←	O
	20	TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH171041	←	
	21	V-COIL COMPLETE	1	ACXA43C00250	←	O
	22	V-COIL COMPLETE	1	ACXA43C07230	←	O
	24	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151427	←	
	25	REACTOR	1	G0C392J00063	←	O
	26	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (COMP BODY)	1	ACXG30-11530	←	
	27	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (COMP TOP)	1	CWG302737	←	
	28	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-13980	←	
	29	SENSOR CO - COMP TEMP	1	ACXA50C17680	←	O
	30	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	ACXH10-00750	←	
	31	CONTROL BOARD COVER - TOP	1	ACXH13-00450	←	
	32	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA74C22680R	ACXA74C22690R	O
	33	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036J	←	O
	34	CABINET SIDE PLATE CO.	1	ACXE04C05590	←	
	35	SENSOR CO - AIR TEMP AND PIPE TEMP	1	CWA50C3267	←	O
	36	CABINET SIDE PLATE	1	ACXE04-00130A	←	
	37	CABINET FRONT PLATE COMP	1	CWE06C1563	←	
	38	DISCHARGE GRILLE	1	CWE201306	←	
	39	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	CWE031230A	←	
	40	PLATE - C. B. COVER TERMINAL	1	CWH131301	←	
	41	CONTROL BOARD COVER CO.	1	ACXH13C06530	←	
	42	STRAINER	1	CWB11094	←	
	43	EXPANSION VALVE	1	ACXB05-01500	ACXB05-01260	O

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-UZ25CKE	CU-UZ35CKE	REMARK
	44	ACCESSORY - COMPLETE	1	ACXH82C21741	←	
	45	PANASONIC BADGE	1	CWE373439	←	
	46	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-35190	←	
	47	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-35200	←	
	48	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58740	←	
	49	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58750	←	
	50	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58760	←	
	51	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58770	←	
	52	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58780	←	
	53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58790	←	
	54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58800	←	
	55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58810	←	
	56	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58820	←	
	57	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58830	←	
	58	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58840	←	
	59	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58850	←	
	60	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58860	←	
	61	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58870	←	
	62	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58880	←	
	63	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58890	←	
	64	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58900	←	
	65	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58910	←	
	66	BAG	1	ACXG86-02390	←	
	67	BASE BOARD - COMPLETE	1	ACXG62C01320	←	
	68	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	ACXG70-08880	←	
	69	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	ACXG70-08890	←	
	70	C.C. CASE	1	ACXG50-48865	←	
	71	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF87-53550	ACXF87-53560	

(Note)

- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

## 21.2.2 CU-BZ50CKE CU-UZ50CKE



### Note

The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement. The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

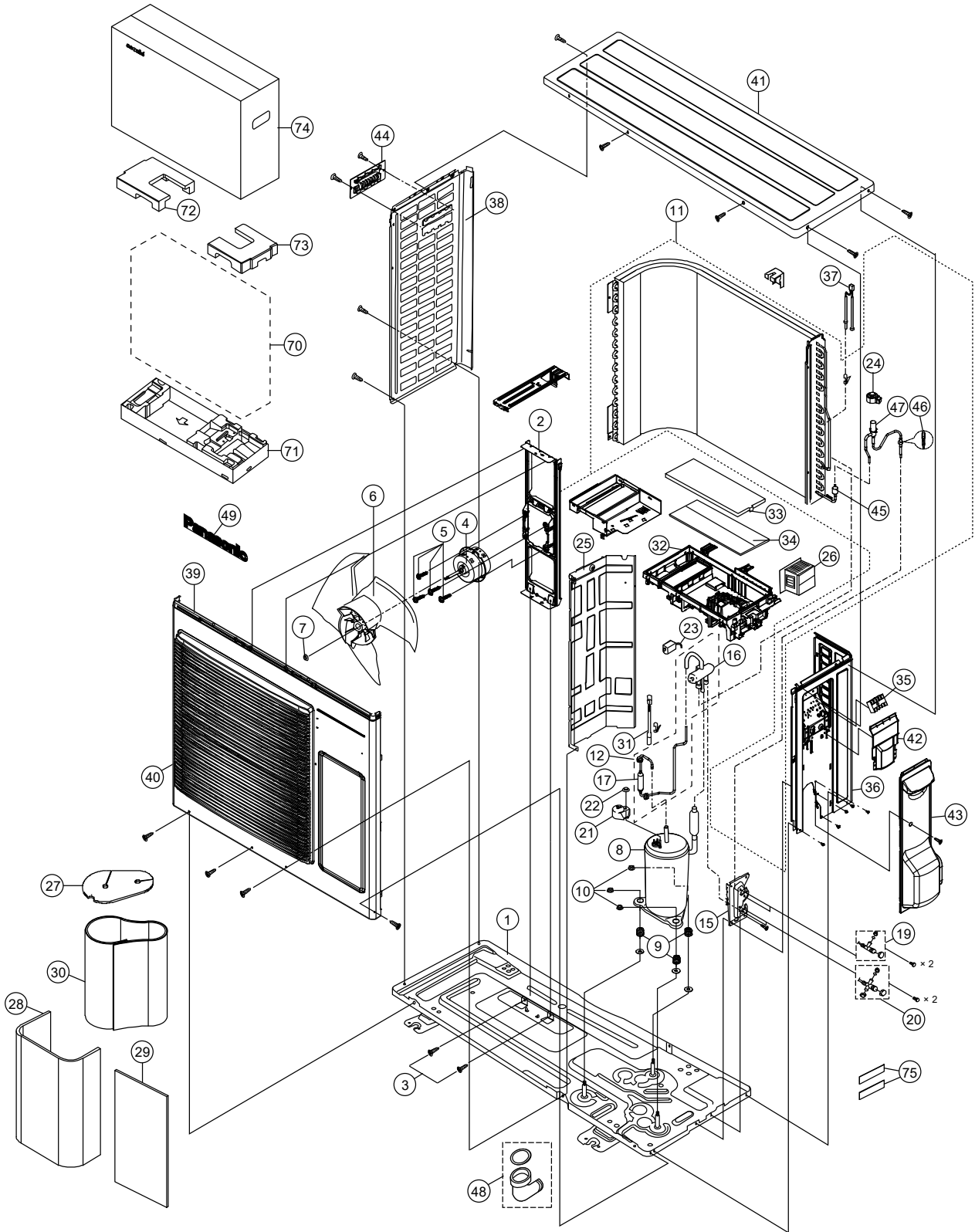
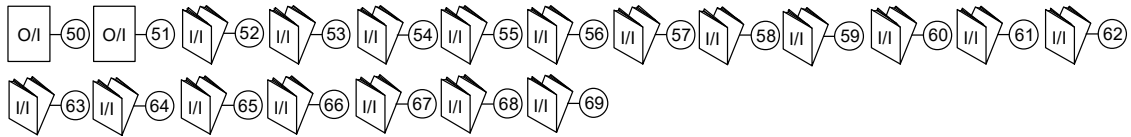
SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-BZ50CKE	CU-UZ50CKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD52K1277	←	
	2	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541167	←	
	3	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	ACXH55-07140	←	
⚠	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CAYYYL0180	←	O
	5	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	4	CWH55252J	←	
	6	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH03K1066	←	
	7	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053J	←	
⚠	8	COMPRESSOR	1	9RD132XGB21	←	O
	9	ANTI - VIBRATION BUSHING	3	CWH50077	←	
	10	NUT - COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH561096	←	
	11	CONDENSER	1	ACXB32C12500	←	O
	12	TUBE ASSY - COMPLETE	1	ACXT00C43620	←	
	13	TUBE ASSY - COMPLETE	1	ACXT00C43680	←	
	14	DISCHARGE MUFFLER	1	ACXB12-01690	←	
	15	HOLDER COUPLING	1	CWH351233	←	
	16	4-WAYS VALVE	1	ACXB00-01290	←	O
	18	DISCHARGE MUFFLER	1	CWB121021	←	
	19	2-WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	ACXB02-03370	←	O
	20	3-WAY VALVE (GAS)	1	ACXB01-02280	←	O
	21	TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH171039A	←	
	22	NUT - TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH7080300J	←	
⚠	23	V-COIL COMPLETE	1	ACXA43C00250	←	O
⚠	24	V-COIL COMPLETE	1	ACXA43C07230	←	O
	25	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151273	←	
⚠	26	REACTOR	1	G0C392J00027	←	O
	27	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (COMP BODY)	1	ACXG30-11560	←	
	28	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (COMP TOP)	1	ACXG30-11550	←	
	29	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (SOUND PROOF BOARD)	1	ACXG30-11430	←	
	30	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302745	←	
⚠	31	SENSOR CO - COMP TEMP	1	ACXA50C17680	←	O
	32	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	ACXH10-00930	←	
	33	CONTROL BOARD COVER - TOP	1	CWH131473	←	
⚠	34	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA74C22720R	←	O
⚠	35	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036J	←	O
	36	CABINET SIDE PLATE CO.	1	ACXE04C05240	←	
⚠	37	SENSOR CO - AIR TEMP AND PIPE TEMP	1	CWA50C2893	←	O
	38	CABINET SIDE PLATE	1	ACXE04-13070A	←	
	39	CABINET FRONT PLATE COMP	1	ACXE06C04500	←	
	40	DISCHARGE GRILLE	1	CWE201285	←	
	41	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	ACXE03-04830A	←	
	42	PLATE - C. B. COVER TERMINAL	1	CWH131470	←	

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-BZ50CKE	CU-UZ50CKE	REMARK
	43	CONTROL BOARD COVER CO.	1	ACXH13C02860	←	
	44	STRAINER	1	CWB11094	←	
	45	STRAINER	1	ACXB11-01560	←	
	46	EXPANSION VALVE	1	ACXB05-01260	←	O
	47	ACCESSORY - COMPLETE	1	ACXH82C21741	←	
	48	PANASONIC BADGE	1	CWE373439	←	
	49	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-35190	←	
	50	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-35200	←	
	51	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58740	←	
	52	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58750	←	
	53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58760	←	
	54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58770	←	
	55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58780	←	
	56	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58790	←	
	57	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58800	←	
	58	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58810	←	
	59	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58820	←	
	60	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58830	←	
	61	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58840	←	
	62	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58850	←	
	63	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58860	←	
	64	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58870	←	
	65	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58880	←	
	66	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58890	←	
	67	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58900	←	
	68	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58910	←	
	69	BAG	1	ACXG86-03761	←	
	70	BASE BOARD - COMPLETE	1	ACXG62C01130	←	
	71	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	ACXG70-07960	←	
	72	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	ACXG70-07970	←	
	73	C.C. CASE	1	ACXG50-48874	←	
	74	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF87-53530	ACXF87-53570	

(Note)

- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

### 21.2.3 CU-BZ60CKE



**Note**  
 The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.  
 The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-BZ60CKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	ACXD52K00320	
	2	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	ACXD54-00140	
	3	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	ACXH55-07140	
	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CAYYYL0192	O
	5	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	4	CWH551323	
	6	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	ACXH03K00070	
	7	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053J	
	8	COMPRESSOR	1	9RD132XGA21	O
	9	ANTI - VIBRATION BUSHING	3	CWH50077	
	10	NUT - COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH561096	
	11	CONDENSER	1	ACXB32C32710	O
	12	TUBE ASSY - COMPLETE	1	ACXT00C35891	
	15	HOLDER COUPLING	1	ACXH35-00080	
	16	4-WAYS VALVE	1	ACXB00-01320	O
	17	DISCHARGE MUFFLER (4 W. VALVE)	1	ACXB12-01060	
	19	2-WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	ACXB02-03450	O
	20	3-WAY VALVE (GAS)	1	ACXB01-00580	O
	21	TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH171039A	
	22	NUT - TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH7080300J	
	23	V-COIL COMPLETE	1	ACXA43C00250	O
	24	V-COIL COMPLETE	1	ACXA43C07230	O
	25	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	ACXH15-00200	
	26	REACTOR	1	G0C392J00027	O
	27	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (COMP TOP)	1	ACXG30-11550	
	28	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (CABINET FRONT PLATE)	1	ACXG30-11880	
	29	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302632	
	30	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL (COMP BODY)	1	ACXG30-11560	
	31	SENSOR CO - COMP TEMP	1	ACXA50C17400	O
	32	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	ACXH10-00760	
	33	CONTROL BOARD COVER - TOP	1	ACXH13-00490	
	34	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA74C22730R	O
	35	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036J	O
	36	CABINET SIDE PLATE CO.	1	ACXE04C00980	
	37	SENSOR CO - AIR TEMP AND PIPE TEMP	1	ACXA50C19210	O
	38	CABINET SIDE PLATE	1	ACXE04-00660A	
	39	CABINET FRONT PLATE COMP	1	ACXE06K00050	
	40	DISCHARGE GRILLE	1	ACXE20-00260	
	41	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	ACXE03-00170A	
	42	PLATE - C. B. COVER TERMINAL	1	CWH131470	
	43	CONTROL BOARD COVER CO.	1	ACXH13C00170	

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-BZ60CKE	REMARK
	44	HANDLE	1	CWE161010	
	45	STRAINER	1	CWB11094	
	46	STRAINER	1	ACXB11-01560	
	47	EXPANSION VALVE	1	ACXB05-01260	O
	48	ACCESSORY - COMPLETE	1	ACXH82C21741	
	49	PANASONIC BADGE	1	CWE373439	
	50	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-35190	
	51	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-35200	
	52	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58740	
	53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58750	
	54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58760	
	55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58770	
	56	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58780	
	57	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58790	
	58	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58800	
	59	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58810	
	60	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58820	
	61	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58830	
	62	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58840	
	63	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58850	
	64	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58860	
	65	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58870	
	66	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58880	
	67	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58890	
	68	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58900	
	69	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-58910	
	70	BAG	1	ACXG86-02750	
	71	BASE BOARD - COMPLETE	1	ACXG62C01110	
	72	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	ACXG70-07760	
	73	SHOCK ABSORBER	1	ACXG70-07770	
	74	C.C. CASE	1	ACXG50-48885	
	75	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF87-53540	

(NOTE)

- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488).
- "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.